



Estimates of Unemployment Statistics WA State Electoral Divisions

June Quarter 2004 – March Quarter 2009

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PARLIAMENT OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Estimates of Unemployment Statistics WA State Electoral Divisions

March Quarter 2009

by

Data Analysis Australia

for the

Western Australian Parliamentary Library

December 2009

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PARLIAMENT OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Introduction

Each electorate sub report contains estimates of unemployment statistics for that electorate from the June quarter 2004 through to the March quarter 2009. Data Analysis Australia was contracted to perform this analysis in September 2009.

The analysis in this report is based upon data obtained from the Small Area Labour Markets (SALM) publications that have been produced by the Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations (DEEWR). DEEWR estimates have in turn been produced using the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Labour Force Survey data, Census data and Centrelink data.

Note that these statistics refer to the electoral boundaries that came into effect as of the state election in September 2008 and hence are not comparable to earlier publications that used former electoral distributions.

Methodology

Published quarterly, DEEWR produces estimates of unemployment and the labour force for each of the 1,353 statistical local areas (SLA) across Australia. SLA refers to the smallest geographical unit that is available in the ABS standard geographical structure and consists of Local Government Areas (LGAs), parts thereof, or any unincorporated areas. DEEWR produces unemployment estimates for each SLA by taking the level of unemployment, which has been published by the ABS for a region, and apportioning it across each of the SLAs that fall within that region. This apportioning is in accordance with the distribution of Centrelink, Newstart and Youth Allowance (Other) beneficiaries. SALM estimates are smoothed using a four-quarter average in order to minimise the variability that is inherent in small area data. Note that from the December quarter 2009, population benchmarks based on the 2006 Census of Population and Housing were used whereas previous quarters were based on 2001 Census data, hence caution should be applied when comparing statistics before and after this time.

Using the SALM data, it is possible to construct estimates of unemployment statistics for each of the state electoral divisions (SED) in Western Australia. The estimates are based on the WA State Electoral Boundaries that came into effect as of the state election on 6 September 2008. To construct estimates for each of the electorates it is first necessary to allocate SLAs to SEDs. Some SLAs fall wholly within an electorate, others do not. When an SLA overlaps two or more electorates, the unemployment and labour force estimates for that SLA have to be apportioned between electorates. From the 2006 Census of Population and Housing it is known how the population of overlapping SLAs is distributed between electorates and this proportion is used to distribute unemployment and labour force totals. Furthermore, the data is aggregated for SLAs and part SLAs within electorates and an overall unemployment rate for each electorate is calculated. A copy of the concordance used is available upon request.

It should be noted that unemployment rates by electorate are approximations only and therefore should be treated with caution. This is due to some SLAs overlapping two or more electorates and the crude method of dealing with this issue (using population data as the basis for apportioning unemployment and labour force totals between electorates).

Unemployment rate graphs depict trends in unemployment rates for each electorate and compare these trends to the state and national average unemployment rate for each quarter. The trend for each electorate was determined by producing a polynomial regression model of order two that best fitted the unemployment rate data, and the resulting model is represented by a dotted trendline in each graph.

Party Abbreviations

The following abbreviations for parties have been used. The political parties shown against each seat are as they stand currently.

ALP	Australian Labour Party
GRN	The Greens (WA)
IND	Independents
LIB	Liberal Party
NAT	The Nationals

Definition of Unemployment Rate

Unemployed persons are defined by the ABS as those civilians aged 15 years and over who, during a period of one week (called the reference week), were not employed, but were available to start work in the reference week and had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks, or those who were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and could have started in the reference week if the new job had been available then.

Work is defined as work for profit, commission or payment in kind; in a job, business or farm; or without pay in a family business or farm.

The number of unemployed workers, expressed as a percentage of the labour force, is called the unemployment rate.

Acknowledgements

Thank you to Inge Hurst (Reference Services Librarian) for supplying the datasets.

Prudence Thompson
Marion Jackson
Data Analysis Australia
03 December 2009

Unemployment Rate Ranked by SED – March Quarter 2009

Alphabetical by Electorate				Ranked by Unemployment Rate			
Rank	Electorate	Party	Uet %	Rank	Electorate	Party	Uet %
38	Albany	(ALP)	3.7	1	Hillarys	(LIB)	1.5
8	Alfred Cove	(IND)	2.1	1	Kingsley	(LIB)	1.5
52	Armadale	(ALP)	4.9	3	Ocean Reef	(LIB)	1.7
55	Balcatta	(ALP)	5.2	3	Joondalup	(ALP)	1.7
24	Bassendean	(ALP)	2.9	5	Carine	(LIB)	1.9
8	Bateman	(LIB)	2.1	5	South Perth	(LIB)	1.9
47	Belmont	(ALP)	4.4	7	Forrestfield	(ALP)	2.0
38	Blackwood–Stirling	(NAT)	3.7	8	Scarborough	(LIB)	2.1
44	Bunbury	(LIB)	4.1	8	Alfred Cove	(IND)	2.1
28	Cannington	(ALP)	3.1	8	Bateman	(LIB)	2.1
5	Carine	(LIB)	1.9	11	Nedlands	(LIB)	2.3
35	Central Wheatbelt	(NAT)	3.5	11	Kalamunda	(LIB)	2.3
13	Churchlands	(IND)	2.5	13	Churchlands	(IND)	2.5
35	Cockburn	(ALP)	3.5	13	Moore	(NAT)	2.5
32	Collie–Preston	(ALP)	3.4	15	Wanneroo	(LIB)	2.6
15	Cottesloe	(LIB)	2.6	15	Maylands	(ALP)	2.6
28	Darling Range	(LIB)	3.1	15	Cottesloe	(LIB)	2.6
50	Dawesville	(LIB)	4.7	15	Swan Hills	(LIB)	2.6
22	Eyre	(LIB)	2.8	15	Midland	(ALP)	2.6
7	Forrestfield	(ALP)	2.0	20	Riverton	(LIB)	2.7
45	Fremantle	(GRN)	4.2	20	Vasse	(LIB)	2.7
48	Geraldton	(LIB)	4.5	22	Eyre	(LIB)	2.8
51	Girrawheen	(ALP)	4.8	22	Wagin	(NAT)	2.8
40	Gosnells	(ALP)	3.8	24	Victoria Park	(ALP)	2.9
1	Hillarys	(LIB)	1.5	24	Bassendean	(ALP)	2.9
26	Jandakot	(LIB)	3.0	26	Murray–Wellington	(LIB)	3.0
3	Joondalup	(ALP)	1.7	26	Jandakot	(LIB)	3.0
11	Kalamunda	(LIB)	2.3	28	Cannington	(ALP)	3.1
40	Kalgoorlie	(IND)	3.8	28	Darling Range	(LIB)	3.1
58	Kimberley	(ALP)	6.2	30	Willagee	(ALP)	3.2
1	Kingsley	(LIB)	1.5	30	West Swan	(ALP)	3.2
59	Kwinana	(ALP)	6.3	32	Collie–Preston	(ALP)	3.4
49	Mandurah	(ALP)	4.6	32	Morley	(LIB)	3.4
15	Maylands	(ALP)	2.6	32	North West	(ALP)	3.4
15	Midland	(ALP)	2.6	35	Central Wheatbelt	(NAT)	3.5
46	Mindarie	(ALP)	4.3	35	Cockburn	(ALP)	3.5
13	Moore	(NAT)	2.5	37	Southern River	(LIB)	3.6
32	Morley	(LIB)	3.4	38	Blackwood–Stirling	(NAT)	3.7
42	Mount Lawley	(LIB)	3.9	38	Albany	(ALP)	3.7
26	Murray–Wellington	(LIB)	3.0	40	Kalgoorlie	(IND)	3.8
11	Nedlands	(LIB)	2.3	40	Gosnells	(ALP)	3.8
56	Nollamara	(ALP)	5.3	42	Mount Lawley	(LIB)	3.9
32	North West	(ALP)	3.4	43	Pilbara	(ALP)	4.0
3	Ocean Reef	(LIB)	1.7	44	Bunbury	(LIB)	4.1
57	Perth	(ALP)	6.0	45	Fremantle	(GRN)	4.2
43	Pilbara	(ALP)	4.0	46	Mindarie	(ALP)	4.3
20	Riverton	(LIB)	2.7	47	Belmont	(ALP)	4.4
53	Rockingham	(ALP)	5.1	48	Geraldton	(LIB)	4.5
8	Scarborough	(LIB)	2.1	49	Mandurah	(ALP)	4.6
5	South Perth	(LIB)	1.9	50	Dawesville	(LIB)	4.7
37	Southern River	(LIB)	3.6	51	Girrawheen	(ALP)	4.8
15	Swan Hills	(LIB)	2.6	52	Armadale	(ALP)	4.9
20	Vasse	(LIB)	2.7	53	Warnbro	(ALP)	5.1
24	Victoria Park	(ALP)	2.9	53	Rockingham	(ALP)	5.1
22	Wagin	(NAT)	2.8	55	Balcatta	(ALP)	5.2
15	Wanneroo	(LIB)	2.6	56	Nollamara	(ALP)	5.3
53	Warnbro	(ALP)	5.1	57	Perth	(ALP)	6.0
30	West Swan	(ALP)	3.2	58	Kimberley	(ALP)	6.2
30	Willagee	(ALP)	3.2	59	Kwinana	(ALP)	6.3

Table 1 Estimated Unemployment Rate Ranked by SED (Smoothed Series) March Quarter 2009

Unemployment Rate Ranked by SED – December Quarter 2008

Alphabetical by Electorate				Ranked by Unemployment Rate			
Rank	Electorate	Party	Uet %	Rank	Electorate	Party	Uet %
41	Albany	(ALP)	3.6	1	Hillarys	(LIB)	1.3
7	Alfred Cove	(IND)	1.8	1	Kingsley	(LIB)	1.3
48	Armadale	(ALP)	4.2	3	Ocean Reef	(LIB)	1.5
55	Balcatta	(ALP)	4.8	3	Joondalup	(ALP)	1.5
29	Bassendean	(ALP)	2.9	5	Carine	(LIB)	1.7
9	Bateman	(LIB)	1.9	5	South Perth	(LIB)	1.7
46	Belmont	(ALP)	3.9	7	Alfred Cove	(IND)	1.8
41	Blackwood–Stirling	(NAT)	3.6	7	Scarborough	(LIB)	1.8
46	Bunbury	(LIB)	3.9	9	Bateman	(LIB)	1.9
20	Cannington	(ALP)	2.6	9	Forrestfield	(ALP)	1.9
5	Carine	(LIB)	1.7	11	Kalamunda	(LIB)	2.1
32	Central Wheatbelt	(NAT)	3.1	12	Nedlands	(LIB)	2.2
15	Churchlands	(IND)	2.3	12	Moore	(NAT)	2.2
32	Cockburn	(ALP)	3.1	12	Riverton	(LIB)	2.2
36	Collie–Preston	(ALP)	3.2	15	Wanneroo	(LIB)	2.3
18	Cottesloe	(LIB)	2.5	15	Churchlands	(IND)	2.3
25	Darling Range	(LIB)	2.7	17	Eyre	(LIB)	2.4
50	Dawesville	(LIB)	4.3	18	Cottesloe	(LIB)	2.5
17	Eyre	(LIB)	2.4	18	Victoria Park	(ALP)	2.5
9	Forrestfield	(ALP)	1.9	20	Cannington	(ALP)	2.6
45	Fremantle	(GRN)	3.8	20	Vasse	(LIB)	2.6
48	Geraldton	(LIB)	4.2	20	Maylands	(ALP)	2.6
52	Girrawheen	(ALP)	4.4	20	Swan Hills	(LIB)	2.6
36	Gosnells	(ALP)	3.2	20	Midland	(ALP)	2.6
1	Hillarys	(LIB)	1.3	25	Jandakot	(LIB)	2.7
25	Jandakot	(LIB)	2.7	25	Darling Range	(LIB)	2.7
3	Joondalup	(ALP)	1.5	27	Murray–Wellington	(LIB)	2.8
11	Kalamunda	(LIB)	2.1	27	Wagin	(NAT)	2.8
39	Kalgoorlie	(IND)	3.5	29	Bassendean	(ALP)	2.9
57	Kimberley	(ALP)	5.6	29	Willagee	(ALP)	2.9
1	Kingsley	(LIB)	1.3	31	Southern River	(LIB)	3.0
58	Kwinana	(ALP)	5.7	32	North West	(ALP)	3.1
50	Mandurah	(ALP)	4.3	32	Cockburn	(ALP)	3.1
20	Maylands	(ALP)	2.6	32	Central Wheatbelt	(NAT)	3.1
20	Midland	(ALP)	2.6	32	West Swan	(ALP)	3.1
41	Mindarie	(ALP)	3.6	36	Collie–Preston	(ALP)	3.2
12	Moore	(NAT)	2.2	36	Gosnells	(ALP)	3.2
38	Morley	(LIB)	3.3	38	Morley	(LIB)	3.3
41	Mount Lawley	(LIB)	3.6	39	Kalgoorlie	(IND)	3.5
27	Murray–Wellington	(LIB)	2.8	39	Pilbara	(ALP)	3.5
12	Nedlands	(LIB)	2.2	41	Blackwood–Stirling	(NAT)	3.6
55	Nollamara	(ALP)	4.8	41	Albany	(ALP)	3.6
32	North West	(ALP)	3.1	41	Mount Lawley	(LIB)	3.6
3	Ocean Reef	(LIB)	1.5	41	Mindarie	(ALP)	3.6
58	Perth	(ALP)	5.7	45	Fremantle	(GRN)	3.8
39	Pilbara	(ALP)	3.5	46	Belmont	(ALP)	3.9
12	Riverton	(LIB)	2.2	46	Bunbury	(LIB)	3.9
53	Rockingham	(ALP)	4.6	48	Geraldton	(LIB)	4.2
7	Scarborough	(LIB)	1.8	48	Armadale	(ALP)	4.2
5	South Perth	(LIB)	1.7	50	Mandurah	(ALP)	4.3
31	Southern River	(LIB)	3.0	50	Dawesville	(LIB)	4.3
20	Swan Hills	(LIB)	2.6	52	Girrawheen	(ALP)	4.4
20	Vasse	(LIB)	2.6	53	Rockingham	(ALP)	4.6
18	Victoria Park	(ALP)	2.5	53	Warnbro	(ALP)	4.6
27	Wagin	(NAT)	2.8	55	Balcatta	(ALP)	4.8
15	Wanneroo	(LIB)	2.3	55	Nollamara	(ALP)	4.8
53	Warnbro	(ALP)	4.6	57	Kimberley	(ALP)	5.6
32	West Swan	(ALP)	3.1	58	Perth	(ALP)	5.7
29	Willagee	(ALP)	2.9	58	Kwinana	(ALP)	5.7

Table 2 Estimated Unemployment Rate Ranked by SED (Smoothed Series) December Quarter 2008

Summary of the Unemployment Rate Ranked by SED

For the March quarter 2009, unemployment rates ranged from 1.5% in Hillarys (LIB) to 6.3% in Kwinana (ALP).

The average unemployment rate for Western Australia for the March quarter 2009 was 3.3%. Over half of the WA electorates had unemployment rates that were above the state average. Of the 45.7% of WA electorates that had unemployment rates below the state average, the Liberal Party holds 18 seats (75.0% of all LIB seats), the ALP holds 9 seats (33.3% of all ALP seats), the National Party holds 2 seats (50.0% of all NAT seats) and the Independents hold 2 seats (66.6% of all IND seats).

The national average unemployment rate for the March quarter 2009 was 4.6%. The total percentage of WA electorates who had an unemployment rate below this national average was 81.4%. Of these, the Liberal Party holds 23 seats, the ALP holds 17 seats, the National Party holds 4 seats, Independents hold 3 seats and the Greens hold 1 seat.

In comparison to the December quarter 2008, all electorates experienced an increase in their unemployment rate. Those electorates least affected were Maylands, Swan Hills and Midland, up by 0.03%, 0.04% and 0.04% respectively.

Of those electorates that experienced an improvement in their ranking for the March 2009 quarter compared to the December 2008 quarter, the ALP holds 10 seats (37.0% of all ALP seats), the Liberal Party holds 7 seats (29.2% of all LIB seats), the Nationals hold 2 seats (50.0% of all NAT seats) and the Independents hold 1 seat (33.3% of all IND seats).

For those electorates that exhibited a decline in their ranking for the March 2009 quarter, in comparison to the December 2008 quarter, the ALP holds 12 seats (44.4% of all ALP seats), the Liberal Party holds 7 seats (29.2% of all LIB seats), and the Independents and the Nationals hold 2 seats each (66.6% of all IND seats and 50.0% of all NAT seats respectively).

All electorates that were ranked in the top 10 in the December 2008 quarter remained in the top 10 in the March 2009 quarter. Similarly, 90% of those electorates that were ranked 40 or above in the December 2008 quarter remained in rank 40 or above for the March 2009 quarter.

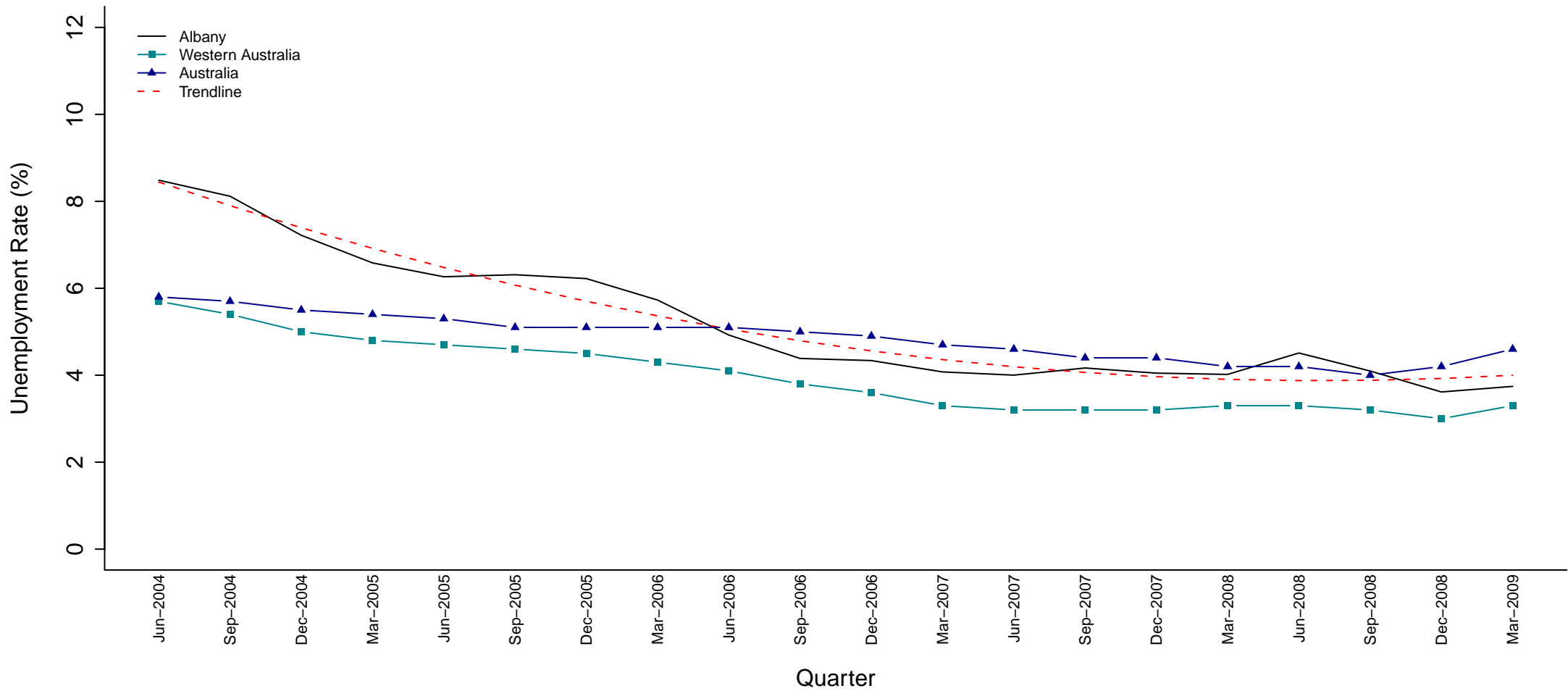
In the December 2008 quarter the unemployment rate ranged from 1.3% to 5.7%, whereas in the March 2009 quarter this range expanded and shifted from 1.5% to 6.3%.

In both the December 2008 and March 2009 quarters, the Hillarys and Kingsley electorates had equal and the lowest rates of unemployment while Kwinana had the highest unemployment rate for both aforementioned quarters.

For comparison to earlier quarters please see:

Estimates of Unemployment Statistics. WA State Electoral Divisions. December Quarter 2003 – September Quarter 2008. Statistical bulletin 1/2009.

Albany (ALP)

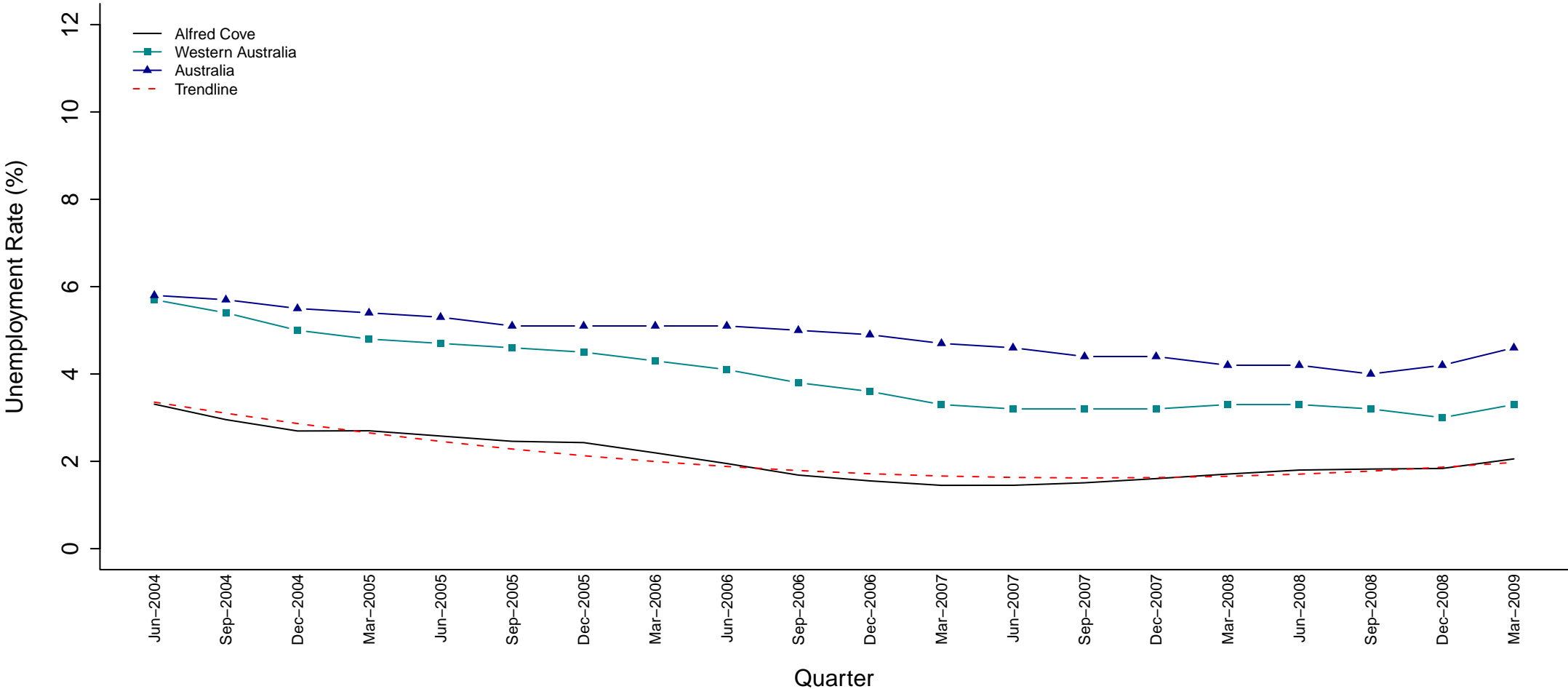


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Albany (ALP)	8.5	8.1	7.2	6.6	6.3	6.3	6.2	5.7	4.9	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.1	3.6	3.7

Figure 1 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Albany (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows that the unemployment rate for Albany has been decreasing rapidly over time. Since June 2004 it has remained above the state average, despite decreasing at a faster rate than the state average. Prior to June 2006, Albany’s unemployment rate was higher than the national average, though decreasing at a faster rate. Since then, with the exception of the June 2008 quarter, it has remained lower than the national average.

Alfred Cove (IND)

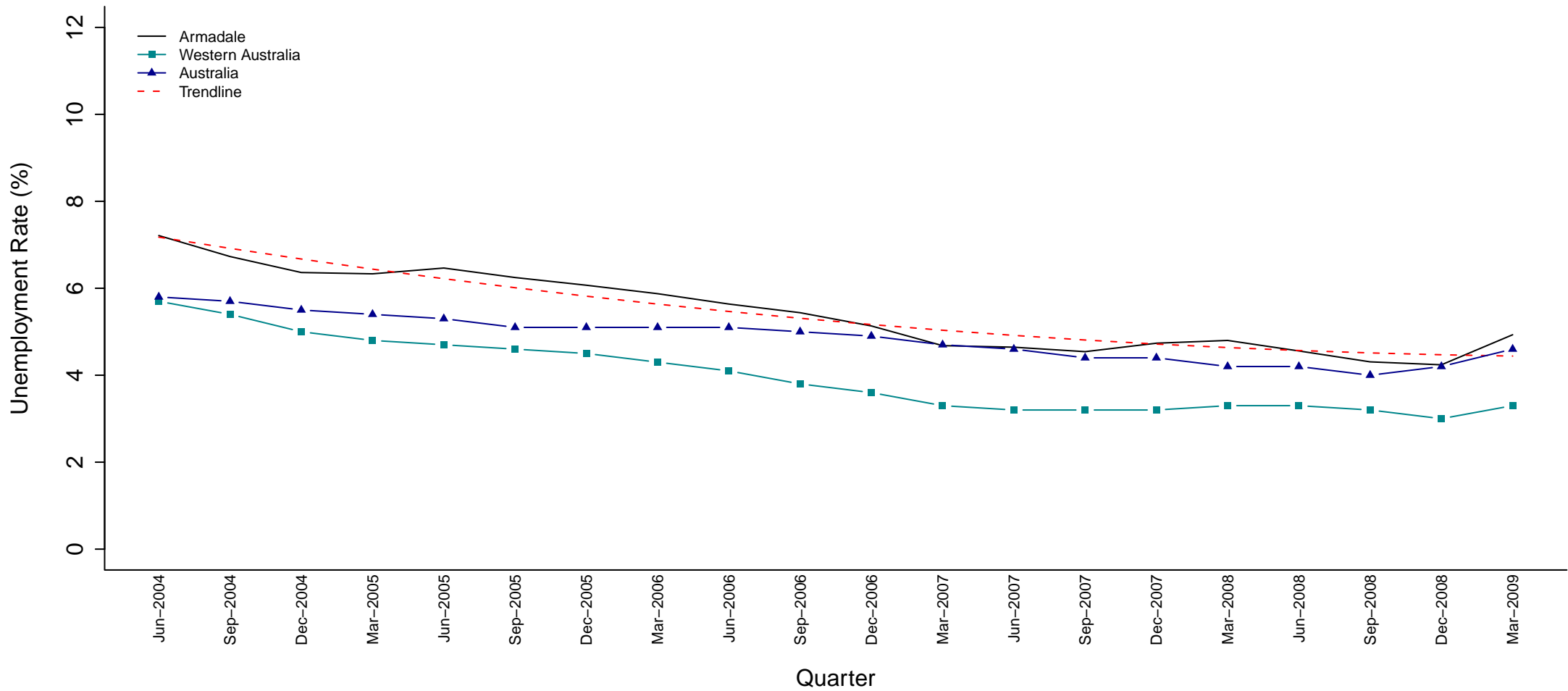


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Alfred Cove (IND)	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.1

Figure 2 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Alfred Cove (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows the unemployment rate for Alfred Cove following a decreasing trend from June 2004 until December 2006. Since December 2006 it had been relatively steady, however, the later quarters exhibit a slight upwards trend. Throughout this time the Alfred Cove electorate remained well below both the state and national averages.

Armadale (ALP)

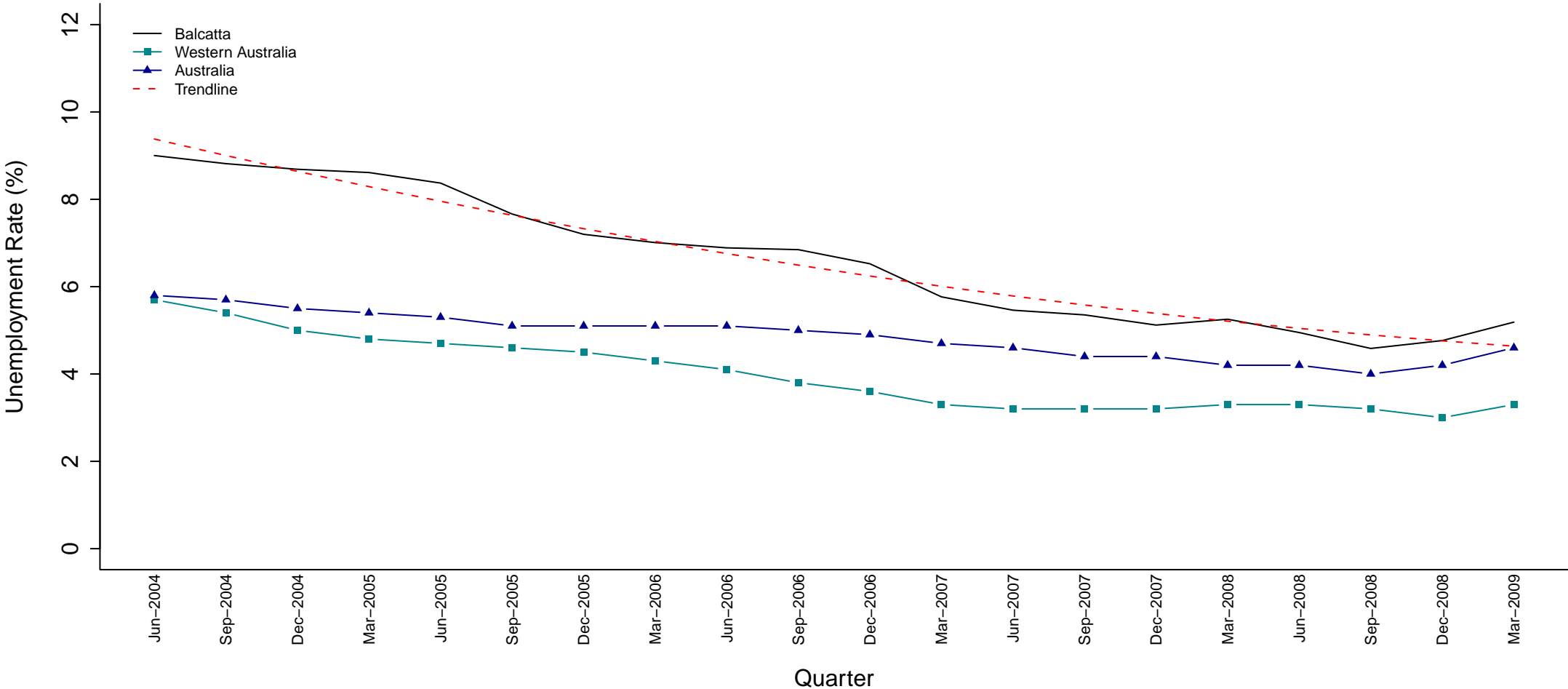


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Armadale (ALP)	7.2	6.7	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.3	4.2	4.9

Figure 3 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Armadale (Smoothed Series)

Armadale's unemployment rate has remained well above the state average since June 2004. The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate has decreased steadily and at a faster rate than the national average, coinciding with it in March 2007. Since March 2007 the unemployment rate has fluctuated on or just above the national average.

Balcatta (ALP)

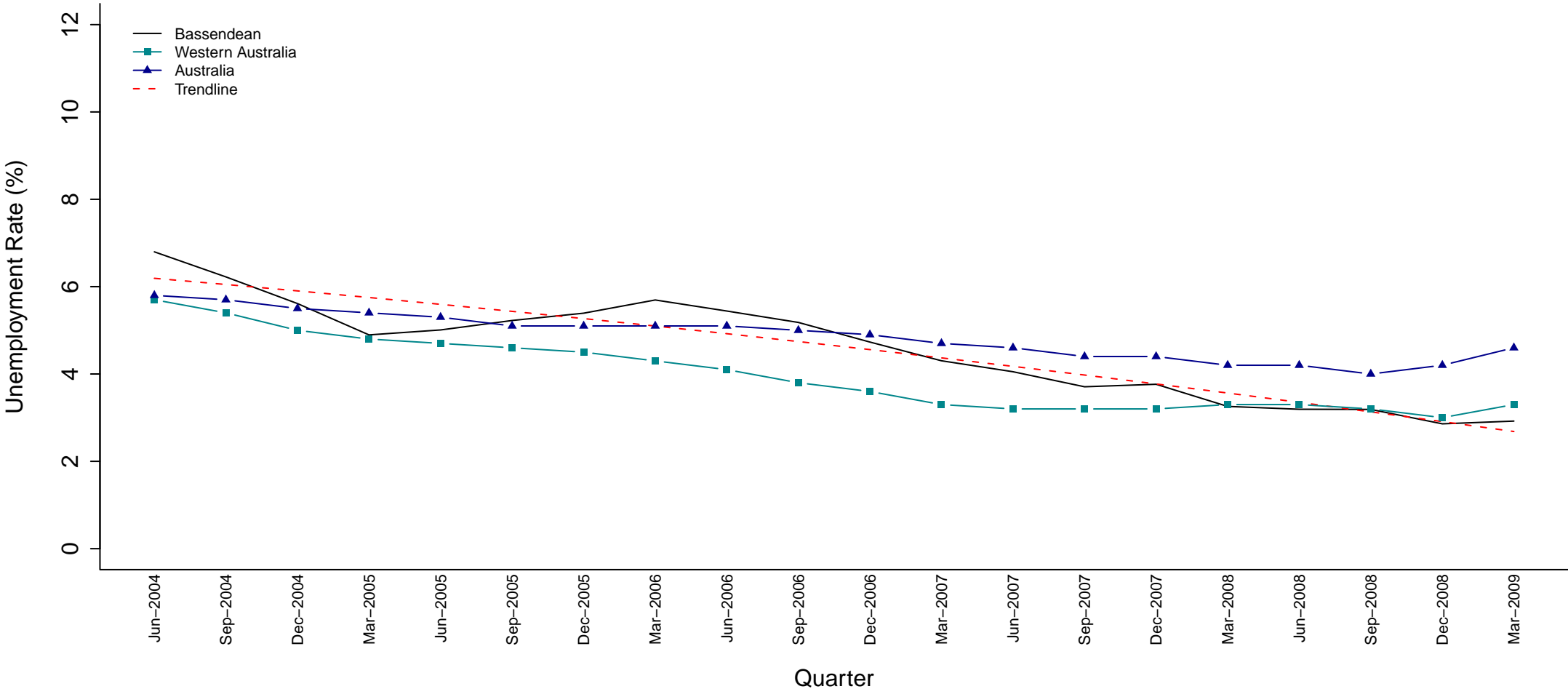


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Balcatta (ALP)	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.4	7.7	7.2	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.5	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.8	5.2

Figure 4 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Balcatta (Smoothed Series)

Since June 2004, Balcatta’s unemployment rate has been well above both the state and national averages. However, the trendline shows that the unemployment rate has been decreasing at a faster rate than both the state and national unemployment rate, closing the gap considerably.

Bassendean (ALP)

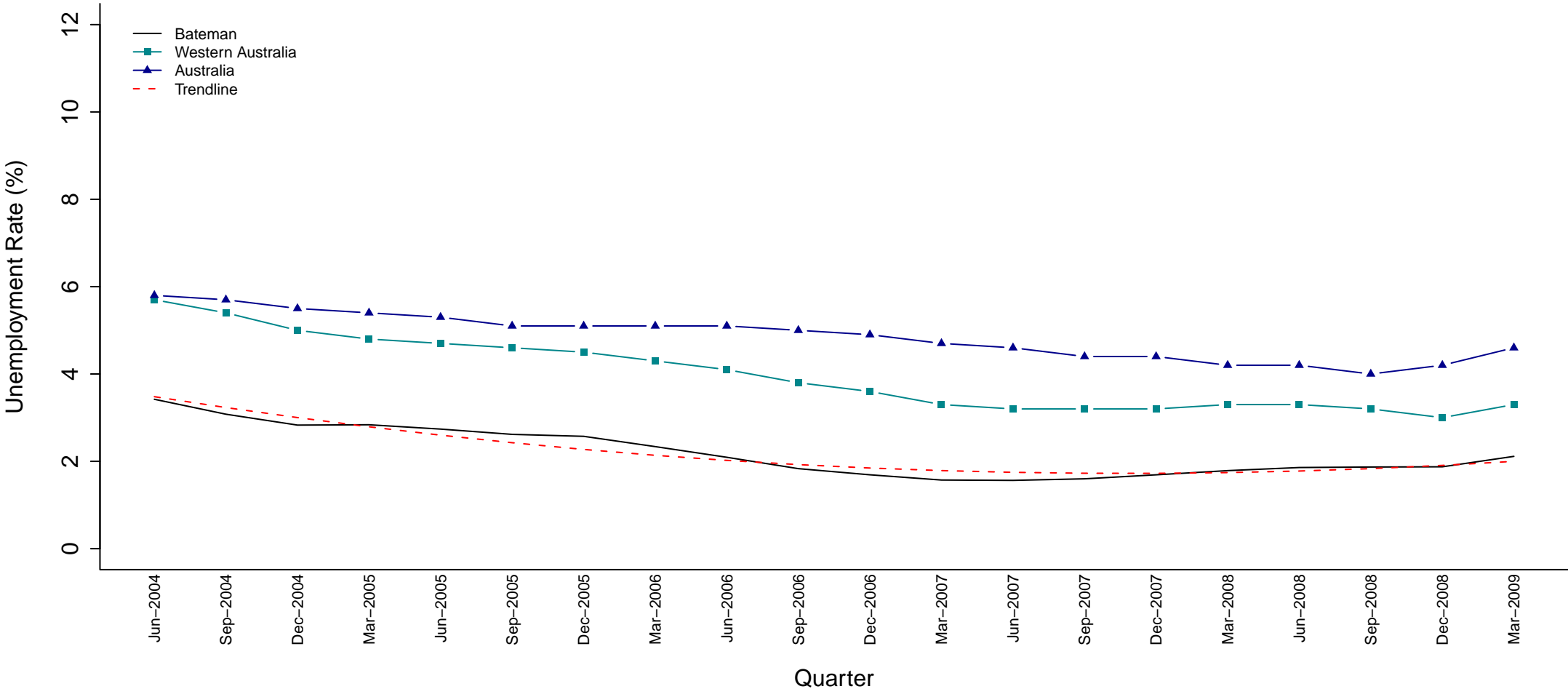


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Bassendean (ALP)	6.8	6.2	5.6	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.2	4.7	4.3	4.1	3.7	3.8	3.3	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.9

Figure 5 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Bassendean (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Bassendean electorate has fluctuated above and below the national average since December 2004. This includes an extended period of increasing unemployment between March 2005 and March 2006. The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate followed a decreasing trend overall. Since June 2004, Bassendean's unemployment rate generally stayed above the state average dipping below in the June 2008 quarter. For the last two quarters of the period, the unemployment rate has remained just below the state average.

Bateman (LIB)

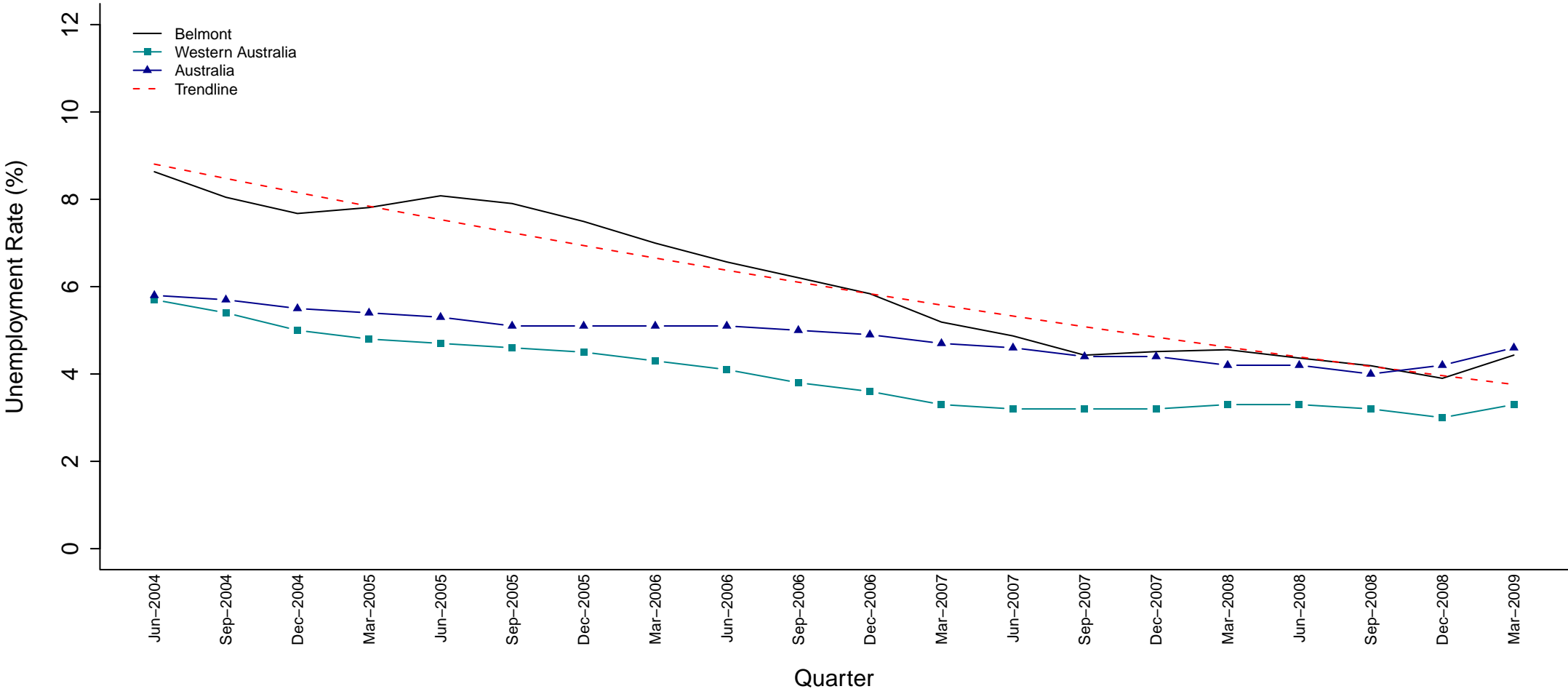


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Bateman (LIB)	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.1

Figure 6 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Bateman (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Bateman electorate has been well under the state and national averages since June 2004. The trendline indicates a decrease in the unemployment rate from June 2004 until March 2006. From March 2006 it has been fairly steady, however the unemployment rate for Bateman has been increasing since September 2007.

Belmont (ALP)

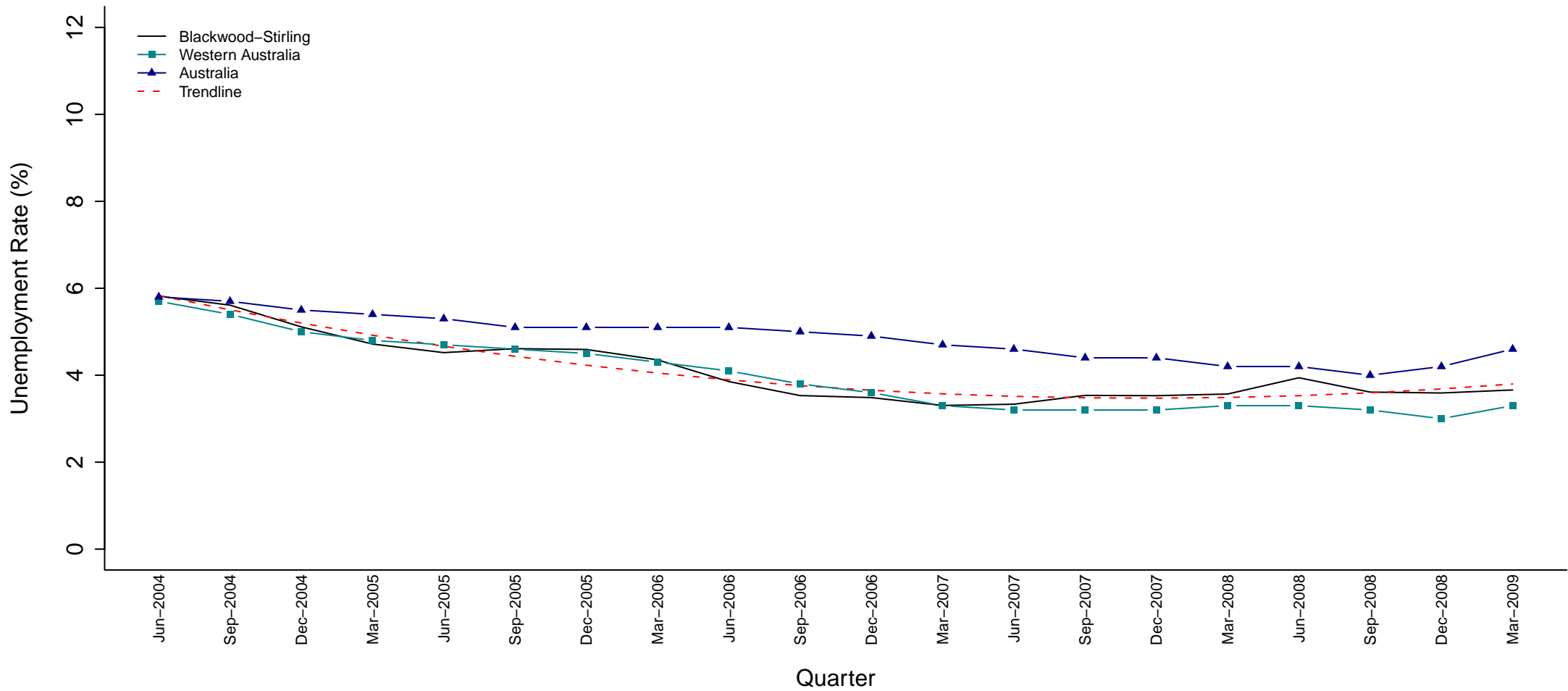


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Belmont (ALP)	8.6	8.0	7.7	7.8	8.1	7.9	7.5	7.0	6.6	6.2	5.8	5.2	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.4

Figure 7 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Belmont (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate for Belmont has followed an overall decreasing trend since June 2004, despite increases in early 2005, late 2007 and again in the March 2009 quarter. Since June 2004, the unemployment rate has stayed above both the state and national averages, until September 2007 when it drew level. Since then it has remained close to the national average, dipping below it in the final two quarters of the period.

Blackwood–Stirling (NAT)

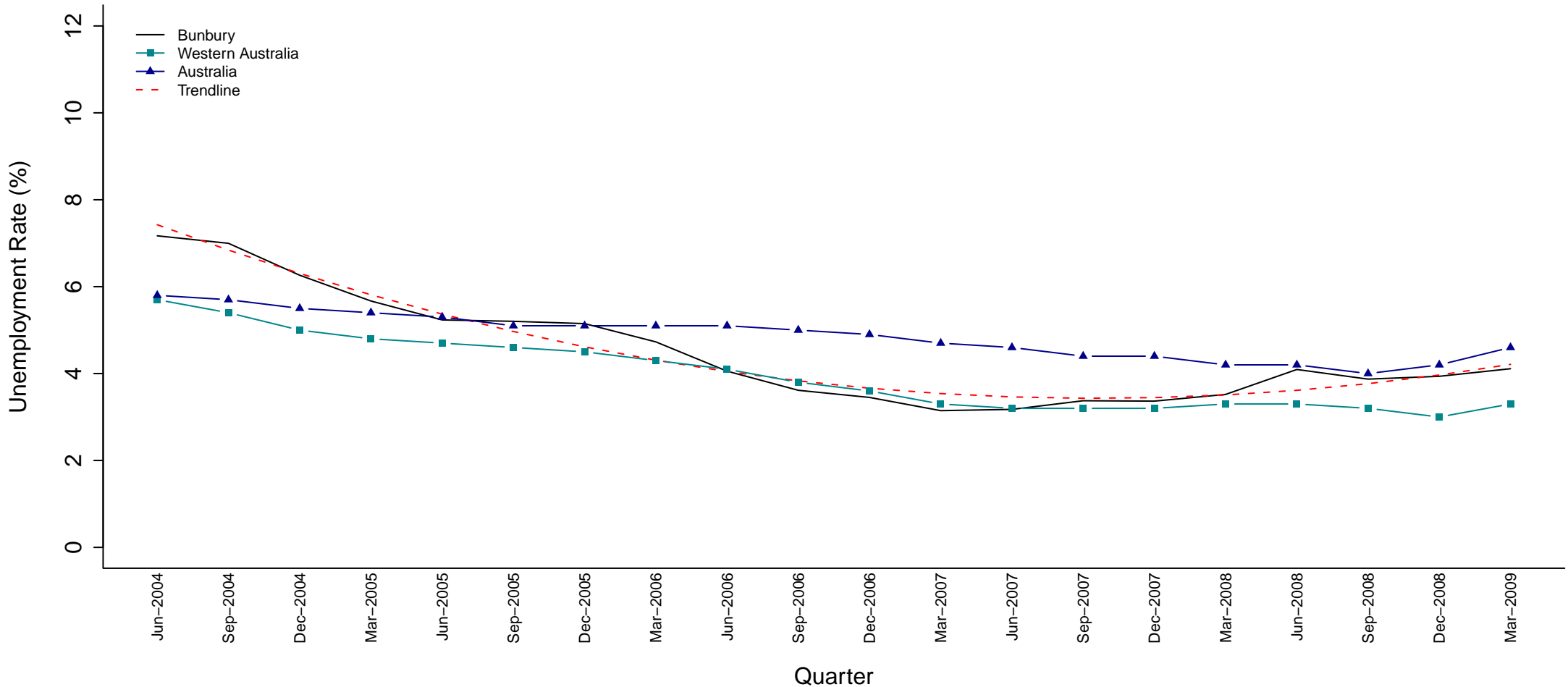


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Blackwood–Stirling (NAT)	5.8	5.6	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.4	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.7

Figure 8 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Blackwood–Stirling (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Blackwood–Stirling electorate has fluctuated over a range of 2.5% since June 2004. From June 2004 until June 2007 it was close to the state average but increasing unemployment to June 2008 caused it to depart from the state rate. This period of increasing unemployment also caused the initially descending trend to plateau. Since June 2004, Blackwood–Stirling's unemployment rate has remained below the national average.

Bunbury (LIB)

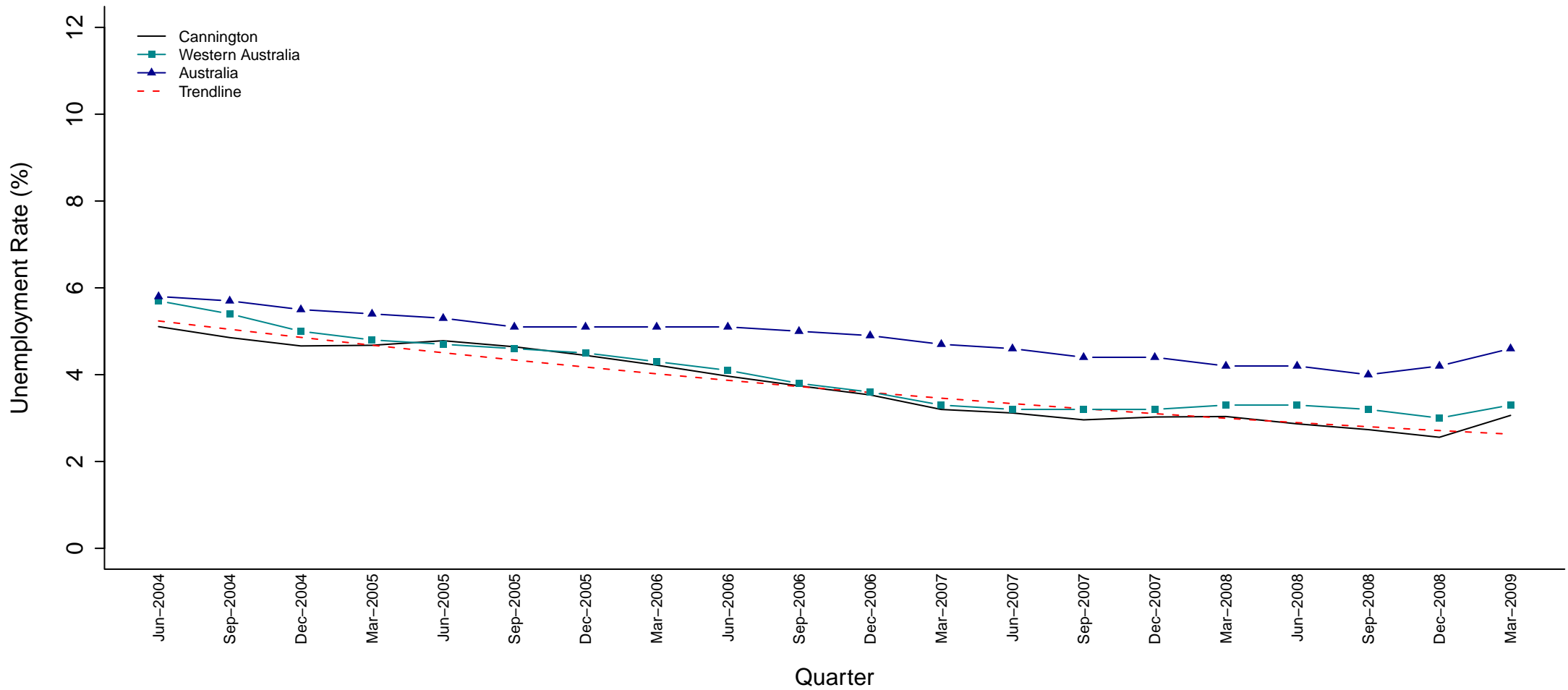


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Bunbury (LIB)	7.2	7.0	6.3	5.7	5.2	5.2	5.1	4.7	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	4.1	3.9	3.9	4.1

Figure 9 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Bunbury (Smoothed Series)

As indicated by the trendline, Bunbury's unemployment rate was declining rapidly from June 2004 until March 2007. Since December 2007, a clear upward trend is apparent, largely due to an increase in the unemployment rate for the June 2008 quarter. Bunbury's unemployment rate fell below the national average in December 2005 and remained substantially lower until June 2008. Bunbury's unemployment rate has been well above the state average for most of the period, however, was similar to the state average between June 2006 and March 2008.

Cannington (ALP)

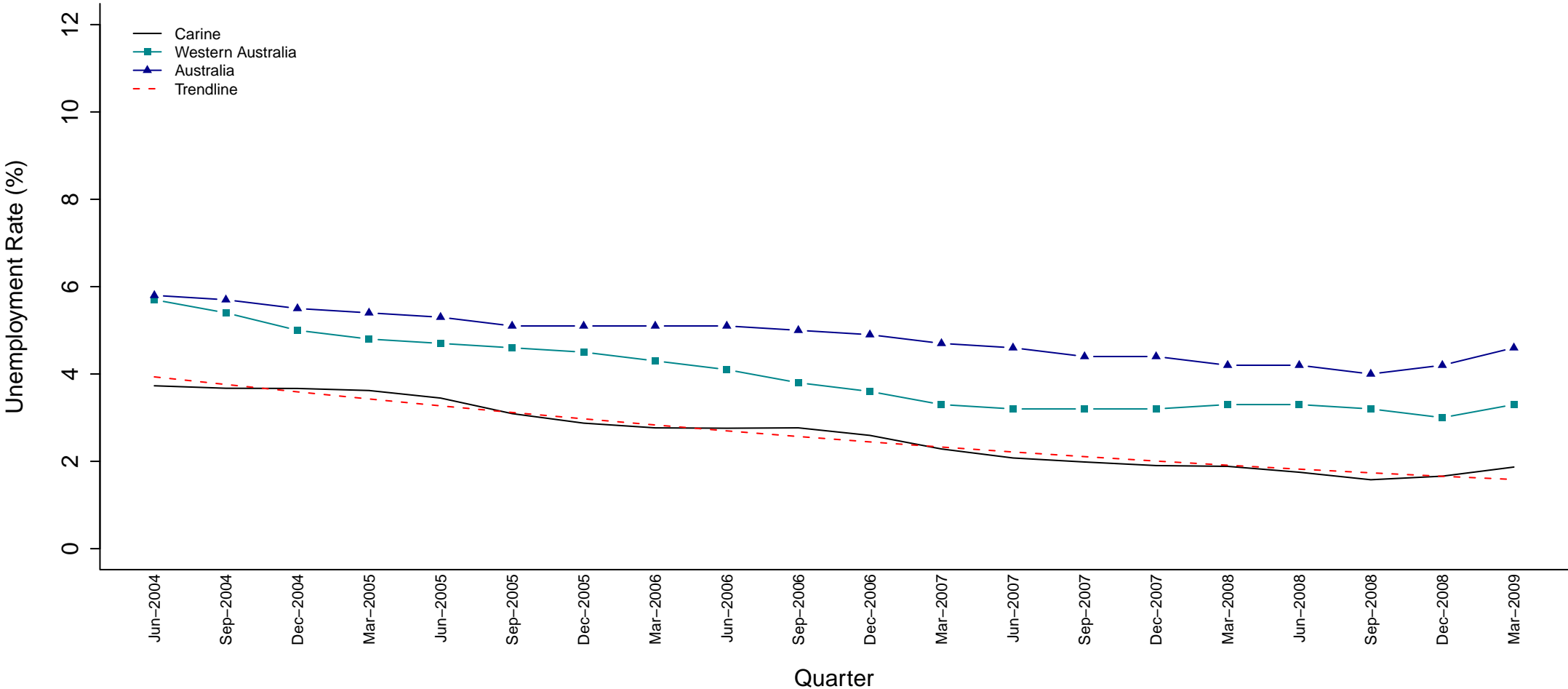


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Cannington (ALP)	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	3.1

Figure 10 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Cannington (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Cannington electorate stayed below the national average for the entire period. From March 2005 until June 2007 Cannington’s unemployment rate was on par with the state average and has remained below the state average since the June 2007 quarter. The trendline indicates an overall substantial decrease in unemployment for the electorate.

Carine (LIB)

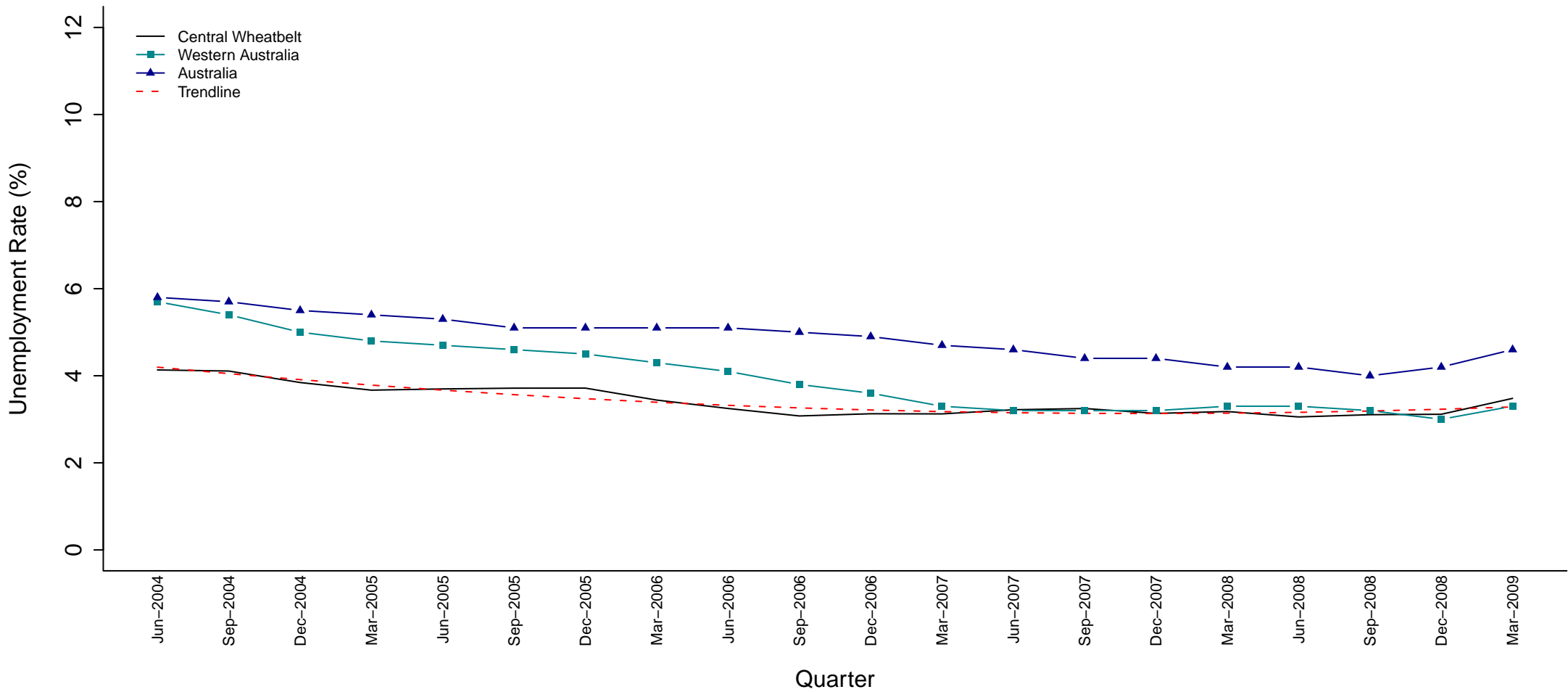


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Carine (LIB)	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.9

Figure 11 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Carine (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows Carine’s unemployment rate has been steadily decreasing since June 2004 despite slight fluctuations in the unemployment rate. Throughout this time it has remained well below both the state and national averages.

Central Wheatbelt (NAT)

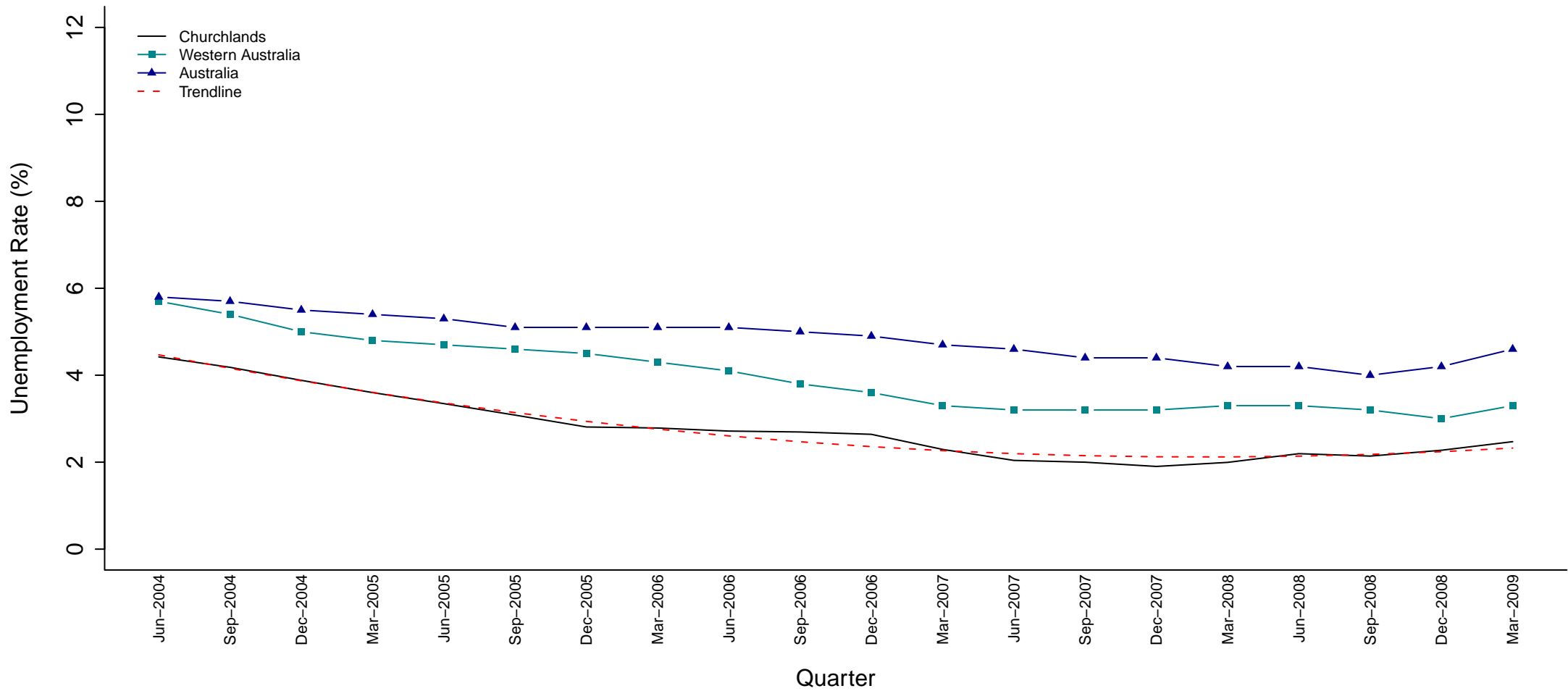


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Central Wheatbelt (NAT)	4.1	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.5

Figure 12 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Central Wheatbelt (Smoothed Series)

The trend in the unemployment rate in the Central Wheatbelt electorate has remained fairly constant since June 2004, despite fluctuations during this time. The unemployment rate remained below the national average over the entire period. In June 2004, Central Wheatbelt’s unemployment rate was significantly lower than the state average (by 1.6%). Since March 2007, the stability of the unemployment rate in the Central Wheatbelt has seen the state average approach and then coincide with that of the Central Wheatbelt electorate.

Churchlands (IND)

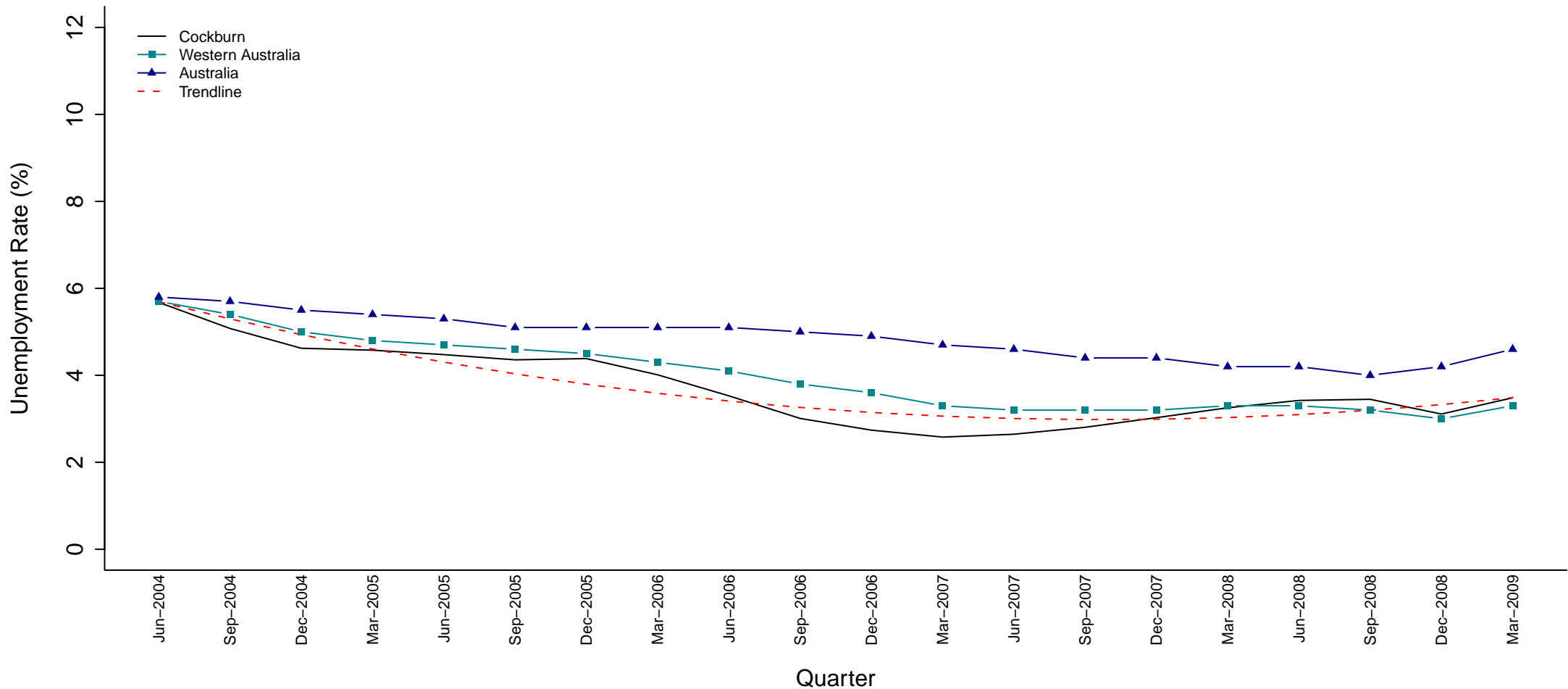


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Churchlands (IND)	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.5

Figure 13 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Churchlands (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows an initial decrease in unemployment for the Churchlands electorate, however, a slight upward trend is visible from the June 2008 quarter onwards. Throughout this time, Churchland's unemployment rate has remained considerably below both the national and state averages.

Cockburn (ALP)

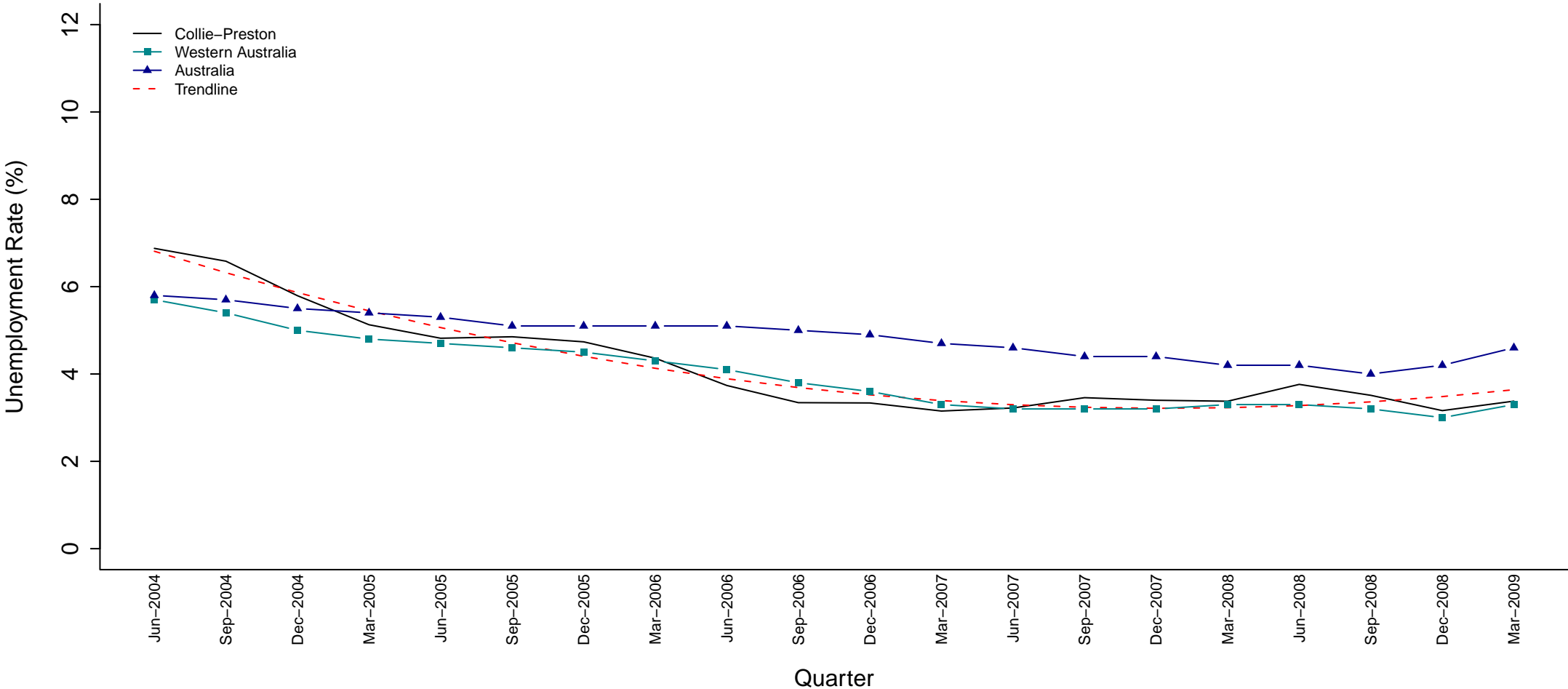


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Cockburn (ALP)	5.7	5.1	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.0	3.5	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.5

Figure 14 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Cockburn (Smoothed Series)

Despite fluctuations in the unemployment rate, the trendline shows an overall decrease in the unemployment rate for the Cockburn electorate until December 2007. Following this time a slight upward trend is evident which is largely due to a prolonged period of increasing unemployment from March 2007 until June 2008. Cockburn's unemployment rate was around the state average until December 2005 when it began decreasing at a faster rate. However, the increasing unemployment rate following the March 2007 quarter has placed Cockburn above the state average since the March 2008 quarter. The unemployment rate has been below the national average for the entire period.

Collie–Preston (ALP)

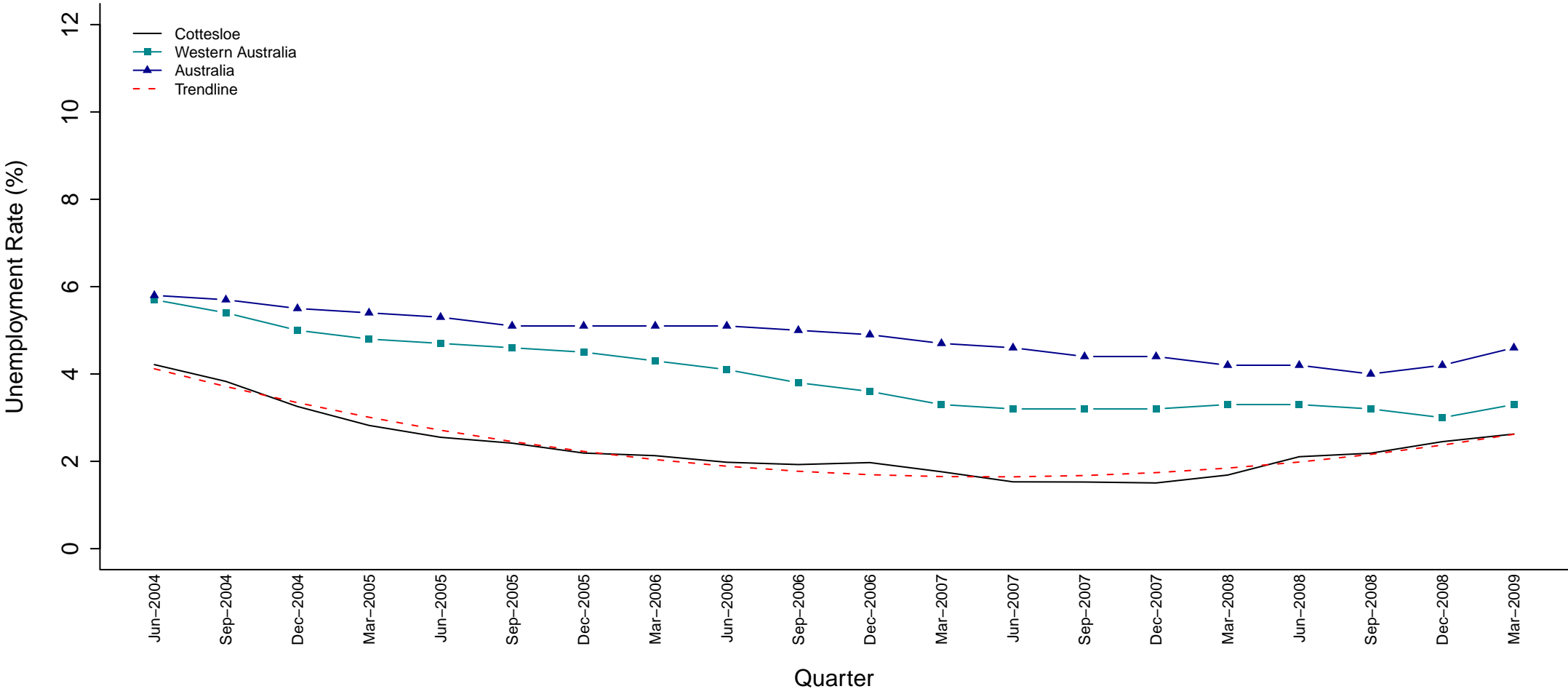


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Collie–Preston (ALP)	6.9	6.6	5.8	5.1	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.4	3.7	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.4

Figure 15 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Collie–Preston (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate for the Collie–Preston electorate followed a decreasing trend at first, however, it has been on the rise since the March 2008 quarter. The unemployment rate fluctuated either side of the trendline where slight increases in the unemployment rate were followed by periods of decreasing unemployment rate. Between March 2006 and March 2007 the unemployment rate fell below the state average. For the March 2009 quarter, Collie–Preston's unemployment rate is on par with the state average.

Cottesloe (LIB)

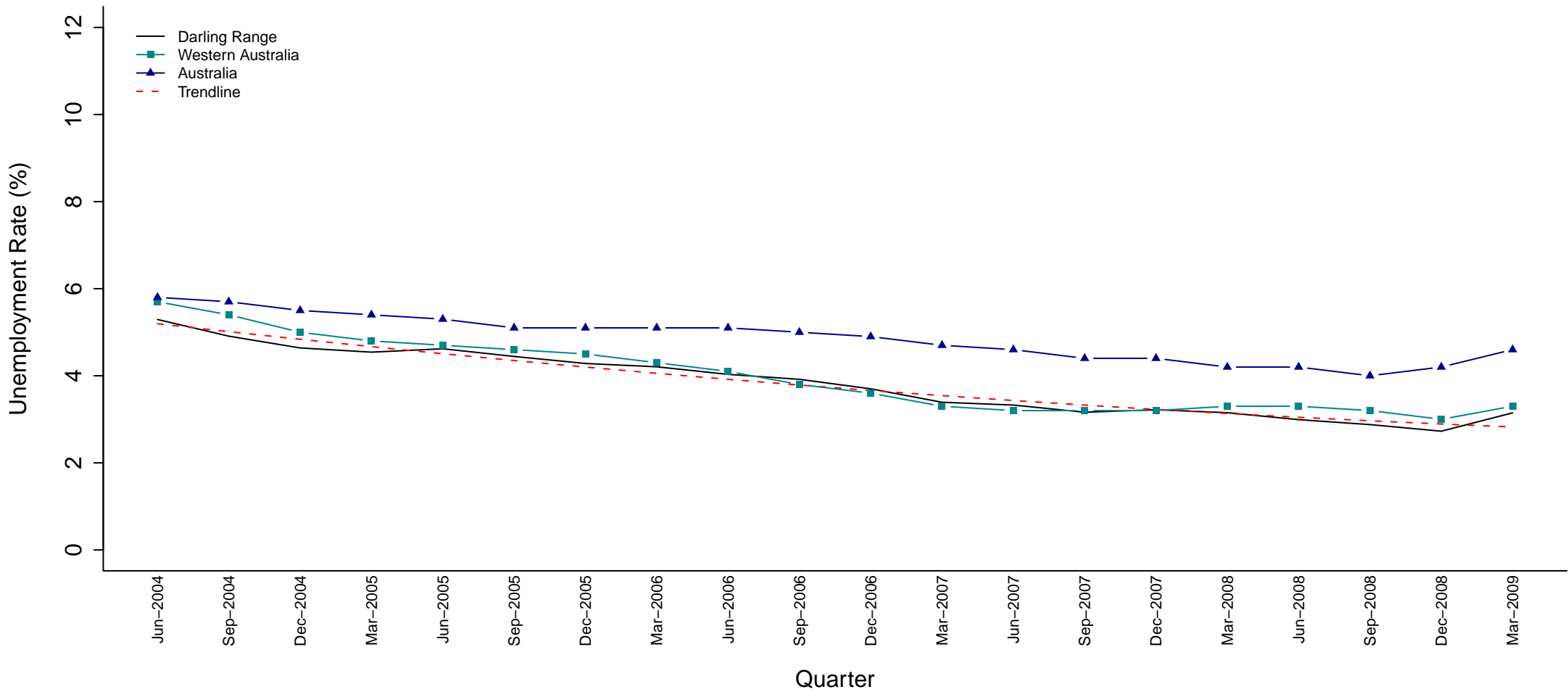


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Cottesloe (LIB)	4.2	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.6

Figure 16 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Cottesloe (Smoothed Series)

Cottesloe’s unemployment rate has remained well below both the state and national average since June 2004. The curved trendline shows an initial decrease in the unemployment rate, which then begins to plateau from the June 2006 quarter until more recent quarters where an increase in the trend is visible. An increase in the unemployment rate from December 2007 is responsible for the upward trend.

Darling Range (LIB)

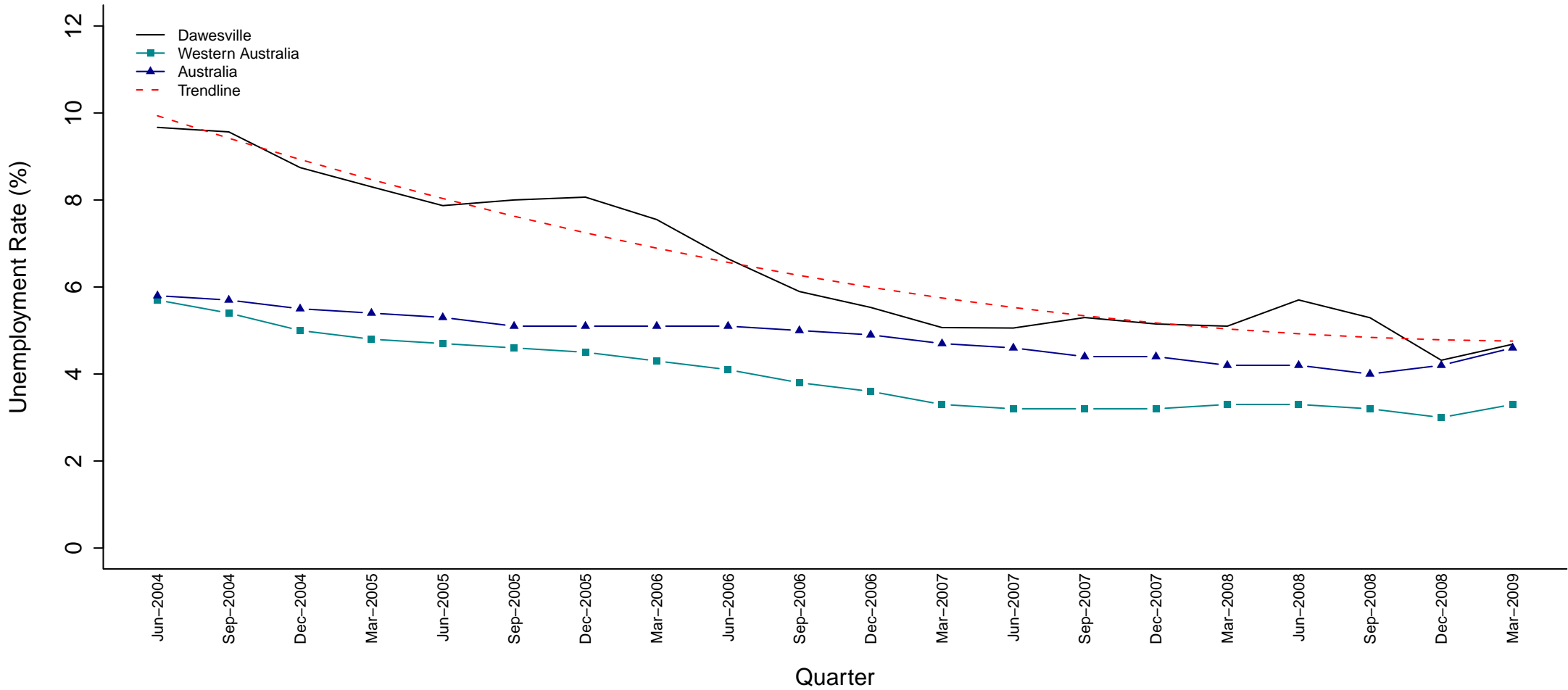


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Darling Range (LIB)	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.7	3.1

Figure 17 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Darling Range (Smoothed Series)

As the trendline indicates, the unemployment rate for the Darling Range electorate has been decreasing gradually over time, however, there is a spike in unemployment for the March 2009 quarter. Darling Range's unemployment rate has remained well below the national average over the entire period and more or less on par with the state average.

Dawesville (LIB)

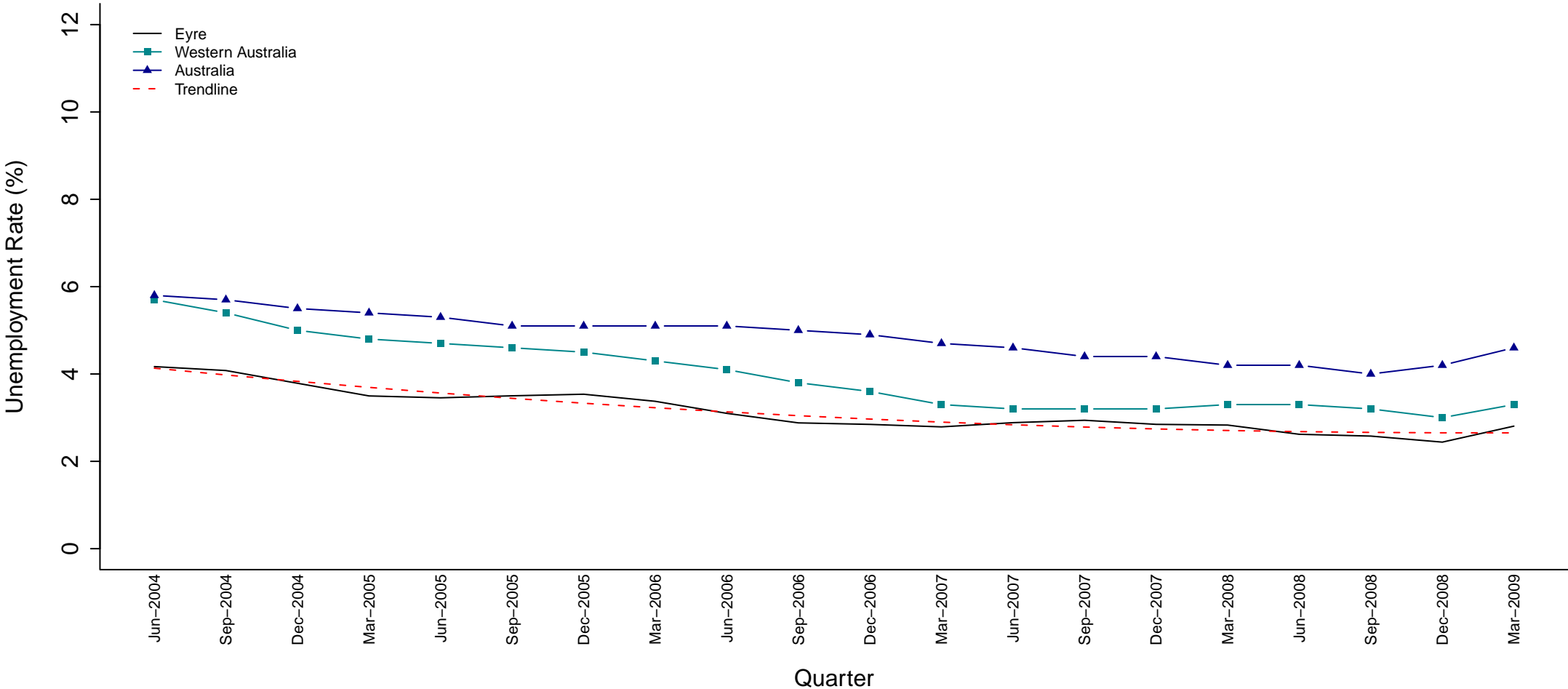


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Dawesville (LIB)	9.7	9.6	8.7	8.3	7.9	8.0	8.1	7.6	6.6	5.9	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.7	5.3	4.3	4.7

Figure 18 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Dawesville (Smoothed Series)

Since June 2004, the unemployment rate for the Dawesville electorate remained above the state and national averages. The difference between the Dawesville unemployment rate and the national average was greatest at the beginning of the period in June 2004 (3.9%). For the December 2008 and March 2009 quarters the difference is minimal. The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate for the Dawesville electorate is rapidly decreasing overall despite the volatile unemployment rate.

Eyre (LIB)

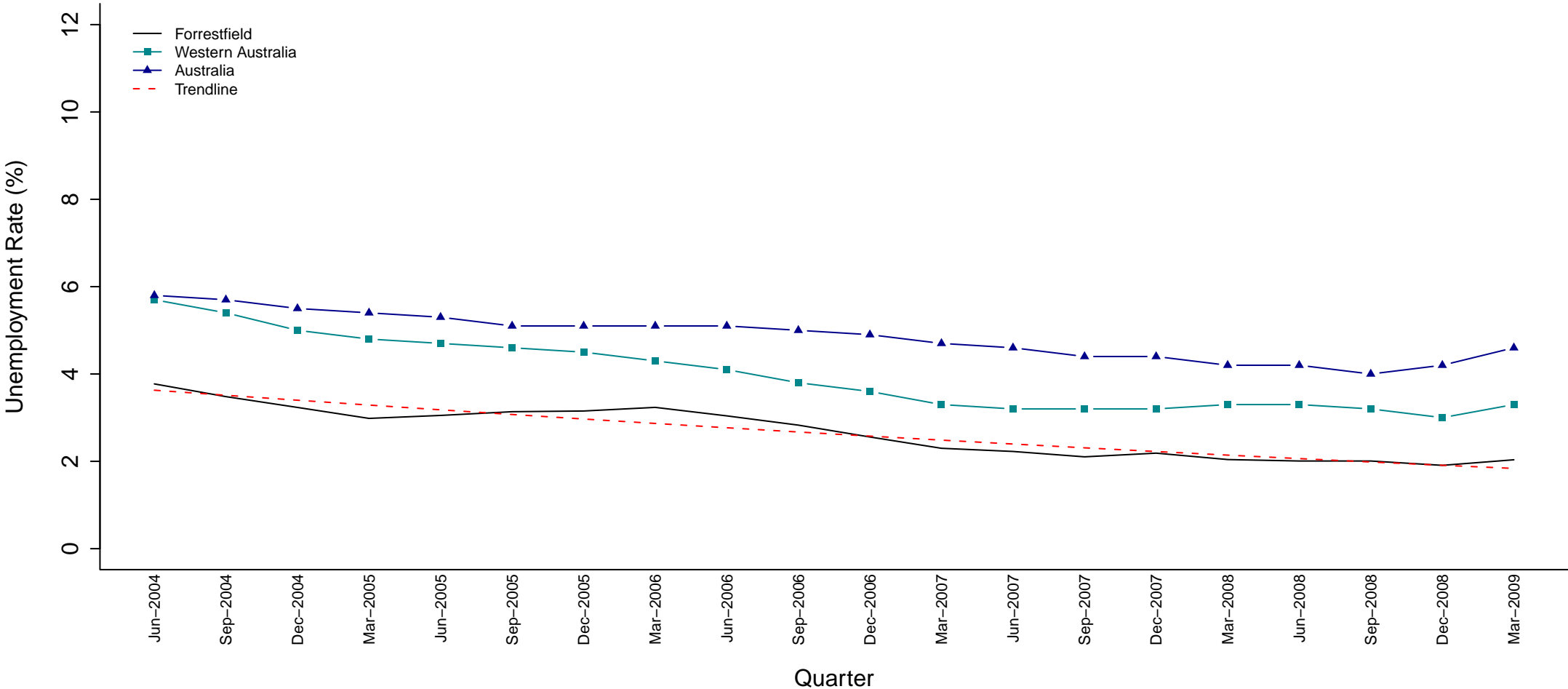


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Eyre (LIB)	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.8

Figure 19 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Eyre (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Eyre electorate has remained below the state and national averages throughout this period. The trendline shows a slight decrease in the unemployment rate over time. The unemployment rate fluctuates marginally above and below the trendline but in general has been relatively stable for this period.

Forrestfield (ALP)

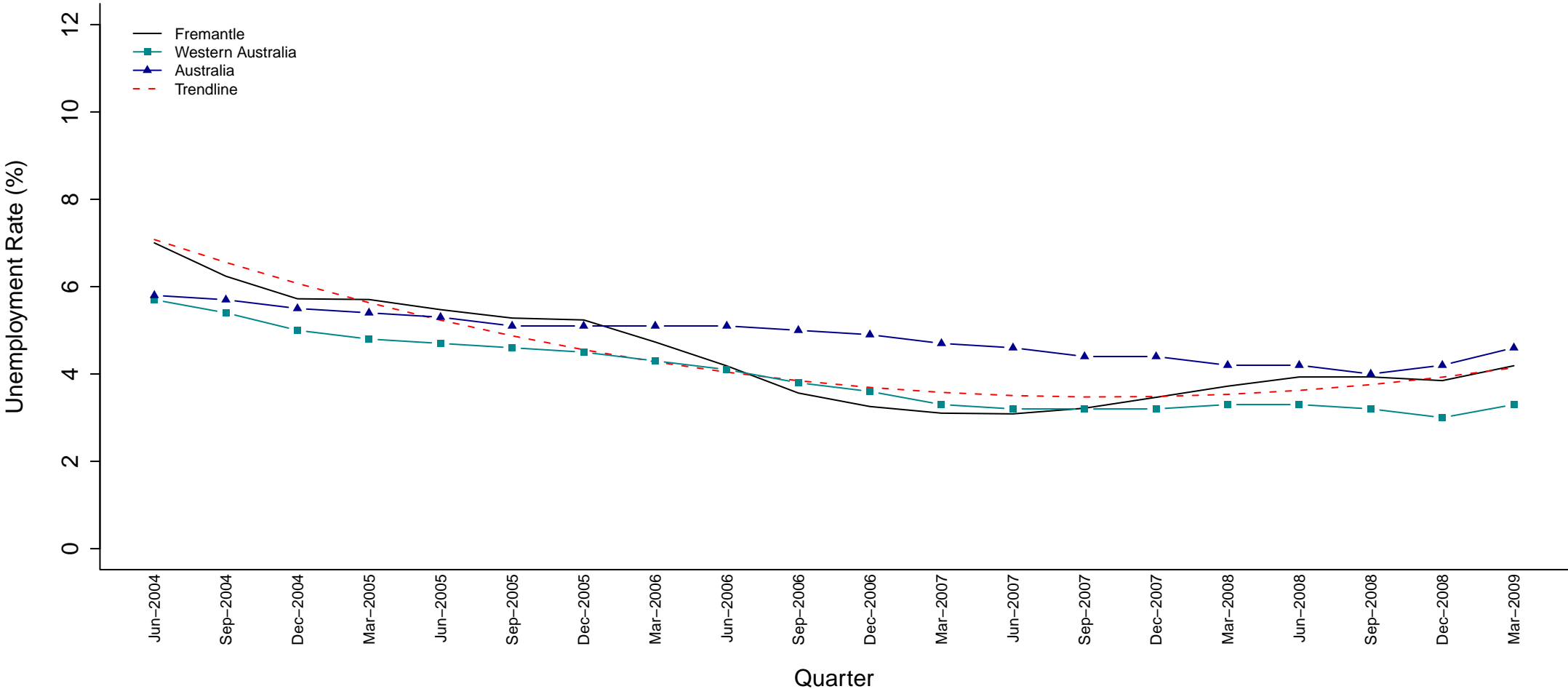


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Forrestfield (ALP)	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0

Figure 20 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Forrestfield (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates a constant decrease in the Forrestfield unemployment rate since June 2004. Throughout this time it has remained below both the national and state averages. Since March 2006, Forrestfield’s unemployment rate has decreased at a similar rate to the state average.

Fremantle (GRN)

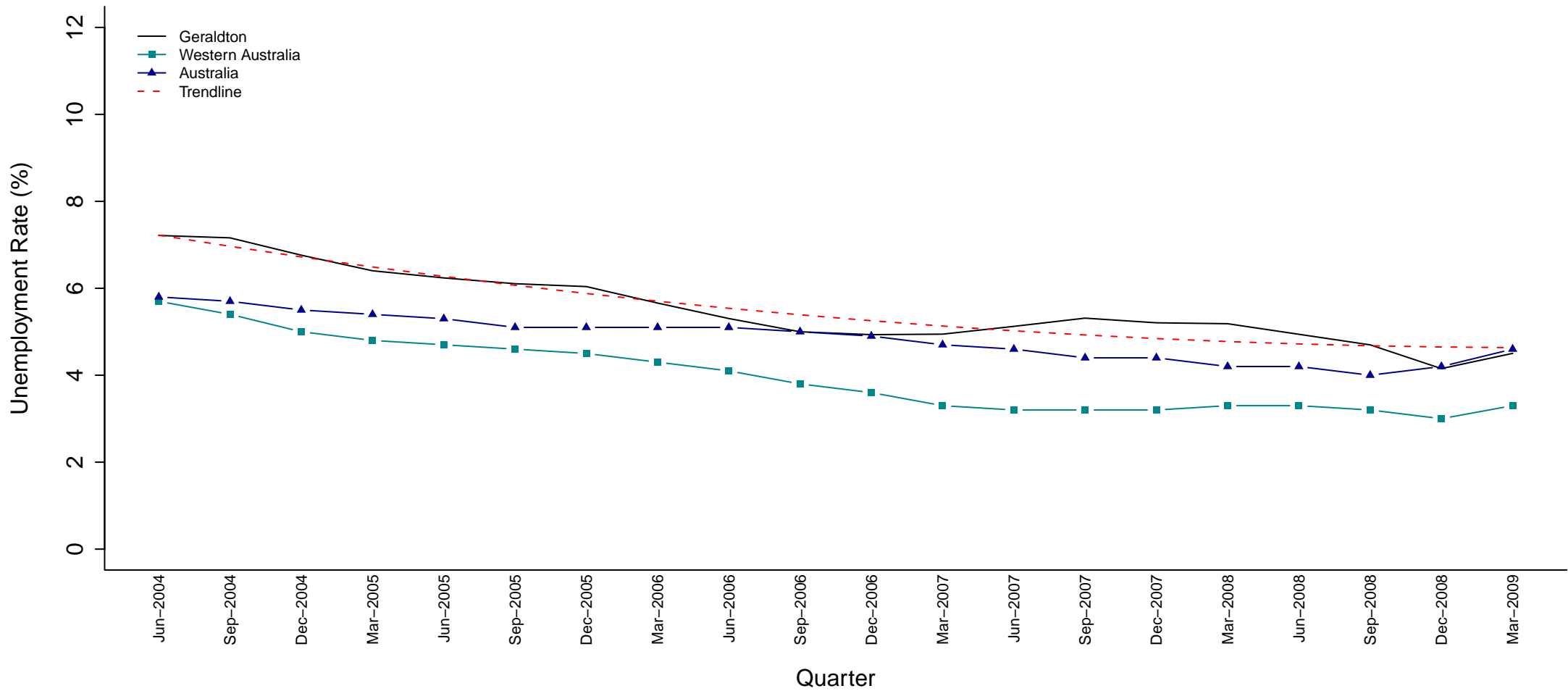


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Fremantle (GRN)	7.0	6.2	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.2	4.7	4.2	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.2

Figure 21 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Fremantle (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that Fremantle’s unemployment rate decreased at a higher rate than the national and state averages during the period of June 2004 to December 2005. Between December 2005 and December 2006 the trendline followed the state average, however, an increasing trend is apparent from December 2007 onwards. Since June 2007 the unemployment rate in Fremantle has been on the rise, bringing it up to marginally under the national average and above the state average in the later quarters. For the year prior to the rise, it was well under the national average and had briefly dipped below the state average.

Geraldton (LIB)

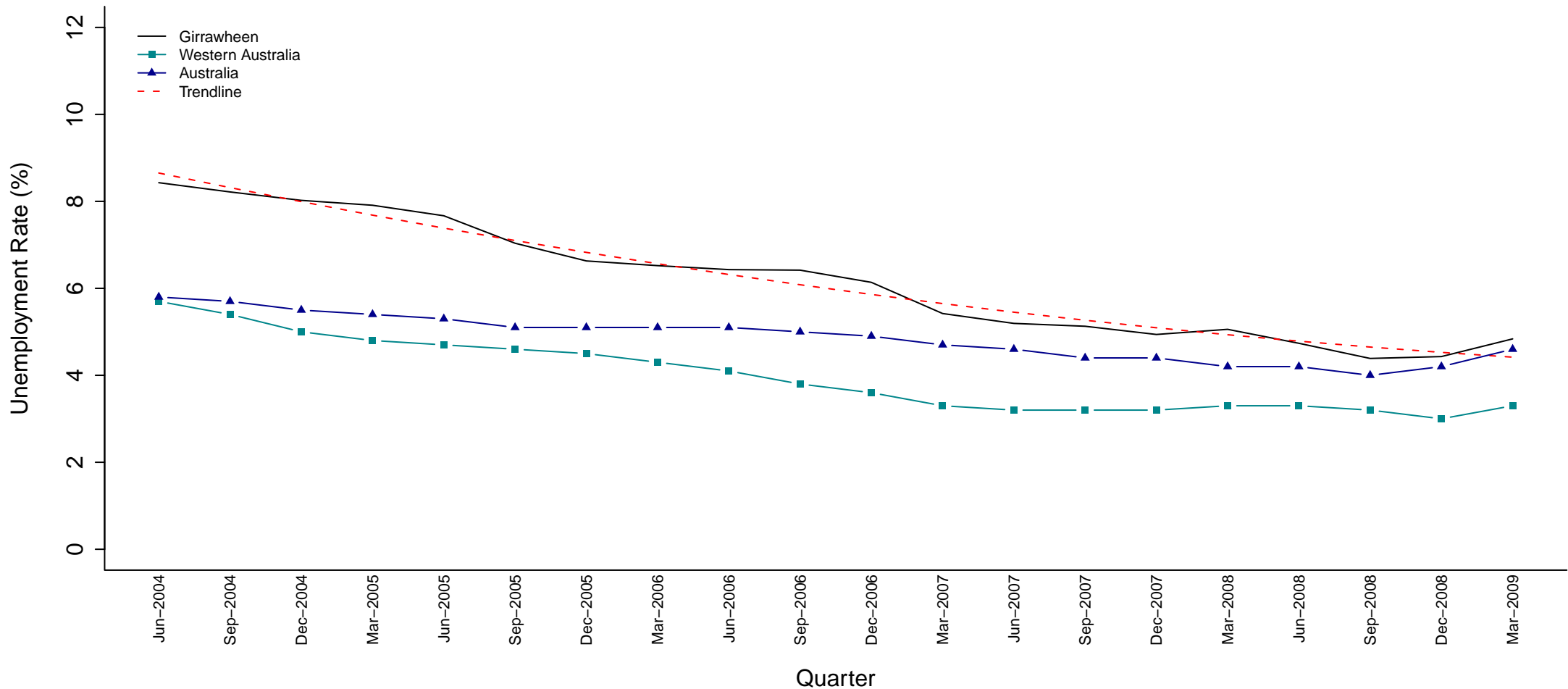


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Geraldton (LIB)	7.2	7.2	6.8	6.4	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.3	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.7	4.2	4.5

Figure 22 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Geraldton (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Geraldton electorate has remained above the state average for the entire period from June 2004 to March 2009. It has also mostly stayed above the national average, with the exception of the March 2009 quarter when it dips just below the national average. The trendline shows a relatively constant decrease in Geraldton's unemployment rate over time, despite a rising unemployment rate during the September 2006 to September 2007 period.

Girrawheen (ALP)

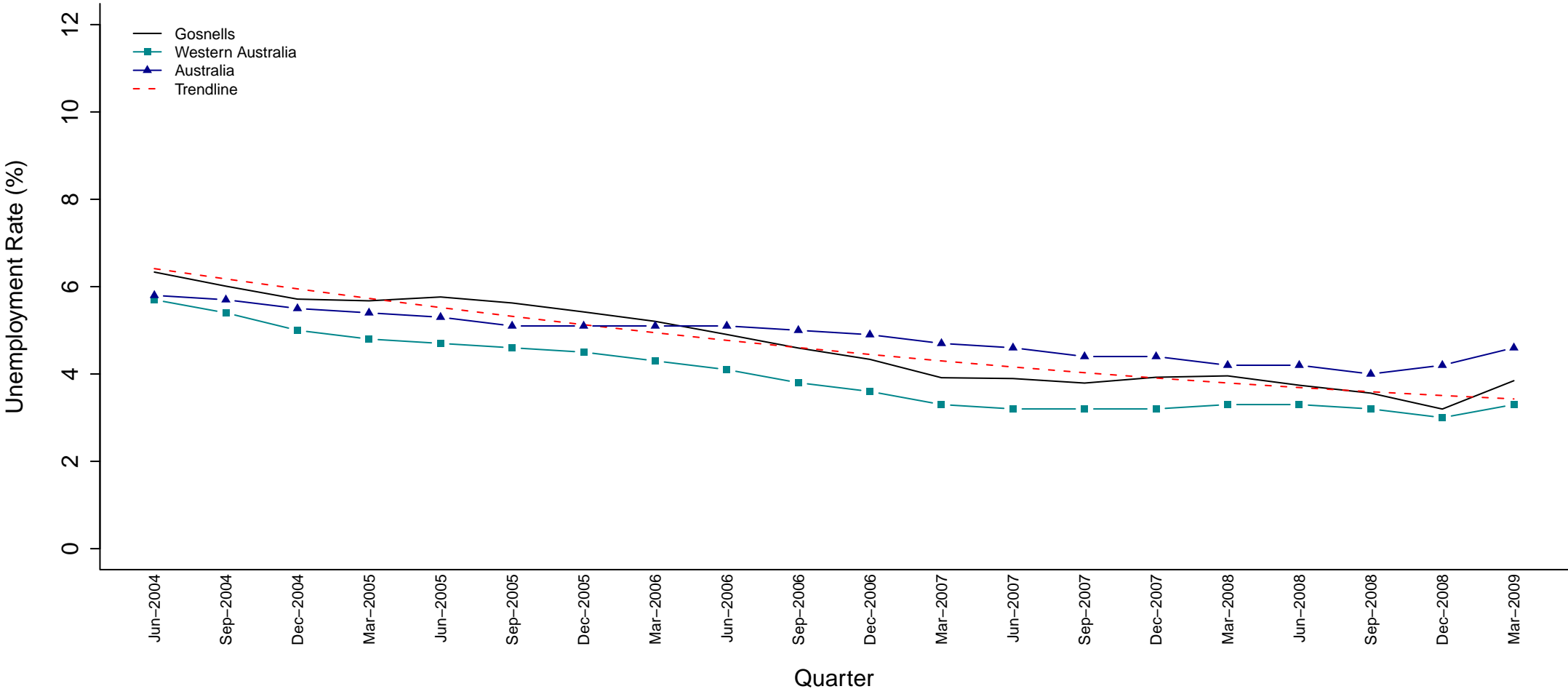


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Girrawheen (ALP)	8.4	8.2	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.0	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.1	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.8

Figure 23 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Girrawheen (Smoothed Series)

Girrawheen’s unemployment rate was considerably higher than the national and state averages for most of the quarters shown. This is despite the fact that the unemployment rate has been decreasing at a higher rate than the national and state averages, as indicated by the steep slope of the trendline. Girrawheen experienced a period of sharp decline in unemployment from the March 2008 to September 2008 quarters bringing it closer to the national average. For the March 2009 quarter, the unemployment rate is only 0.2% higher than the national average.

Gosnells (ALP)

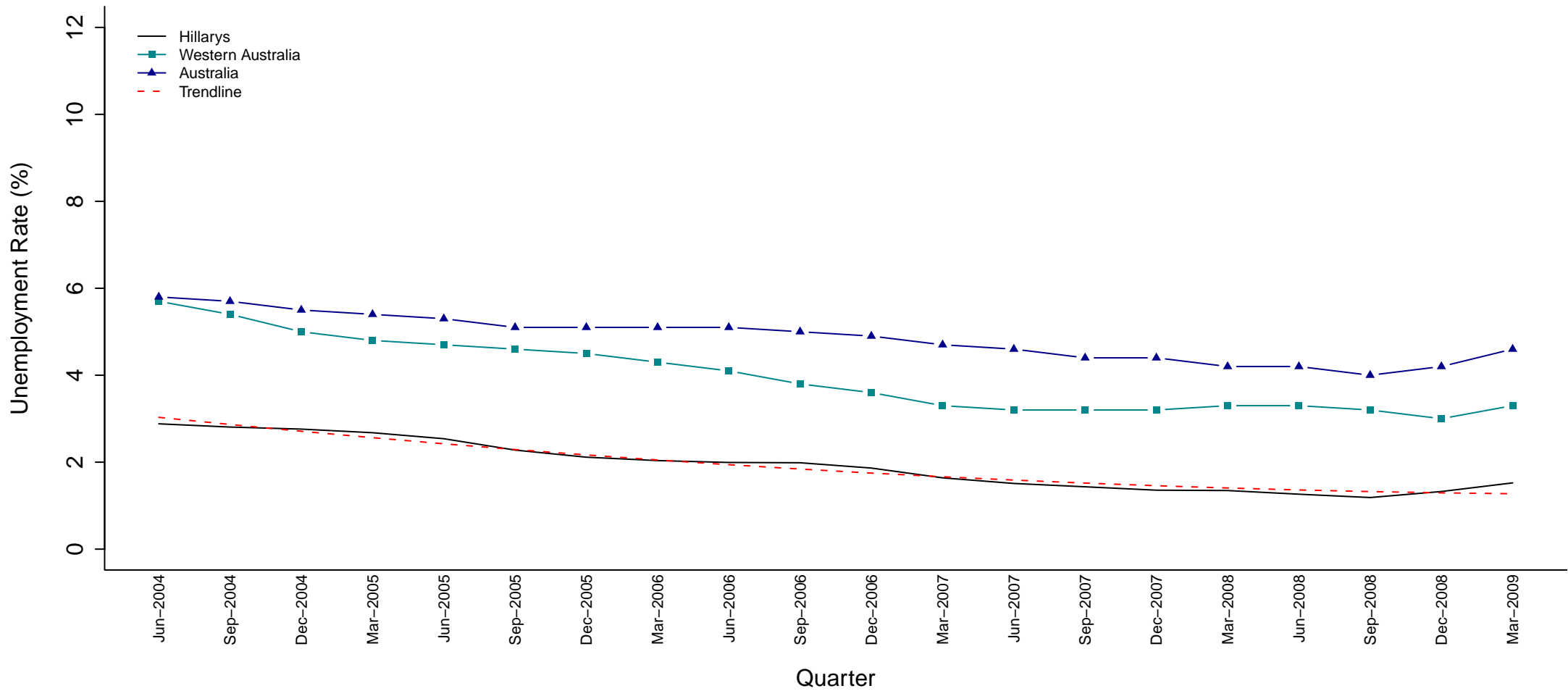


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Gosnells (ALP)	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.3	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.8

Figure 24 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Gosnells (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows the unemployment rate for Gosnells has been decreasing over time despite fluctuations in the unemployment rate. From June 2004 to March 2006 the unemployment rate was above both the state and national averages. Since March 2006, the unemployment rate has fallen between the national and state averages.

Hillarys (LIB)

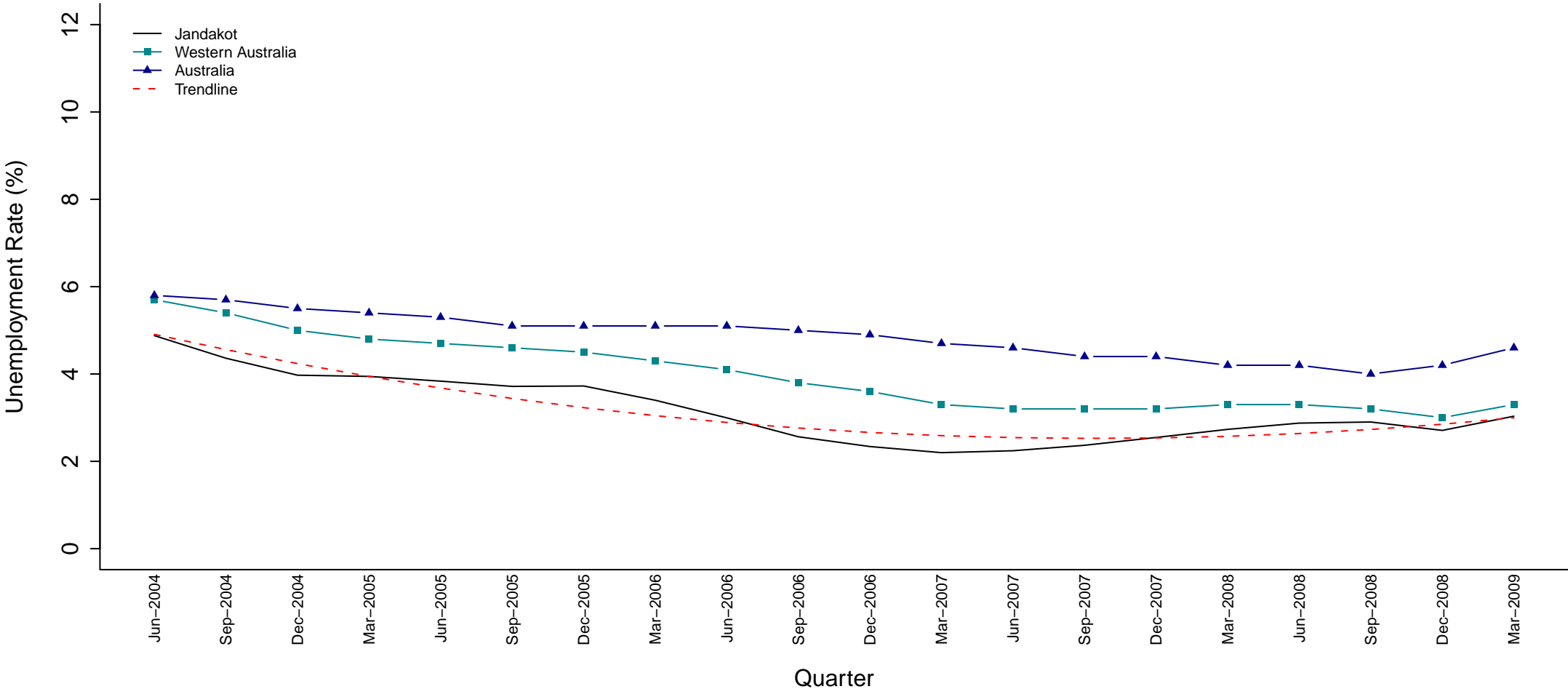


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Hillarys (LIB)	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.5

Figure 25 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Hillarys (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for Hillarys has been decreasing gradually since June 2004. It has remained well below both the national and state averages during this period.

Jandakot (LIB)

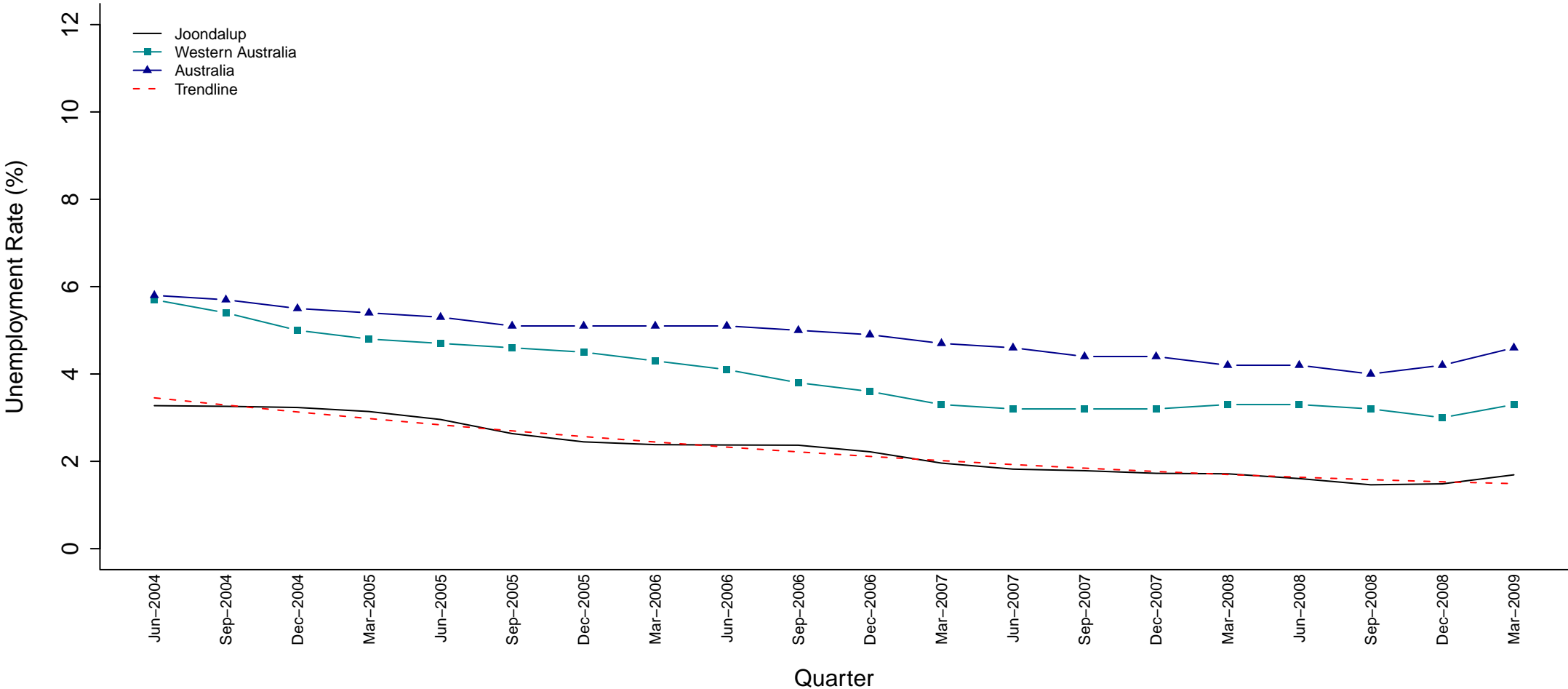


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Jandakot (LIB)	4.9	4.4	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.7	3.0

Figure 26 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Jandakot (Smoothed Series)

As indicated by the trendline, the unemployment rate for Jandakot followed a gradual downwards trend from June 2004 until September 2007. It has since followed a less dramatic increasing trend. This increase is due to a gradual increase in the unemployment rate from March 2007 onwards. The unemployment rate for the Jandakot electorate remained below the state and national averages throughout the whole period, however, the increasing trend in unemployment places it closer to the state average for the most recent quarters.

Joondalup (ALP)

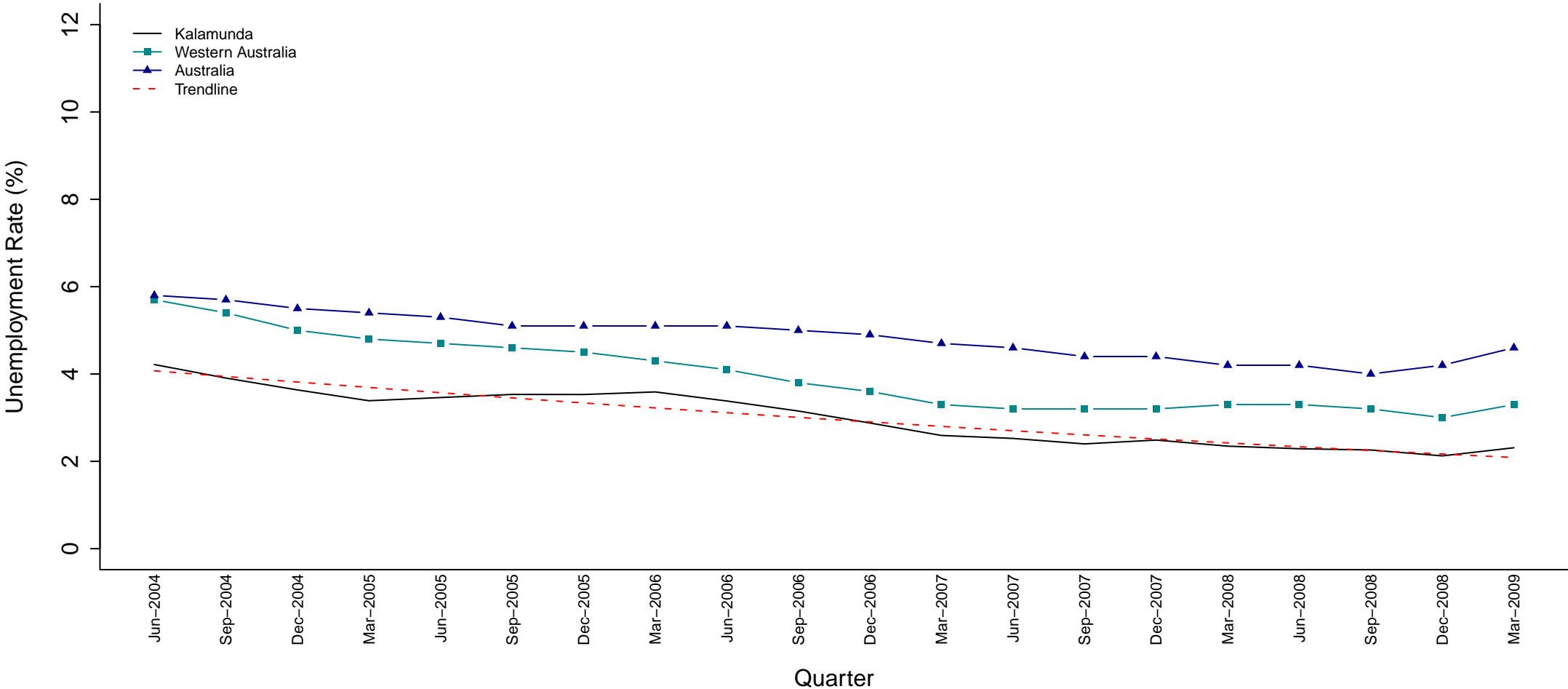


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Joondalup (ALP)	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.7

Figure 27 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Joondalup (Smoothed Series)

Since June 2004, the unemployment rate for the Joondalup electorate decreased at a gradual rate. Throughout this time it has remained well below the state and national average.

Kalamunda (LIB)

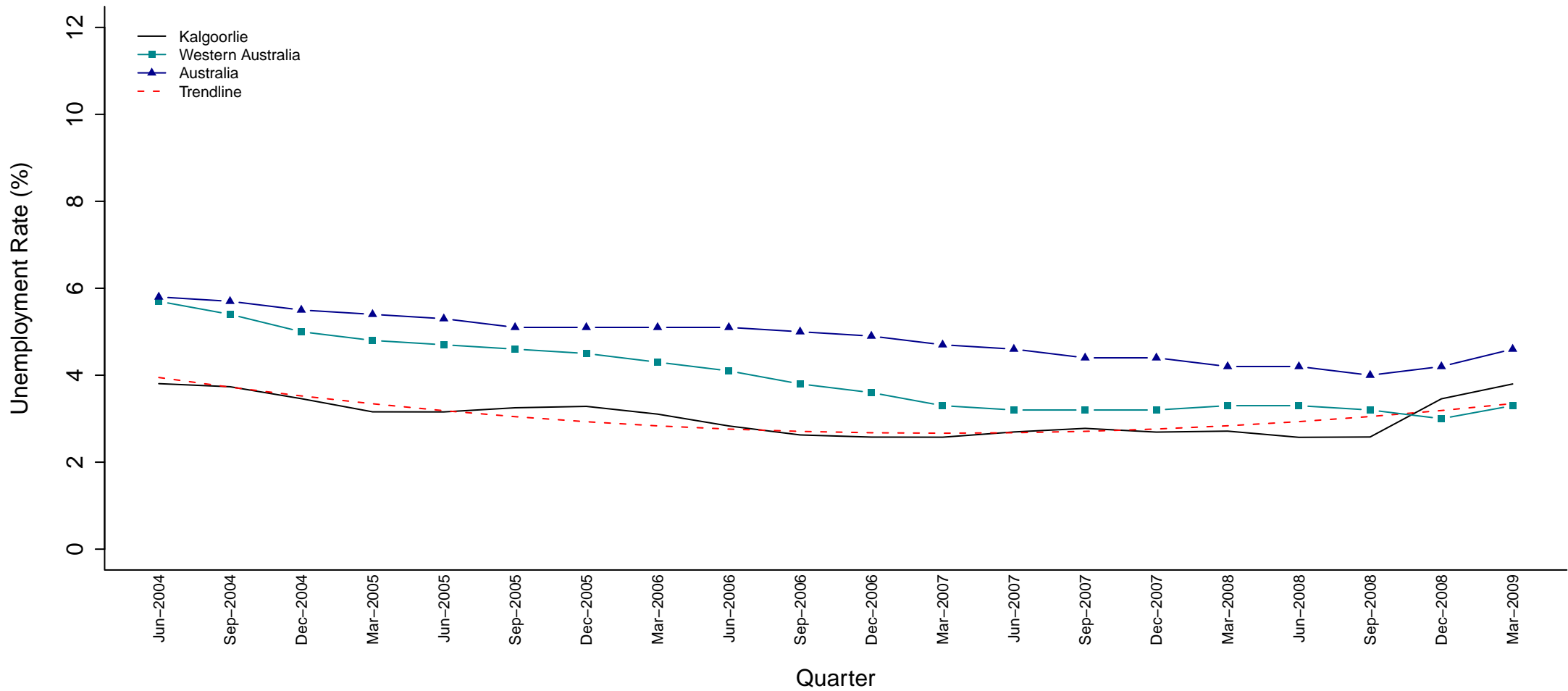


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Kalamunda (LIB)	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.3

Figure 28 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Kalamunda (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for Kalamunda follows a steady downwards trend despite fluctuations in the unemployment rate. From December 2007 the unemployment rate closely followed the trendline, until the final quarter when the rate increased slightly away from the downward trend. Kalamunda's unemployment rate remained below the state and national averages during this period.

Kalgoorlie (IND)

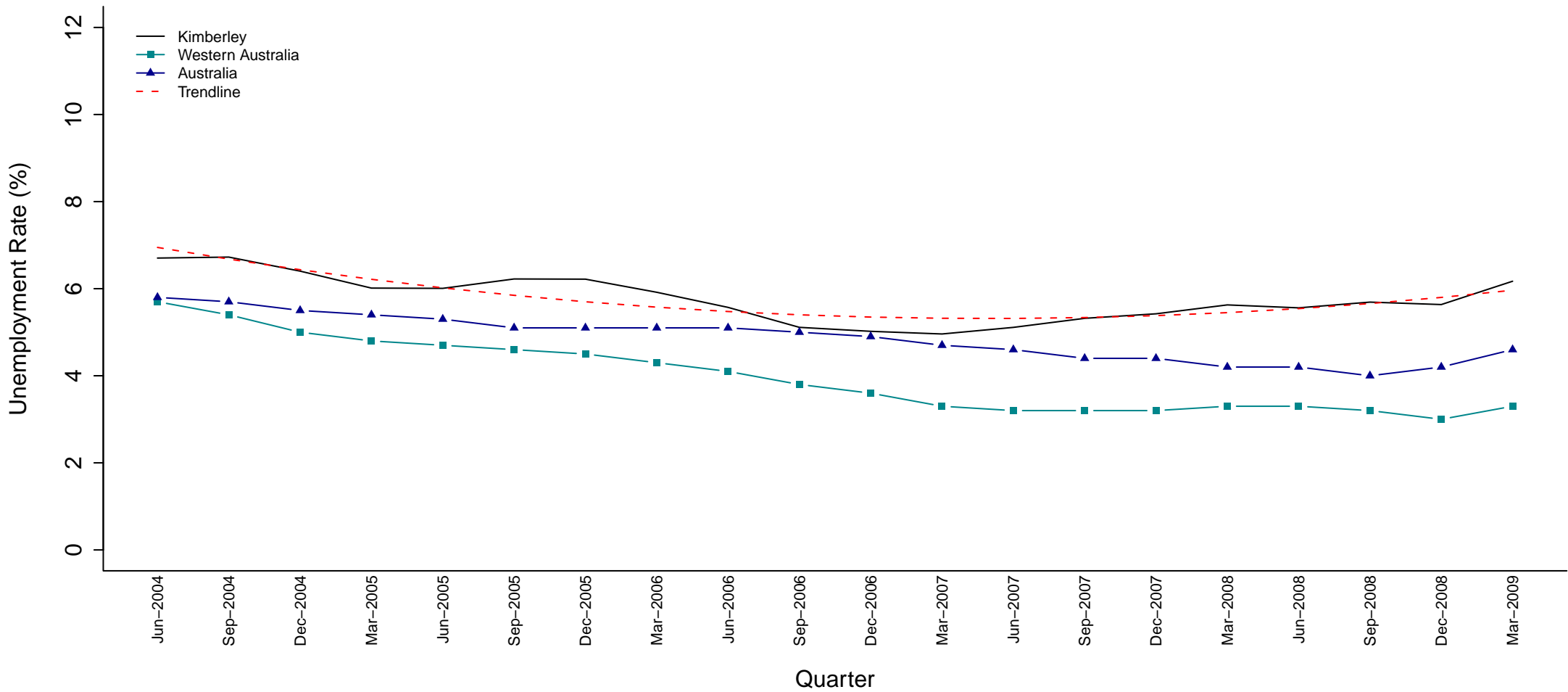


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Kalgoorlie (IND)	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	3.5	3.8

Figure 29 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Kalgoorlie (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate for Kalgoorlie followed a slight downward trend from June 2004 until September 2006. It remained quite steady from this point until the more recent quarters when an increasing trend becomes evident. This is due to a sharp rise from September 2008 onwards which also caused Kalgoorlie's unemployment rate to rise above the state average for the first time in the period. In the March 2009 quarter Kalgoorlie's unemployment rate remains above the state average.

Kimberley (ALP)

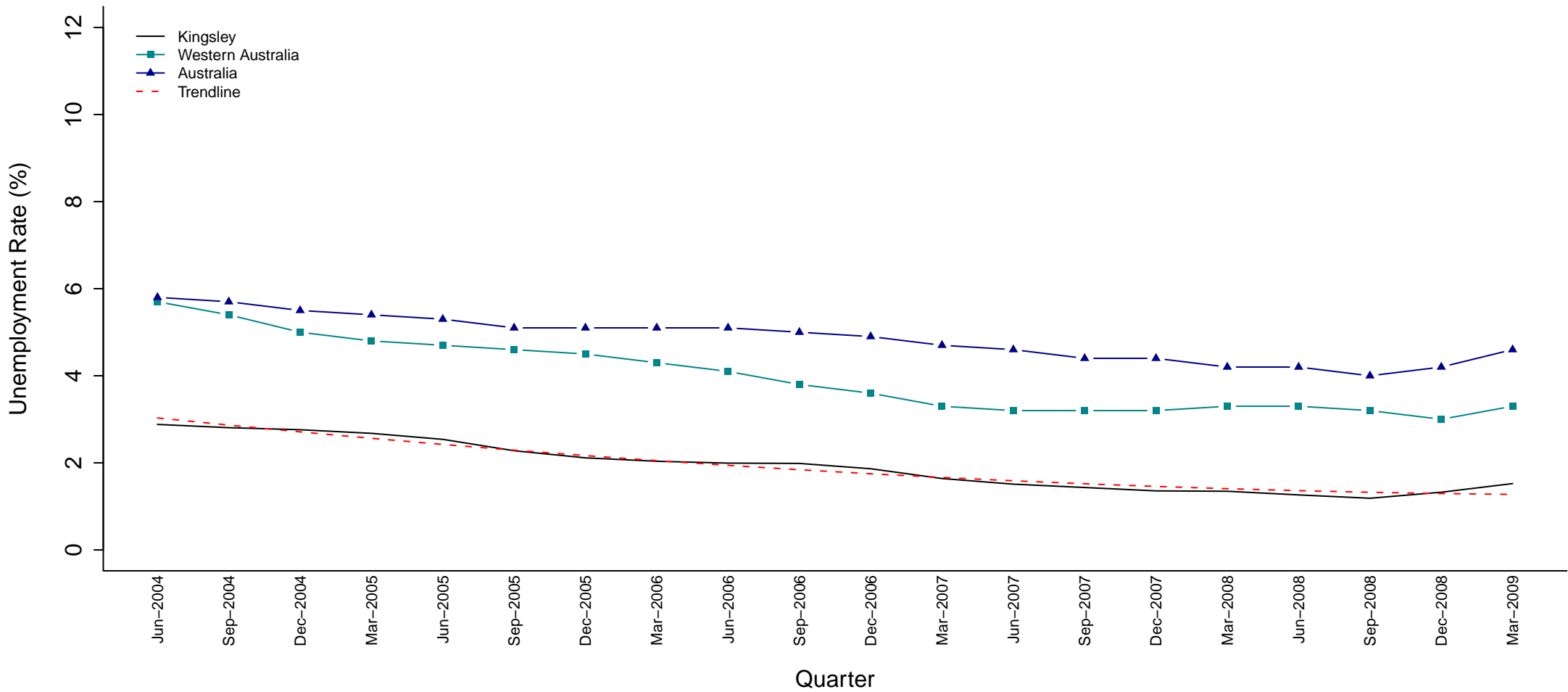


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Kimberley (ALP)	6.7	6.7	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.6	6.2

Figure 30 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Kimberley (Smoothed Series)

The curved trendline indicates an initial decreasing trend in the unemployment rate followed by a lesser increasing trend since the September 2007 quarter. The unemployment rate has remained higher than the state and national averages throughout the whole period. A drop in the unemployment rate from December 2005 to December 2006 saw the unemployment rate for the Kimberley electorate approach the national average, however, an increasing unemployment rate since March 2007 lifts the electorate rate to 1.6% above the national average.

Kingsley (LIB)

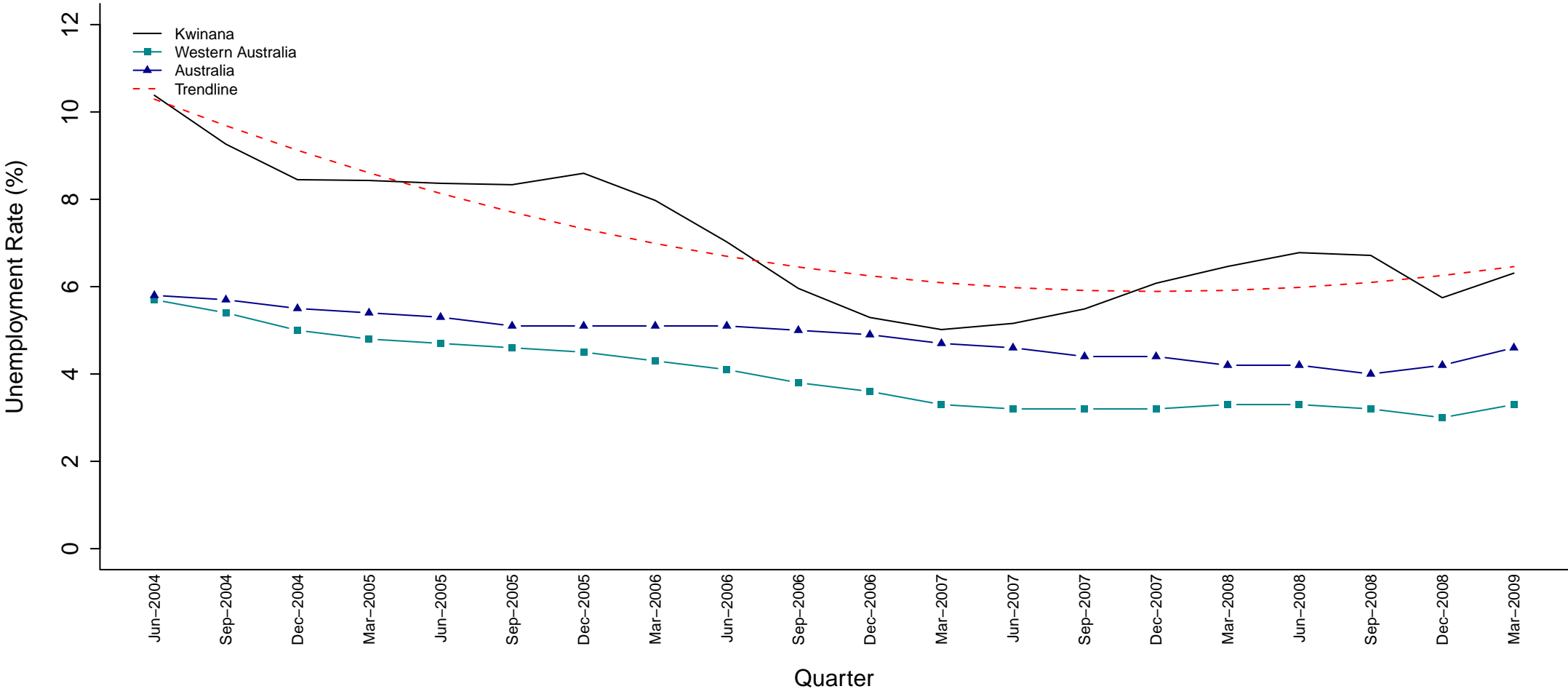


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Kingsley (LIB)	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.5

Figure 31 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Kingsley (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for Kingsley has remained well below the state average since June 2004. As indicated by the trendline, the unemployment rate for the Kingsley electorate has been declining over time, however, there has been in an increase in the unemployment rate since the September 2008 quarter.

Kwinana (ALP)

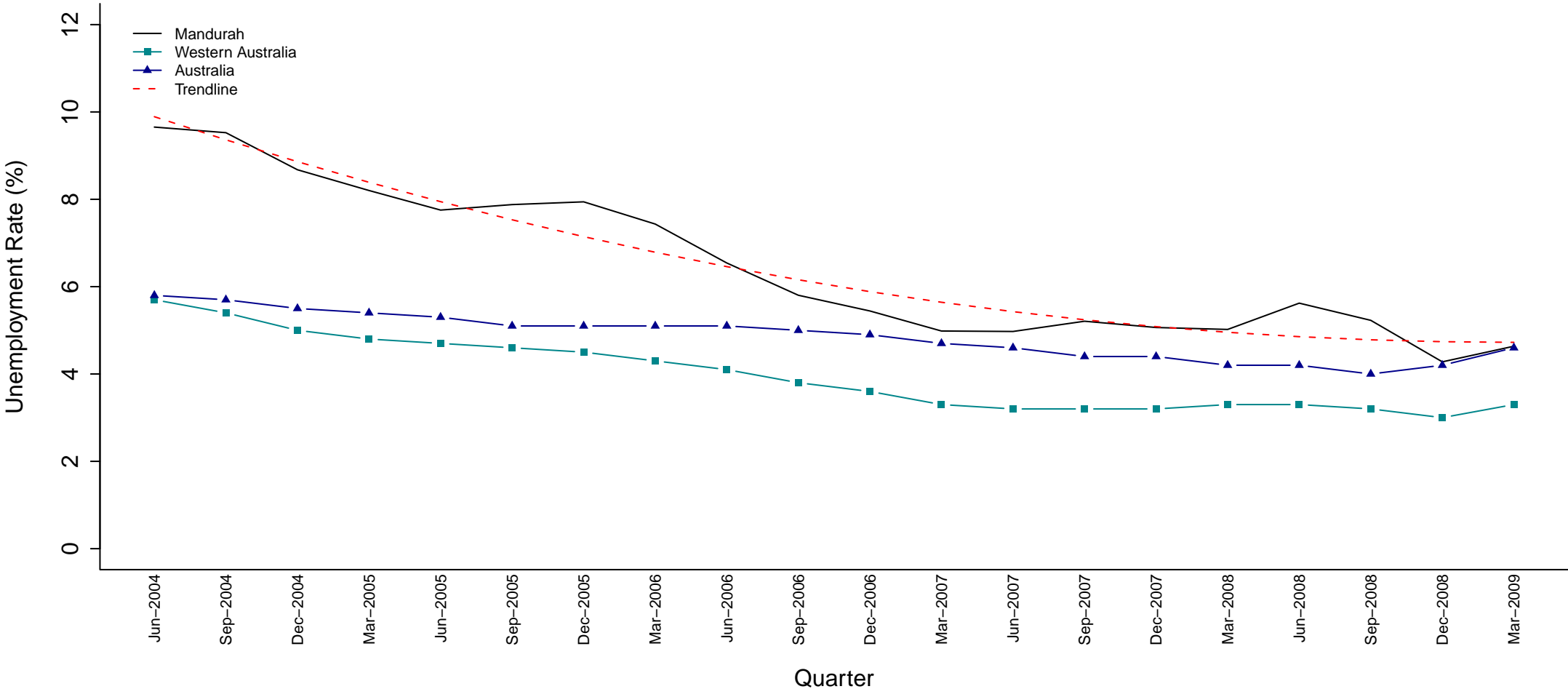


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Kwinana (ALP)	10.4	9.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.3	8.6	8.0	7.0	6.0	5.3	5.0	5.2	5.5	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.7	5.7	6.3

Figure 32 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Kwinana (Smoothed Series)

Since June 2004 the unemployment rate for the Kwinana electorate has remained above both the national and state average. The trendline shows a steep decreasing trend in the unemployment rate between June 2004 and June 2006. From June 2006 the trend steadies until the December 2007 quarter when a slight upward trend is apparent. The initial decline was due to two lengthy periods of decreasing unemployment rate, June 2004 to December 2004 and December 2005 to March 2007. The unemployment rate for Kwinana then increased by 1.8% between March 2007 and June 2008. In comparison to other electorates Kwinana's unemployment rate has been very volatile.

Mandurah (ALP)



SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Mandurah (ALP)	9.7	9.5	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.4	6.5	5.8	5.4	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.6	5.2	4.3	4.6

Figure 33 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Mandurah (Smoothed Series)

Since June 2004, Mandurah’s unemployment rate has remained higher than the state and national averages, with the exception of the March 2009 quarter when it matches the national average. The fluctuations in the unemployment rate either side of the trendline illustrate where the rate has successively increased over a period of one or two quarters and then decreased over a longer period of time. Despite these fluctuations, the trendline shows that the unemployment rate has been rapidly decreasing overall.

Maylands (ALP)

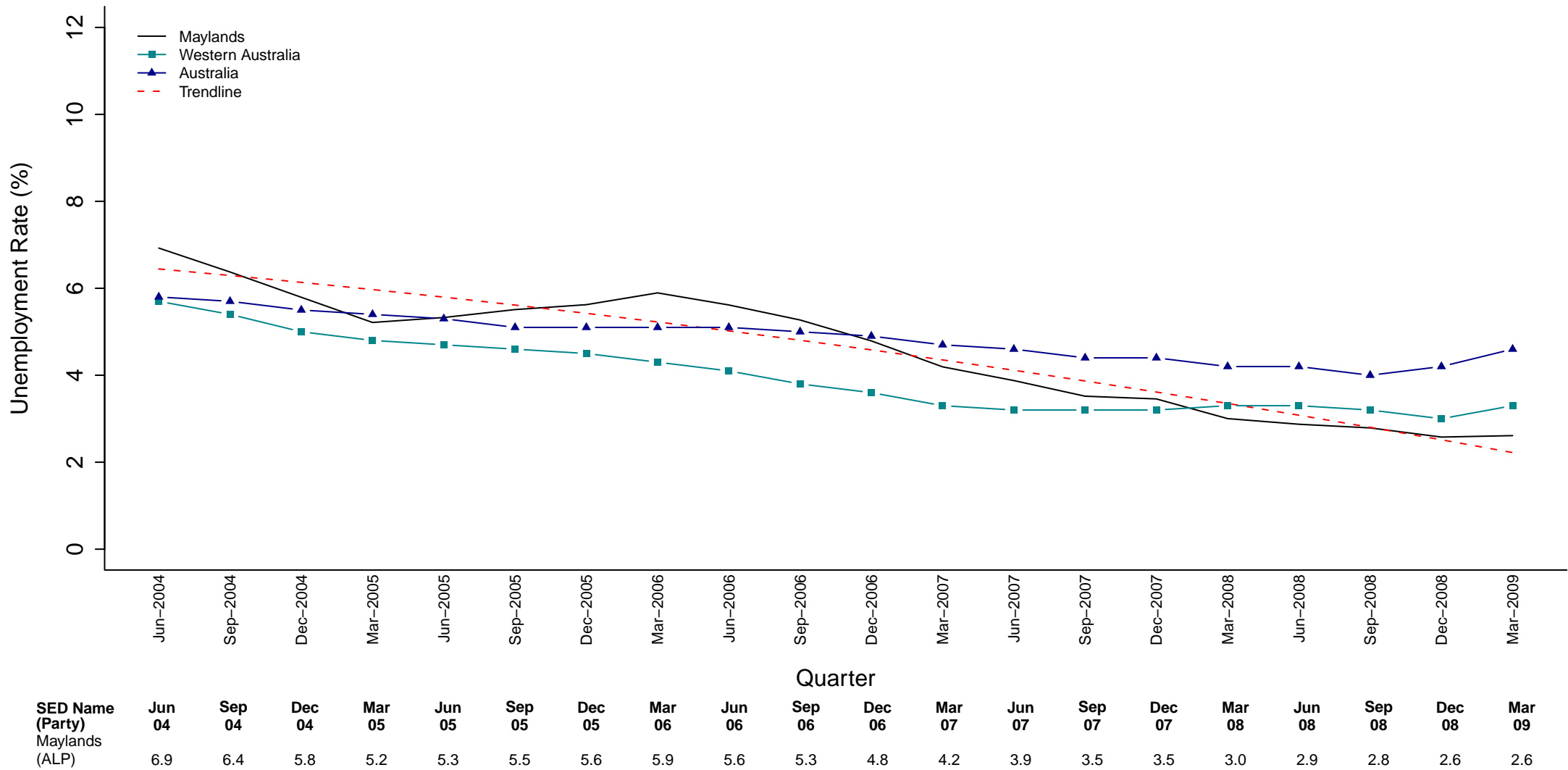
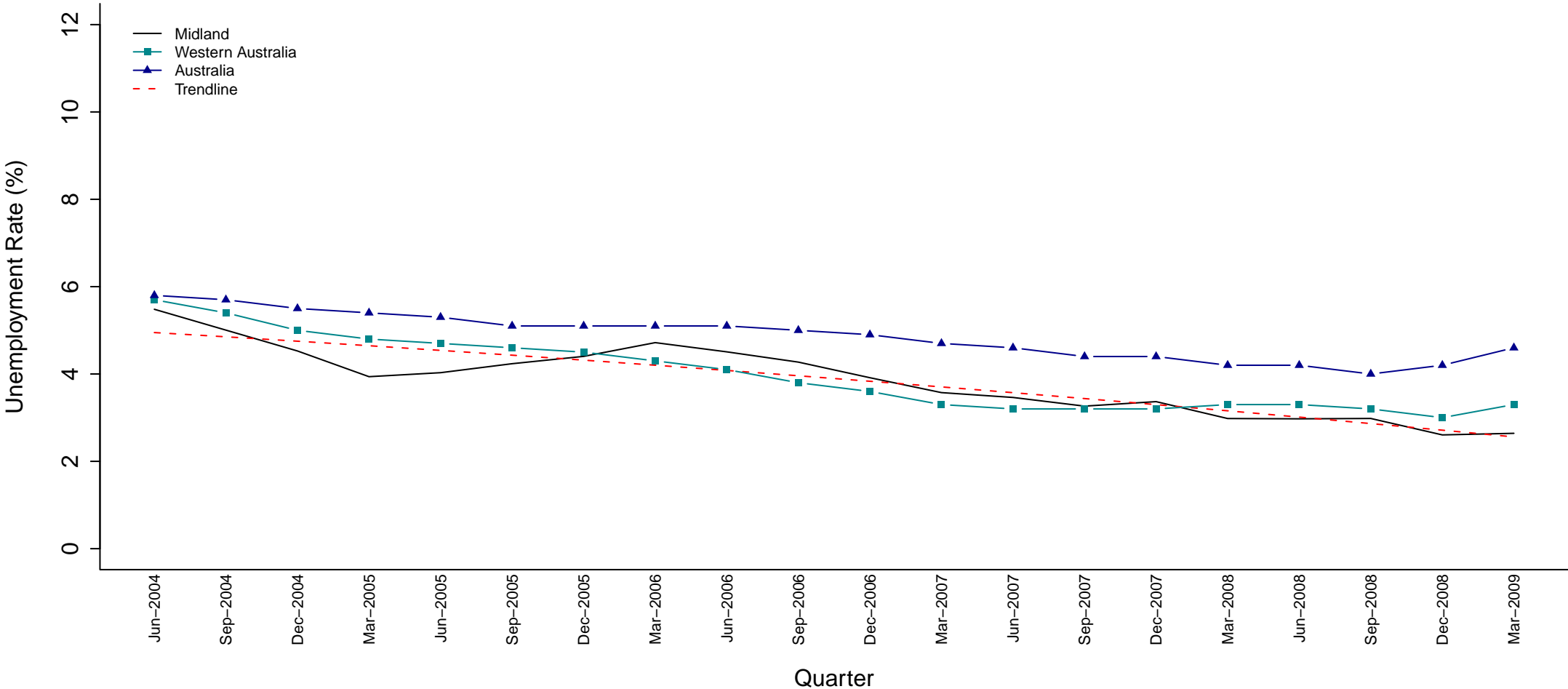


Figure 34 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Maylands (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows an overall decrease in the unemployment rate for the Maylands electorate. Dipping just below the national average in the March 2005 quarter, the unemployment rate in Maylands then faced a year-long increasing period. The unemployment rate has been decreasing since March 2006 and has fallen below the national average since December 2006 and the state average since March 2008.

Midland (ALP)

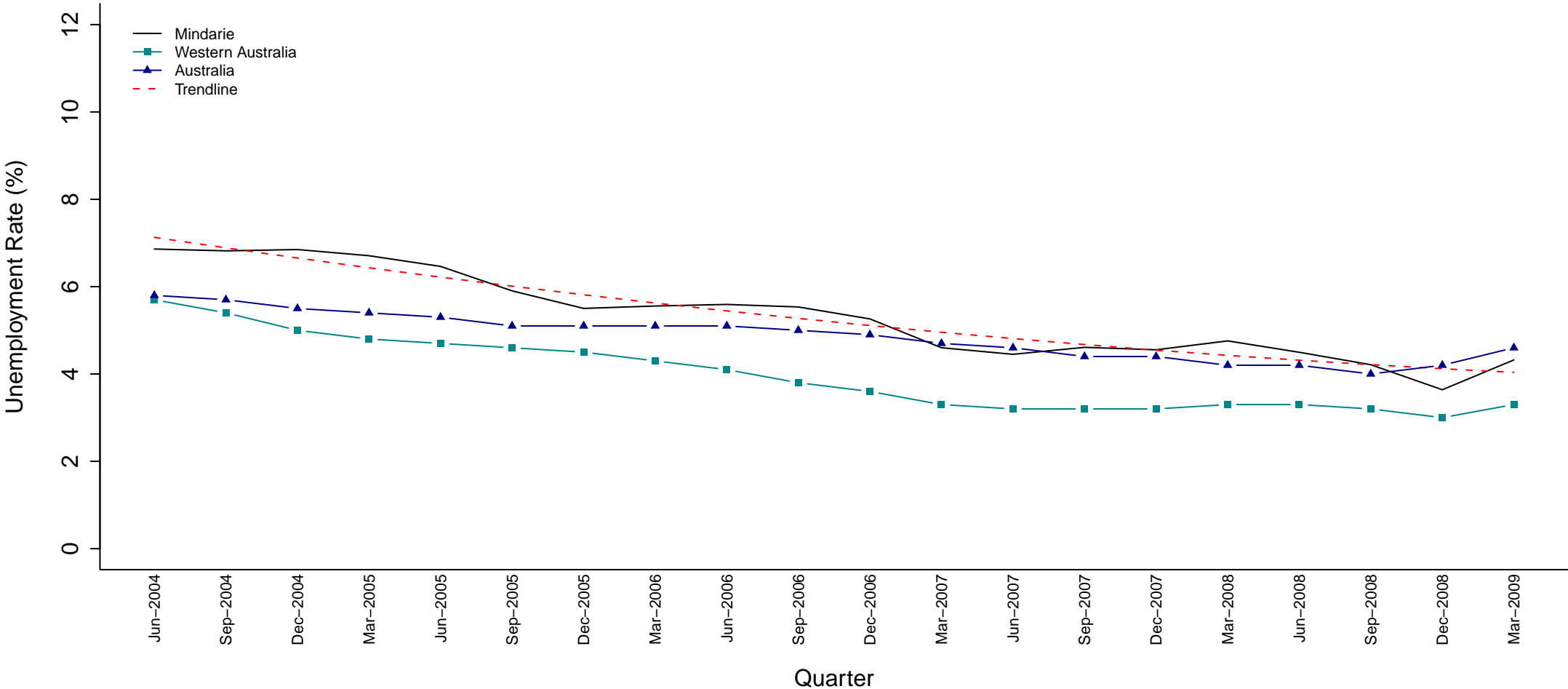


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Midland (ALP)	5.5	5.0	4.5	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.6

Figure 35 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Midland (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Midland electorate has exhibited increasing and decreasing periods since June 2004. Following an increase in the unemployment rate from March 2005 to March 2006, Midland’s unemployment rate rose above the state average until March 2008. According to the trendline, the unemployment rate has followed an overall decreasing trend over time.

Mindarie (ALP)

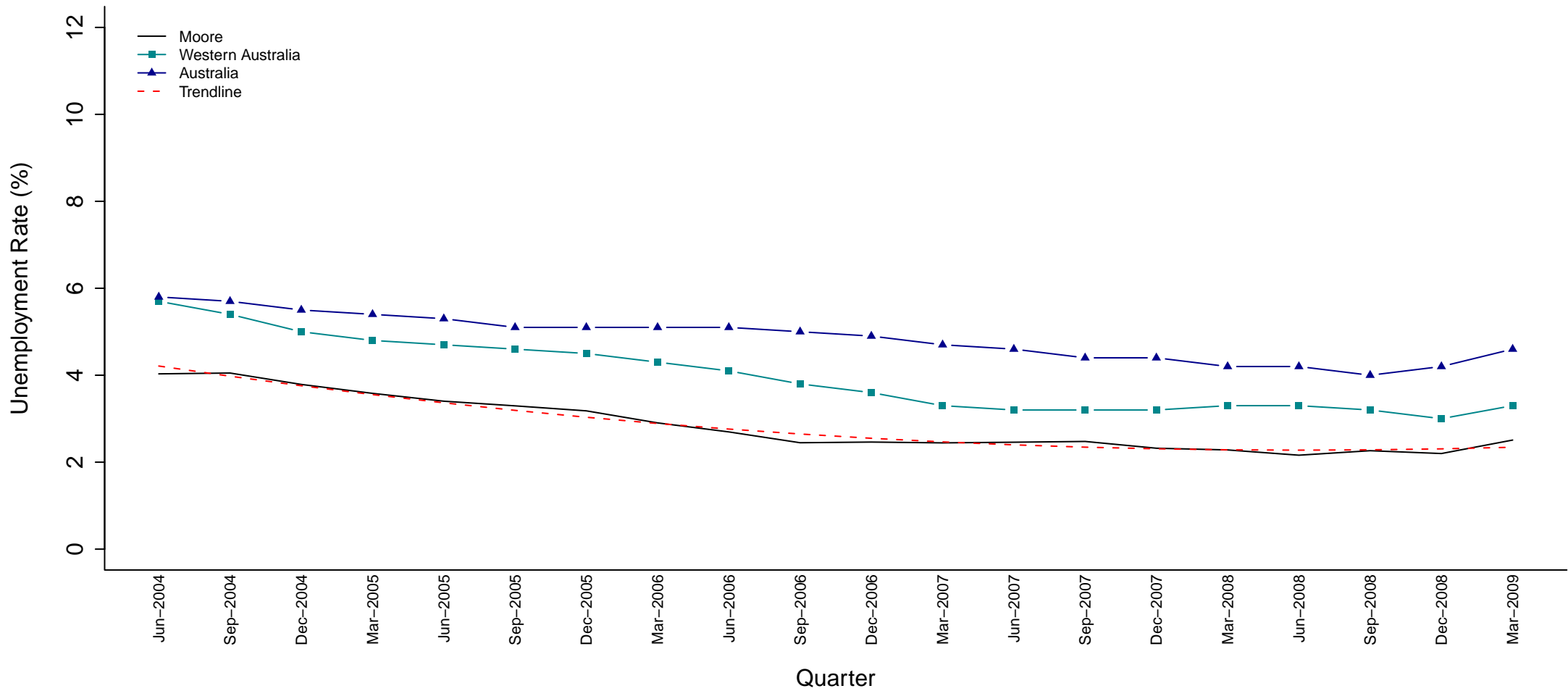


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Mindarie (ALP)	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.5	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.3	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.6	4.3

Figure 36 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Mindarie (Smoothed Series)

It is evident from the trendline that the unemployment rate for Mindarie has been decreasing over this time despite alternating periods of increasing and decreasing rates of unemployment. Mindarie’s unemployment rate has remained well above the state average over the entire period. A considerable decrease in the unemployment rate between September 2006 and March 2007 saw it drop below the national average briefly before subsequently increasing. Another sharp decrease in December 2008 has seen the unemployment rate drop below the national average in the final quarters of the period.

Moore (NAT)

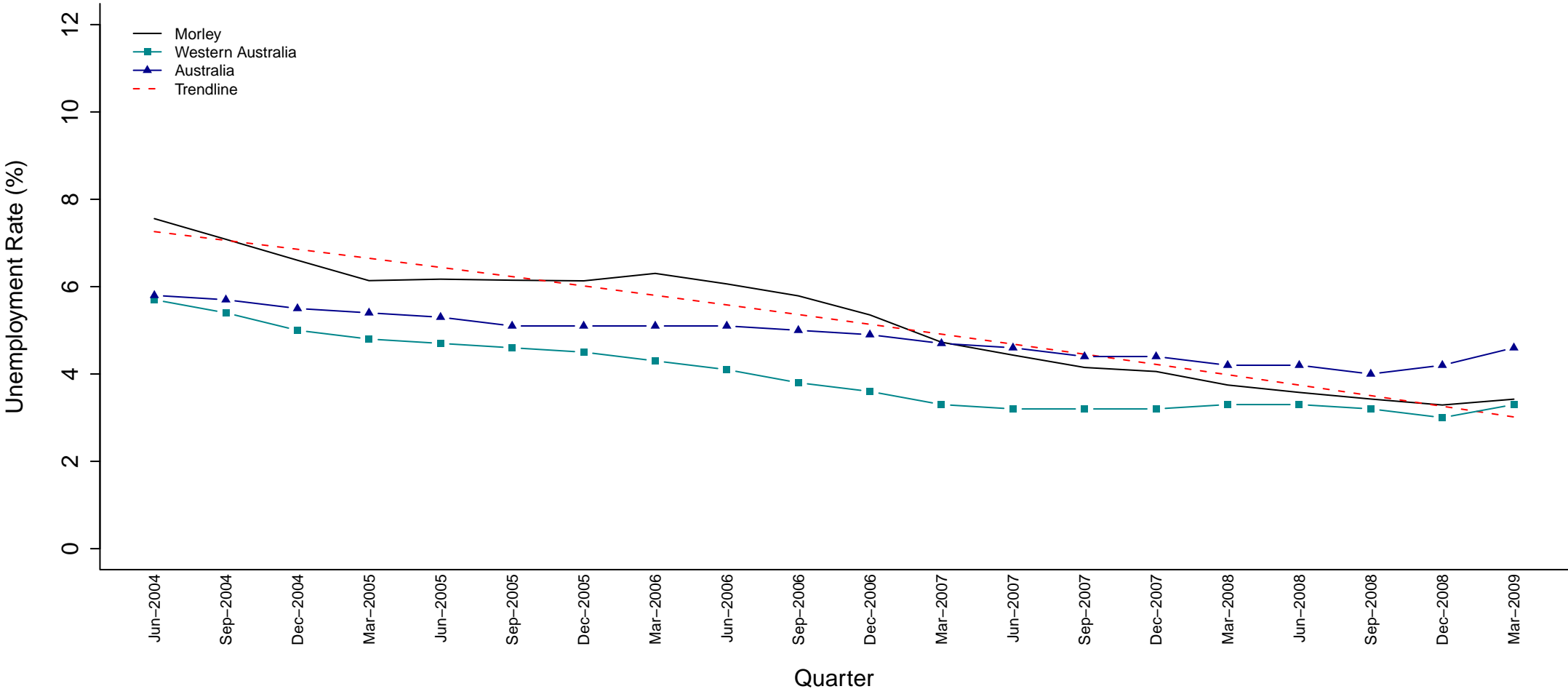


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Moore (NAT)	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.5

Figure 37 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Moore (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate for the Moore electorate faced an initial slight decrease over time that became relatively steady from the June 2007 quarter. Since September 2006, Moore’s unemployment rate experienced fluctuations of only 0.3%. The unemployment rate has remained well below both the national and state averages during this time.

Morley (LIB)

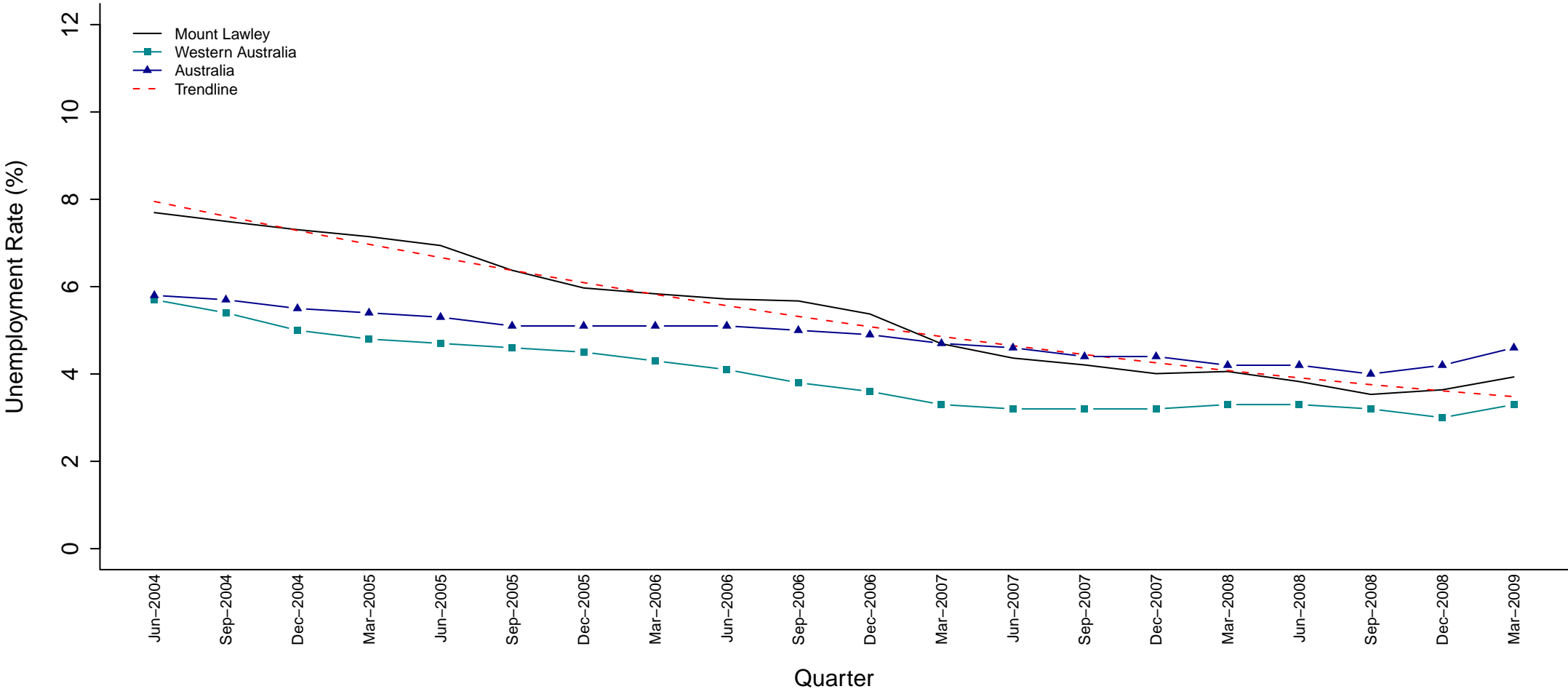


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Morley (LIB)	7.6	7.1	6.6	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.4	4.7	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.4

Figure 38 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Morley (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows a strong downward trend in the unemployment rate for the Morley electorate. Since June 2004, Morley has experienced periods of both increasing and decreasing unemployment but has been generally declining from March 2006 onwards. In the March 2007 quarter, Morley’s unemployment rate fell below the national average and is on par with the state average for the most recent quarter.

Mount Lawley (LIB)

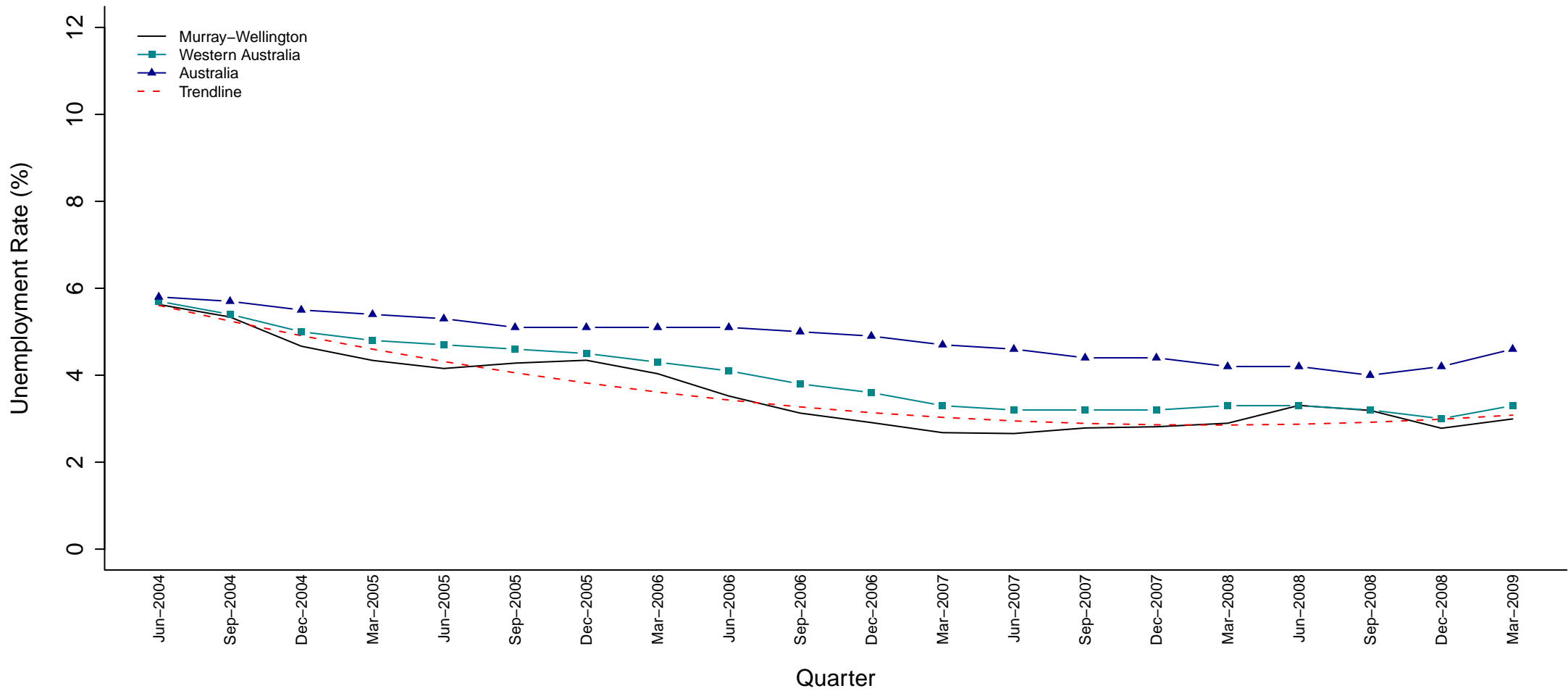


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Mount Lawley (LIB)	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.4	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.9

Figure 39 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Mount Lawley (Smoothed Series)

As indicated by the trendline, the unemployment rate for the Mount Lawley electorate has been declining throughout this period. Mount Lawley’s unemployment rate has been declining at a much faster rate than the state and national averages and has remained below the national average since June 2007.

Murray–Wellington (LIB)

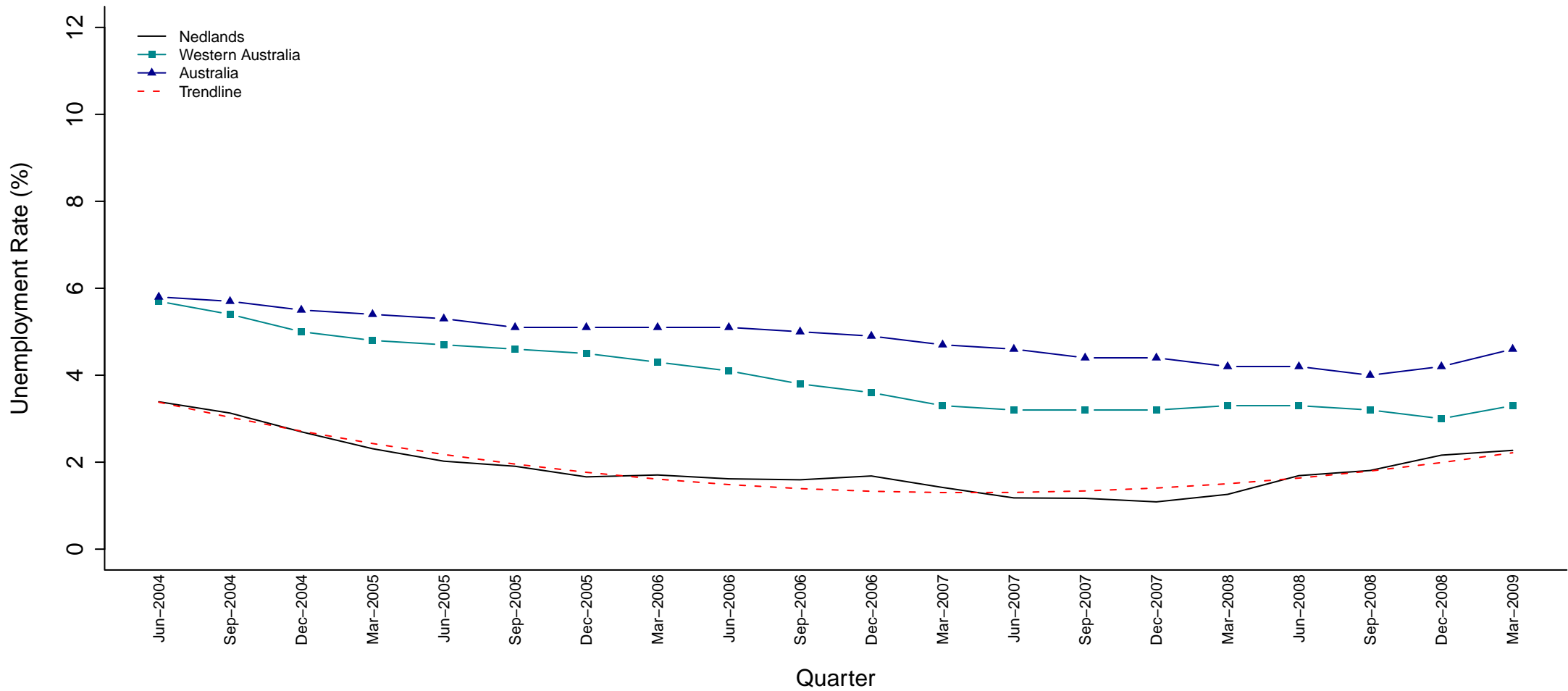


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Murray–Wellington (LIB)	5.6	5.3	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.5	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.2	2.8	3.0

Figure 40 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Murray–Wellington (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows a decreasing trend in the unemployment rate from June 2004 to June 2006. From June 2006, the trendline has been relatively steady, however, since March 2008 a slight increasing trend is apparent. This increasing trend is caused by a gradual increase in the unemployment rate during the March 2007 to June 2008 period. The unemployment rate for the Murray–Wellington electorate has remained below the national and state averages throughout the entire period, with the exception of June and September 2008 where it was aligned with the state value.

Nedlands (LIB)

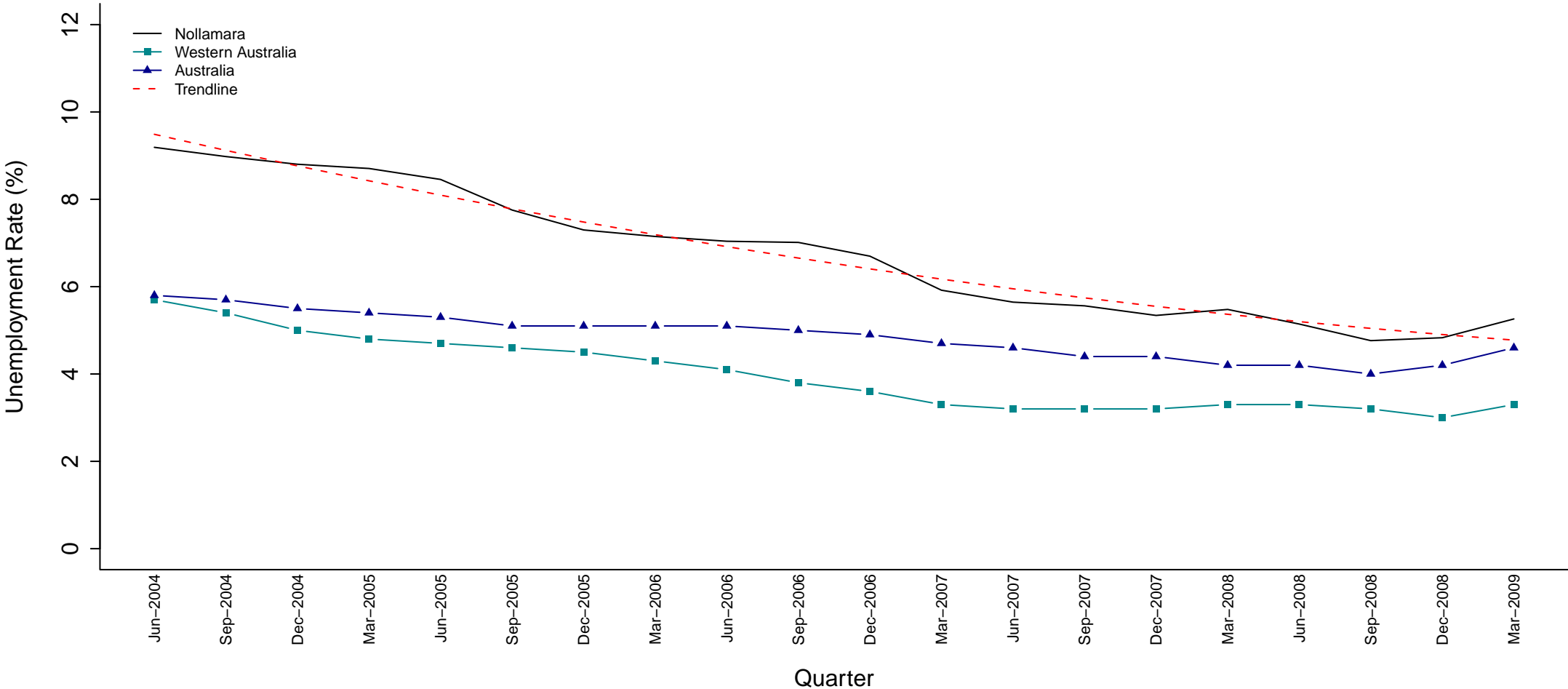


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Nedlands (LIB)	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.3

Figure 41 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Nedlands (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for Nedlands was well below the national and state average for all quarters shown. The trendline indicates an initial decrease in the unemployment rate with this decrease becoming more gradual from March 2005. Since June 2007 a slight increasing trend is apparent. From December 2007 the unemployment rate for Nedlands has been increasing with the electorate experiencing a one percent jump in the unemployment rate between March 2008 and March 2009.

Nollamara (ALP)

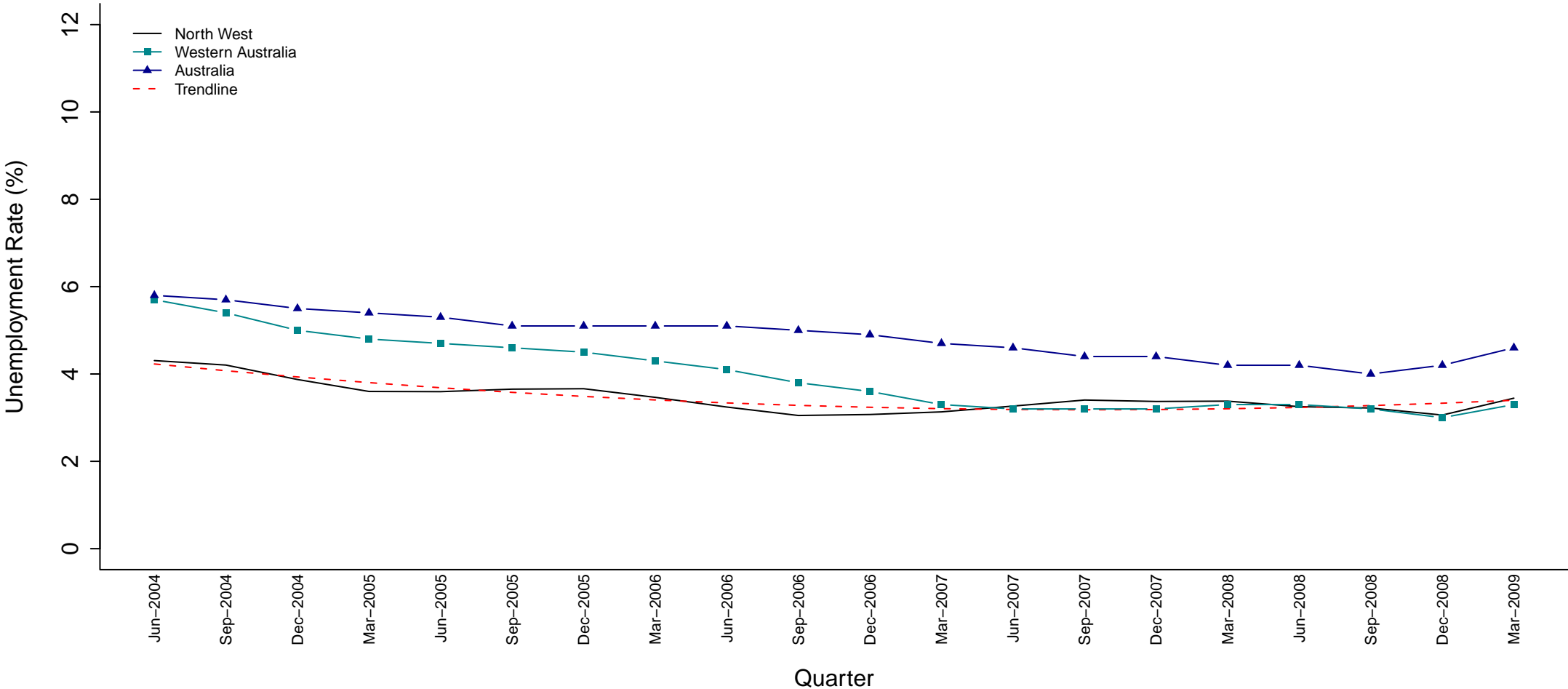


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Nollamara (ALP)	9.2	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.5	7.8	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.7	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.5	5.1	4.8	4.8	5.3

Figure 42 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Nollamara (Smoothed Series)

Despite slight fluctuations, the unemployment rate in the Nollamara electorate has been decreasing rapidly over time. This is depicted in the steep slope of the trendline. While the unemployment rate in Nollamara has been decreasing at a much greater rate than the state and national averages it remains above both the state and national averages throughout the entire period.

North West (ALP)

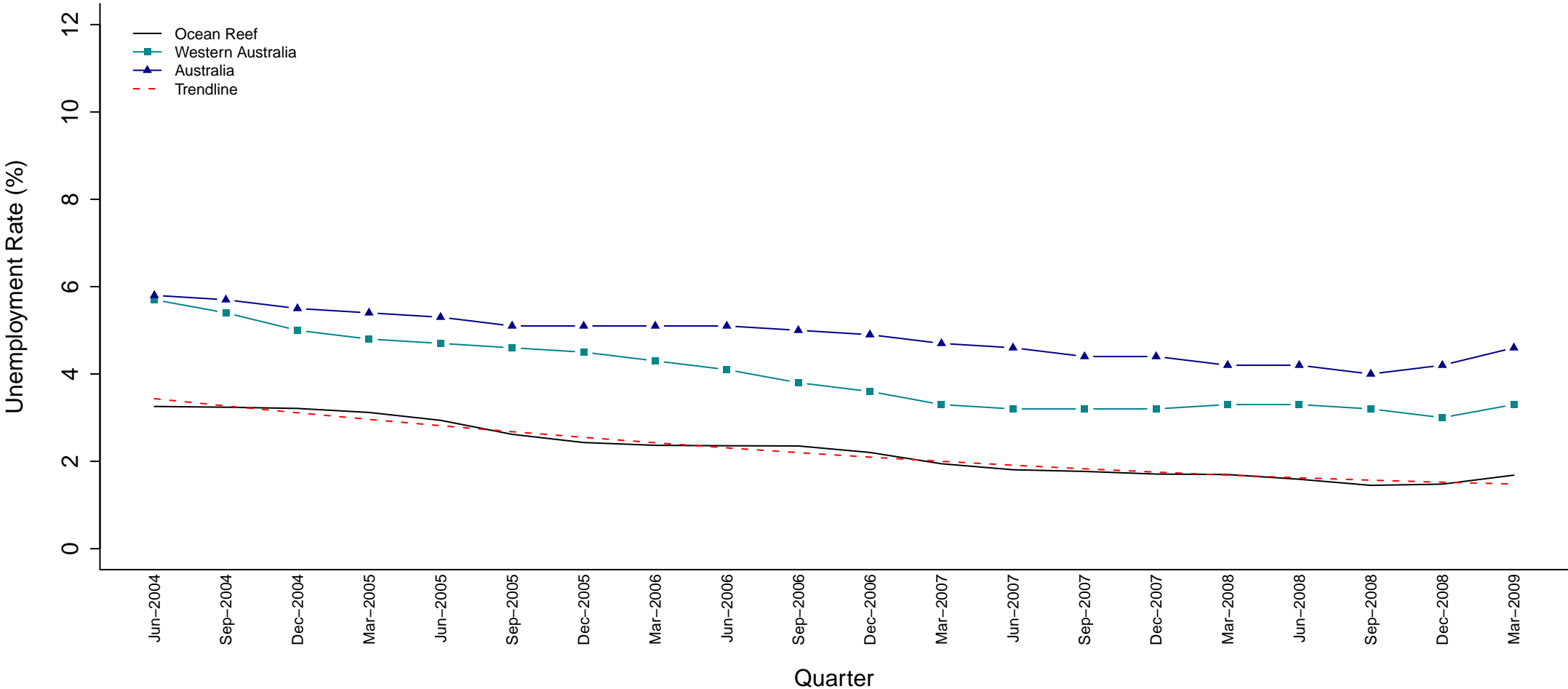


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
North West (ALP)	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.4

Figure 43 Estimated Unemployment Rate for North West (Smoothed Series)

It is evident from the almost flat trendline that the unemployment rate for the North West electorate has been relatively stable over time. While the unemployment rate lies below the national average throughout the entire period, the rapid decline in the state rate from June 2004 to March 2007 places the North West roughly on par with the state average.

Ocean Reef (LIB)

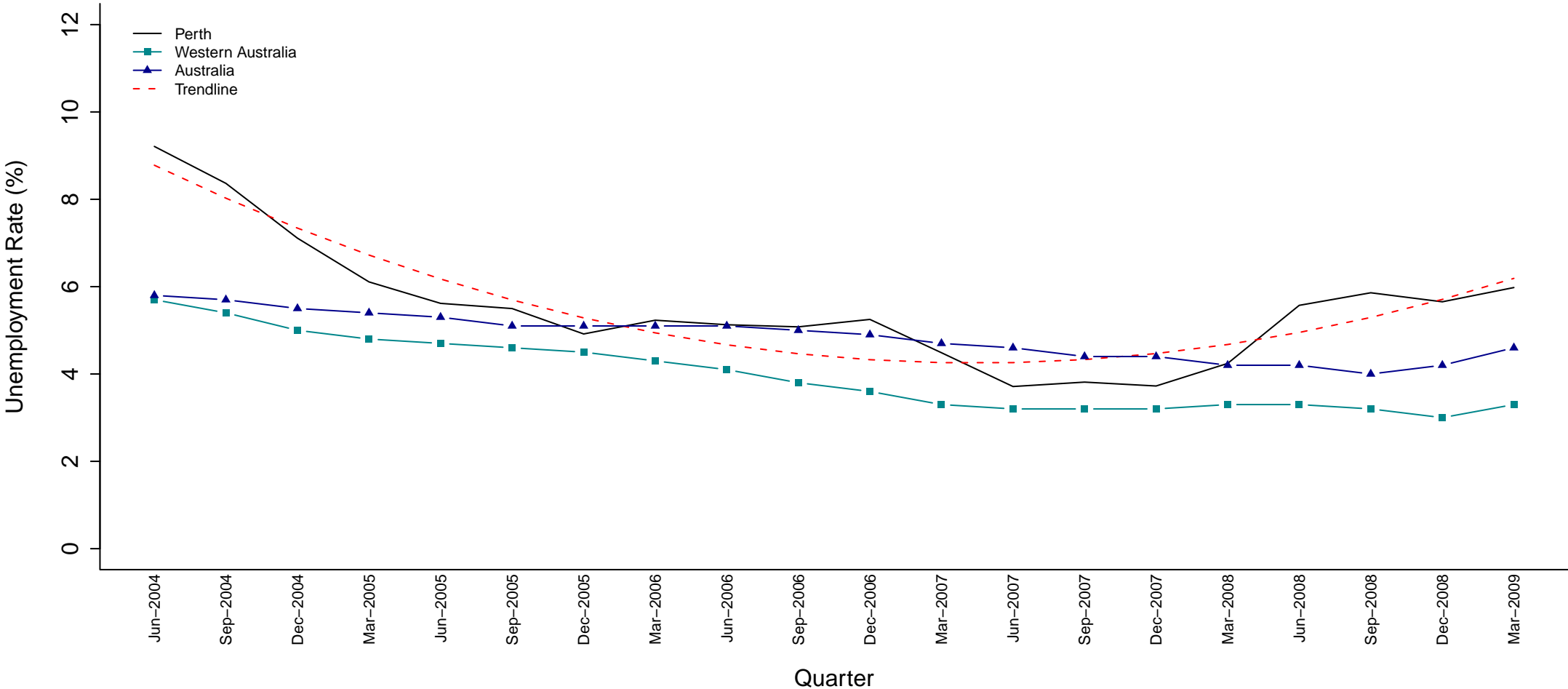


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Ocean Reef (LIB)	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.7

Figure 44 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Ocean Reef (Smoothed Series)

As indicated by the trendline, the unemployment rate in Ocean Reef experienced a relatively constant decrease over time. The two most recent quarters were the only quarters in the entire period that showed an increase in the unemployment rate, with the March 2009 quarter recording a 0.2% increase from the December 2008 quarter. The unemployment rate has remained well below both the state and national averages during this time.

Perth (ALP)

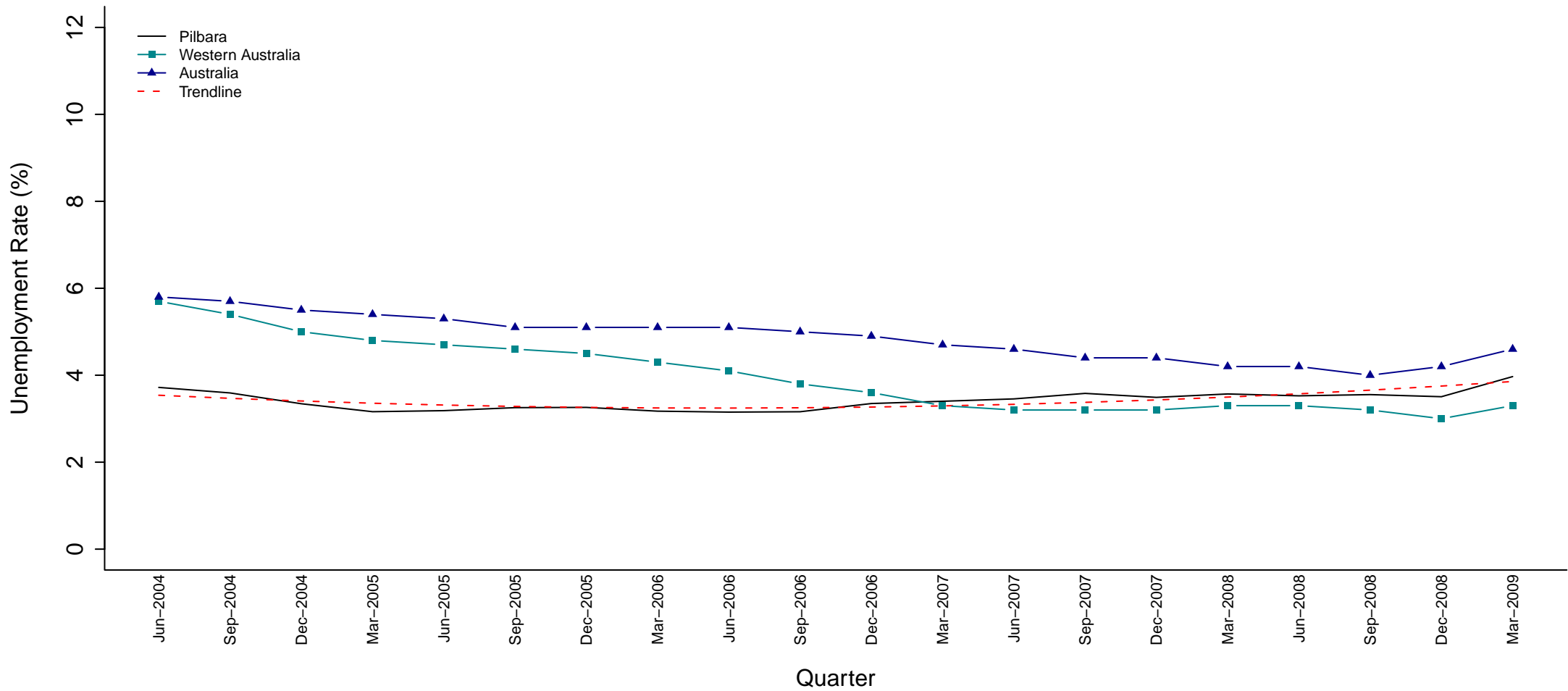


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Perth (ALP)	9.2	8.4	7.1	6.1	5.6	5.5	4.9	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.2	4.5	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.2	5.6	5.9	5.7	6.0

Figure 45 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Perth (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that the Perth electorate experienced a heavy decrease in unemployment rate until June 2007 and has since been on the rise. Perth’s unemployment rate has been extremely volatile throughout this time. Periods of substantial decline in the unemployment rate during the periods June 2004 to June 2005 and December 2006 to June 2007 were followed by periods with a relatively stable unemployment rate. Since December 2007 the unemployment rate has been increasing rapidly, with the exception of the September 2008 quarter. Since June 2004 it has remained above the state average and has fluctuated either side of the national average.

Pilbara (ALP)

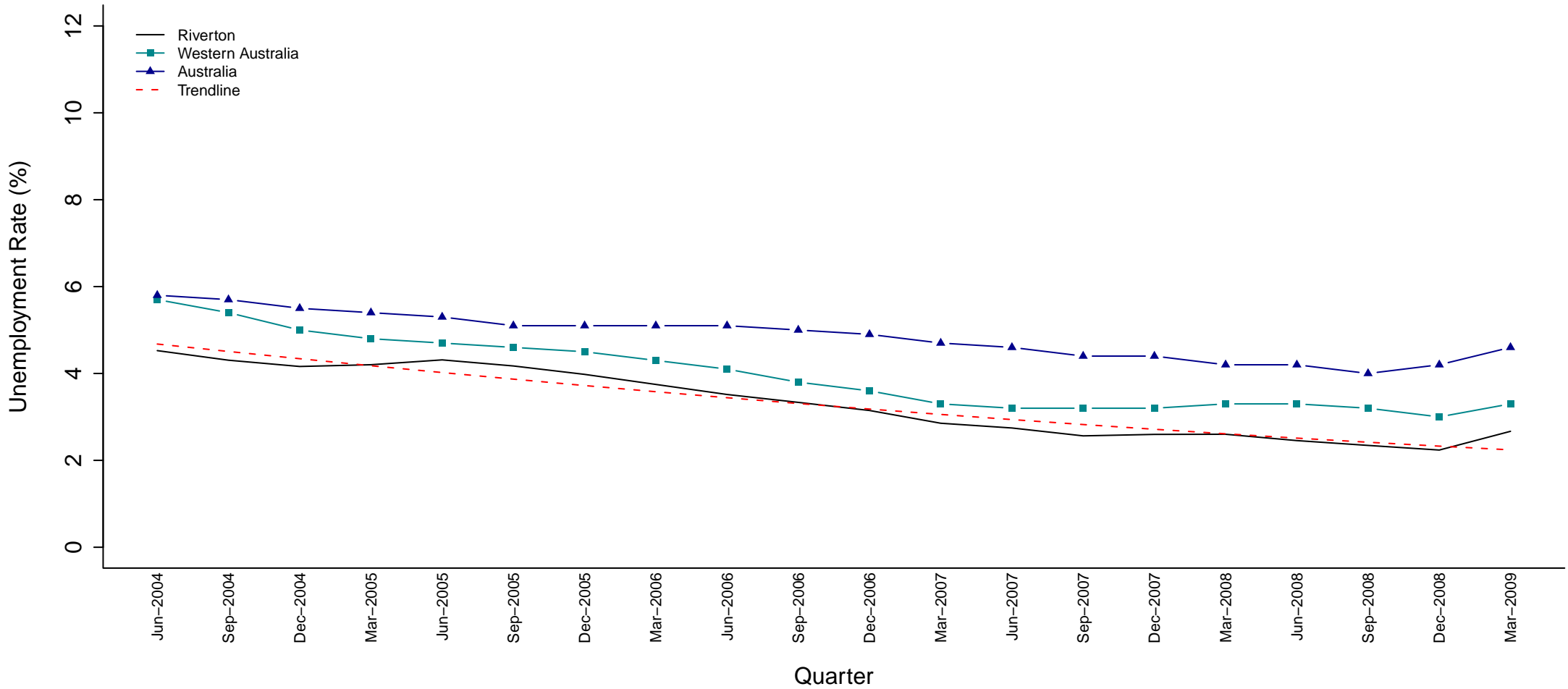


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Pilbara (ALP)	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	4.0

Figure 46 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Pilbara (Smoothed Series)

The unemployment rate for the Pilbara electorate has been reasonably stable over this period. The gradual increase in the unemployment rate from September 2006 is responsible for the slight upward trend exhibited in the trendline. Since March 2007, the Pilbara’s unemployment rate has remained just above the state average. It was below the national average for the entire period.

Riverton (LIB)

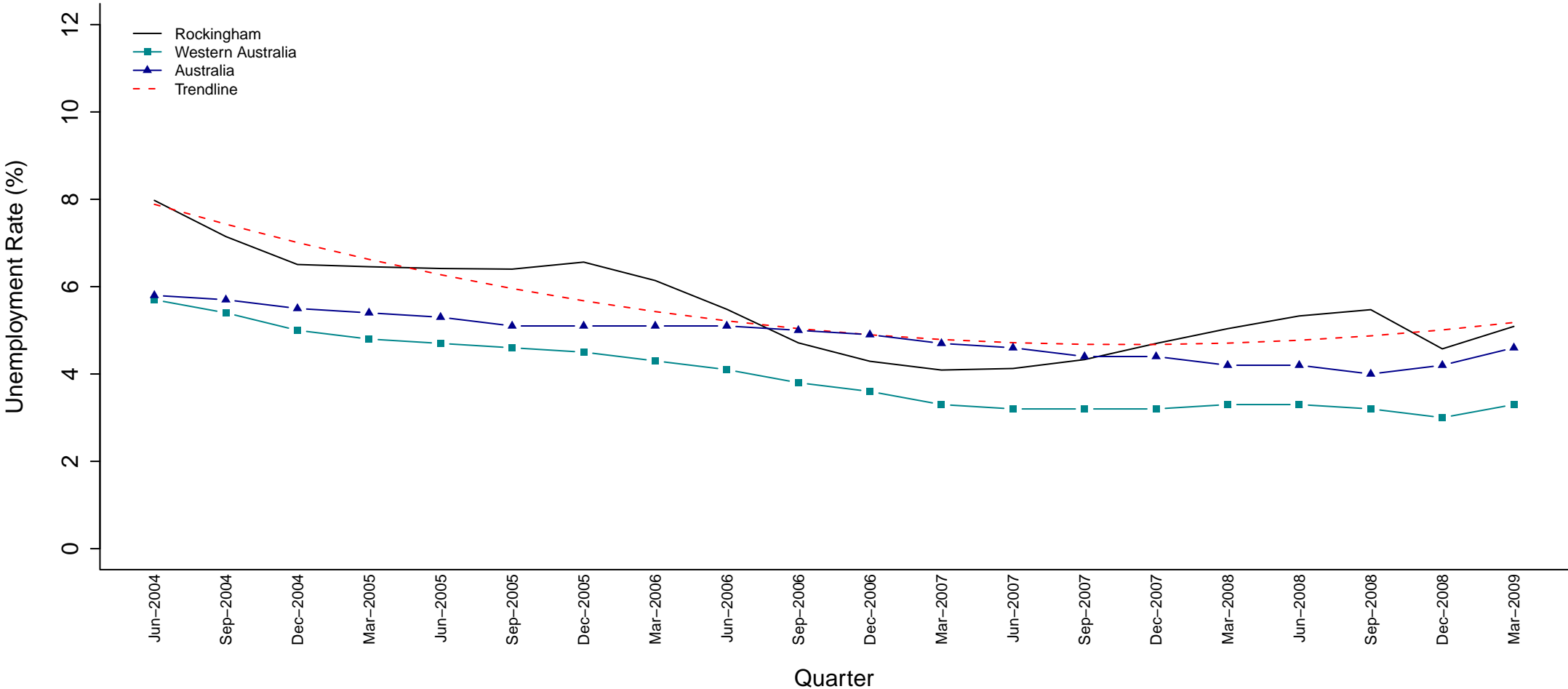


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Riverton (LIB)	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.7

Figure 47 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Riverton (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that the unemployment rate for Riverton has decreased steadily over time even though the unemployment rate has experienced some fluctuations, including a 0.5% increase for the most recent quarter. The unemployment rate has remained below the national and state averages since June 2004. From June 2005 until December 2007, the changes in Riverton’s unemployment rate have reflected the changes in the state’s unemployment rate quite closely.

Rockingham (ALP)

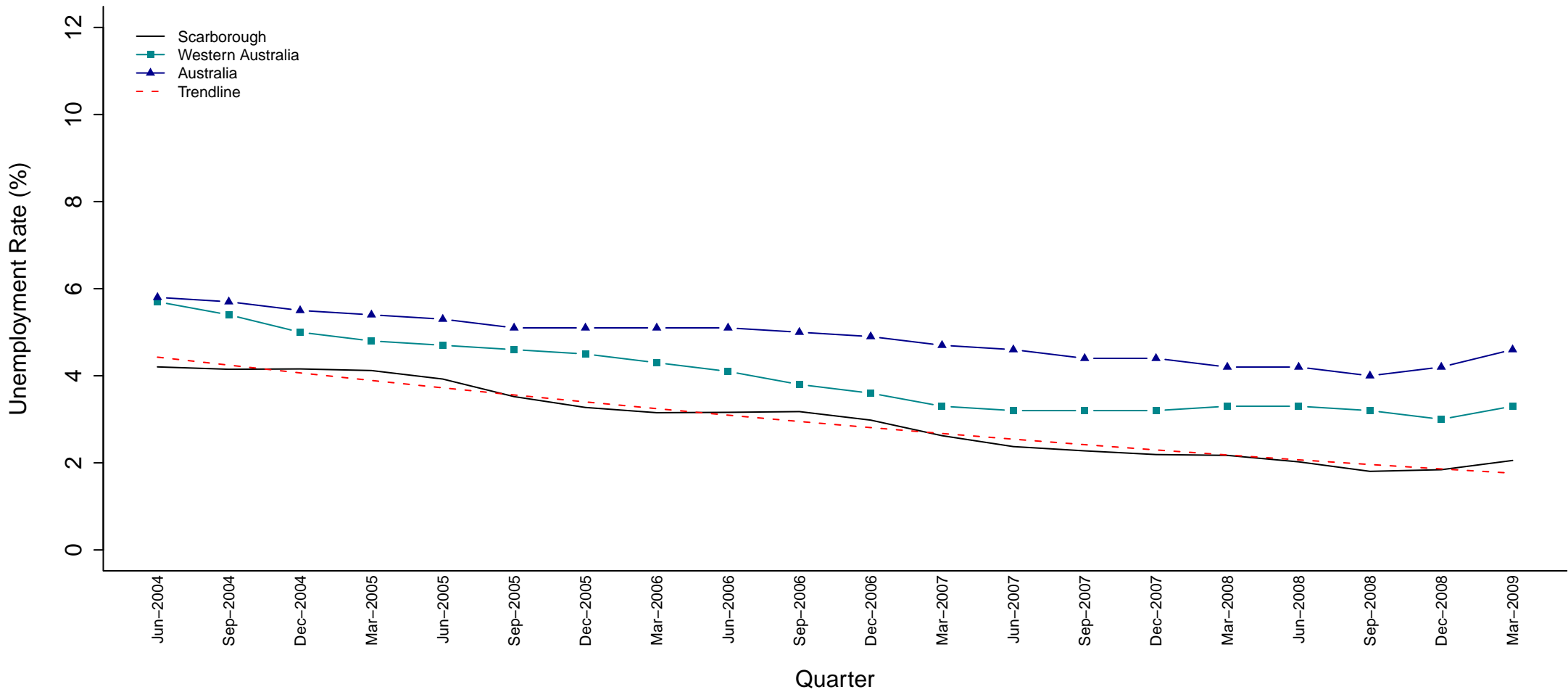


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Rockingham (ALP)	8.0	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.1	5.5	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.5	4.6	5.1

Figure 48 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Rockingham (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows that the unemployment rate for Rockingham followed a decreasing trend from June 2004 that became less pronounced around June 2006 and has been on the rise since September 2007. The unemployment rate fluctuated around the trendline, experiencing alternating increasing and decreasing periods. Since June 2004, Rockingham’s unemployment rate has remained above the state average. The unemployment rate for Rockingham fell below the national average between September 2006 and September 2007, however, was above the national average for the remainder of the period.

Scarborough (LIB)

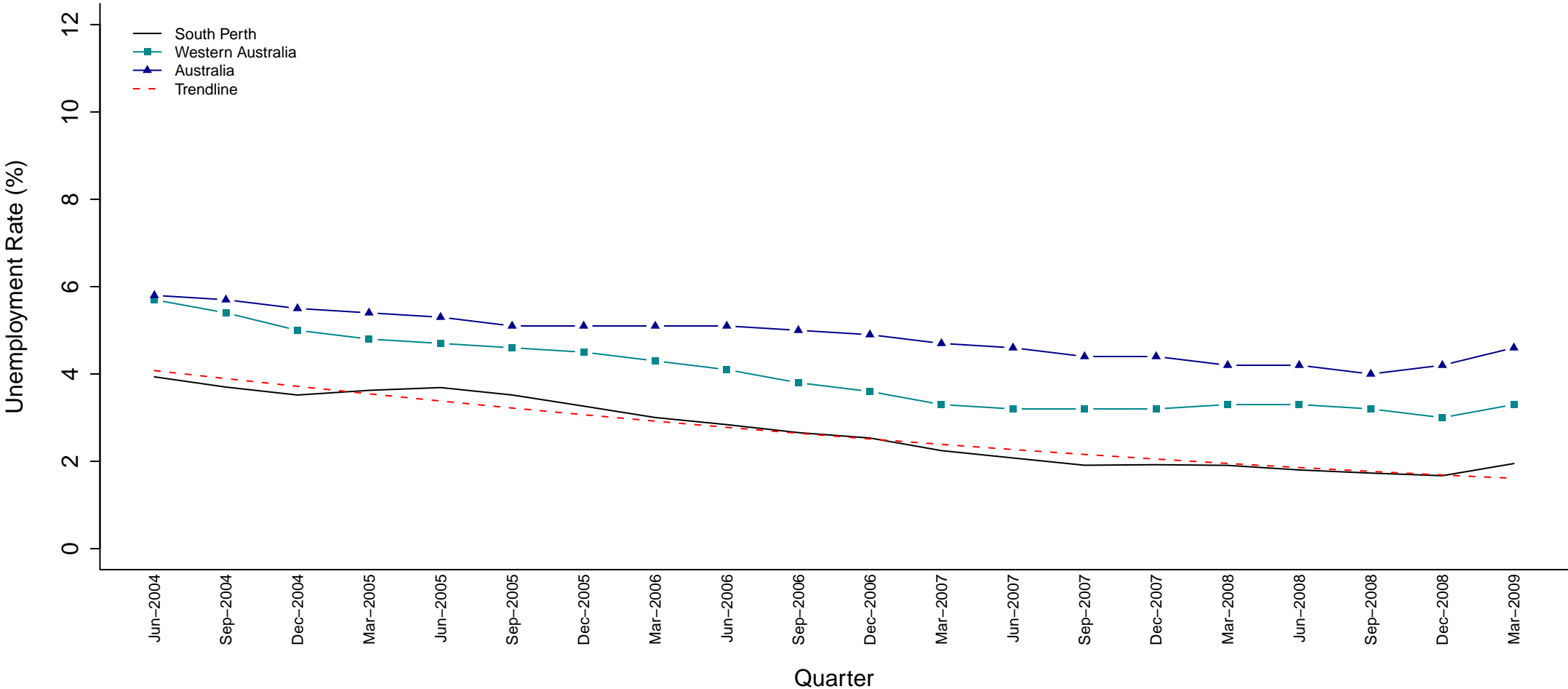


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Scarborough (LIB)	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.8	2.1

Figure 49 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Scarborough (Smoothed Series)

As shown by the trendline, the unemployment rate for the Scarborough electorate has decreased gradually since June 2004. Throughout this time the unemployment rate stayed well below the state and national averages.

South Perth (LIB)

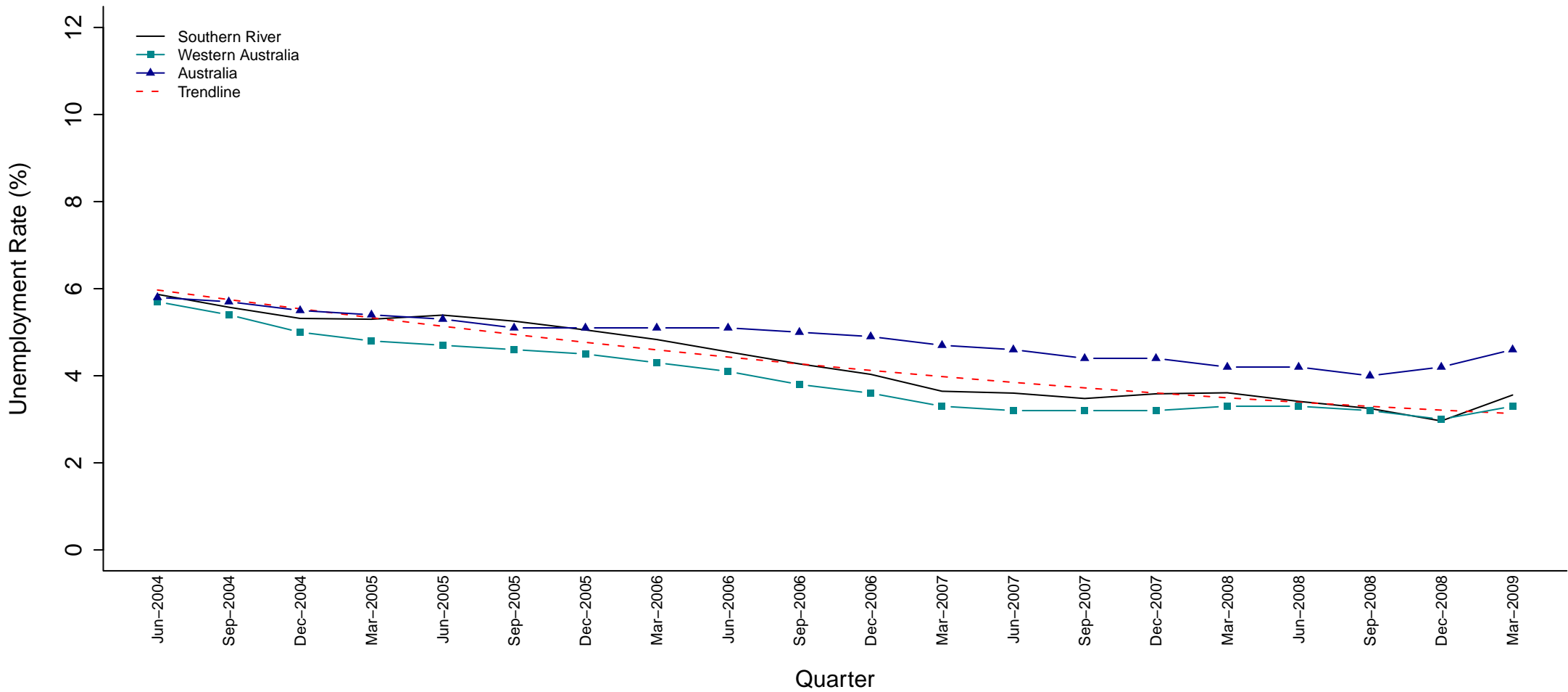


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
South Perth (LIB)	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.9

Figure 50 Estimated Unemployment Rate for South Perth (Smoothed Series)

As indicated by the trendline, the South Perth electorate experienced an overall decrease in the unemployment rate. December 2004 to June 2005 and the March 2009 quarter were the only periods that experienced an increase in unemployment rate. Since June 2004, the unemployment rate has remained well below the national and state averages.

Southern River (LIB)

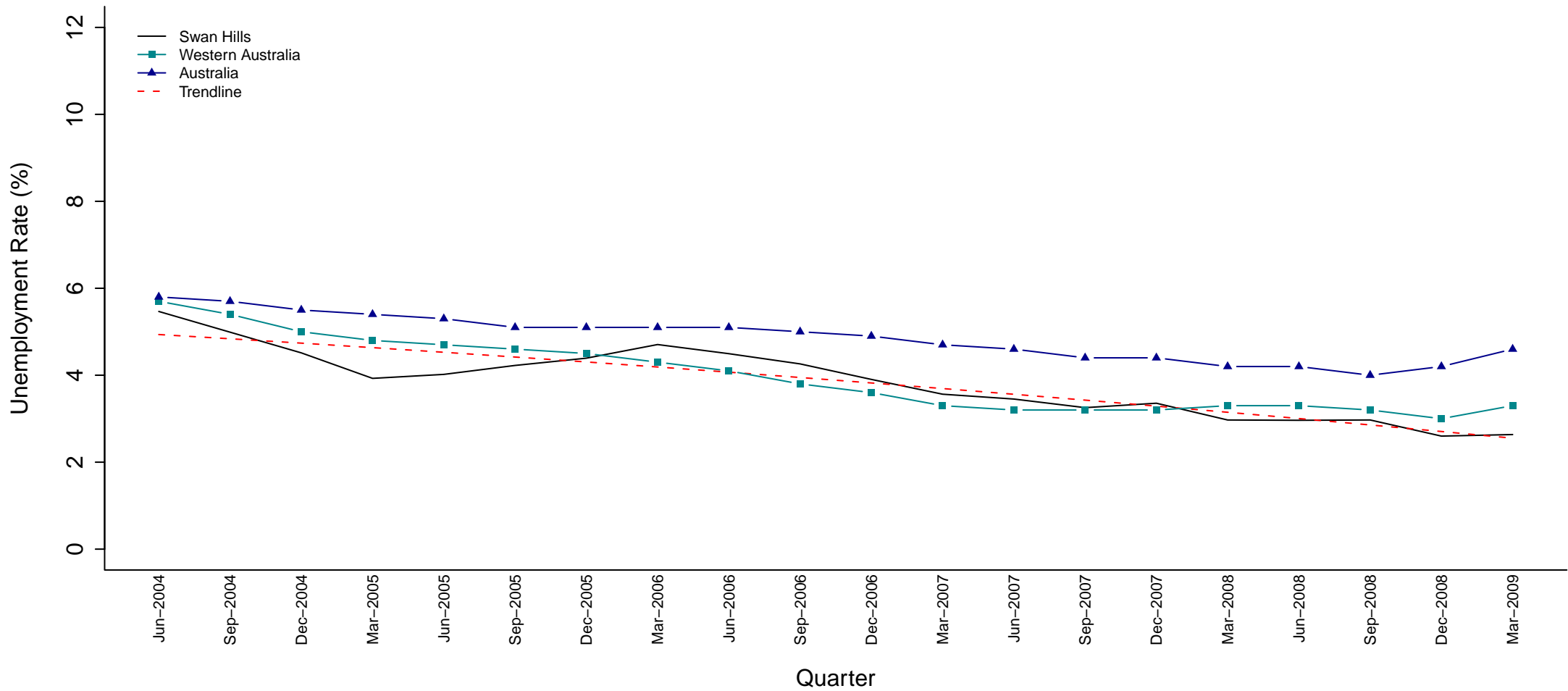


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Southern River (LIB)	5.9	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.6

Figure 51 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Southern River (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates a steady decrease in the unemployment rate for Southern River. The change in the unemployment rate virtually mirrors the change in the state rate until June 2008 where a decrease in the unemployment rate for Southern River placed the electorate roughly on par with the state average until a spike in the unemployment rate for the most recent quarter. Southern River's unemployment rate fluctuated around the national average until December 2005 when a period of substantial decrease in the unemployment rate placed the electorate well under the national average.

Swan Hills (LIB)

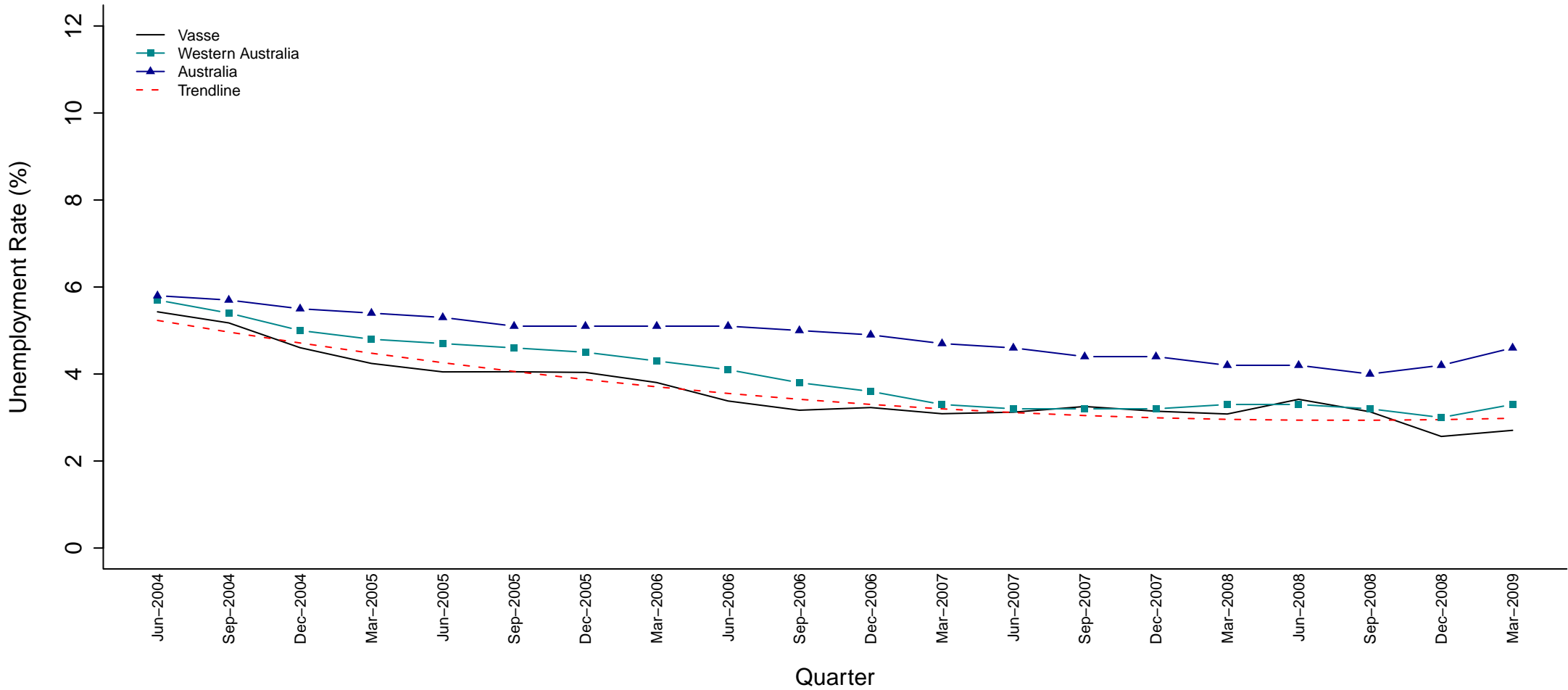


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Swan Hills (LIB)	5.5	5.0	4.5	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.6

Figure 52 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Swan Hills (Smoothed Series)

According to the trendline, the unemployment rate for Swan Hills followed an overall decreasing trend that has been less pronounced since December 2006. After a rapid decline in the unemployment rate from June 2004 until March 2005, Swan Hills experienced a period of increasing unemployment rate until the March 2006 quarter. Since March 2006 unemployment has been declining at a more gradual rate. The unemployment rate for Swan Hills has remained below the national average for the entire period but fluctuated around the state average. Unlike most electorates that experienced an increase in the unemployment rate for the March 2009 quarter, Swan Hill's rate remained constant.

Vasse (LIB)

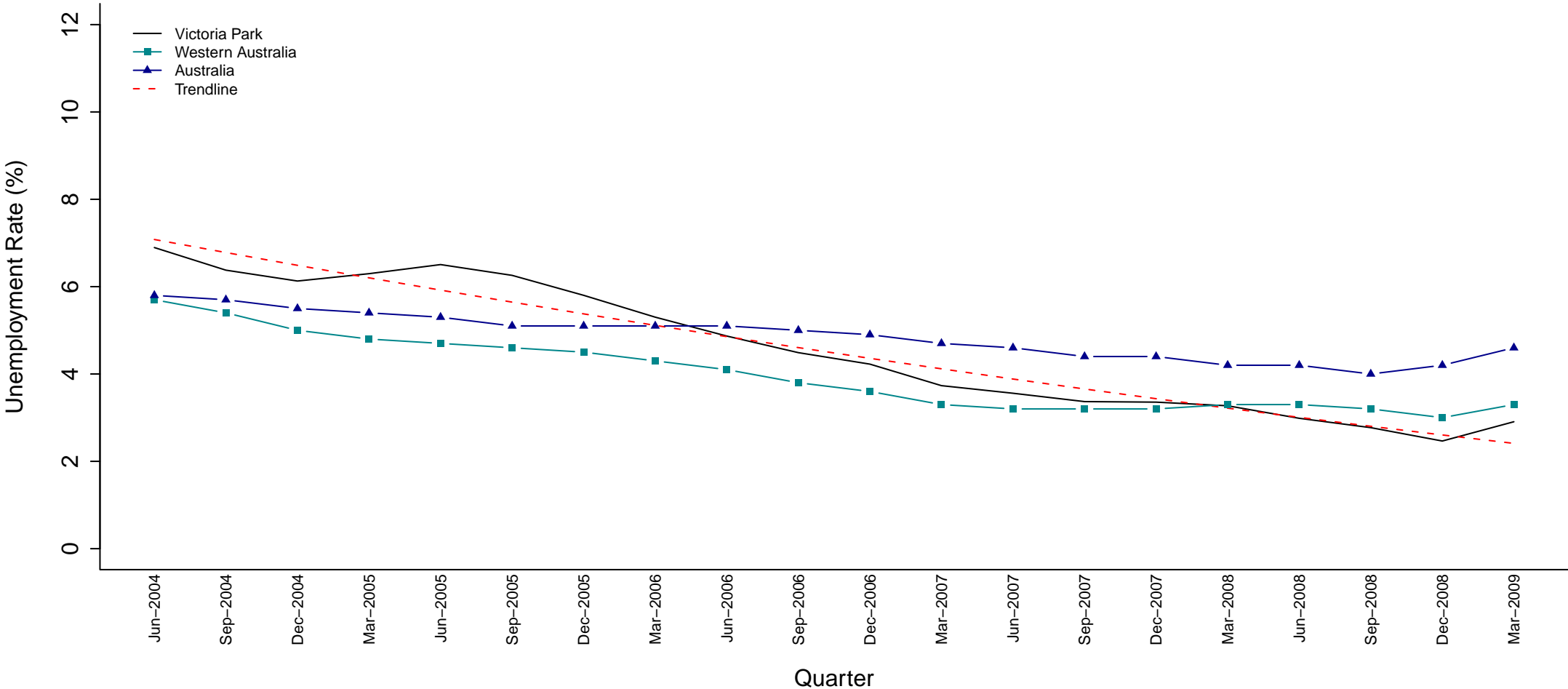


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Vasse (LIB)	5.4	5.2	4.6	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.1	2.6	2.7

Figure 53 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Vasse (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows the unemployment rate for the Vasse electorate gradually decreased from June 2004 and reached a plateau in December 2006. The unemployment rate was below both the state and national averages until June 2007 when it began to follow the state average. Following a sharp drop in the unemployment rate for the December 2008 quarter, Vasse falls below the state average for the most recent quarters.

Victoria Park (ALP)



SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Victoria Park (ALP)	6.9	6.4	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.2	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.9

Figure 54 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Victoria Park (Smoothed Series)

The trendline indicates that Victoria Park’s unemployment rate has followed a substantial decreasing trend over time. Between the June 2004 quarter and the March 2006 quarter the unemployment rate was above the national average, however, since the March 2006 quarter the unemployment rate has fallen below the national average and since March 2008 also falls below the state average. Victoria Park experienced a 0.4% increase in its unemployment rate for the most recent quarter.

Wagin (NAT)

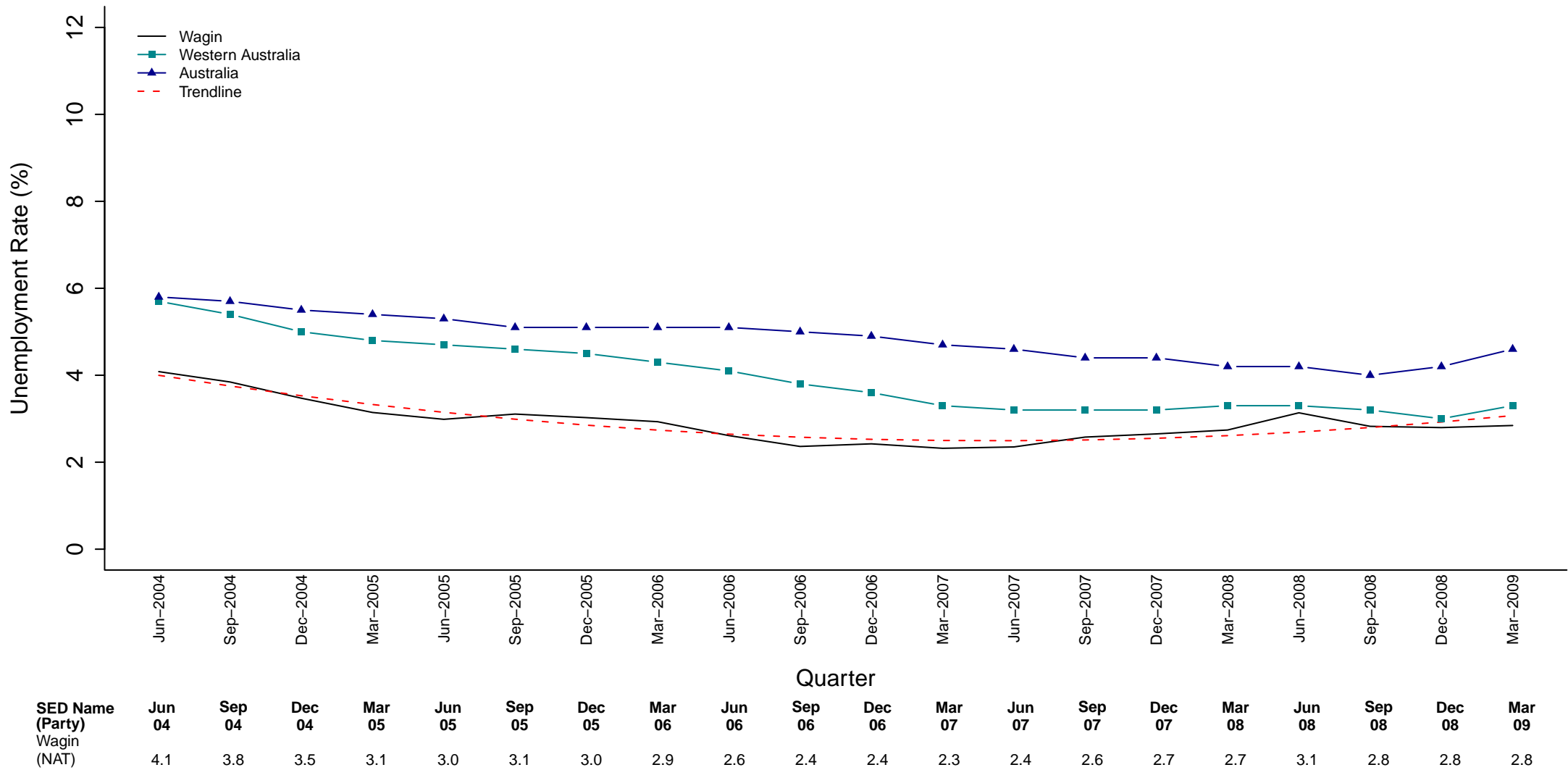
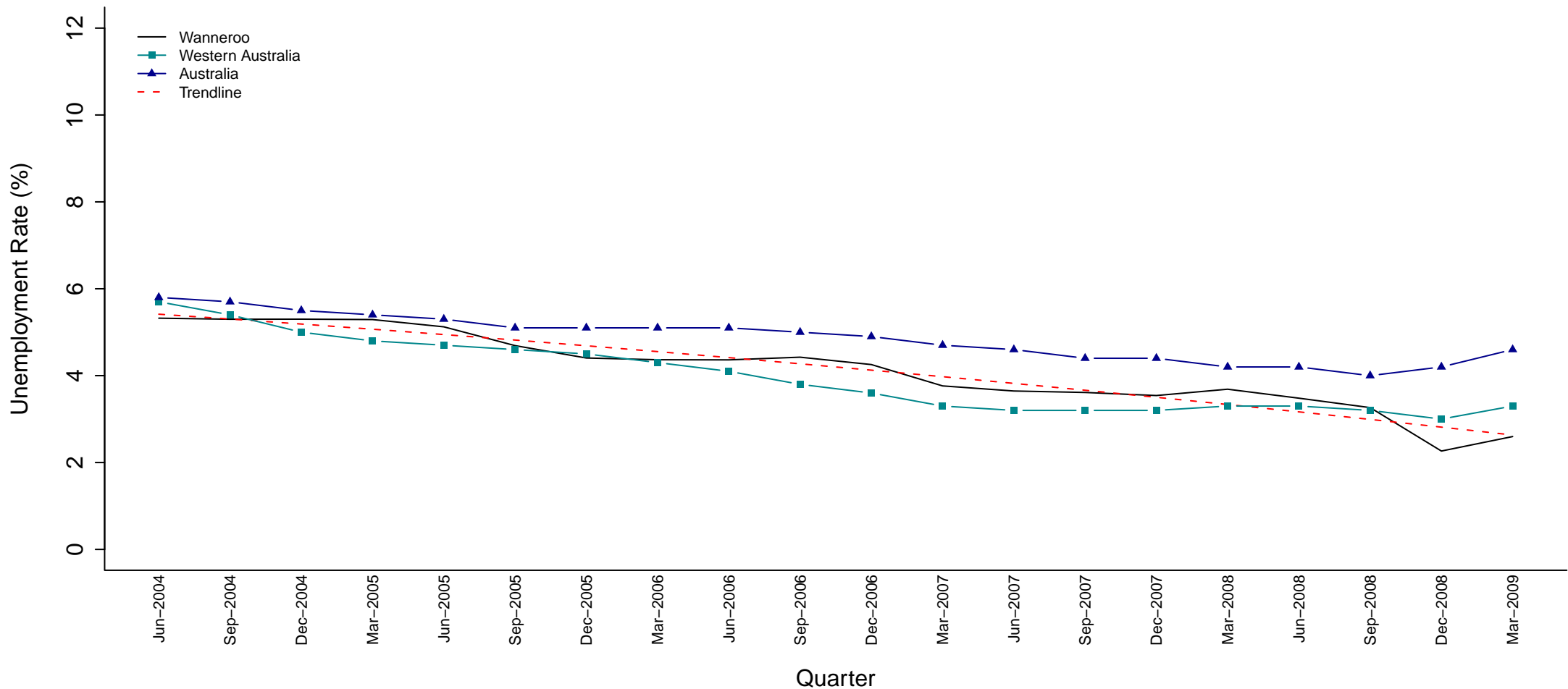


Figure 55 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Wagin (Smoothed Series)

The trendline for the Wagin electorate exhibits an initial decreasing trend in the unemployment rate from June 2004 until March 2006. Following a plateau from March 2006 until December 2000, an increasing trend is apparent. Throughout this time the unemployment rate for Wagin has remained below both the national and state averages.

Wanneroo (LIB)

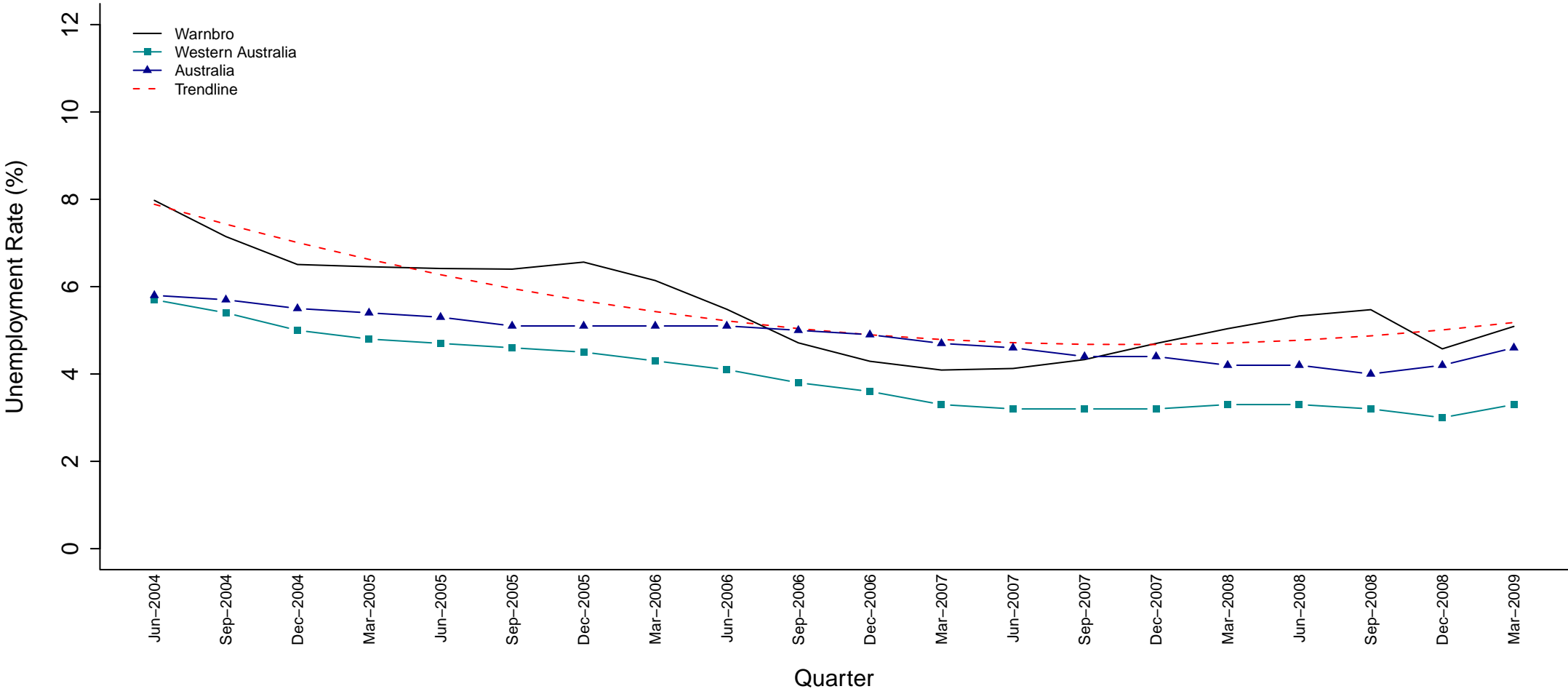


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Wanneroo (LIB)	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.3	2.3	2.6

Figure 56 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Wanneroo (Smoothed Series)

It is evident from the trendline that the unemployment rate for Wanneroo has been decreasing gradually since June 2004. During this period the unemployment fluctuated around the trendline and generally fell between the state and national averages. The December 2008 quarter experienced a considerable drop in the unemployment rate, bringing it below the state average for the final two quarters of the period.

Warnbro (ALP)

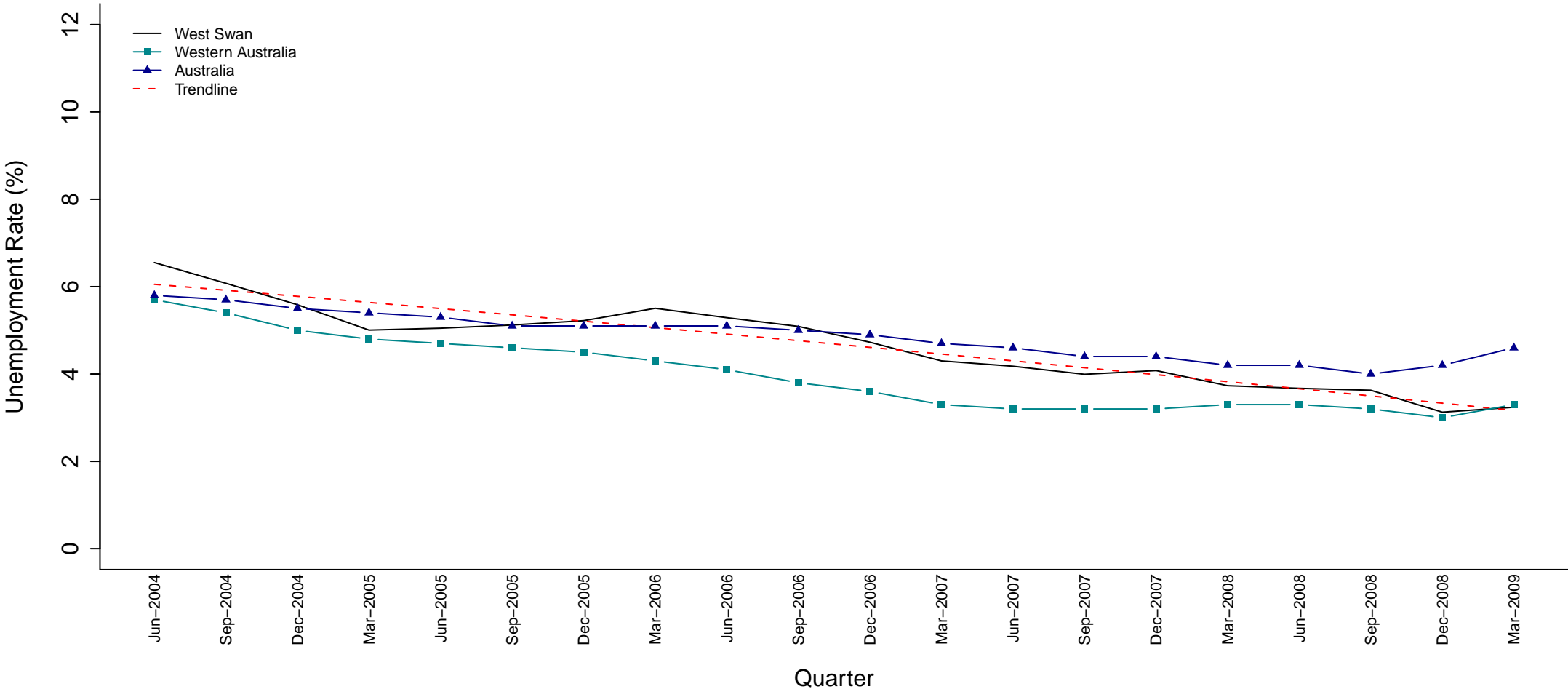


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Warnbro (ALP)	8.0	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.1	5.5	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.5	4.6	5.1

Figure 57 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Warnbro (Smoothed Series)

The Warnbro electorate experienced periods of increasing and decreasing unemployment rates since June 2004. The trendline shows a steep decreasing trend in the unemployment rate from June 2004 until June 2006 and an increasing trend since December 2007. Warnbro's unemployment rate remains considerably higher than the state average during this period but dropped below the national average from September 2006 until September 2007. An increase in the unemployment rate since March 2007 places Warnbro well above the state average for the March 2009 quarter.

West Swan (ALP)

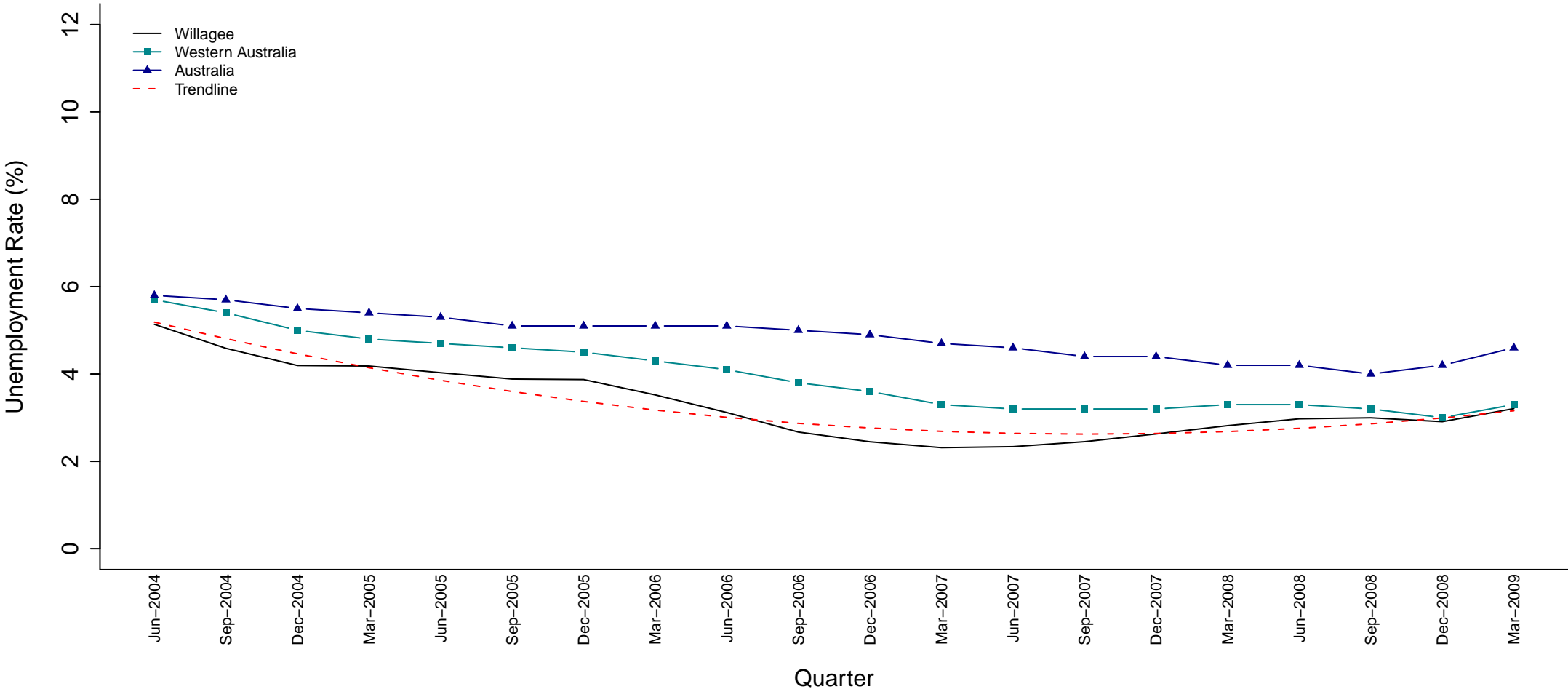


SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
West Swan (ALP)	6.6	6.1	5.6	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.1	3.2

Figure 58 Estimated Unemployment Rate for West Swan (Smoothed Series)

The trendline shows an overall decrease in the unemployment rate for the West Swan electorate during this period. Since June 2004, the unemployment rate has remained above the state average and fluctuated around the national average. Following a steep drop in the unemployment rate for the December 2008 quarter, West Swan's unemployment rate is well below the national average and on par with the state average for the March 2009 quarter.

Willagee (ALP)



SED Name (Party)	Jun 04	Sep 04	Dec 04	Mar 05	Jun 05	Sep 05	Dec 05	Mar 06	Jun 06	Sep 06	Dec 06	Mar 07	Jun 07	Sep 07	Dec 07	Mar 08	Jun 08	Sep 08	Dec 08	Mar 09
Willagee (ALP)	5.1	4.6	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.2

Figure 59 Estimated Unemployment Rate for Willagee (Smoothed Series)

Since June 2004, Willagee’s unemployment rate has remained below both the national and state averages, although only slightly below the state average in the more recent quarters. The trendline shows that the unemployment rate initially followed a decreasing trend that became more gradual over time until December 2007. Since December 2007, a slight upward trend is apparent. This is due to an increase in the unemployment rate since the June 2007 quarter.

Unemployment Rates by Electorate Since June 2004 – Albany to Kalgoorlie

SED Name	Party	Jun-04	Sep-04	Dec-04	Mar-05	Jun-05	Sep-05	Dec-05	Mar-06	Jun-06	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun-07	Sep-07	Dec-07	Mar-08	Jun-08	Sep-08	Dec-08	Mar-09
Albany	(ALP)	8.5	8.1	7.2	6.6	6.3	6.3	6.2	5.7	4.9	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.1	3.6	3.7
Alfred Cove	(IND)	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.1
Armadale	(ALP)	7.2	6.7	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.3	4.2	4.9
Balcatta	(ALP)	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.4	7.7	7.2	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.5	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.8	5.2
Bassendean	(ALP)	6.8	6.2	5.6	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.2	4.7	4.3	4.1	3.7	3.8	3.3	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.9
Bateman	(LIB)	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.1
Belmont	(ALP)	8.6	8.0	7.7	7.8	8.1	7.9	7.5	7.0	6.6	6.2	5.8	5.2	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.4
Blackwood–Stirling	(NAT)	5.8	5.6	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.4	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.7
Bunbury	(LIB)	7.2	7.0	6.3	5.7	5.2	5.2	5.1	4.7	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	4.1	3.9	3.9	4.1
Cannington	(ALP)	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	3.1
Carine	(LIB)	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.9
Central Wheatbelt	(NAT)	4.1	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.5
Churchlands	(IND)	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.5
Cockburn	(ALP)	5.7	5.1	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.0	3.5	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.5
Collie–Preston	(ALP)	6.9	6.6	5.8	5.1	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.4	3.7	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.4
Cottesloe	(LIB)	4.2	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.6
Darling Range	(LIB)	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.7	3.1
Dawesville	(LIB)	9.7	9.6	8.7	8.3	7.9	8.0	8.1	7.6	6.6	5.9	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.7	5.3	4.3	4.7
Eyre	(LIB)	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.8
Forrestfield	(ALP)	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0
Fremantle	(GRN)	7.0	6.2	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.2	4.7	4.2	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.2
Geraldton	(LIB)	7.2	7.2	6.8	6.4	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.3	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.7	4.2	4.5
Girrawheen	(ALP)	8.4	8.2	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.0	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.1	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.8
Gosnells	(ALP)	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.3	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.8
Hillarys	(LIB)	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.5
Jandakot	(LIB)	4.9	4.4	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.7	3.0
Joondalup	(ALP)	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.7
Kalamunda	(LIB)	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.3
Kalgoorlie	(IND)	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	3.5	3.8
Western Australia		5.7	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.3
Australia		5.8	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.6

Table 21 Estimated Unemployment Rate by SED (Smoothed Series) June 2004 to March 2009 : Albany to Kalgoorlie

Unemployment Rates by Electorate Since June 2004 – Kimberley to Willagee

SED Name	Party	Jun-04	Sep-04	Dec-04	Mar-05	Jun-05	Sep-05	Dec-05	Mar-06	Jun-06	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun-07	Sep-07	Dec-07	Mar-08	Jun-08	Sep-08	Dec-08	Mar-09
Kimberley	(ALP)	6.7	6.7	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.6	6.2
Kingsley	(LIB)	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.5
Kwinana	(ALP)	10.4	9.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.3	8.6	8.0	7.0	6.0	5.3	5.0	5.2	5.5	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.7	5.7	6.3
Mandurah	(ALP)	9.7	9.5	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.4	6.5	5.8	5.4	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.6	5.2	4.3	4.6
Maylands	(ALP)	6.9	6.4	5.8	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.3	4.8	4.2	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.6
Midland	(ALP)	5.5	5.0	4.5	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.6
Mindarie	(ALP)	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.5	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.3	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.6	4.3
Moore	(NAT)	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.5
Morley	(LIB)	7.6	7.1	6.6	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.4	4.7	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.4
Mount Lawley	(LIB)	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.4	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.9
Murray-Wellington	(LIB)	5.6	5.3	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.5	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.2	2.8	3.0
Nedlands	(LIB)	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.3
Nollamara	(ALP)	9.2	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.5	7.8	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.7	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.5	5.1	4.8	4.8	5.3
North West	(ALP)	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.4
Ocean Reef	(LIB)	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.7
Perth	(ALP)	9.2	8.4	7.1	6.1	5.6	5.5	4.9	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.2	4.5	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.2	5.6	5.9	5.7	6.0
Pilbara	(ALP)	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	4.0
Riverton	(LIB)	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.7
Rockingham	(ALP)	8.0	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.1	5.5	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.5	4.6	5.1
Scarborough	(LIB)	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.8	2.1
South Perth	(LIB)	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.9
Southern River	(LIB)	5.9	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.6
Swan Hills	(LIB)	5.5	5.0	4.5	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.6
Vasse	(LIB)	5.4	5.2	4.6	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.1	2.6	2.7
Victoria Park	(ALP)	6.9	6.4	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.2	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.9
Wagin	(NAT)	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.8
Wanneroo	(LIB)	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.3	2.3	2.6
Warnbro	(ALP)	8.0	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.1	5.5	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.5	4.6	5.1
West Swan	(ALP)	6.6	6.1	5.6	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.1	3.2
Willagee	(ALP)	5.1	4.6	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.2
Western Australia		5.7	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.3
Australia		5.8	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.6

Table 22 Estimated Unemployment Rate by SED (Smoothed Series) June 2004 to March 2009 : Kimberley to Willagee

Unemployed Persons by Electorate Since June 2004 – Albany to Kalgoorlie

SED Name	Party	Jun-04	Sep-04	Dec-04	Mar-05	Jun-05	Sep-05	Dec-05	Mar-06	Jun-06	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun-07	Sep-07	Dec-07	Mar-08	Jun-08	Sep-08	Dec-08	Mar-09
Albany	(ALP)	1,293	1,228	1,092	1,008	994	1,043	1,056	990	855	756	744	696	683	718	704	707	804	742	681	720
Alfred Cove	(IND)	626	562	516	523	505	484	484	438	392	345	323	307	311	328	351	376	398	407	390	440
Armadale	(ALP)	1,430	1,339	1,271	1,275	1,315	1,297	1,274	1,230	1,174	1,124	1,055	968	974	963	1,022	1,051	1,007	964	912	1,073
Balcatta	(ALP)	1,460	1,433	1,425	1,435	1,413	1,309	1,235	1,210	1,200	1,202	1,157	1,026	975	964	928	960	913	855	880	966
Bassendean	(ALP)	1,158	1,063	970	858	884	928	961	1,024	981	942	856	772	729	673	690	607	607	621	576	601
Bateman	(LIB)	644	583	538	546	533	513	510	464	418	372	349	329	332	344	366	389	407	414	397	451
Belmont	(ALP)	1,459	1,365	1,309	1,343	1,403	1,399	1,341	1,250	1,166	1,095	1,025	916	872	802	831	850	822	800	761	876
Blackwood–Stirling	(NAT)	913	874	796	743	738	784	802	774	689	627	615	581	586	627	632	646	723	673	628	653
Bunbury	(LIB)	1,159	1,123	1,005	921	881	912	927	867	747	661	628	570	575	617	621	657	774	744	741	790
Cannington	(ALP)	1,001	955	921	931	962	953	923	874	816	765	718	654	647	621	646	658	626	605	584	708
Carine	(LIB)	694	685	690	692	668	606	566	548	551	557	528	466	425	410	396	395	370	338	345	392
Central Wheatbelt	(NAT)	729	726	683	652	657	664	666	625	595	567	577	577	594	600	587	600	573	575	510	557
Churchlands	(IND)	861	819	761	713	671	629	580	580	564	556	546	478	430	429	413	435	478	465	483	526
Cockburn	(ALP)	999	899	823	824	815	798	812	746	660	573	531	508	528	567	616	665	704	717	678	766
Collie–Preston	(ALP)	1,069	1,016	894	801	780	818	820	769	662	588	584	549	561	608	603	606	684	649	660	720
Cottesloe	(LIB)	814	745	632	551	503	488	449	441	406	390	398	360	318	324	325	364	452	465	491	524
Darling Range	(LIB)	960	893	849	839	862	843	820	805	769	745	699	643	638	613	634	630	605	591	569	666
Dawesville	(LIB)	1,069	1,050	960	923	906	959	993	947	838	738	689	628	626	663	650	651	738	696	656	727
Eyre	(LIB)	742	727	679	627	619	631	639	618	573	535	530	520	537	548	538	539	496	481	423	475
Forrestfield	(ALP)	690	638	599	560	577	598	604	624	588	550	494	442	430	410	431	409	409	419	416	452
Fremantle	(GRN)	1,247	1,117	1,031	1,039	1,008	979	982	890	793	686	638	619	624	659	713	770	818	827	769	843
Geraldton	(LIB)	1,265	1,258	1,194	1,131	1,102	1,085	1,076	1,022	966	916	905	908	940	976	969	973	922	865	734	778
Girrawheen	(ALP)	1,444	1,410	1,389	1,391	1,367	1,269	1,201	1,188	1,182	1,190	1,149	1,018	979	975	945	976	922	864	909	1,001
Gosnells	(ALP)	1,099	1,047	1,000	1,000	1,026	1,023	996	954	894	831	780	709	715	704	742	759	724	698	675	821
Hillarys	(LIB)	611	596	591	582	560	508	474	459	453	456	432	381	352	337	321	322	304	289	298	346
Jandakot	(LIB)	881	793	726	729	717	699	709	649	576	501	465	445	460	492	532	574	607	619	587	663
Joondalup	(ALP)	654	652	653	644	615	554	517	506	509	512	484	429	400	396	385	386	364	336	349	400
Kalamunda	(LIB)	742	690	648	611	630	649	653	667	629	589	534	480	470	451	473	453	449	453	444	492
Kalgoorlie	(IND)	627	617	574	524	524	543	550	527	485	452	444	444	465	480	471	479	451	446	513	550
Western Australia		59,000	55,900	52,400	50,700	50,400	49,900	49,200	47,700	44,800	42,200	40,200	36,900	36,100	36,400	36,900	37,600	38,300	37,400	36,200	40,100
Australia		586,100	579,100	566,900	554,400	545,600	535,600	536,700	540,700	539,500	535,300	524,000	508,900	494,100	482,000	478,400	466,900	468,000	469,100	477,000	518,400

Table 23 Estimated Unemployed Persons by SED (Smoothed Series) June 2004 to March 2009 : Albany to Kalgoorlie

Unemployed Persons by Electorate Since June 2004 – Kimberley to Willagee

SED Name	Party	Jun-04	Sep-04	Dec-04	Mar-05	Jun-05	Sep-05	Dec-05	Mar-06	Jun-06	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun-07	Sep-07	Dec-07	Mar-08	Jun-08	Sep-08	Dec-08	Mar-09
Kimberley	(ALP)	1,132	1,138	1,089	1,023	1,022	1,065	1,067	1,029	977	902	887	877	903	941	972	1,017	999	1,009	880	942
Kingsley	(LIB)	608	593	589	580	558	506	472	457	451	454	430	379	351	336	320	320	303	288	297	344
Kwinana	(ALP)	1,630	1,462	1,342	1,354	1,359	1,362	1,420	1,322	1,172	1,011	915	882	919	991	1,103	1,179	1,243	1,245	1,145	1,267
Mandurah	(ALP)	1,042	1,021	930	889	871	922	955	910	805	708	661	603	601	636	624	626	710	671	631	698
Maylands	(ALP)	1,248	1,152	1,059	966	996	1,036	1,062	1,122	1,073	1,016	920	800	742	679	673	594	579	575	525	542
Midland	(ALP)	954	873	799	705	727	768	802	866	830	794	723	655	637	606	631	567	577	593	545	565
Mindarie	(ALP)	898	894	906	901	880	813	761	773	786	784	753	660	641	670	666	701	669	634	782	937
Moore	(NAT)	725	730	686	649	617	601	581	538	504	460	463	460	463	467	443	439	413	427	388	433
Morley	(LIB)	1,311	1,232	1,162	1,095	1,111	1,115	1,117	1,157	1,118	1,077	995	875	823	777	767	718	697	681	650	689
Mount Lawley	(LIB)	1,304	1,273	1,252	1,243	1,223	1,137	1,070	1,052	1,039	1,039	993	869	812	790	758	773	736	687	706	770
Murray-Wellington	(LIB)	876	825	721	679	673	722	753	712	625	551	510	467	463	491	500	520	602	590	546	601
Nedlands	(LIB)	668	621	534	460	407	393	348	361	339	329	345	294	249	252	239	277	369	390	474	496
Nollamara	(ALP)	1,617	1,582	1,566	1,573	1,548	1,436	1,358	1,338	1,329	1,336	1,288	1,142	1,093	1,087	1,050	1,086	1,029	963	1,004	1,103
North West	(ALP)	772	755	699	650	649	663	667	639	603	571	576	588	612	639	641	648	620	606	514	566
Ocean Reef	(LIB)	671	669	669	660	630	568	530	519	521	525	496	439	410	405	393	394	372	343	356	410
Perth	(ALP)	1,875	1,715	1,453	1,257	1,168	1,170	1,064	1,142	1,109	1,081	1,113	962	809	851	844	963	1,255	1,306	1,404	1,478
Pilbara	(ALP)	524	507	474	448	452	464	466	460	461	465	493	501	509	528	522	538	528	525	471	521
Riverton	(LIB)	842	804	780	794	824	813	784	737	687	647	607	554	541	511	527	535	509	493	475	574
Rockingham	(ALP)	1,065	960	879	882	887	890	923	866	779	681	631	612	625	665	725	782	832	863	815	913
Scarborough	(LIB)	781	772	780	786	758	688	643	623	630	638	605	534	485	469	455	454	427	385	392	441
South Perth	(LIB)	803	758	724	752	773	753	706	648	609	566	536	478	449	417	427	430	410	399	388	458
Southern River	(LIB)	1,173	1,118	1,071	1,075	1,106	1,100	1,069	1,020	955	890	835	760	761	744	780	797	759	733	708	861
Swan Hills	(LIB)	989	905	829	731	753	796	831	898	860	822	750	679	660	627	653	587	598	614	565	585
Vasse	(LIB)	873	826	735	686	678	707	723	694	619	576	585	556	562	592	577	572	643	599	540	582
Victoria Park	(ALP)	1,516	1,407	1,358	1,406	1,468	1,441	1,350	1,231	1,124	1,029	963	856	828	792	803	795	731	688	620	740
Wagin	(NAT)	738	690	623	571	562	609	609	601	538	483	493	470	476	527	547	572	663	607	549	570
Wanneroo	(LIB)	738	736	743	754	740	685	646	644	650	664	645	572	557	556	549	576	549	520	524	606
Warnbro	(ALP)	1,324	1,194	1,093	1,097	1,102	1,107	1,147	1,077	968	846	785	761	777	827	902	972	1,034	1,073	1,013	1,135
West Swan	(ALP)	1,080	1,004	934	848	863	881	902	959	925	897	831	751	732	706	728	676	677	684	650	687
Willagee	(ALP)	900	809	744	750	731	709	715	652	581	506	472	454	464	494	532	574	609	620	593	659
Western Australia		59,000	55,900	52,400	50,700	50,400	49,900	49,200	47,700	44,800	42,200	40,200	36,900	36,100	36,400	36,900	37,600	38,300	37,400	36,200	40,100
Australia		586,100	579,100	566,900	554,400	545,600	535,600	536,700	540,700	539,500	535,300	524,000	508,900	494,100	482,000	478,400	466,900	468,000	469,100	477,000	518,400

Table 24 Estimated Unemployed Persons by SED (Smoothed Series) June 2004 to March 2009 : Kimberley to Willagee

Labour Force by Electorate Since June 2004 – Albany to Kalgoorlie

SED Name	Party	Jun-04	Sep-04	Dec-04	Mar-05	Jun-05	Sep-05	Dec-05	Mar-06	Jun-06	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun-07	Sep-07	Dec-07	Mar-08	Jun-08	Sep-08	Dec-08	Mar-09
Albany	(ALP)	15,238	15,129	15,128	15,312	15,867	16,525	16,970	17,281	17,364	17,238	17,156	17,076	17,068	17,236	17,393	17,593	17,823	18,113	18,838	19,234
Alfred Cove	(IND)	18,915	19,026	19,136	19,354	19,574	19,702	19,914	19,979	20,114	20,450	20,832	21,181	21,461	21,747	21,863	21,985	22,104	22,338	21,230	21,388
Armadale	(ALP)	19,825	19,897	19,984	20,137	20,345	20,767	20,994	20,943	20,819	20,668	20,549	20,678	20,977	21,214	21,589	21,900	22,085	22,384	21,505	21,756
Balcatta	(ALP)	16,222	16,252	16,403	16,661	16,884	17,080	17,161	17,258	17,415	17,561	17,734	17,791	17,857	18,016	18,129	18,278	18,445	18,648	18,471	18,628
Bassendean	(ALP)	17,034	17,076	17,288	17,518	17,650	17,753	17,824	17,977	18,028	18,183	18,086	17,947	18,005	18,162	18,339	18,629	19,006	19,466	20,133	20,561
Bateman	(LIB)	18,816	18,922	19,029	19,239	19,457	19,609	19,820	19,875	19,986	20,276	20,611	20,937	21,216	21,495	21,633	21,770	21,893	22,132	21,153	21,319
Belmont	(ALP)	16,909	16,969	17,052	17,188	17,363	17,707	17,894	17,862	17,765	17,654	17,552	17,648	17,890	18,090	18,402	18,668	18,839	19,106	19,519	19,761
Blackwood–Stirling	(NAT)	15,682	15,571	15,569	15,757	16,330	17,008	17,465	17,786	17,870	17,741	17,655	17,573	17,565	17,740	17,899	18,108	18,342	18,642	17,478	17,844
Bunbury	(LIB)	16,165	16,049	16,048	16,243	16,832	17,531	18,002	18,333	18,420	18,286	18,199	18,115	18,105	18,284	18,450	18,663	18,907	19,215	18,821	19,214
Cannington	(ALP)	19,602	19,673	19,759	19,910	20,116	20,533	20,758	20,707	20,584	20,436	20,318	20,446	20,741	20,976	21,347	21,654	21,837	22,132	22,850	23,119
Carine	(LIB)	18,606	18,639	18,812	19,109	19,364	19,590	19,683	19,794	19,974	20,141	20,340	20,405	20,481	20,663	20,792	20,964	21,154	21,388	20,771	20,948
Central Wheatbelt	(NAT)	17,636	17,671	17,765	17,769	17,769	17,873	17,922	18,159	18,315	18,428	18,450	18,468	18,451	18,473	18,721	18,875	18,762	18,514	16,369	16,002
Churchlands	(IND)	19,477	19,572	19,606	19,800	20,037	20,417	20,662	20,824	20,775	20,638	20,663	20,835	21,074	21,453	21,713	21,796	21,777	21,729	21,248	21,265
Cockburn	(ALP)	17,599	17,702	17,804	18,007	18,212	18,331	18,528	18,589	18,715	19,027	19,382	19,707	19,967	20,234	20,342	20,455	20,566	20,784	21,815	21,985
Collie–Preston	(ALP)	15,545	15,434	15,433	15,622	16,187	16,859	17,313	17,631	17,715	17,587	17,501	17,420	17,412	17,584	17,744	17,949	18,182	18,480	20,878	21,310
Cottesloe	(LIB)	19,316	19,448	19,399	19,525	19,740	20,184	20,513	20,697	20,520	20,234	20,177	20,424	20,759	21,240	21,561	21,590	21,453	21,251	20,038	19,965
Darling Range	(LIB)	18,134	18,196	18,306	18,468	18,649	18,975	19,154	19,152	19,075	19,003	18,895	18,956	19,183	19,389	19,700	19,990	20,208	20,528	20,867	21,154
Dawesville	(LIB)	11,058	10,979	10,978	11,112	11,515	11,993	12,315	12,541	12,601	12,509	12,449	12,392	12,385	12,508	12,622	12,767	12,934	13,145	15,205	15,522
Eyre	(LIB)	17,788	17,824	17,916	17,920	17,920	18,027	18,075	18,318	18,475	18,585	18,610	18,627	18,611	18,635	18,882	19,038	18,927	18,675	17,318	16,928
Forrestfield	(ALP)	18,283	18,333	18,533	18,761	18,912	19,073	19,173	19,299	19,324	19,434	19,329	19,229	19,329	19,507	19,726	20,032	20,394	20,849	21,795	22,220
Fremantle	(GRN)	17,806	17,910	18,014	18,219	18,426	18,547	18,747	18,807	18,934	19,252	19,611	19,939	20,202	20,473	20,581	20,695	20,808	21,029	19,985	20,134
Geraldton	(LIB)	17,535	17,571	17,661	17,666	17,666	17,772	17,818	18,058	18,213	18,323	18,346	18,363	18,347	18,371	18,614	18,767	18,659	18,411	17,677	17,280
Girrawheen	(ALP)	17,126	17,157	17,316	17,589	17,824	18,031	18,117	18,220	18,385	18,539	18,722	18,782	18,852	19,020	19,139	19,297	19,472	19,687	20,515	20,690
Gosnells	(ALP)	17,353	17,416	17,492	17,626	17,809	18,178	18,377	18,332	18,223	18,091	17,987	18,100	18,362	18,569	18,898	19,170	19,332	19,593	21,101	21,348
Hillarys	(LIB)	21,182	21,220	21,418	21,755	22,046	22,303	22,408	22,535	22,740	22,931	23,157	23,231	23,317	23,525	23,672	23,867	24,084	24,349	22,494	22,685
Jandakot	(LIB)	18,067	18,173	18,278	18,486	18,697	18,819	19,021	19,084	19,213	19,534	19,898	20,231	20,498	20,772	20,883	20,999	21,113	21,337	21,682	21,848
Joondalup	(ALP)	19,970	20,006	20,192	20,511	20,785	21,027	21,126	21,246	21,439	21,619	21,832	21,902	21,983	22,179	22,318	22,501	22,706	22,956	23,484	23,685
Kalamunda	(LIB)	17,608	17,658	17,838	18,048	18,198	18,378	18,486	18,588	18,597	18,676	18,574	18,502	18,618	18,793	19,018	19,311	19,639	20,057	20,906	21,295
Kalgoorlie	(IND)	16,478	16,512	16,596	16,601	16,601	16,700	16,743	16,970	17,115	17,217	17,239	17,257	17,239	17,263	17,491	17,636	17,533	17,300	14,824	14,488
Western Australia		1,031,700	1,033,800	1,039,700	1,050,300	1,063,800	1,080,600	1,091,500	1,099,400	1,103,200	1,106,400	1,109,300	1,113,300	1,120,700	1,132,100	1,143,500	1,154,900	1,163,400	1,174,100	1,194,400	1,204,000
Australia		10,145,500	10,192,600	10,244,000	10,312,100	10,390,300	10,466,600	10,524,000	10,567,400	10,605,300	10,658,300	10,714,000	10,771,100	10,831,100	10,882,700	10,953,700	11,013,700	11,080,400	11,139,000	11,254,400	11,309,500

Table 25 Estimated Labour Force by SED (Smoothed Series) June 2004 to March 2009 : Albany to Kalgoorlie

Labour Force by Electorate Since June 2004 – Kimberley to Willagee

SED Name	Party	Jun-04	Sep-04	Dec-04	Mar-05	Jun-05	Sep-05	Dec-05	Mar-06	Jun-06	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun-07	Sep-07	Dec-07	Mar-08	Jun-08	Sep-08	Dec-08	Mar-09
Kimberley	(ALP)	16,887	16,920	17,007	17,012	17,012	17,114	17,158	17,389	17,539	17,645	17,667	17,683	17,667	17,691	17,924	18,073	17,968	17,729	15,616	15,265
Kingsley	(LIB)	21,095	21,133	21,330	21,666	21,955	22,211	22,316	22,442	22,646	22,836	23,062	23,135	23,221	23,428	23,574	23,769	23,985	24,249	22,402	22,592
Kwinana	(ALP)	15,696	15,787	15,879	16,059	16,243	16,348	16,524	16,579	16,690	16,970	17,286	17,575	17,808	18,046	18,142	18,243	18,341	18,536	19,924	20,086
Mandurah	(ALP)	10,793	10,715	10,715	10,845	11,238	11,705	12,019	12,240	12,299	12,209	12,151	12,094	12,088	12,208	12,319	12,461	12,623	12,829	14,756	15,063
Maylands	(ALP)	18,024	18,067	18,285	18,533	18,686	18,807	18,883	19,039	19,107	19,271	19,202	19,080	19,142	19,309	19,490	19,780	20,154	20,611	20,365	20,768
Midland	(ALP)	17,400	17,444	17,660	17,896	18,030	18,135	18,207	18,364	18,416	18,575	18,476	18,334	18,392	18,553	18,734	19,030	19,415	19,885	20,934	21,380
Mindarie	(ALP)	13,084	13,108	13,230	13,438	13,618	13,776	13,841	13,920	14,047	14,165	14,304	14,350	14,403	14,531	14,622	14,743	14,877	15,041	21,497	21,682
Moore	(NAT)	17,988	18,024	18,115	18,122	18,122	18,231	18,275	18,522	18,681	18,796	18,818	18,838	18,819	18,845	19,093	19,252	19,140	18,884	17,659	17,258
Morley	(LIB)	17,353	17,392	17,592	17,839	18,005	18,141	18,218	18,358	18,445	18,603	18,589	18,509	18,571	18,734	18,896	19,151	19,473	19,866	19,774	20,119
Mount Lawley	(LIB)	16,950	16,984	17,138	17,400	17,626	17,832	17,924	18,030	18,177	18,314	18,472	18,526	18,602	18,776	18,903	19,062	19,235	19,447	19,417	19,587
Murray-Wellington	(LIB)	15,567	15,456	15,455	15,643	16,209	16,882	17,337	17,654	17,739	17,611	17,526	17,444	17,435	17,608	17,768	17,973	18,207	18,504	19,653	20,059
Nedlands	(LIB)	19,719	19,856	19,793	19,913	20,132	20,612	20,958	21,153	20,946	20,603	20,506	20,750	21,096	21,603	21,949	21,969	21,807	21,565	21,941	21,840
Nollamara	(ALP)	17,593	17,625	17,789	18,069	18,311	18,523	18,611	18,717	18,887	19,045	19,233	19,295	19,366	19,539	19,661	19,823	20,003	20,224	20,789	20,967
North West	(ALP)	17,913	17,946	18,040	18,044	18,044	18,151	18,199	18,444	18,603	18,714	18,738	18,758	18,739	18,764	19,013	19,169	19,057	18,803	16,801	16,422
Ocean Reef	(LIB)	20,605	20,642	20,835	21,163	21,445	21,695	21,798	21,921	22,121	22,306	22,526	22,598	22,682	22,884	23,027	23,217	23,428	23,686	24,123	24,329
Perth	(ALP)	20,362	20,502	20,440	20,569	20,796	21,287	21,638	21,838	21,633	21,288	21,195	21,443	21,795	22,313	22,665	22,690	22,529	22,289	24,833	24,716
Pilbara	(ALP)	14,076	14,105	14,176	14,180	14,180	14,266	14,303	14,496	14,619	14,708	14,727	14,740	14,728	14,747	14,942	15,065	14,978	14,778	13,428	13,124
Riverton	(LIB)	18,608	18,676	18,758	18,901	19,097	19,491	19,705	19,657	19,542	19,404	19,295	19,419	19,699	19,921	20,272	20,563	20,736	21,016	21,251	21,502
Rockingham	(ALP)	13,356	13,434	13,512	13,665	13,821	13,911	14,061	14,107	14,202	14,440	14,709	14,956	15,153	15,355	15,437	15,523	15,607	15,773	17,802	17,945
Scarborough	(LIB)	18,573	18,608	18,775	19,067	19,320	19,551	19,650	19,763	19,933	20,088	20,279	20,348	20,430	20,619	20,753	20,920	21,102	21,324	21,272	21,447
South Perth	(LIB)	20,413	20,488	20,577	20,735	20,949	21,384	21,618	21,565	21,437	21,282	21,158	21,293	21,600	21,844	22,231	22,550	22,741	23,049	23,210	23,485
Southern River	(LIB)	19,981	20,053	20,141	20,295	20,505	20,930	21,159	21,107	20,982	20,830	20,710	20,841	21,142	21,381	21,759	22,072	22,259	22,560	23,916	24,197
Swan Hills	(LIB)	18,084	18,129	18,354	18,599	18,739	18,848	18,923	19,085	19,140	19,304	19,201	19,055	19,115	19,282	19,470	19,778	20,178	20,666	21,728	22,190
Vasse	(LIB)	16,083	15,967	15,967	16,161	16,746	17,441	17,911	18,240	18,326	18,193	18,106	18,023	18,014	18,191	18,356	18,568	18,810	19,117	21,064	21,505
Victoria Park	(ALP)	21,983	22,063	22,159	22,328	22,561	23,028	23,280	23,223	23,085	22,918	22,785	22,930	23,261	23,524	23,940	24,284	24,490	24,820	25,166	25,464
Wagin	(NAT)	18,075	17,945	17,945	18,164	18,819	19,600	20,131	20,500	20,597	20,449	20,350	20,258	20,247	20,446	20,634	20,870	21,143	21,487	19,633	20,041
Wanneroo	(LIB)	13,869	13,894	14,024	14,245	14,435	14,603	14,672	14,755	14,889	15,014	15,162	15,211	15,267	15,403	15,500	15,627	15,769	15,943	23,133	23,333
Warnbro	(ALP)	16,605	16,702	16,798	16,990	17,184	17,295	17,481	17,539	17,657	17,953	18,287	18,594	18,839	19,091	19,193	19,299	19,404	19,610	22,132	22,310
West Swan	(ALP)	16,483	16,522	16,719	16,948	17,091	17,206	17,276	17,417	17,483	17,633	17,581	17,476	17,533	17,686	17,850	18,110	18,445	18,854	20,799	21,201
Willagee	(ALP)	17,524	17,626	17,728	17,930	18,134	18,253	18,449	18,510	18,635	18,946	19,300	19,623	19,882	20,147	20,255	20,367	20,478	20,695	20,388	20,543
Western Australia		1,031,700	1,033,800	1,039,700	1,050,300	1,063,800	1,080,600	1,091,500	1,099,400	1,103,200	1,106,400	1,109,300	1,113,300	1,120,700	1,132,100	1,143,500	1,154,900	1,163,400	1,174,100	1,194,400	1,204,000
Australia		10,145,500	10,192,600	10,244,000	10,312,100	10,390,300	10,466,600	10,524,000	10,567,400	10,605,300	10,658,300	10,714,000	10,771,100	10,831,100	10,882,700	10,953,700	11,013,700	11,080,400	11,139,000	11,254,400	11,309,500

Table 26 Estimated Labour Force by SED (Smoothed Series) June 2004 to March 2009 : Kimberley to Willagee