Western Australia Parliamentary Library 2016 Census Results

2016 Census Results Riverton (2021)

Comparison year: 2011

Benchmark area: Greater Perth

community profile

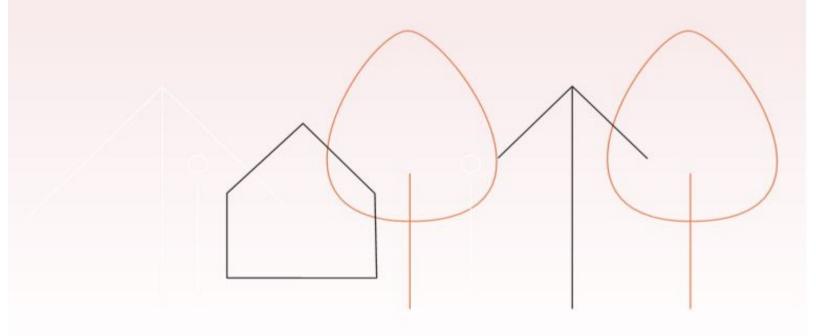






Table of Contents

Home	1
Population highlights	3
About the profile areas	6
Population, dwellings and ethnicity	7
Estimated Resident Population	9
Service age groups	12
Five year age groups	15
Ancestry	18
Birthplace	21
Overseas arrivals	24
Proficiency in English	26
Language spoken at home	29
Religion	33
Qualifications	37
Highest level of schooling	40
Education institution attending	43
Need for assistance	46
Employment status	49
Industries	52
Occupations	56
Method of travel to work	59
Disengagement by age	62
Volunteering	65
Unpaid domestic work	68
Unpaid care	71
Unpaid childcare	74
Individual income	77
Individual income quartiles	79
Household income	82
Household income quartiles	85
Equivalised household income	88
Household type	91
Households with children	94
Households without children	97
Household size	100
Family blending	103
Dwelling type	106
Number of bedrooms per dwelling	109
Internet connection	112
Number of cars per household	115
Housing tenure	118
Housing loan repayments	121
Housing loan quartiles	123
Housing rental payments	126
Housing rental quartiles	128
Building approvals	131
SEIFA by Local Government Area	133
SEIFA by profile area	136
About the community profile	140

Welcome to the Western Australia Parliamentary Library **Electorate Profiles**

This site provides census data based on the 2015 electorate boundaries plus those resulting from the 2019 electoral boundary re-distribution (Western Australian Electoral Distribution – Final Boundaries) which come into effect at the next General State Election due March 2021; the new areas are designated with '2021' after the name.

The Western Australia Parliamentary Library Electorate Profiles provides demographic analysis for the State and smaller areas within it based on results from the 2016 and 2011 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures.

Population

2,621,509

ABS ERP 2019

Land area

253,151,440

ha (2,531,514 Km²)

Population density

0.01

persons per hectare



Page 1 of 140



Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

News more >

Vulnerable communities assessment

Case study.

15 April 2020

Austalia's fastest growing areas

Insights from the latest ABS population figures.

30 March 2020

Charting vulnerabilty

Understand vulnerable communities across LGAs.

19 March 2020

Covid-19 support

How we can help you during the Covid-19 response period.

17 March 2020

Population highlights

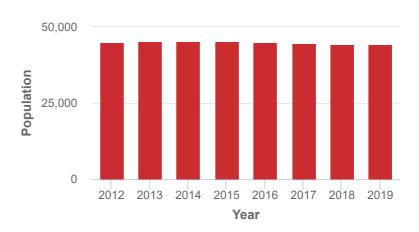
Population

44,507

ERP, 2019

▲ Grown by 44 from the previous year.

Estimated Resident Population Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

Riverton (2021) 2016

- No significant change since previous Census (less than +/-0.5%) ▲ Increased since previous Census
- ▼ Decreased since previous Census

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population

0.4%

Greater Perth 1.6% ↔ WA 3.1% ↔ Australia 2.8% ↔

Couples with children

43% (2.6%)

Greater Perth 32% ▲ WA 31% ↔ Australia 30% ↔

Older couples without children

13% (2.5%)

Greater Perth 9% A
WA 9% A
Australia 10% A

Lone person households

17% ▼(-1.4%)

Greater Perth 22% ▼
WA 22% ◆
Australia 23% ◆

Medium and high density Housing

15% (2.7%)

Greater Perth 25% ▲ WA 21% ▲ Australia 27% ▲

Median weekly household income

\$1,780 (\$106)

Greater Perth \$1,636 ▲
WA \$1,582 ▲
Australia \$1,431 ▲

Median weekly mortgage repayment

\$473

Greater Perth \$467 ▲
WA \$457 ▲
Australia \$409 ▲

Median weekly rent

\$419

Greater Perth \$372 ▲
WA \$348 ▲
Australia \$339 ▲

Households renting

20% (0.4%)

Greater Perth 26% ▼
WA 27% ▼
Australia 29% ▲

Households with a mortgage

34% (-0.4%)

Greater Perth 40% ▲ 37% ▲ Australia 32% ▼

Overseas born

47% (4.6%)

Greater Perth 36% ▲ WA 32% ▲ Australia 26% ▲

Language at home other than English

33% (7.4%)

Greater Perth 20% ▲
WA 18% ▲
Australia 21% ▲

University attendance

7% (-0.4%)

Greater Perth 5% ↔ WA 4% ↔ Australia 5% ▲

University qualification

34% (4.1%)

Greater Perth 23% ▲ WA 21% ▲ Australia 22% ▲

Trade qualification (certificate)

14% (0.2%)

Greater Perth 19% ▲ WA 20% ▲ Australia 19% ▲

Unemployment rate

8.6% (4.8%)

Greater Perth 8.1% ▲
WA 7.8% ▲
Australia 6.9% ▲

Participation rate (population in labour force)

62% v (-3.2%)

Greater Perth 64% ▼
WA 63% ▼
Australia 60% ▼

Public transport (to work)

12% _(-0.2%)

Greater Perth 10% ↔ WA 9% ↔ Australia 11% ▲

SEIFA index of disadvantage 2016

1067

Greater Perth 1026 ▲ WA 1015 ▲ Australia 1002 ▲

Median age

36 (0)

WA 36 ↔ Australia 38 ▲

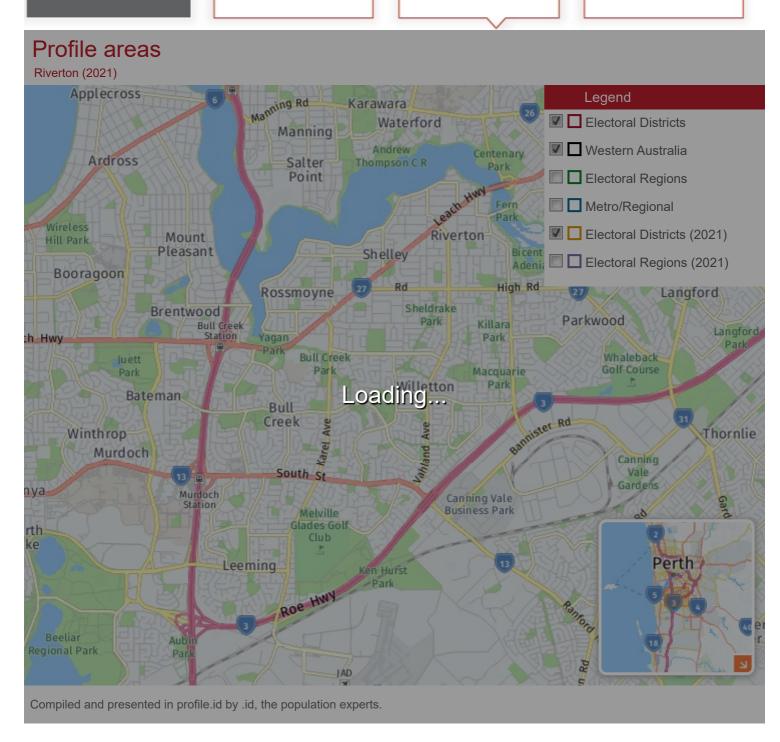
Riverton (2021) About the profile areas

Important
Statistics

Population
44,507
2019 ABS ERP

2,431 ha (24 Km²)

Population density
18.31
persons per hectare



copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Population and dwellings

There are a number of different ways of measuring the population of an area, all of which give an insight into the size of the place and its rate of growth over different time periods. The Census counts people where they are on the night of the Census (enumerated population) and also by where they usually live (usual residence). Both these populations are useful and form the basis for a range of characteristics collected in the Census.

However, the most accurate count of the total population is Estimated Resident Population, which factors in an estimate of those missed in the Census and those who were overseas on Census night. It is usually higher than either Census count, and is also updated annually after the Census, providing preliminary estimates for up to 5 years.

This page provides the three population counts for Riverton (2021) at the last Census, with comparisons to previous Census years for the Census counts only. The current estimate for Riverton (2021) at the most recent year available is shown at the top of the page. This figure is a preliminary estimate only and is subject to review after the next Census data are released. Please use with caution.

Also included are a range of sub-population groups and key statistics from the Census (usual resident) population, such as citizens, employed persons and Indigenous population.

These figures all provide the context for the size of the population and growth rate within Riverton (2021) and should be looked at in conjunction with other basic demographic information, such as Age Structure, Dwelling Type and Household Size.

The data on this page are sourced from a variety of different tables and designed to give a range of population and dwelling numbers for the area.

Population

Riverton (2021) - Total persons	2016				Change		
Population	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Estimated Resident Population	44,904						
Enumerated Population	42,660			41,358			+1,302
Usual Resident Population	43,432			42,174			+1,258

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Selected subpopulation categories

Riverton (2021) - Total people (Usual residence)	2016			Change			
Population group	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Males	21,240	48.9	49.6	20,684	49.0	49.6	+556
Females	22,193	51.1	50.4	21,490	51.0	50.4	+703
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population	189	0.4	1.6	162	0.4	1.6	+27
Australian citizens	67,162	154.6	78.3	33,669	79.8	80.0	+33,493
Eligible voters (citizens aged 18+)	50,901	117.2	59.1	26,132	62.0	60.6	+24,769
Population over 15	35,181	81.0	80.9	34,735	82.4	80.8	+446
Employed Population	19,839	91.4	91.9	21,668	96.2	95.2	-1,829
Overseas visitors (enumerated)	667			481			+186

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwellings

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)		2016			2011		Change
Dwellings	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total dwellings	16,323	100.0	100.0	15,944	100.0	100.0	+379
Occupied private dwellings	15,053	92.2	89.4	14,952	93.8	90.8	+101
Population in non-private dwellings	418			432			-14
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.85		2.55	2.77		2.55	+0.08

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id , the population experts.

^{*}Note that this is an estimate based on ERP at the SA1 level. It is subject to review after the next Census data release and may not match .id's population forecasts.

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is the Australian Bureau of Statistics' official 2019 population figure for all Local Government Areas (LGAs) - but is subject to review after the next Census release. For areas smaller than LGAs, the ERP is derived from SA1 geographies based on population distribution from the previous Census. As such, these smaller geographies are subject to a greater level of revision each Census due to the change in actual numbers and in population distributions.

Populations are counted and estimated in various ways. The most comprehensive population count available in Australia is derived from the Census of Population and Housing conducted by the Australian Bureau of Statistics every five years. However the Census count is generally an under-estimate of the actual population, due to people missed in the Census and people overseas on Census night. To provide a more accurate population figure more frequently, the ABS also produces ERP numbers.

See data notes for a detailed explanation of different population types, how they are calculated and when to use each one.

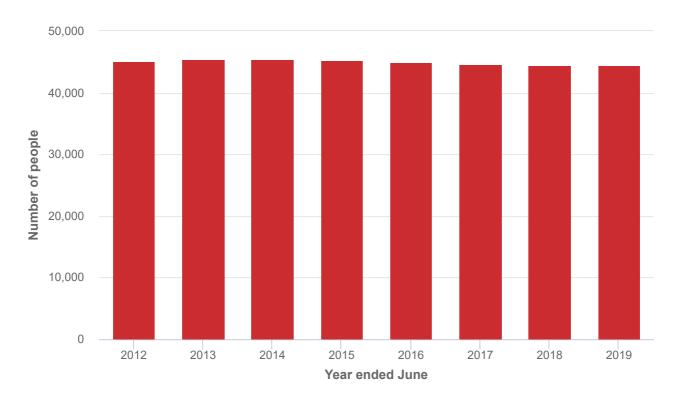
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Year (ending June 30)	Number	Change in number	Change in percent	Greater Perth change in percent
2012	45,161			
2013	45,454	+293	+0.65	+2.89
2014	45,489	+35	+0.08	+1.53
2015	45,328	-161	-0.35	+1.19
2016	44,904	-424	-0.94	+0.86
2017	44,645	-259	-0.58	+0.92
2018	44,463	-182	-0.41	+1.01
2019	44,507	+44	+0.10	+1.33

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

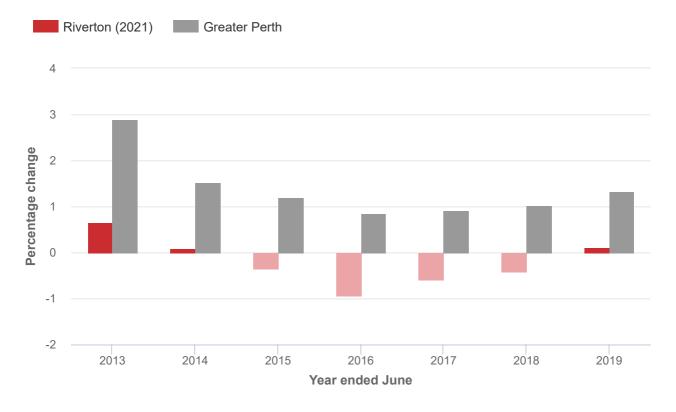
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

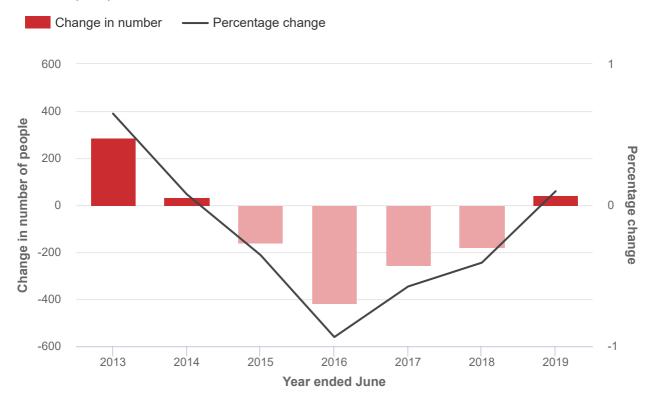
Percentage change in ERP - Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

Annual change in Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

Service age groups

The Age Structure of Riverton (2021) provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is an indicator of Riverton (2021)'s residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Service age groups divide the population into age categories that reflect typical life-stages. They indicate the level of demand for services that target people at different stages in life and how that demand is changing.

To get a more complete picture Riverton (2021)'s Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

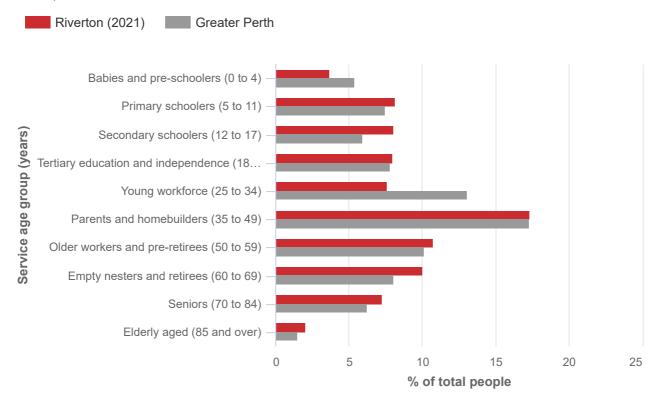
Age structure - Service age groups

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Service age group (years)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Babies and pre-schoolers (0 to 4)	1,934	4.5	6.5	1,991	4.7	6.6	-57
Primary schoolers (5 to 11)	4,270	9.8	9.0	3,534	8.4	8.7	+736
Secondary schoolers (12 to 17)	4,216	9.7	7.2	4,136	9.8	7.9	+80
Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24)	4,177	9.6	9.4	4,796	11.4	10.2	-619
Young workforce (25 to 34)	3,969	9.1	15.8	4,063	9.6	14.7	-94
Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49)	9,088	20.9	20.9	8,601	20.4	21.6	+487
Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59)	5,650	13.0	12.2	6,253	14.8	12.4	-603
Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69)	5,248	12.1	9.7	4,690	11.1	9.2	+558
Seniors (70 to 84)	3,810	8.8	7.5	3,206	7.6	7.0	+604
Elderly aged (85 and over)	1,067	2.5	1.8	904	2.1	1.6	+163
Total	43,429	100.0	100.0	42,174	100.0	100.0	+1,255

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Age structure - service age groups, 2016

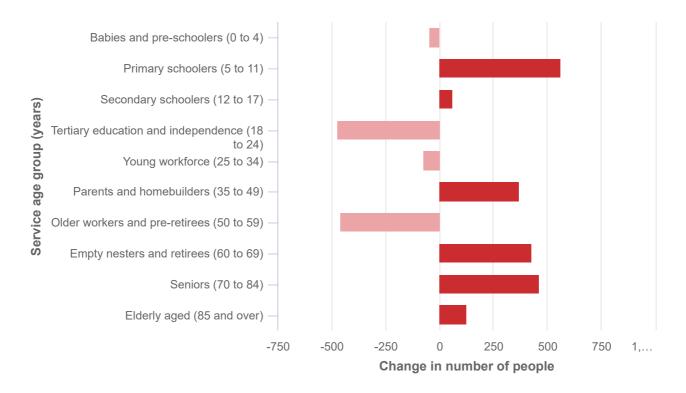
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in age structure - service age groups, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the service age groups of Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) as well as a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).

Overall, 24.0% of the population was aged between 0 and 17, and 23.3% were aged 60 years and over, compared with 22.7% and 19.0% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the age structure of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of 'Secondary schoolers' (9.7% compared to 7.2%)
- A *larger* percentage of 'Empty nesters and retirees' (12.1% compared to 9.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Young workforce' (9.1% compared to 15.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Babies and pre-schoolers' (4.5% compared to 6.5%)

Emerging groups

From 2011 to 2016, Riverton (2021)'s population increased by 1,255 people (3.0%). This represents an average annual population change of 0.59% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the age structure in this area between 2011 and 2016 were in the age groups:

- Primary schoolers (5 to 11) (+736 people)
- Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24) (-619 people)
- Seniors (70 to 84) (+604 people)
- Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59) (-603 people)

Five year age groups

The Age Structure of Riverton (2021) provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is also an indicator of Riverton (2021)'s residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Five year age groups present a classic age profile of the population. Each age group covers exactly five years, which enables direct comparison between each group.

To get a more complete picture Riverton (2021)'s Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

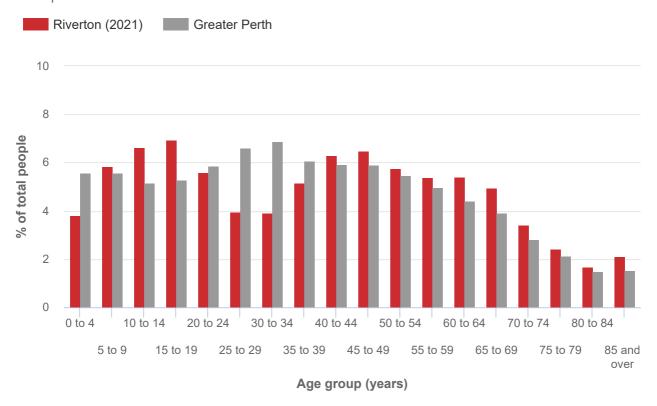
Age structure - Five year age groups

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Five year age groups (years)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
0 to 4	1,934	4.5	6.5	1,991	4.7	6.6	-57
5 to 9	2,961	6.8	6.5	2,377	5.6	6.2	+584
10 to 14	3,354	7.7	6.0	3,125	7.4	6.4	+229
15 to 19	3,516	8.1	6.2	3,590	8.5	6.8	-74
20 to 24	2,827	6.5	6.9	3,374	8.0	7.5	-547
25 to 29	1,993	4.6	7.7	2,172	5.2	7.7	-179
30 to 34	1,975	4.5	8.0	1,891	4.5	7.0	+84
35 to 39	2,607	6.0	7.1	2,304	5.5	7.2	+303
40 to 44	3,198	7.4	6.9	2,986	7.1	7.4	+212
45 to 49	3,284	7.6	6.9	3,311	7.9	7.1	-27
50 to 54	2,922	6.7	6.4	3,128	7.4	6.5	-206
55 to 59	2,728	6.3	5.8	3,125	7.4	5.8	-397
60 to 64	2,742	6.3	5.1	2,793	6.6	5.3	-51
65 to 69	2,505	5.8	4.6	1,897	4.5	3.8	+608
70 to 74	1,733	4.0	3.3	1,379	3.3	3.0	+354
75 to 79	1,221	2.8	2.5	993	2.4	2.3	+228
80 to 84	855	2.0	1.7	834	2.0	1.8	+21
85 and over	1,067	2.5	1.8	904	2.1	1.6	+163
Total population	43,422	100.0	100.0	42,174	100.0	100.0	+1,248

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Age structure - five year age groups, 2016

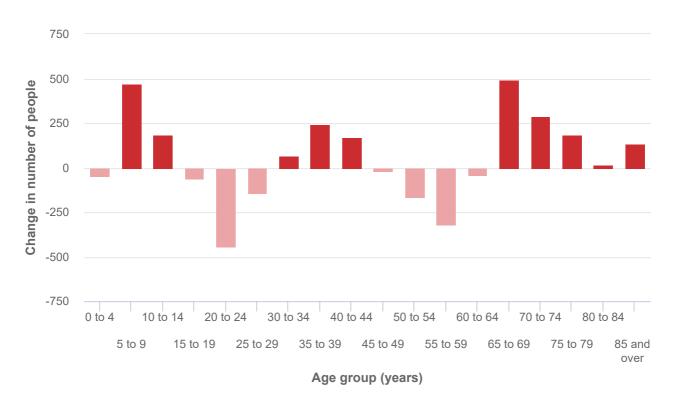
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in age structure - five year age groups, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the five year age groups of Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion of people in the younger age groups (under 15) and a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (65+).

Overall, 19.0% of the population was aged between 0 and 15, and 17.0% were aged 65 years and over, compared with 19.1% and 13.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the age structure of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 15 to 19 (8.1% compared to 6.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 30 to 34 (4.5% compared to 8.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 25 to 29 (4.6% compared to 7.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 0 to 4 (4.5% compared to 6.5%)

Emerging groups

From 2011 to 2016, Riverton (2021)'s population increased by 1,248 people (3.0%). This represents an average annual population change of 0.58% per year over the period.

The largest changes in age structure in this area between 2011 and 2016 were in the age groups:

- 65 to 69 (+608 persons)
- 5 to 9 (+584 persons)
- 20 to 24 (-547 persons)
- 55 to 59 (-397 persons)

Ancestry

Ancestry defines the cultural association and ethnic background of an individual going back three generations. Ancestry is a good measure of the total size of cultural groups in Riverton (2021) regardless of where they were born or what language they speak.

Ancestry data, should be combined with data on Birthplace, Language Spoken at Home and Religion for a more complete picture of Riverton (2021)'s ethnic characteristics.

Please note that the "Australian Aboriginal" and "Torres Strait Islander" categories in this topic are not considered to be a reliable estimate of the indigenous peoples of Australia. For information on this group, please use the "Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population" found on the **Population** page.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of ancestry groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Ancestry - Ranked by size

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Ancestry	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
English	13,138	30.3	37.2	13,893	32.9	37.6	-755
Australian	9,959	22.9	28.3	11,419	27.1	30.1	-1,460
Chinese	8,331	19.2	5.1	6,215	14.7	4.2	+2,116
Indian	3,463	8.0	3.3	2,244	5.3	2.2	+1,219
Scottish	3,225	7.4	8.6	3,201	7.6	8.3	+24
Irish	3,118	7.2	9.2	2,999	7.1	8.3	+119
Italian	1,252	2.9	5.3	1,288	3.1	5.4	-36
German	994	2.3	2.8	956	2.3	2.7	+38
Sinhalese	919	2.1	0.5	759	1.8	0.4	+160
Korean	761	1.8	0.4	412	1.0	0.2	+349

Excludes ancestries with fewer than 10 responses (multi-response).

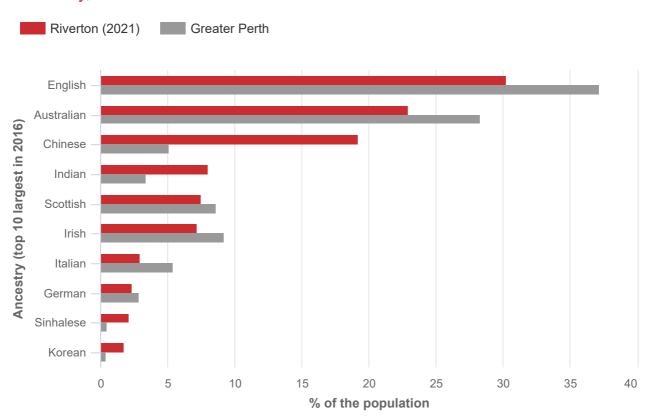
Ancestry - Totals

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Ancestry totals	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Not stated	1,542	2.8	5.3	1,749	3.4	5.6	-207
Total responses	54,761			51,764			+2,997
Total people	43,429			42,174			+1,255

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

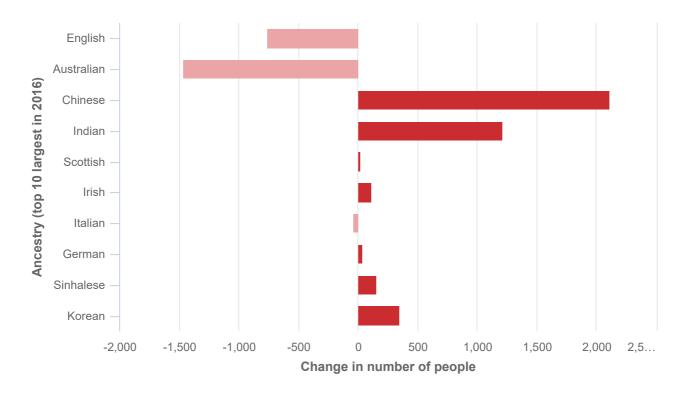
Ancestry, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in ancestry, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the ancestry responses of the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 shows that the top five ancestries nominated were:

- English (13,138 people or 30.3%)
- Australian (9,959 people or 22.9%)
- Chinese (8,331 people or 19.2%)
- Indian (3,463 people or 8.0%)
- Scottish (3,225 people or 7.4%)

In combination these five ancestries account for 38,116 responses in total, or 87.77% of all responses.

The major differences between the ancestries of the population in Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of people with Chinese ancestry (19.2% compared to 5.1%)
- A larger percentage of people with Indian ancestry (8.0% compared to 3.3%)
- A smaller percentage of people with English ancestry (30.3% compared to 37.2%)
- A smaller percentage of people with Australian ancestry (22.9% compared to 28.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the reported ancestries of the population in this area between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Chinese (+2,116 persons)
- Australian (-1,460 persons)
- Indian (+1,219 persons)
- English (-755 persons)

Birthplace

Country of Birth data identifies where people were born and is indicative of the level of cultural diversity in Riverton (2021). The mix of Country of Birth groups is also indicative of historical settlement patterns, as source countries for Australia's immigration program have varied significantly over time.

To get a more complete picture of cultural and ethnic characteristics, Riverton (2021)'s Country of Birth data should be viewed together with Ancestry, Language Spoken at Home and Religion.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual birthplace groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Birthplace - Summary

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total overseas born	20,375	46.9	36.1	17,812	42.3	34.4	+2,563
Australia	21,562	49.6	57.3	22,770	54.0	59.7	-1,208
Not stated	1,494	3.4	6.6	1,550	3.7	5.9	-56
Total Population	43,431	100.0	100.0	42,132	100.0	100.0	+1,299

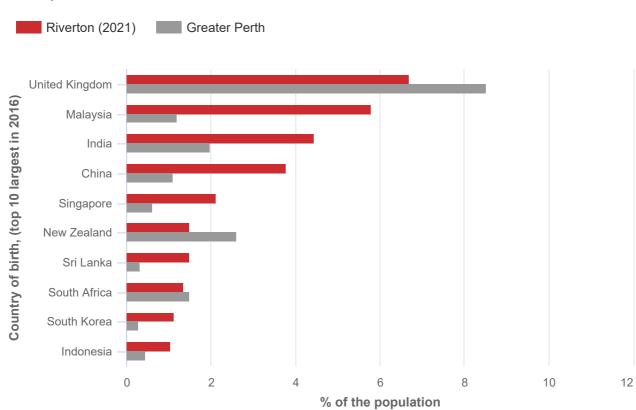
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Birthplace - Ranked by size

Riverton (2021) - Overseas born (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
United Kingdom	3,526	8.1	10.4	3,908	9.3	11.4	-382
Malaysia	3,047	7.0	1.5	2,643	6.3	1.4	+404
India	2,343	5.4	2.4	1,619	3.8	1.6	+724
China	1,983	4.6	1.3	1,142	2.7	0.9	+841
Singapore	1,108	2.6	0.7	1,070	2.5	0.8	+38
New Zealand	785	1.8	3.2	836	2.0	3.1	-51
Sri Lanka	784	1.8	0.4	637	1.5	0.3	+147
South Africa	708	1.6	1.8	831	2.0	1.7	-123
South Korea	583	1.3	0.3	341	0.8	0.2	+242
Indonesia	543	1.3	0.5	481	1.1	0.5	+62

Excludes countries of birth with fewer than 10 people.

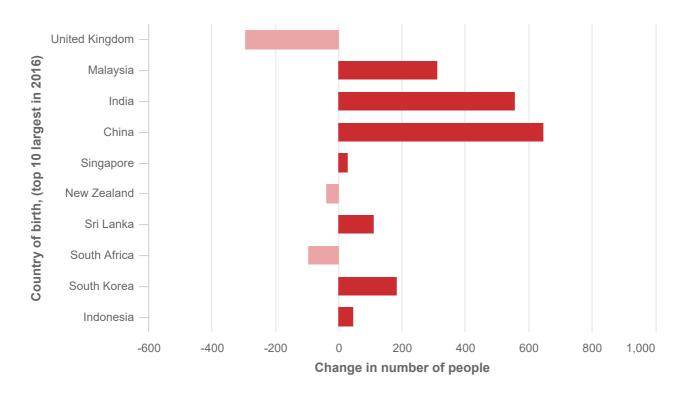




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in birthplace, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the country of birth of the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of people born overseas.

Overall, 46.9% of the population was born overseas, compared with 36.1% for Greater Perth.

The largest non-English speaking country of birth in Riverton (2021) was Malaysia, where 7.0% of the population, or 3,047 people, were born.

The major differences between the countries of birth of the population in Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of people born in Malaysia (7.0% compared to 1.5%)
- A *larger* percentage of people born in China (4.6% compared to 1.3%)
- A *larger* percentage of people born in India (5.4% compared to 2.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people born in United Kingdom (8.1% compared to 10.4%)

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people born overseas increased by 2563 or 14.4%.

The largest changes in birthplace countries of the population in this area between 2011 and 2016 were for those born in:

- China (+841 persons)
- India (+724 persons)
- Malaysia (+404 persons)
- United Kingdom (-382 persons)

Overseas arrivals

The Year of Arrival data records when the overseas born population arrived in Australia. The data shows the degree to which areas are 'ports' for new overseas arrivals and reveals the role of Riverton (2021) in housing the overseas-born. The number of recent overseas arrivals in an area is often determined by housing affordability, employment opportunities and pre-existing communities located in the area.

Riverton (2021)'s Year of Arrival data, when used with Birthplace, Religion and Language Spoken at Home data, is a good indicator of the likely need for services in migrant communities.

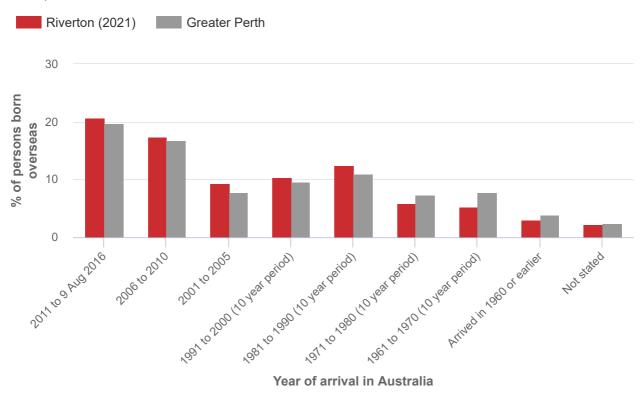
Overseas arrivals

Riverton (2021) - Overseas born (Usual residence)		2016	
Year of arrival in Australia	Number	%	Greater Perth %
2011 to 9 Aug 2016	4,893	24.0	22.8
2006 to 2010	4,093	20.1	19.4
2001 to 2005	2,188	10.7	9.1
1991 to 2000 (10 year period)	2,457	12.0	11.0
1981 to 1990 (10 year period)	2,953	14.5	12.7
1971 to 1980 (10 year period)	1,366	6.7	8.5
1961 to 1970 (10 year period)	1,230	6.0	9.0
Arrived in 1960 or earlier	712	3.5	4.5
Not stated	514	2.5	2.9
Total	20,406	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts. Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Overseas arrivals, 2016

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the year of arrival for the overseas born population of Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of people who arrived before 2001, and a larger proportion of recent overseas arrivals (those who arrived between 2011 to 9 Aug 2016).

Overall, 42.7% of the overseas born population arrived before 2001, and 24% arrived during or after 2011, compared with 45.8% and 22.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences in year of arrival data in the population between Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth are:

- A larger percentage of arrivals between 1981 and 1990 (14.5% compared to 12.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of arrivals between 2001 and 2005 (10.7% compared to 9.1%)
- A smaller percentage of arrivals between 1961 and 1970 (6.0% compared to 9.0%)
- A smaller percentage of arrivals between 1971 and 1980 (6.7% compared to 8.5%)

Proficiency in English

Proficiency in English measures the self-assessed proficiency in spoken English of people who speak a language other than English at home. The data, when viewed with other ethnic and cultural indicators, such as Ancestry, Country of Birth, Language Spoken at Home and Religion, reflects Riverton (2021)'s ethnic composition and how long the overseas born have been in Australia. This helps service providers determine whether they need to communicate with the local population in languages other than English.

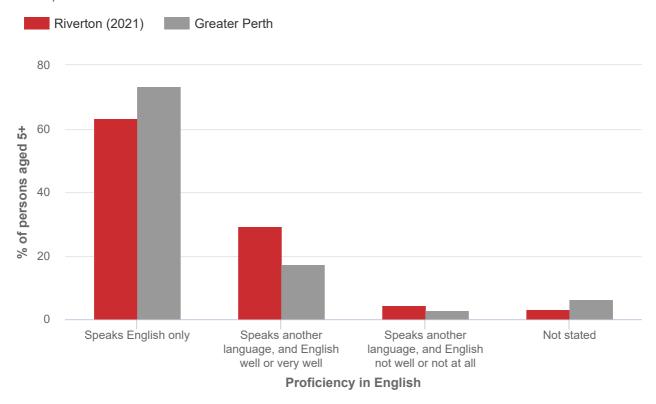
Proficiency in English

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016			2011			Change
English proficiency	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Speaks English only	27,543	63.4	73.5	29,881	70.9	77.8	-2,338
Speaks another language, and English well or very well	12,680	29.2	17.3	9,759	23.1	14.3	+2,921
Speaks another language, and English not well or not at all	1,881	4.3	2.9	1,205	2.9	2.4	+676
Not stated	1,333	3.1	6.3	1,315	3.1	5.4	+18
Total population	43,437	100.0	100.0	42,160	100.0	100.0	+1,277

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.d., the population experts.

Proficiency in English, 2016

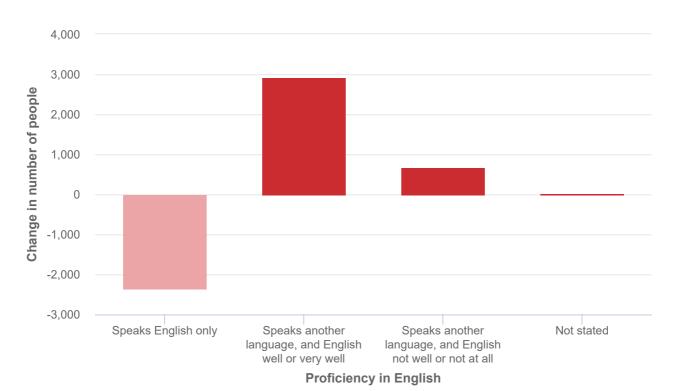
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in Proficiency in English, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the proficiency in English data of the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of people who spoke English only, and a higher proportion of people who spoke another language and English not well or not at all.

Overall, 63.4% of people spoke English only, and 4.3% spoke another language and English not well or not at all, compared with 73.5% and 2.9% respectively for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The most significant changes in the proficiency in English of the population in this area between 2011 and 2016 were in those speaking:

- Speaks another language, and English well or very well (+2,921 persons)
- Speaks English only (-2,338 persons)
- Speaks another language, and English not well or not at all (+676 persons)

Language spoken at home

Riverton (2021)'s language statistics show the proportion of the population who speak a language at home other than English. They indicate how culturally diverse a population is and the degree to which different ethnic groups and nationalities are retaining their language.

Riverton (2021)'s language statistics should be analysed in conjunction with Country of Birth and Proficiency in English to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups in the area and the services required by the multicultural community.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual language groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Language spoken at home - Summary

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Language summary	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Speaks English only	27,543	63.4	73.5	29,865	70.9	77.8	-2,322
Non-English total	14,530	33.5	20.1	10,990	26.1	16.6	+3,540
Not stated	1,362	3.1	6.4	1,292	3.1	5.5	+70
Total Population	43,435	100.0	100.0	42,147	100.0	100.0	+1,288

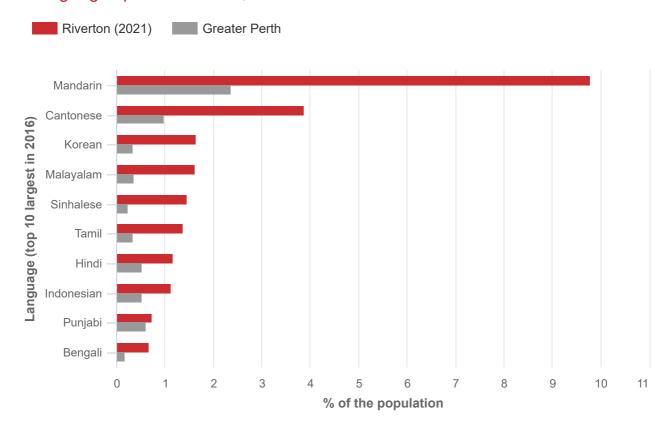
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Language spoken at home - Ranked by size

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Language (excludes English)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Mandarin	4,244	9.8	2.3	2,746	6.5	1.5	+1,498
Cantonese	1,676	3.9	1.0	1,533	3.6	1.0	+143
Korean	710	1.6	0.3	431	1.0	0.2	+279
Malayalam	698	1.6	0.4	353	0.8	0.2	+345
Sinhalese	627	1.4	0.2	500	1.2	0.2	+127
Tamil	596	1.4	0.3	482	1.1	0.2	+114
Hindi	503	1.2	0.5	309	0.7	0.3	+194
Indonesian	487	1.1	0.5	448	1.1	0.5	+39
Punjabi	311	0.7	0.6	292	0.7	0.3	+19
Bengali	290	0.7	0.2	197	0.5	0.1	+93

Excludes languages spoken at home by fewer than 10 people.

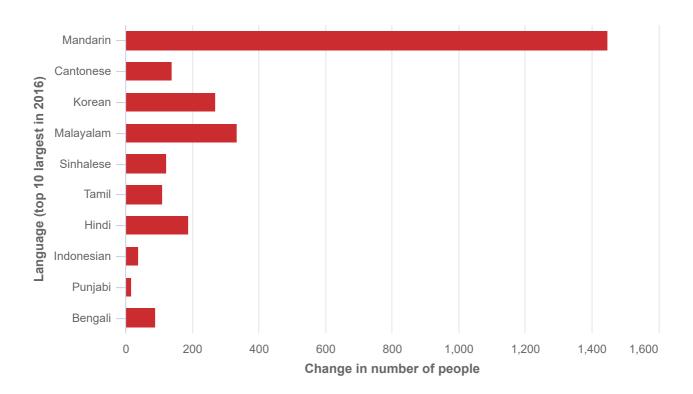
Language spoken at home, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in language spoken at home, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the language spoken at home by the population of Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of people who spoke English only, and a larger proportion of those speaking a non-English language (either exclusively, or in addition to English).

Overall, 63.4% of the population spoke English only, and 33.5% spoke a non-English language, compared with 73.5% and 20.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The dominant language spoken at home, other than English, in Riverton (2021) was Mandarin, with 9.8% of the population, or 4,244 people speaking this language at home.

The major differences between the languages spoken at home for the population of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth in 2016 were:

- A *larger* percentage speaking Mandarin at home (9.8% compared to 2.3%)
- A *larger* percentage speaking Cantonese at home (3.9% compared to 1.0%)
- A *larger* percentage speaking Korean at home (1.6% compared to 0.3%)
- A *larger* percentage speaking Malayalam at home (1.6% compared to 0.4%)

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people who spoke a language other than English at home increased by 3,540 or 32.2%, and the number of people who spoke English only decreased by 2,322 or 7.8%.

The largest changes in the spoken languages of the population in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were for those speaking:

- Mandarin (+1,498 persons)
- Malayalam (+345 persons)
- Korean (+279 persons)
- Hindi (+194 persons)

Religion

Riverton (2021)'s religion statistics provide an indicator of cultural identity and ethnicity when observed in conjunction with other key variables. Religion data reveal the major concentrations of religions as well as revealing the proportion of people with no religious affiliation. There are a number of reasons for different religious compositions across areas including the country of birth and ethnic background of the population, the age of the population (belief in religion is generally stronger, the older the population) and changes in values and belief systems.

Riverton (2021)'s religion statistics should be analysed in conjunction with other ethnicity statistics such as **Country** of Birth data and Language Spoken data to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual religion groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Religion - Summary

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2011				Change		
Religion totals	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2011
Non Christian total	5,204	12.3	6.9	5,204	12.3	6.9	0
Non-classifiable religious belief	277	0.7	0.9	277	0.7	0.9	0
No religion	9,433	22.4	25.1	9,433	22.4	25.1	0
Not stated	2,665	6.3	8.8	2,665	6.3	8.8	0
Christian total	24,588	58.3	58.4	24,588	58.3	58.4	0
Total Population	42,167	100.0	100.0	42,167	100.0	100.0	0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2011. Compiled and presented by i.d., the population experts.

Religion - Ranked by size

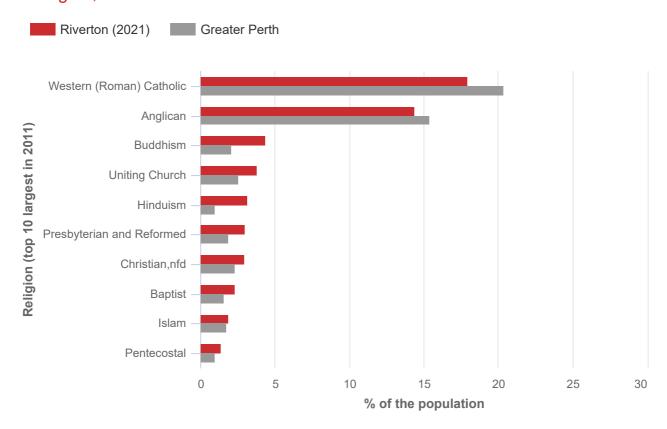
Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2011			2011		Change
Religion	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2011
Western (Roman) Catholic	9,021	21.4	24.4	9,021	21.4	24.4	0
Anglican	7,220	17.1	18.5	7,220	17.1	18.5	0
Buddhism	2,195	5.2	2.5	2,195	5.2	2.5	0
Uniting Church	1,905	4.5	3.0	1,905	4.5	3.0	0
Hinduism	1,579	3.7	1.1	1,579	3.7	1.1	0
Presbyterian and Reformed	1,507	3.6	2.2	1,507	3.6	2.2	0
Christian,nfd	1,472	3.5	2.8	1,472	3.5	2.8	0
Baptist	1,172	2.8	1.9	1,172	2.8	1.9	0
Islam	932	2.2	2.1	932	2.2	2.1	0
Pentecostal	685	1.6	1.2	685	1.6	1.2	0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2011. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Excludes religions with fewer than 10 adherents.

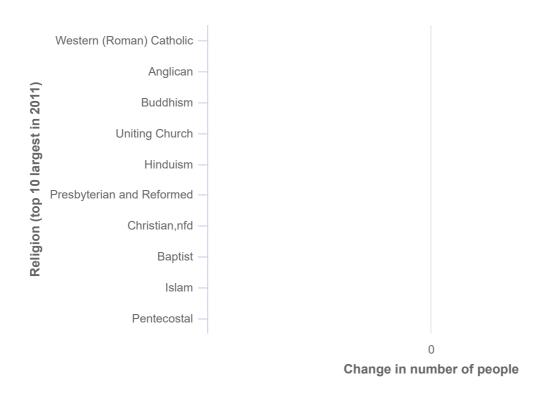
Religion, 2011



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in religion, 2011 to 2011

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2011 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Analysis of the religious affiliation of the population of Riverton (2021) in 2011 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who professed a religion and a lower proportion who stated they had no religion.

Overall, 70.7% of the population nominated a religion, and 22.4% said they had no religion, compared with 65.2% and 25.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The largest single religion in Riverton (2021) was Western (Roman) Catholic, with 21.4% of the population or 9,021 people as adherents.

The major differences between the religious affiliation for the population of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage who nominated Buddhism (5.2% compared to 2.5%)
- A *larger* percentage who nominated Hinduism (3.7% compared to 1.1%)
- A *larger* percentage who nominated Uniting Church (4.5% compared to 3.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage who nominated Western (Roman) Catholic (21.4% compared to 24.4%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2011.

Qualifications

Educational Qualifications relate to education outside of primary and secondary school and are one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Employment Status, Income and Occupation, Riverton (2021)'s Educational Qualifications help to evaluate the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the area and identify skill gaps in the labour market.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest qualification achieved

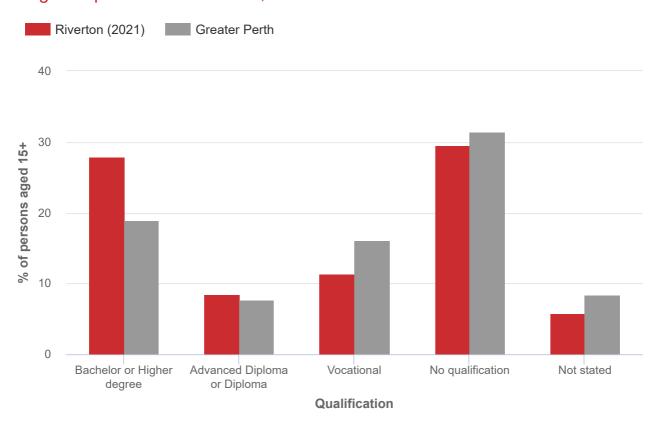
Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Qualification level	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Bachelor or Higher degree	11,837	33.7	22.9	10,328	29.6	19.6	+1,509
Advanced Diploma or Diploma	3,563	10.1	9.3	3,600	10.3	8.6	-37
Vocational	4,800	13.6	19.4	4,696	13.4	18.6	+104
No qualification	12,532	35.6	38.1	13,494	38.6	42.3	-962
Not stated	2,440	6.9	10.2	2,816	8.1	10.9	-376
Total persons aged 15+	35,172	100.0	100.0	34,934	100.0	100.0	+238

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- People with university qualifications
- People with trade qualifications (Certificate)

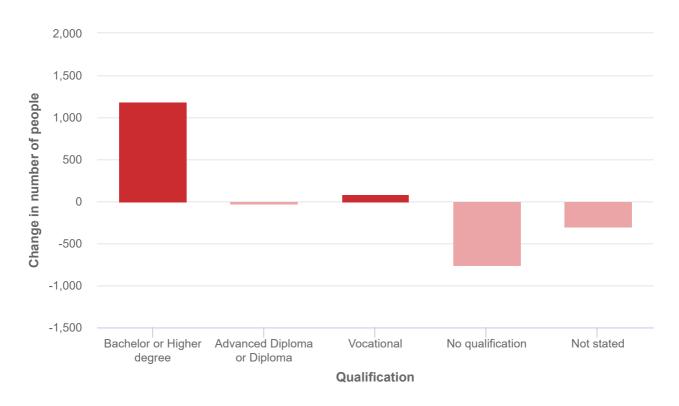
Highest qualification achieved, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in highest qualification achieved, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Analysis of the qualifications of the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people holding formal qualifications (Bachelor or higher degree; Advanced Diploma; or Vocational qualifications), and a lower proportion of people with no formal qualifications.

Overall, 57.4% of the population aged 15 and over held educational qualifications, and 35.6% had no qualifications, compared with 51.7% and 38.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between qualifications held by the population of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons with Bachelor or Higher degrees (33.7% compared to 22.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons with Vocational qualifications (13.6% compared to 19.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons with No qualifications (35.6% compared to 38.1%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the qualifications of the population in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were in those with:

- Bachelor or Higher degrees (+1,509 persons)
- No qualifications (-962 persons)
- Vocational qualifications (+104 persons)

Highest level of schooling

Riverton (2021)'s school completion data is a useful indicator of socio-economic status. With other indicators, such as **Proficiency in English**, the data informs planners and decision-makers about people's ability to access services. Combined with **Educational Qualifications** it also allows assessment of the skill base of the population.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest level of secondary schooling completed

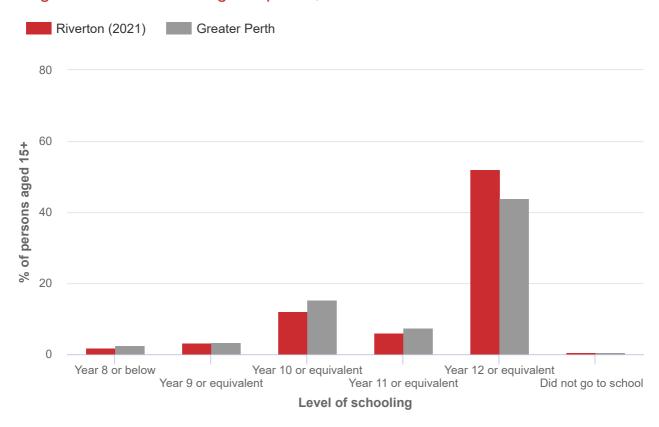
Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Level of schooling	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Year 8 or below	829	2.4	3.1	932	2.7	3.7	-103
Year 9 or equivalent	1,393	4.0	4.2	1,290	3.7	4.4	+103
Year 10 or equivalent	5,371	15.3	19.1	6,146	17.7	21.2	-775
Year 11 or equivalent	2,663	7.6	9.4	2,942	8.5	10.3	-279
Year 12 or equivalent	22,979	65.3	55.3	21,594	62.1	51.2	+1,385
Did not go to school	172	0.5	0.7	101	0.3	0.6	+71
Not stated	1,776	5.0	8.4	1,787	5.1	8.6	-11
Total persons aged 15+	35,183	100.0	100.0	34,792	100.0	100.0	+391

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.d., the population experts

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People with below Year 11 schooling

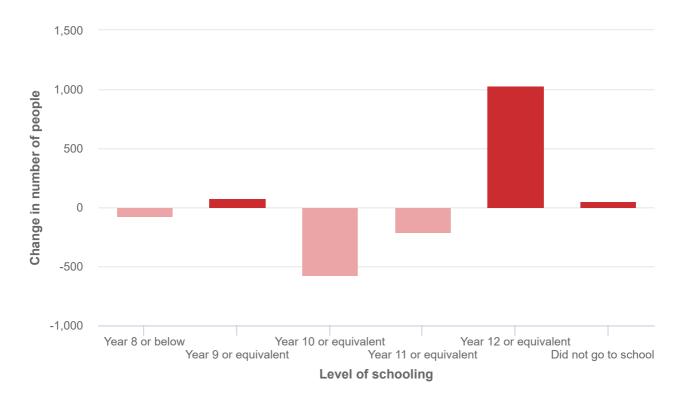
Highest level of schooling completed, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in highest level of schooling completed, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Analysis of the highest level of schooling attained by the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of people who had left school at an early level (Year 10 or less) and a higher proportion of people who completed Year 12 or equivalent.

Overall, 22.1% of the population left school at Year 10 or below, and 65.3% went on to complete Year 12 or equivalent, compared with 27.0% and 55.3% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the level of schooling attained by the population in Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who completed year 12 or equivalent (65.3% compared to 55.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 10 or equivalent (15.3% compared to 19.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 11 or equivalent (7.6% compared to 9.4%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the level of schooling attained by the population in Riverton (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Year 12 or equivalent (+1,385 persons)
- Year 10 or equivalent (-775 persons)
- Year 11 or equivalent (-279 persons)
- Year 8 or below (-103 persons)

Education institution attending

The share of Riverton (2021)'s population attending educational institutions reflects the age structure of the population, as it is influenced by the number of children attending school; proximity to tertiary education, which can mean young adults leaving home to be nearer to educational facilities and; the degree to which people are seeking out educational opportunities in adulthood, especially in their late teens and early twenties.

This data is often combined with Age Structure to identify areas with significant university student populations.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

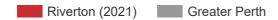
Education institution attending

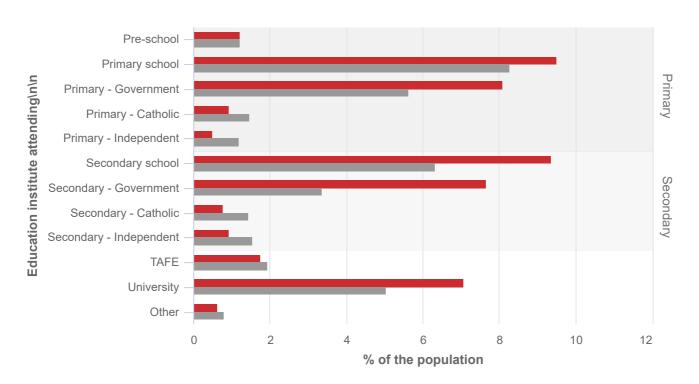
Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Type of institution	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Pre-school	1,047	1.2	1.2	484	1.1	1.4	+563
Primary school	8,277	9.7	8.4	3,649	8.7	8.2	+4,628
Primary - Government	7,032	8.2	5.7	2,988	7.1	5.5	+4,044
Primary - Catholic	814	1.0	1.5	440	1.0	1.5	+374
Primary - Independent	431	0.5	1.2	221	0.5	1.2	+210
Secondary school	8,132	9.5	6.5	3,176	7.5	5.7	+4,956
Secondary - Government	6,669	7.8	3.4	2,267	5.4	2.8	+4,402
Secondary - Catholic	667	0.8	1.5	432	1.0	1.5	+235
Secondary - Independent	796	0.9	1.6	477	1.1	1.5	+319
TAFE	1,512	1.8	2.0	848	2.0	2.2	+664
University	6,145	7.2	5.1	3,203	7.6	4.9	+2,942
Other	528	0.6	0.8	236	0.6	0.7	+292
Not attending	57,254	67.1	68.9	28,673	68.0	69.5	+28,581
Not stated	2,418	2.8	7.1	1,889	4.5	7.4	+529
Total	85,313	100.0	100.0	42,158	100.0	100.0	+43,155

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Education institution attending, 2016

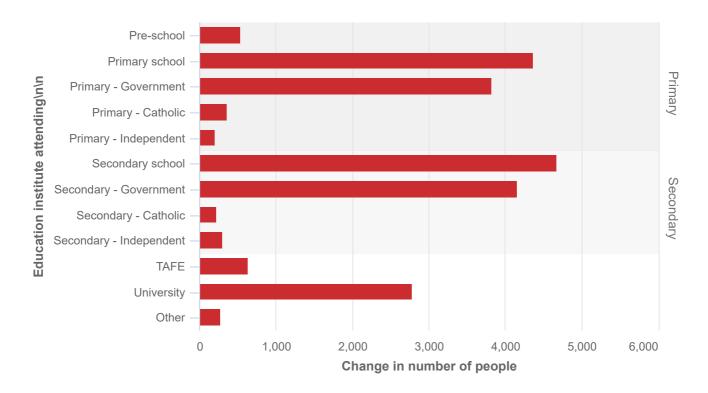




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in education institution attending, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Analysis of the share of the population attending educational institutions in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion attending primary school, a higher proportion attending secondary school, and a higher proportion engaged in tertiary level education.

Overall, 9.7% of the population were attending primary school, 9.5% of the population were attending secondary institutions, and 9.0% were learning at a tertiary level, compared with 8.4%, 6.5% and 7.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the share of the population attending learning institutions in Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons attending a Catholic secondary school (7.8% compared to 3.4%)
- A larger percentage of persons attending a Government secondary school (9.5% compared to 6.5%)
- A larger percentage of persons attending a Catholic primary school (8.2% compared to 5.7%)
- A larger percentage of persons attending University (7.2% compared to 5.1%)

Emerging groups

From 2011 to 2016, Riverton (2021)'s population increased by 43,155 people (+102.4%). This represents an average annual change of 15.14% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the number of persons attending education institutions in Riverton (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were in those who nominated:

- Secondary school (+4,956 persons)
- Primary school (+4,628 persons)
- Secondary Government (+4,402 persons)
- Primary Government (+4,044 persons)

Need for assistance

Riverton (2021)'s disability statistics relate directly to need for assistance due to a severe or profound disability. The information may be used in the planning of local facilities, services such as day-care and occasional care and in the provision of information and support to carers. Riverton (2021)'s disability statistics help in understanding the prevalence of people who need support in the community, and along with information on **Unpaid Care** to a person with a disability, how that support is provided.

Please note: A person's reported need for assistance is based on a subjective assessment and should therefore be treated with caution. See the specific data notes for further detail.

Due to changes in ABS rules concerning perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual age groups with a need for assistance in 2016 may not add up to the table total. The table total is independently calculated and will be closer to the true population requiring assistance. Due to ABS adjustments of small numbers, no reliability can be placed on small data cells in 2016. For more information please see the data notes on Data Confidentiality.

Need for assistance with core activities by age

Riverton (2021) - Persons (Usual residence)	2016				2011		Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	% of total age group	Greater Perth %	Number	% of total age group	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
0 to 4	20	1.0	1.0	15	0.8	0.9	+5
5 to 9	53	1.8	2.6	39	1.7	2.2	+14
10 to 19	101	1.5	2.4	75	1.1	1.7	+26
20 to 59	263	1.2	1.8	232	1.0	1.6	+31
60 to 64	95	3.5	4.8	104	3.7	4.7	-9
65 to 69	122	4.9	6.1	72	3.8	5.8	+50
70 to 74	118	6.8	8.7	86	6.5	8.5	+32
75 to 79	137	11.2	14.1	136	13.4	14.1	+1
80 to 84	207	24.0	23.7	229	26.8	24.4	-22
85 and over	477	44.5	43.0	454	51.6	45.3	+23
Total persons needing assistance	1,597	3.7	3.9	1,442	3.4	3.6	+155

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

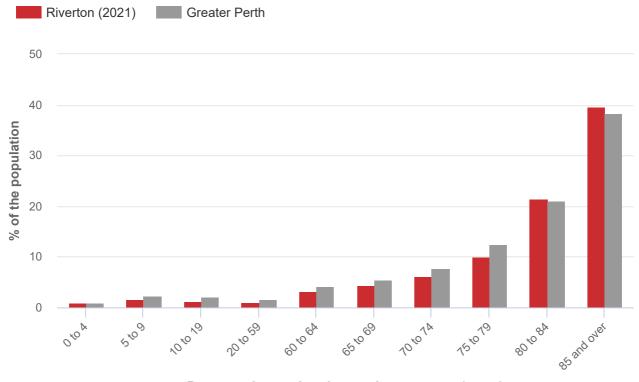
Need for assistance with core activities summary

Riverton (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total persons needing assistance	1,597	3.7	3.9	1,442	3.4	3.6	+155
Total persons not needing assistance	40,271	92.7	89.1	39,330	93.3	90.4	+941
Not stated	1,563	3.6	7.0	1,399	3.3	6.1	+164
Total Population	43,431	100.0	100.0	42,171	100.0	100.0	+1,260

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.i.d., the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Need for assistance with core activities, 2016

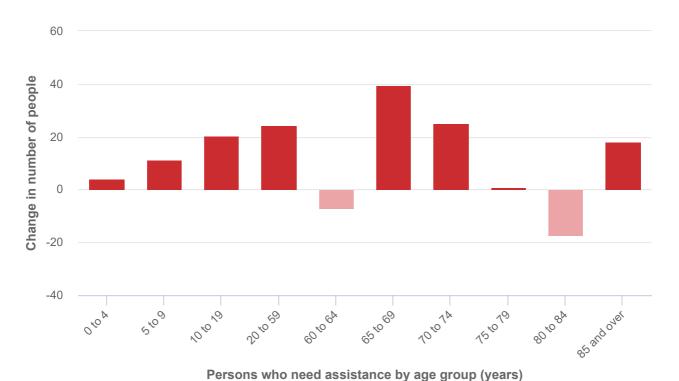


Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in need for assistance with core activities, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the need for assistance of people in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion of people who reported needing assistance with core activities.

Overall, 3.6771% of the population reported needing assistance with core activities, compared with 3.8757% for Greater Perth.

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance in Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 85 and over (44.5% compared to 43.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (11.2% compared to 14.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 70 to 74 (6.8% compared to 8.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 60 to 64 (3.5% compared to 4.8%)

Emerging groups

The major difference in the age groups reporting a need for assistance between 2011 and 2016 in Riverton (2021) was in the age group:

• 65 to 69 (+50 persons)

Employment status

Riverton (2021)'s employment statistics are an important indicator of socio-economic status. The levels of full or part-time employment, unemployment and labour force participation indicate the strength of the local economy and social characteristics of the population. Employment status is linked to a number of factors including Age Structure, which influences the number of people in the workforce; the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area and; the education and skill base of the population (Occupations, Industries, Qualifications).

The two most important measures are:

- Unemployment rate the number of people looking for work, as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed over 15)
- Participation rate the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population over 15

Employment status

Riverton (2021) - Persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Employment status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Employed	19,839	91.4	91.9	21,668	96.2	95.2	-1,829
Employed full-time	11,405	52.5	56.4	13,068	58.0	60.2	-1,663
Employed part-time	8,193	37.7	33.9	8,262	36.7	33.1	-69
Hours worked not stated	241	1.1	1.5	338	1.5	1.9	-97
Unemployed (Unemployment rate)	1,868	8.6	8.1	866	3.8	4.8	+1,002
Looking for full-time work	922	4.2	4.8	309	1.4	2.7	+613
Looking for part-time work	946	4.4	3.3	557	2.5	2.0	+389
Total labour force	21,707	100.0	100.0	22,534	100.0	100.0	-827

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Labour force status

Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Labour force status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total labour force (Participation rate)	21,707	61.7	63.7	22,534	64.9	64.5	-827
Not in the labour force	12,364	35.1	29.8	11,147	32.1	29.6	+1,217
Labour force status not stated	1,109	3.2	6.5	1,054	3.0	5.9	+55
Total persons aged 15+	35,181	100.0	100.0	34,735	100.0	100.0	+446

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

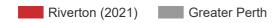
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

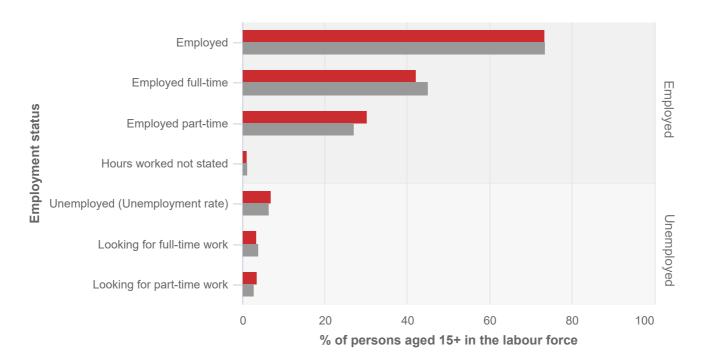
- Youth unemployment rate (persons aged 15-24)
- a Seniors unemployment rate (persons aged 55 or more)
- <u>Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)</u>
- People employed part-time

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

Employment status, 2016

Total persons in the labour force

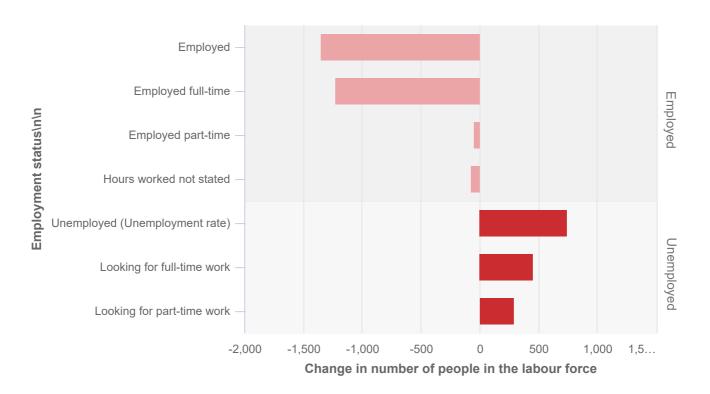




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in employment status, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

The size of Riverton (2021)'s labour force in 2016 was 21,707, of which 8,193 were employed part-time and 11,405 were full time workers.

Analysis of the employment status (as a percentage of the labour force) in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion in employment, as well as a similar proportion unemployed. Overall, 91.4% of the labour force was employed (0.0% of the population aged 15+), and 8.6% unemployed (0.0% of the population aged 15+), compared with 91.9% and 8.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The labour force participation rate refers to the proportion of the population aged 15 years and over that was employed or actively looking for work. "The labour force is a fundamental input to domestic production. Its size and composition are therefore crucial factors in economic growth. From the viewpoint of social development, earnings from paid work are a major influence on levels of economic well-being." (Australian Social Trends 1995).

Analysis of the labour force participation rate of the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 shows that there was a lower proportion in the labour force (61.7%) compared with Greater Perth (63.7%).

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people employed in Riverton (2021) showed a decrease of 1,829, and the number unemployed showed an increase of 1,002. In the same period, the number of people in the labour force showed a decrease of 827 or 3.7%.

Industry sector of employment

Riverton (2021)'s industry statistics identify the industry sectors in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the skill base and socio-economic status of the residents as well as the industries and employment opportunities present in the region.

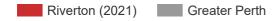
When viewed in conjunction with Residents Place of Work data and Method of Travel to Work, industry sector statistics provide insights into the relationship between the economic and residential role of the area.

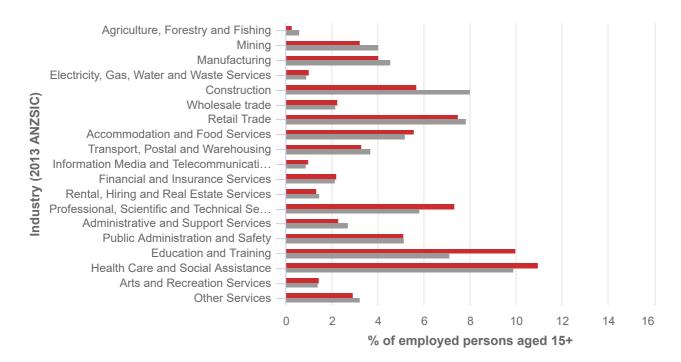
Industry sector of employment

Riverton (2021) - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Industry sector	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	67	0.3	0.8	22	0.1	0.6	+45
Mining	793	4.0	5.0	960	4.4	4.8	-167
Manufacturing	988	5.0	5.7	1,611	7.5	8.5	-623
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	246	1.2	1.1	253	1.2	1.1	-7
Construction	1,399	7.1	9.9	1,479	6.8	10.0	-80
Wholesale trade	553	2.8	2.7	896	4.1	3.9	-343
Retail Trade	1,840	9.3	9.8	2,166	10.0	10.4	-326
Accommodation and Food Services	1,374	6.9	6.5	1,217	5.6	5.8	+157
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	814	4.1	4.6	877	4.1	4.4	-63
Information Media and Telecommunications	244	1.2	1.1	255	1.2	1.2	-11
Financial and Insurance Services	541	2.7	2.7	681	3.2	2.9	-140
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	331	1.7	1.8	406	1.9	1.8	-75
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	1,801	9.1	7.2	2,260	10.5	8.3	-459
Administrative and Support Services	561	2.8	3.3	556	2.6	3.2	+5
Public Administration and Safety	1,256	6.3	6.4	1,454	6.7	6.4	-198
Education and Training	2,450	12.3	8.8	2,483	11.5	8.1	-33
Health Care and Social Assistance	2,687	13.5	12.3	2,518	11.7	10.9	+169
Arts and Recreation Services	351	1.8	1.7	372	1.7	1.5	-21
Other Services	714	3.6	4.0	750	3.5	3.9	-36
Inadequately described or not stated	816	4.1	4.7	397	1.8	2.2	+419
Total employed persons aged 15+	19,839	100.0	100.0	21,613	100.0	100.0	-1,774

Industry sector of employment, 2016

Total employed persons

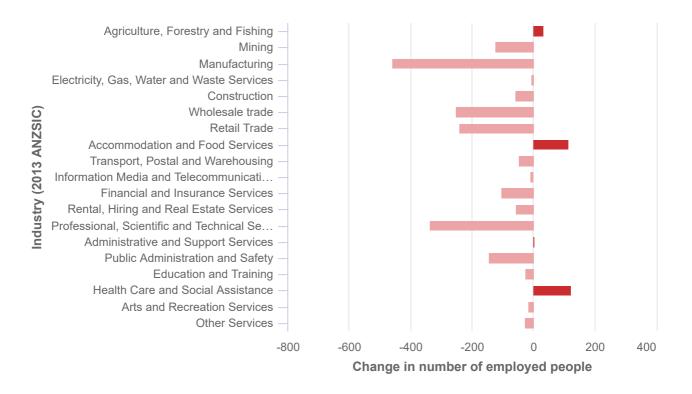




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in industry sector of employment, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 shows the three most popular industry sectors were:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (2,687 people or 13.5%)
- Education and Training (2,450 people or 12.3%)
- Retail Trade (1,840 people or 9.3%)

In combination, these three industries employed 6,977 people in total or 35.2% of the total employed resident population.

In comparison, Greater Perth employed 12.3% in Health Care and Social Assistance; 8.8% in Education and Training; and 9.8% in Retail Trade.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in education and training (12.3% compared to 8.8%)
- A larger percentage of persons employed in professional, scientific and technical services (9.1% compared to 7.2%)
- A larger percentage of persons employed in health care and social assistance (13.5% compared to 12.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in construction (7.1% compared to 9.9%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Riverton (2021) decreased by 1,774 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the jobs held by the resident population between 2011 and 2016 in Riverton (2021) were for those employed in:

- Manufacturing (-623 persons)
- Professional, Scientific and Technical Services (-459 persons)
- Wholesale trade (-343 persons)
- Retail Trade (-326 persons)

Occupation of employment

Riverton (2021)'s occupation statistics quantify the occupations in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area, education levels, and the working and social aspirations of the population. When viewed with other indicators, such as Educational Qualifications and Individual Income, Occupation is a key measure for evaluating Riverton (2021)'s socio-economic status and skill base.

Occupation of employment

Riverton (2021) - Employed persons (Usual residence)	2016				2011		Change
Occupation	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Managers	2,444	12.3	11.5	2,747	12.7	11.4	-303
Professionals	6,163	31.1	22.2	6,318	29.3	21.7	-155
Technicians and Trades Workers	2,367	11.9	15.6	2,619	12.2	16.1	-252
Community and Personal Service Workers	1,897	9.6	10.8	1,887	8.8	9.7	+10
Clerical and Administrative Workers	2,733	13.8	13.6	3,466	16.1	15.3	-733
Sales Workers	1,668	8.4	9.2	1,940	9.0	9.0	-272
Machinery Operators And Drivers	844	4.3	6.5	896	4.2	6.6	-52
Labourers	1,454	7.3	9.0	1,437	6.7	8.8	+17
Not stated or inadequately described	260	1.3	1.6	243	1.1	1.4	+17
Total employed persons aged 15+	19,839	100.0	100.0	21,553	100.0	100.0	-1,714

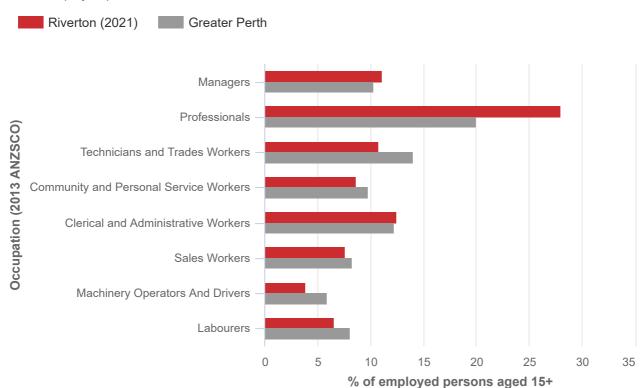
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People employed as Managers or Professionals

Occupation of employment, 2016

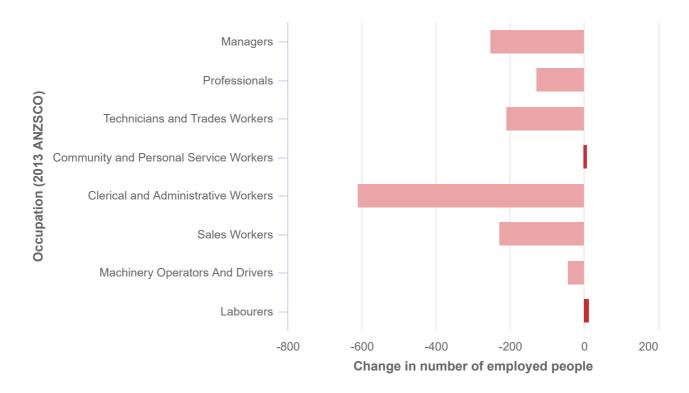
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in occupation of employment, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 shows the three most popular occupations were:

- Professionals (6,163 people or 31.1%)
- Clerical and Administrative Workers (2,733 people or 13.8%)
- Managers (2,444 people or 12.3%)

In combination these three occupations accounted for 11,340 people in total or 57.2% of the employed resident population.

In comparison, Greater Perth employed 22.2% in Professionals; 13.6% in Clerical and Administrative Workers; and 11.5% in Managers.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of persons employed as Professionals (31.1% compared to 22.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Technicians and Trades Workers (11.9% compared to 15.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Machinery Operators And Drivers (4.3% compared to 6.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Labourers (7.3% compared to 9.0%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Riverton (2021) decreased by 1,714 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the occupations of residents between 2011 and 2016 in Riverton (2021) were for those employed as:

- Clerical and Administrative Workers (-733 persons)
- Managers (-303 persons)
- Sales Workers (-272 persons)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (-252 persons)

Method of travel to work

Riverton (2021)'s commuting statistics reveal the main modes of transport by which residents get to work. There are a number of reasons why people use different modes of transport to get to work including the availability of affordable and effective public transport options, the number of motor vehicles available within a household, and the distance travelled to work.

Commuting data is very useful in transport planning as it informs decision-makers about the availability, effectiveness and utilisation of local transport options, particularly when analysed with Residents Place of Work data and Car Ownership.

Method of travel to work

Riverton (2021) - Employed persons (Usual residence)	2016				2011		Change
Main method of travel	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Train	1,966	9.9	6.1	2,232	10.4	6.5	-266
Bus	496	2.5	4.1	475	2.2	4.0	+21
Tram or Ferry	0		0.0	4	0.0	0.0	-4
Taxi	18	0.1	0.2	0		0.2	+18
Car - as driver	12,836	64.7	64.1	13,439	62.5	61.5	-603
Car - as passenger	882	4.4	4.6	1,004	4.7	5.4	-122
Truck	72	0.4	0.7	63	0.3	0.9	+9
Motorbike	80	0.4	0.5	65	0.3	0.6	+15
Bicycle	269	1.4	1.0	301	1.4	1.1	-32
Walked only	262	1.3	2.1	260	1.2	2.3	+2
Other	0		1.9	310	1.4	1.8	-310
Worked at home	852	4.3	3.9	772	3.6	3.4	+80
Did not go to work	1,968	9.9	9.9	2,310	10.7	11.0	-342
Not stated	124	0.6	1.0	254	1.2	1.3	-130
Total employed persons aged 15+	19,825	100.0	100.0	21,489	100.0	100.0	-1,664

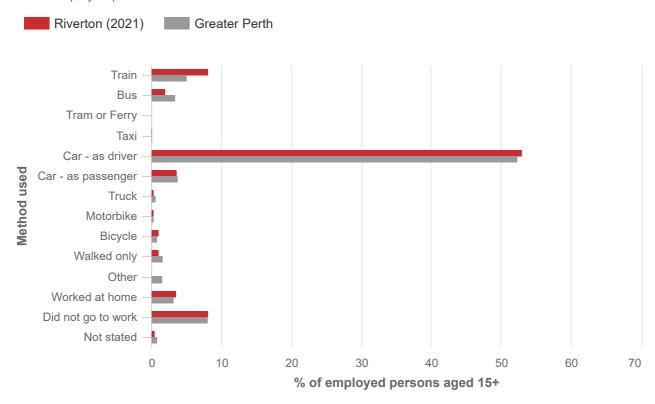
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- People who travelled to work by car
- People who travelled to work on public transport

Method of travel to work, 2016

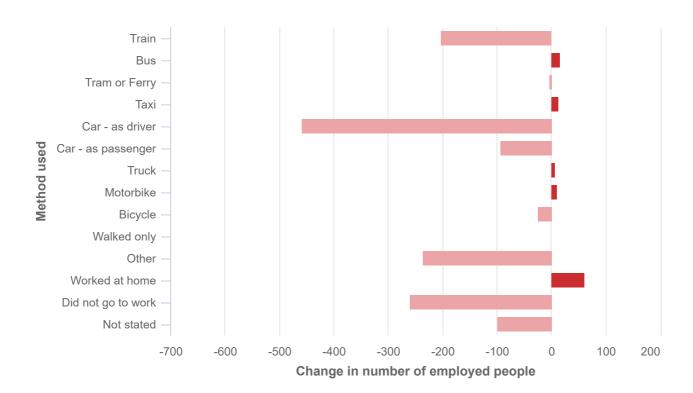
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in method of travel to work, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

In 2016, there were 2,462 people who caught public transport to work (train, bus, tram or ferry) in Riverton (2021), compared with 13,870 who drove in private vehicles (car – as driver, car – as passenger, motorbike, or truck).

Analysis of the method of travel to work of the residents in Riverton (2021) in 2016, compared to Greater Perth, shows that 12.4% used public transport, while 70.0% used a private vehicle, compared with 10.3% and 69.9% respectively in Greater Perth.

The major differences in persons between the method of travel to work of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who travelled by train (9.9% compared to 6.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by an 'other' method (0.0% compared to 1.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by bus (2.5% compared to 4.1%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Riverton (2021) decreased by 1,664 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the method of travel to work by resident population in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were for those nominated:

- Car as driver (-603 persons)
- Did not go to work (-342 persons)
- Other (-310 persons)
- Train (-266 persons)

Riverton (2021) Disengagement by age

Engagement in employment and education looks at the level of participation by age and sex of the population in the labour market, or full or part-time education. A full time employed or full-time student would be "Fully engaged", while part-time students may be fully engaged if they are also employed, or partly engaged if they are not working. Engagement in the labour and education market is highly dependent on age. Retirees are generally disengaged, while stay-at-home parents are also likely to be disengaged. The rate of engagement, particularly in the younger and working age groups can be affected by access to strong employment and education markets and is a measure of socioeconomic status and the level of welfare dependency in an area. For more detail on employment and educational characteristics associated with disengagement, please look at Employment Status, Qualifications and Educational Educational Institution Attending.

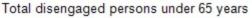
Workforce and educational engagement by age

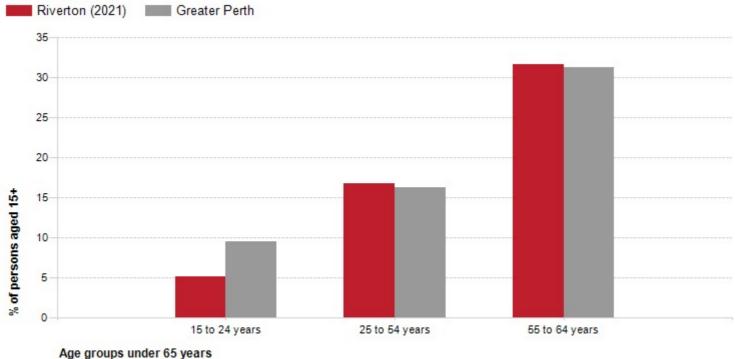
Riverton (2021) - Perresidence)	ersons aged 15+ (Usual		2016			2011		Change
Age group	Engagement status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
15 to 24 years	Fully engaged	5,350	84.3	72.8	5,954	86.4	74.5	-604
15 to 24 years	Partially engaged	564	8.9	12.0	530	7.7	11.0	+34
15 to 24 years	Disengaged	322	5.1	9.4	271	3.9	8.4	+51
15 to 24 years	Undetermined/Not stated	109	1.7	5.7	138	2.0	6.0	-29
15 to 24 years	Total	6,345	100.0	100.0	6,893	100.0	100.0	-548
25 to 54 years	Fully engaged	8,886	55.6	54.8	9,460	59.5	56.6	-574
25 to 54 years	Partially engaged	3,933	24.6	22.1	3,824	24.1	22.4	+109
25 to 54 years	Disengaged	2,676	16.7	16.2	2,191	13.8	14.8	+485
25 to 54 years	Undetermined/Not stated	483	3.0	6.9	419	2.6	6.1	+64
25 to 54 years	Total	15,978	100.0	100.0	15,894	100.0	100.0	+84
55 to 64 years	Fully engaged	2,182	39.9	38.3	2,443	42.0	39.3	-261
55 to 64 years	Partially engaged	1,390	25.4	24.1	1,566	26.9	24.2	-176
55 to 64 years	Disengaged	1,732	31.7	31.3	1,637	28.2	31.0	+95
55 to 64 years	Undetermined/Not stated	160	2.9	6.3	166	2.9	5.5	-6
55 to 64 years	Total	5,464	100.0	100.0	5,812	100.0	100.0	-348
65 years and over	Fully engaged	395	5.4	5.3	330	5.6	4.7	+65
65 years and over	Partially engaged	677	9.2	8.4	461	7.8	7.5	+216
65 years and over	Disengaged	5,847	79.2	75.7	4,597	78.3	76.6	+1,250
65 years and over	Undetermined/Not stated	463	6.3	10.7	485	8.3	11.2	-22
65 years and over	Total	7,382	100.0	100.0	5,873	100.0	100.0	+1,509
Total aged 15+	Fully engaged	16,813	47.8	47.0	18,187	52.8	49.4	-1,374
Total aged 15+	Partially engaged	6,564	18.7	18.4	6,381	18.5	18.3	+183
Total aged 15+	Disengaged	10,577	30.1	27.3	8,696	25.2	25.5	+1,881
Total aged 15+	Undetermined/Not stated	1,215	3.5	7.3	1,208	3.5	6.8	+7
Total aged 15+	Total	35,169	100.0	100.0	34,472	100.0	100.0	+697

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

a Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)

Disengaged persons by age, 2016



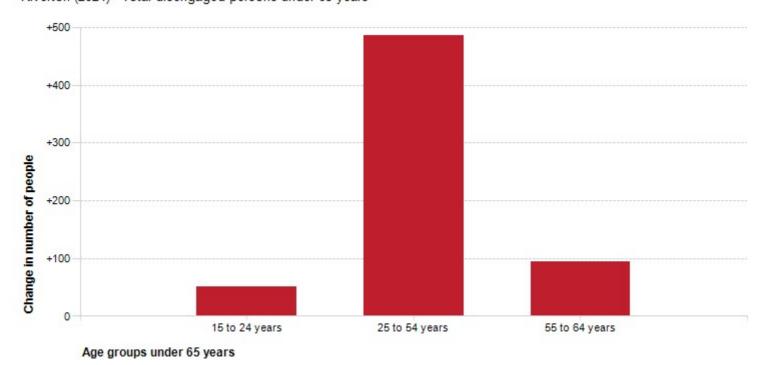


Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in disengaged persons by age, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Emerging groups

The number of people aged 15 to 24 years in Riverton (2021) in 2016 was 6,345, of this, 5.1% were disengaged and 8.9% were partially engaged, compared to 9.4% and 12.0% respectively for Greater Perth.

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people 15 to 24 years in Riverton (2021) showed a decrease of -548. The number of disengaged people aged 15 to 24 years showed an increase of 51 or 18.8%.

copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Volunteer work

The voluntary work sector is an important part of Australia's economy. The level of volunteering can indicate the cohesiveness of the community and how readily individuals are able to contribute to that community. Factors impacting on the level of volunteering in Riverton (2021) include the Age Structure of the population, the level of Proficiency in English, Income and Education levels.

Volunteer work

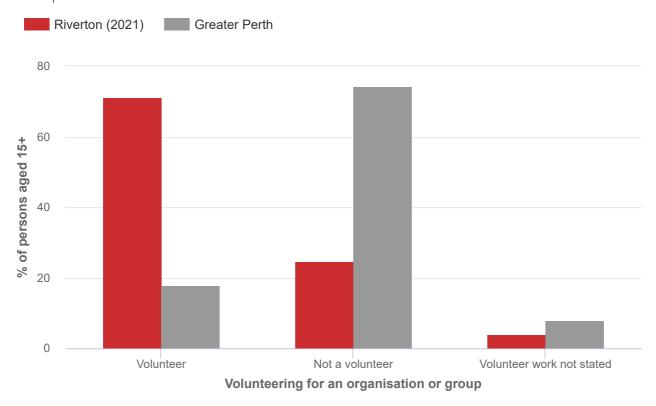
Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Volunteer status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Volunteer	25,088	71.3	17.9	7,208	20.7	15.6	+17,880
Not a volunteer	8,648	24.6	74.2	25,788	74.1	76.2	-17,140
Volunteer work not stated	1,443	4.1	7.9	1,793	5.2	8.2	-350
Total persons aged 15+	35,179	100.0	100.0	34,789	100.0	100.0	+390

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Volunteer work, 2016

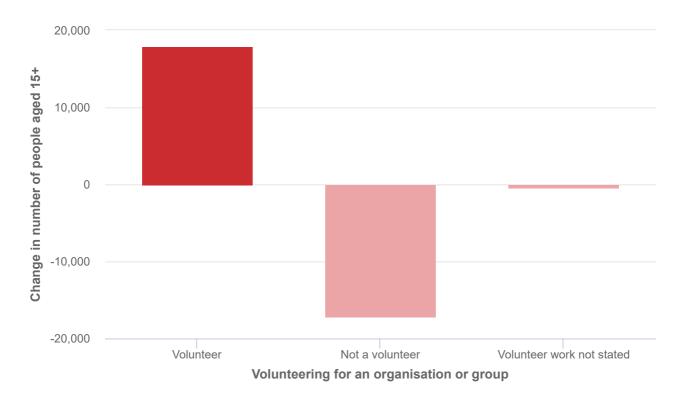
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in volunteer work, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Analysis of the voluntary work performed by the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who volunteered for an organisation or group.

Overall, 71.3% of the population reported performing voluntary work, compared with 17.9% for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of volunteers in Riverton (2021) increased by 17,880 people between 2011 and 2016.

Unpaid domestic work

There has been increased interest in identifying, acknowledging and valuing the unpaid work that supports home and community life. The changing amount of time spent on unpaid housework in different Household Types and, particularly the distribution of this work within the household, can indicate the changing roles of males, females and older children in society. The level of unpaid domestic work in Riverton (2021) may also be related to Household Income, as higher income households are able to outsource some of these tasks.

Unpaid domestic work

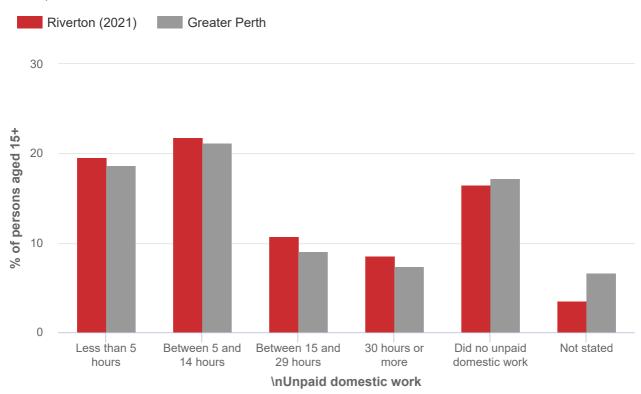
Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016			2011			Change
Hours spent on unpaid domestic work	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Did unpaid domestic work	0		70.2	26,004	74.7	70.6	-26,004
Less than 5 hours	8,532	24.3	23.3	8,613	24.7	23.1	-81
Between 5 and 14 hours	9,523	27.1	26.5	9,153	26.3	26.0	+370
Between 15 and 29 hours	4,675	13.3	11.3	4,595	13.2	11.6	+80
30 hours or more	3,722	10.6	9.1	3,643	10.5	10.0	+79
Did no unpaid domestic work	7,201	20.5	21.5	6,839	19.7	21.0	+362
Not stated	1,525	4.3	8.3	1,959	5.6	8.5	-434
Total persons aged 15+	35,178	100.0	100.0	34,802	100.0	100.0	+376

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.i.d., the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid domestic work, 2016

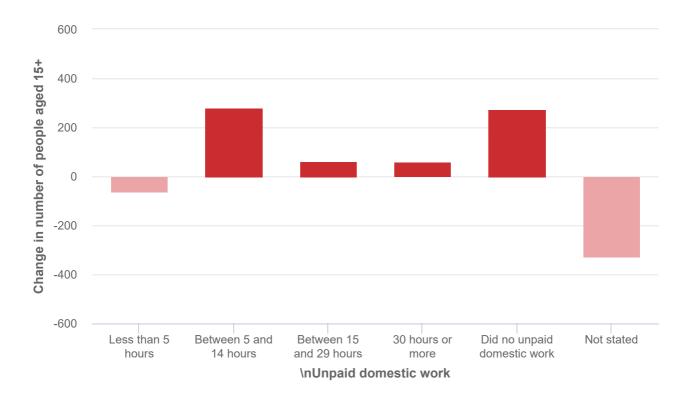
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in unpaid domestic work, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Analysis of the unpaid domestic work performed by the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of persons who performed 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work per week.

Overall, 24% of the population reported performing 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work, compared with 20.4% for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the share of the population performing unpaid domestic work in Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who did 30 hours or more of domestic work (13.3% compared to 11.3%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who did unpaid domestic work (total) (10.6% compared to 9.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did domestic work (0.0% compared to 70.2%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who did no unpaid domestic work (20.5% compared to 21.5%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the number of people performing unpaid domestic work in Riverton (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were those who:

- Did unpaid domestic work (-26,004 persons)
- Between 5 and 14 hours (+370 persons)
- Did no unpaid domestic work (+362 persons)
- Less than 5 hours (-81 persons)

Unpaid care

The proportion of people providing unpaid care for the aged and disabled in Riverton (2021) can be an important indicator of the level of demand for aged care services and facilities by local and state governments. An increasing proportion of carers among the population may indicate inadequate aged care provision, or the need for in-home support, or support for the carers themselves. The level of care provided by individuals is likely to be affected by Household Income, Age Structure and the ethnic makeup of the community (Language Spoken), as well as the sense of community cohesiveness.

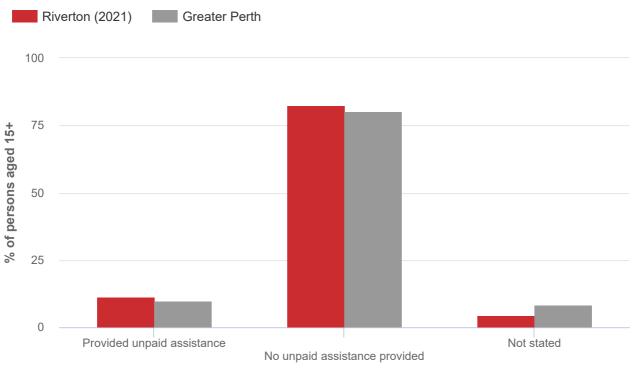
Unpaid care

Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Provided unpaid assistance	4,099	11.7	9.9	3,592	10.3	9.4	+507
No unpaid assistance provided	29,482	83.8	81.6	29,241	84.1	82.1	+241
Not stated	1,598	4.5	8.5	1,953	5.6	8.5	-355
Total persons aged 15+	35,179	100.0	100.0	34,786	100.0	100.0	+393

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Unpaid care, 2016

Total persons

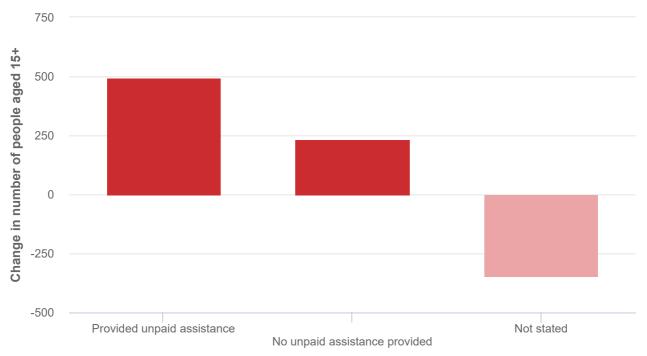


Unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in unpaid care, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid care provided by the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who provided unpaid care either to family members or others.

Overall, 11.7% of the population provided unpaid care, compared with 9.9% for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age in Riverton (2021) increased by 507 between 2011 and 2016.

Unpaid childcare

The role of unpaid childcare in Riverton (2021) is determined by many different factors. For example areas with high levels of unpaid child care may have a dominance of single income families with one significant earner, or there could be a lack of provision of paid child care in the area. The level to which people care for others children can also indicate the role of extended family (eg. grandparents caring for grandchildren, family day care).

The role of unpaid child care is a complex one so this topic should be viewed in conjunction with several others, including Household Type, Employment, Household Income and Educational Attendance.

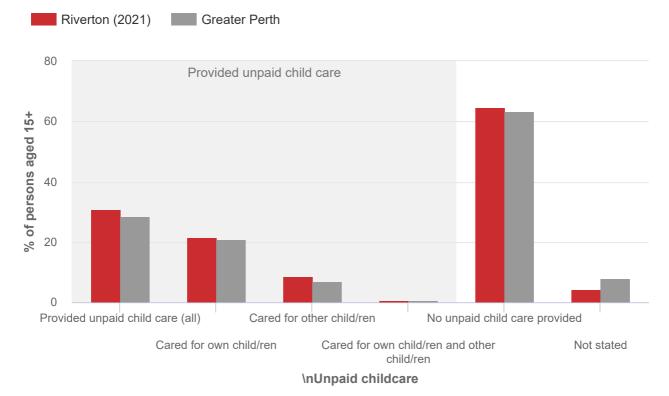
Unpaid childcare

Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Unpaid child care	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Provided unpaid child care (all)	10,888	31.0	28.7	9,806	28.2	28.2	+1,082
Cared for own child/ren	7,632	21.7	20.9	6,706	19.3	20.1	+926
Cared for other child/ren	2,986	8.5	7.1	2,763	7.9	7.1	+223
Cared for own child/ren and other child/ren	270	0.8	0.8	337	1.0	1.0	-67
No unpaid child care provided	22,794	64.8	63.2	23,241	66.8	63.9	-447
Not stated	1,492	4.2	8.0	1,741	5.0	7.9	-249
Total persons aged 15+	35,174	100.0	100.0	34,788	100.0	100.0	+386

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.i.d., the population experts.

Unpaid childcare, 2016

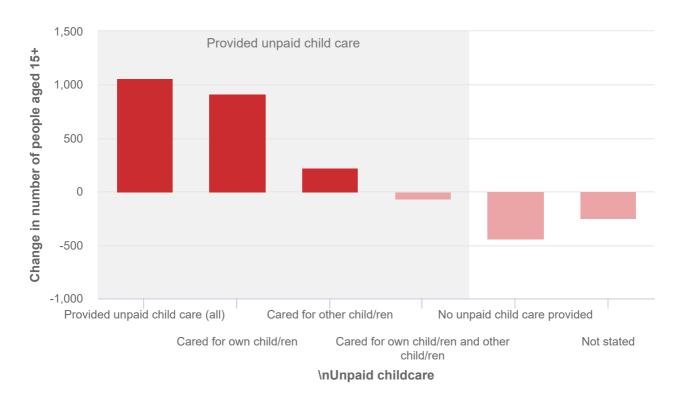
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in unpaid childcare, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid child care provided by the population in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who provided unpaid child care either to their own or to other children. Overall, 31.0% of the population provided unpaid child care, compared with 28.7% for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the share of the population providing unpaid child care in Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage who did not provide care for children (64.8% compared to 63.2%)
- A larger percentage who provided unpaid childcare for other child/ren (8.5% compared to 7.1%)

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid child care for their own and/or other people's children in Riverton (2021) increased by 1,082 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the number of people performing unpaid child care in Riverton (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were those who:

- Cared for own child/ren (+926 persons)
- No unpaid child care provided (-447 persons)
- Cared for other child/ren (+223 persons)
- Cared for own child/ren and other child/ren (-67 persons)

Individual income

Individual Income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Riverton (2021). The amount of income an individual receives is linked to a number of factors including employment status, age (as for instance students and retirees often receive a lower income), qualifications and type of employment.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Individual Income Quartiles.

Weekly individual income

Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2016			
Weekly gross income	Number	%	Greater Perth %		
Negative Income/ Nil income	5,141	14.6	10.7		
\$1 - \$149	2,103	6.0	4.4		
\$150 - \$299	2,413	6.9	6.5		
\$300 - \$399	2,326	6.6	7.2		
\$400 - \$499	2,340	6.7	6.9		
\$500 - \$649	2,331	6.6	6.7		
\$650 - \$799	2,195	6.2	6.4		
\$800 - \$999	2,299	6.5	7.4		
\$1,000 - \$1,249	2,640	7.5	8.5		
\$1,250 - \$1,499	1,937	5.5	6.2		
\$1,500 - \$1,749	1,821	5.2	5.5		
\$1,750 - \$1,999	1,496	4.3	4.0		
\$2,000 - \$2,999	2,629	7.5	6.8		
\$3,000 or more	1,694	4.8	4.3		
Not stated	1,800	5.1	8.6		
Total persons aged 15+	35,165	100.0	100.0		

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Weekly individual income, 2016

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of individual income levels in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people earning a high income (those earning \$1,750 per week or more) as well as a higher proportion of low income people (those earning less than \$500 per week).

Overall, 16.5% of the population earned a high income, and 40.7% earned a low income, compared with 15.1% and 35.7% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between Riverton (2021)'s individual incomes and Greater Perth's individual incomes were:

- A larger percentage of persons who earned Negative Income/ Nil income (14.6% compared to 10.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who earned \$1 \$149 (6.0% compared to 4.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who earned \$1,000 \$1,249 (7.5% compared to 8.5%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who earned \$800 \$999 (6.5% compared to 7.4%)

Riverton (2021) Individual income quartiles

Riverton (2021)'s income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the area's economic opportunities and socio-economic status. Individual income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the income profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Individual Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in <u>specific data</u> notes.

Individual income quartiles

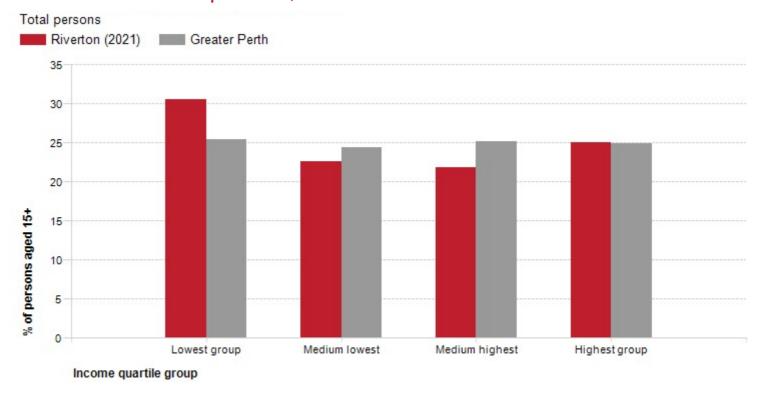
Riverton (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016			2011			Change
			Greater Perth			Greater Perth	
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	10,188	30.5	25.4	9,414	28.4	25.1	+774
Medium lowest	7,552	22.6	24.4	7,449	22.5	24.5	+102
Medium highest	7,274	21.8	25.2	7,702	23.3	25.4	-428
Highest group	8,349	25.0	25.0	8,551	25.8	24.9	-202
Total persons aged 15+	33,365	100.0	100.0	33,119	100.0	100.0	+246

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

Individual income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA - Total persons aged 15+	+ Weekly income by Census year				
Individual quartile ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001	
Lowest group	\$0 to \$322	\$0 to \$284	\$0 to \$219	\$0 to \$178	
Medium lowest	\$323 to \$723	\$285 to \$661	\$220 to \$500	\$179 to \$374	
Medium highest	\$724 to \$1,407	\$662 to \$1,271	\$501 to \$941	\$375 to \$692	
Highest group	\$1,408 and over	\$1,272 and over	\$942 and over	\$693 and over	

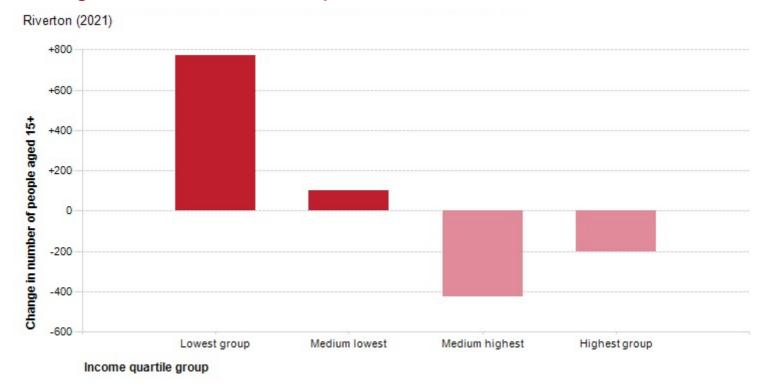
Individual income quartiles, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in individual income quartiles, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of the population by income quartile in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was similar proportion of persons in the highest income quartile and a greater proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Riverton (2021) in persons between 2011 and 2016 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 774 persons.

copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Household income

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Riverton (2021)'s Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Qualifications and Occupation, it helps to reveal the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Riverton (2021). It is important to note that income data is not necessarily a measure of wealth. For example, if an area has a large number of retirees this will produce a higher proportion of households with low income but the retirees may have large capital wealth. For this reason, household income should be viewed in conjunction with Age and Household Composition.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Household Income Quartiles.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Weekly household income

Riverton (2021) - Total households (Enumerated)		2016	
Weekly income	Number	%	Greater Perth %
Neg/Nil Income	309	2.1	1.6
\$1 - \$149	115	0.8	0.7
\$150 - \$299	231	1.6	1.9
\$300 - \$399	271	1.8	2.4
\$400 - \$499	708	4.8	5.4
\$500 - \$649	549	3.7	3.8
\$650 - \$799	811	5.5	5.8
\$800 - \$999	783	5.3	5.6
\$1,000 - \$1,249	1,025	6.9	7.3
\$1,250 - \$1,499	909	6.2	6.7
\$1,500 - \$1,749	791	5.4	5.8
\$1,750 - \$1,999	784	5.3	5.6
\$2,000 - \$2,499	1,558	10.5	11.3
\$2,500 - \$2,999	1,077	7.3	7.0
\$3,000 - \$3,499	774	5.2	4.7
\$3,500 - \$3,999	788	5.3	4.6
\$4,000 - \$4,499	506	3.4	2.4
\$4,500 - \$4,999	478	3.2	2.3
\$5,000 - \$5,999	400	2.7	2.0
\$6,000 - \$7,999	281	1.9	1.6
\$8,000 or more	50	0.3	0.2
Not stated	1,581	10.7	11.4
Total households	14,779	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

- Low income households (less than 650 per week)
- a <u>High income households (more than 2,500 per week)</u>
- a Median household income

Weekly household income, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of household income levels in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of high income households (those earning \$2,500 per week or more) and a lower proportion of low income households (those earning less than \$650 per week).

Overall, 29.5% of the households earned a high income and 14.8% were low income households, compared with 24.8% and 15.7% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major difference between the household incomes of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth is:

• A larger percentage of households who earned \$4,000 - \$4,499 (3.4% compared to 2.4%)

Riverton (2021) Household income quartiles

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Qualifications and Qccupation, it helps to reveal Riverton (2021)'s socio-economic status and economic opportunities. Household income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is a powerful and objective way of looking at income data and in particular, how it is changing. A detailed explanation of how Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in Specific data notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Household income quartiles

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016		2011			Change	
			Greater Perth			Greater Perth	
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	2,946	22.3	23.9	2,708	20.8	24.0	+237
Medium lowest	3,026	22.9	24.6	2,904	22.3	24.5	+121
Medium highest	3,118	23.6	25.2	3,220	24.8	25.4	-102
Highest group	4,107	31.1	26.2	4,170	32.1	26.1	-64
Total Households	13,198	100.0	100.0	13,005	100.0	100.0	+193

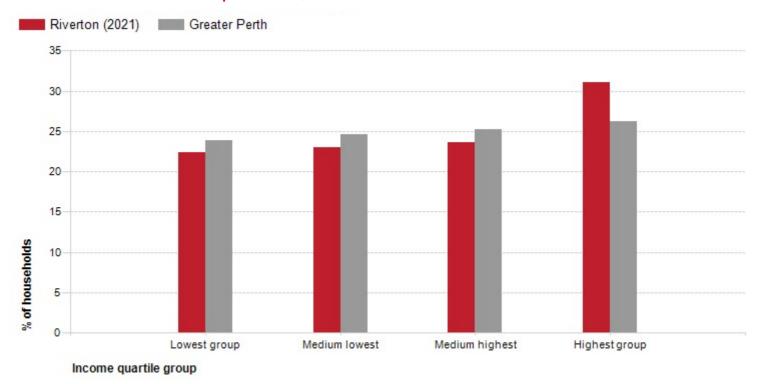
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA Weekly income by Census year

Household income ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001	1996	1991
Lowest group	\$0 to \$790	\$0 to \$693	\$0 to \$565	\$0 to \$416	\$0 to \$348	\$0 to \$305
Medium lowest	\$791 to \$1,582	\$694 to \$1,405	\$566 to \$1,062	\$417 to \$783	\$349 to \$651	\$306 to \$556
Medium highest	\$1,583 to \$2,614	\$1,406 to \$2,507	\$1,063 to \$1,774	\$784 to \$1,311	\$652 to \$1,094	\$557 to \$910
Highest group	\$2,615 and over	\$2,508 and over	\$1,775 and over	\$1,312 and over	\$1,095 and over	\$911 and over

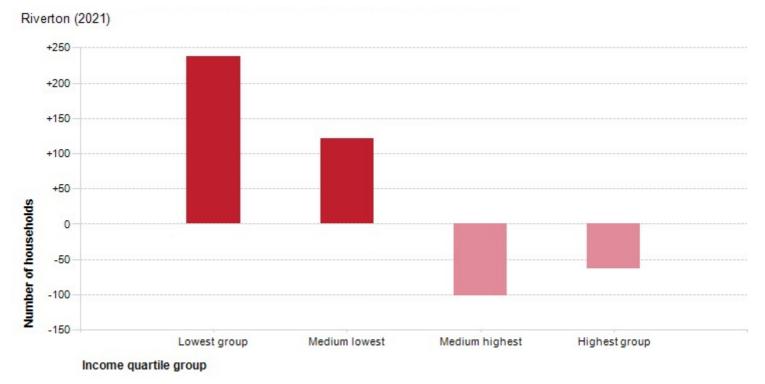
Household income quartiles, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in household income quartile, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was greater proportion of households in the highest income quartile and a lesser proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 237 households.

copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Riverton (2021) Equivalised household income

While <u>Household Income</u> is a useful measure, it is difficult to tell if changes over time and between geographic areas are due to actual changes in income levels, or due to changes in household size and composition. For example, an increase in lower income households could be due to job losses in key economic sectors, or simply due to decreasing household size as adult children leave home.

Equivalised Household Income puts all households on an equal footing independent of household size and composition to enable a true comparison between areas and over time. It is an indicator of the income resource available to a household of standard size and is the best measure of the changing economic fortunes of households living in Riverton (2021).

A detailed explanation of how Equivalised Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Equivalised household income quartiles

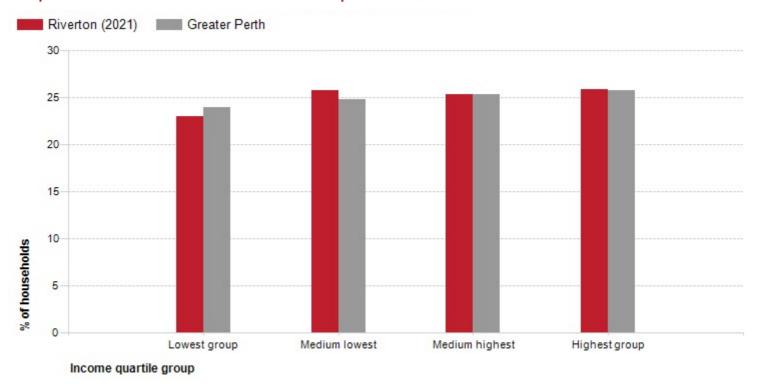
Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
			Greater Perth			Greater Perth	
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	3,011	23.0	24.0	2,671	20.7	23.9	+341
Medium lowest	3,382	25.8	24.9	3,247	25.2	24.7	+134
Medium highest	3,316	25.3	25.3	3,450	26.8	25.6	-134
Highest group	3,396	25.9	25.8	3,517	27.3	25.8	-121
Total Households	13,107	100.0	100.0	12,887	100.0	100.0	+220

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id , the population experts.

Equivalised household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA	Weekly income b	y Census year		
Equivalised household income ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$538	\$0 to \$485	\$0 to \$374	\$0 to \$285
Medium lowest	\$539 to \$971	\$486 to \$878	\$375 to \$654	\$286 to \$487
Medium highest	\$972 to \$1,559	\$879 to \$1,383	\$655 to \$1,039	\$488 to \$766
Highest group	\$1,560 and over	\$1,384 and over	\$1,040 and over	\$767 and over

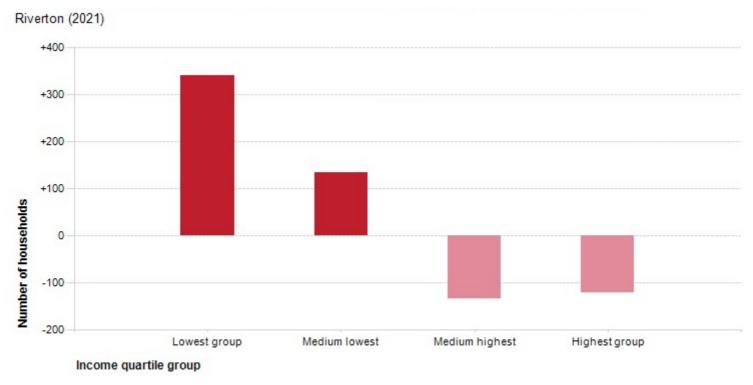
Equivalised household income quartiles, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in equivalised household income quartiles, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Equivalised income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Because the data is equivalised, households of different size and composition are placed on an equal footing.

Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion of households in the highest equivalised income quartile, and a lesser proportion in the lowest equivalised income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 341 households.

copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Household type

Riverton (2021)'s household and family structure is one of the most important demographic indicators. It reveals the area's residential role and function, era of settlement and provides key insights into the level of demand for services and facilities as most are related to age and household types.

To continue building the story, Riverton (2021)'s Household Summary should be viewed in conjunction with Households with Children, Households without Children, Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

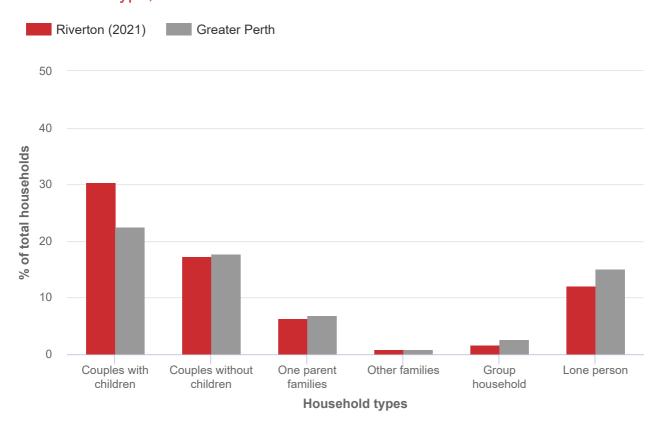
Household type

Riverton (2021) - Total households (Enumerated)	2016					Change	
Households by type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Couples with children	6,502	43.2	32.3	6,066	40.6	31.6	+436
Couples without children	3,695	24.6	25.4	3,780	25.3	25.7	-85
One parent families	1,356	9.0	9.8	1,385	9.3	9.9	-29
Other families	194	1.3	1.3	226	1.5	1.4	-32
Group household	342	2.3	3.8	395	2.6	4.0	-53
Lone person	2,571	17.1	21.7	2,764	18.5	22.4	-193
Other not classifiable household	278	1.8	4.8	241	1.6	3.9	+37
Visitor only households	108	0.7	1.0	87	0.6	1.1	+21
Total households	15,046	100.0	100.0	14,944	100.0	100.0	+102

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

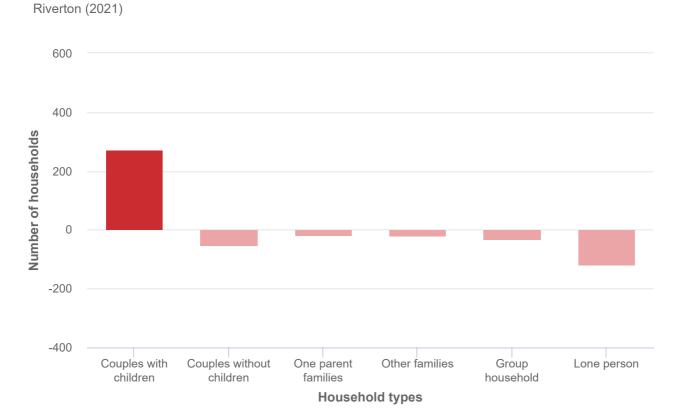
- One parent families with dependent children
- Couple families with dependent children
- Young couples (aged 15-44 years) without children
- a Older couples (65 years and over) without children
- Young lone person households (aged 15-44 years)
- Older lone person households (aged 65 years and over)
- a Average household size

Household type, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in household type, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the household/family types in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of couple families with child(ren) as well as a lower proportion of one-parent families. Overall, 43.2% of total families were couple families with child(ren), and 9.0% were one-parent families, compared with 32.3% and 9.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

There were a lower proportion of lone person households and a lower proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of lone person households was 17.1% compared to 21.7% in Greater Perth while the proportion of couples without children was 24.6% compared to 25.4% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of households in Riverton (2021) increased by 102 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in family/household types in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Couples with children (+436 households)
- Lone person (-193 households)
- Couples without children (-85 households)
- Group household (-53 households)

Households with children

Households with Children require different services and facilities than other household types, and their needs change as both adults and children age. When many families in an area are at the same stage in their individual lifecycles, it creates a suburb lifecycle. Knowing where a suburb is in a cycle of change helps planners make evidence-based decisions about the demand for services both now and in the future.

For Households with Children in Riverton (2021), life stage is based on the age of children in the household. The age of the parent(s) is not taken into account.

- Young children: Children aged under 15 only
- **Mixed age children:** One or more children under 15 and one or more children over 15 (must have 2 or more children)
- Older children: Children aged 15 and over only

To continue building the story, Riverton (2021)'s Household data should be viewed in conjunction with **Household** Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

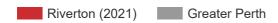
Households with children by life stage

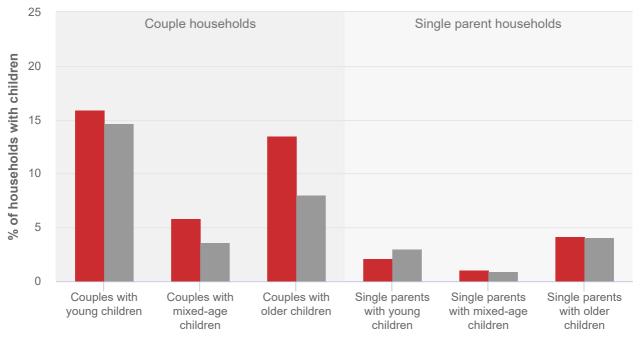
Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)		2016			2011		Change
Households with children	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Couples with children	6,502	43.2	32.3	6,066	40.6	31.6	+436
Couples with young children	2,941	19.5	18.0	2,635	17.6	17.3	+306
Couples with mixed-age children	1,075	7.1	4.4	1,005	6.7	4.6	+70
Couples with older children	2,486	16.5	9.9	2,426	16.2	9.7	+60
Single parents with children	1,356	9.0	9.8	1,385	9.3	9.9	-29
Single parents with young children	394	2.6	3.7	355	2.4	3.9	+39
Single parents with mixed-age children	191	1.3	1.1	155	1.0	1.2	+36
Single parents with older children	771	5.1	5.0	875	5.9	4.8	-104
Total households with children	7,858	52.2	42.1	7,451	49.9	41.5	+407
Total households	15,046	100.0	100.0	14,944	100.0	100.0	+102

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

- One parent families with dependent children
- a Couple families with dependent children

Households with children, 2016



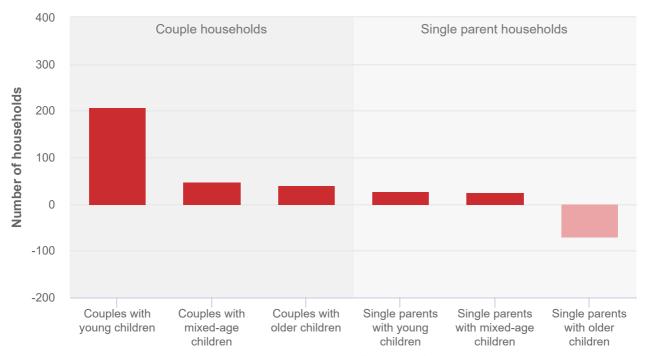


Household type and life stage of children

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in households with children, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Household type and life stage of children

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the families with children in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of couples with young children, as well as a larger proportion of couples with older children.

Overall, 19.5% of total households with children were couple with young children, and 16.5% were couples with older children, compared with 18.0% and 9.9% respectively for Greater Perth.

There were a smaller proportion of single parent households with young children and a similar proportion of single parent households with older children. Overall, the proportion of single parent households with young children was 2.6% compared to 3.7% in Greater Perth while the proportion of single parent households with older children was 5.1% compared to 5.0% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of households with children increased by 407 households or 5.5%.

The largest changes in households with children in this area between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Couples with young children (+306 households)
- Single parents with older children (-104 households)
- Couples with mixed-age children (+70 households)
- Couples with older children (+60 households)

Households without children

Households without Children include couples without children and lone person households. They require different services depending on the age of the people in the households. For example young couples who have not had children (yet) compared to older "empty nester" couples whose children may have left home.

For Households without Children in Riverton (2021), life stage is based on the age of the household reference person (usually person 1 on the Census form):

Young: Aged 15-44Middle-aged: Aged 45-64Older: Aged 65 and over

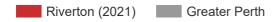
To continue building the story, Riverton (2021)'s Household data should be viewed in conjunction with **Household** Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

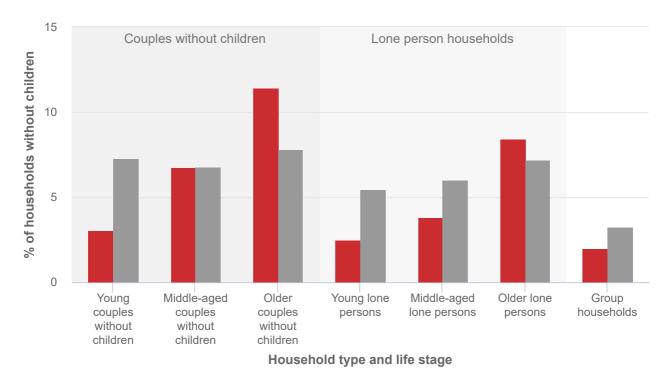
Households without children by life stage

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)		2016			2011		Change
Households without children	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Couples without children	3,695	24.6	25.4	3,780	25.3	25.7	-85
Young couples without children	527	3.5	8.5	655	4.4	8.3	-128
Middle-aged couples without children	1,180	7.8	7.9	1,525	10.2	9.0	-345
Older couples without children	1,988	13.2	9.0	1,600	10.7	8.4	+388
Lone person households	2,571	17.1	21.7	2,764	18.5	22.4	-193
Young lone persons	434	2.9	6.3	574	3.8	6.9	-140
Middle-aged lone persons	665	4.4	7.0	849	5.7	7.5	-184
Older Ione persons	1,472	9.8	8.4	1,341	9.0	8.0	+131
Group households	342	2.3	3.8	395	2.6	4.0	-53
Total households without children	6,608	43.9	50.9	6,939	46.4	52.1	-331
Total households	15,046	100.0	100.0	14,944	100.0	100.0	+102

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Households without children, 2016

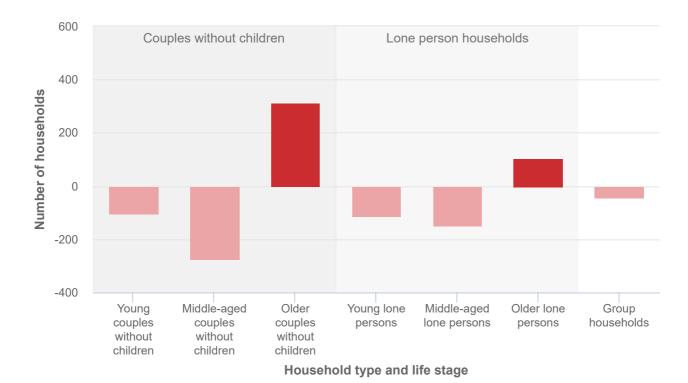




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in households without children, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the households without children in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of young couples without children, a similar proportion of middle-aged couples without children, and a larger proportion of older couples without children.

In addition, there were a smaller proportion of young lone person households, a smaller proportion of middle-aged lone person households, and a larger proportion of older lone person households.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of households without children decreased by 331.

The largest changes in households without children in Riverton (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Older couples without children (+388 persons)
- Middle-aged couples without children (-345 persons)
- Middle-aged lone persons (-184 persons)
- Young lone persons (-140 persons)

Household size

The size of households in general follows the life-cycle of families. Households are usually small at the stage of relationship formation (early marriage), and then increase in size with the advent of children. They later reduce in size again as these children reach adulthood and leave home. Household size can also be influenced by a lack (or abundance) of affordable housing. Overseas migrants and indigenous persons often have a tradition of living with extended family members which significantly affects household size.

Household size in Australia has declined since the 1970s but between 2006 and 2016, the average household size remained stable for the nation as a whole.

An increasing household size in an area may indicate a lack of affordable housing opportunities for young people, an increase in the birth rate or an increase in family formation in the area. A declining household size may indicate children leaving the area when they leave home, an increase in retirees settling in the area, or an attraction of young singles and couples to the area.

For greater insight, Riverton (2021)'s Household Size data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Summary, Age Structure, Dwelling Type, Household Income and Language Spoken at Home.

Household size

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
Number of persons usually resident	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
1 person	2,574	17.6	23.0	2,674	18.3	23.6	-100
2 persons	4,356	29.7	33.4	4,582	31.4	34.0	-226
3 persons	2,506	17.1	16.8	2,597	17.8	16.3	-91
4 persons	3,436	23.4	17.0	3,108	21.3	16.5	+328
5 persons	1,296	8.8	6.7	1,210	8.3	6.6	+86
6 or more persons	497	3.4	3.1	420	2.9	2.9	+77
Total classifiable households	14,665	100.0	100.0	14,591	100.0	100.0	+74

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Household size - Summary

Riverton (2021) - Enumerated	2016				Change		
Dwellings	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Occupied private dwellings	15,053		 	14,952			+101
Persons in occupied private dwellings	42,911			41,389			+1,522
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.85		2.55	2.77		2.55	+0.08

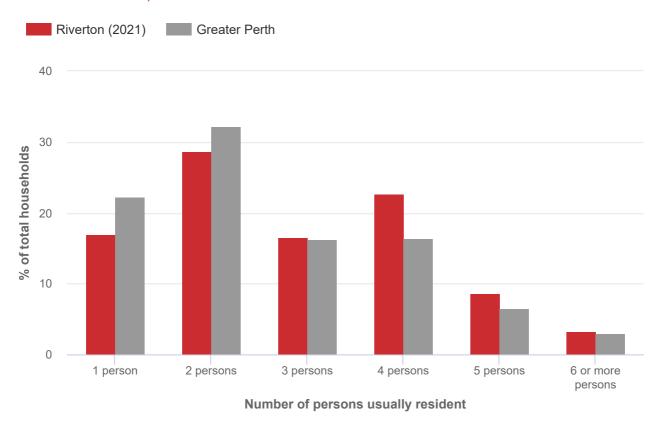
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

The 'Dwellings' table is enumerated data.

a Average household size

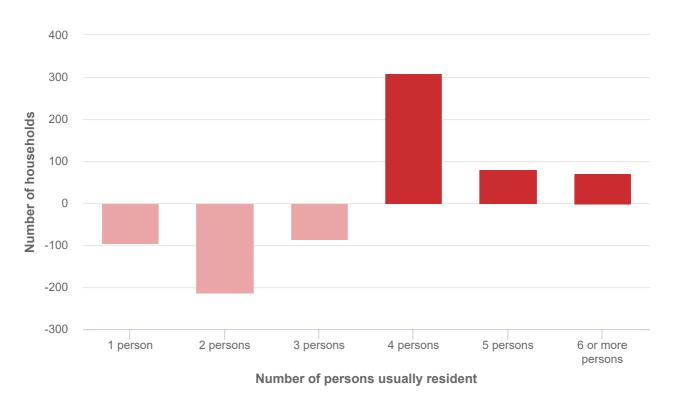
Household size, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in household size, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of persons usually resident in a household in Riverton (2021) compared with Greater Perth shows that there were a lower proportion of lone person households, and a higher proportion of larger households (those with 4 persons or more). Overall there were 17.6% of lone person households, and 35.7% of larger households, compared with 23.0% and 26.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences in the household size for Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of households with 4 persons usually resident (23.4% compared to 17.0%)
- A larger percentage of households with 5 persons usually resident (8.8% compared to 6.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households with 1 person usually resident (17.6% compared to 23.0%)
- A smaller percentage of households with 2 persons usually resident (29.7% compared to 33.4%)

Emerging groups

The number of households in Riverton (2021) increased by 74 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the number of persons usually resident in a household in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- 4 persons (+328 households)
- 2 persons (-226 households)
- 1 person (-100 households)
- 3 persons (-91 households)

Family blending

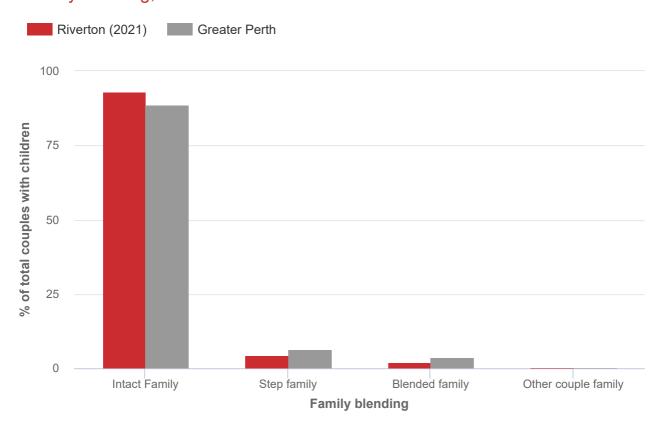
Information on blended and intact families can be an indicator of the level of family breakup and repartnering within the area, and a potential indicator of socio-economic disadvantage. Family blending only applies to couple families with children. For information more broadly about household and family types, including single-parent families, please see Household Type, Households with Children, and Households without Children.

Family blending

Riverton (2021) - Total couples with children (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
Family blending by type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Intact Family	6,126	93.5	89.4	5,673	93.6	88.3	+453
Step family	283	4.3	6.5	291	4.8	7.3	-8
Blended family	128	2.0	3.6	94	1.6	4.0	+34
Other couple family	17	0.3	0.4	3	0.0	0.4	+14
Total couples with children	6,554	100.0	100.0	6,061	100.0	100.0	+493

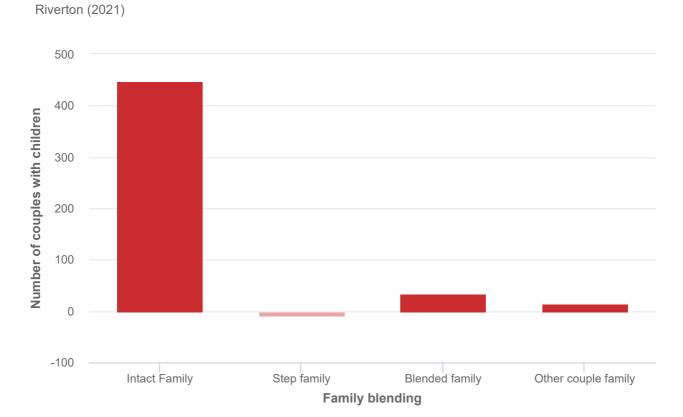
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.i.d., the population experts.

Family blending, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in family blending, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the family blending in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of step families as well as a lower proportion of blended families. Overall, 4.3% of total couple families with children were step families, and 2.0% were blended families, compared with 6.5% and 3.6% respectively for Greater Perth.

There were a similar proportion of other families and a higher proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of other families was 0.3% compared to 0.4% in Greater Perth while the proportion of intact families was 93.5% compared to 89.4% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of couple families with children in Riverton (2021) increased by 493 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest change in family blending in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 was:

• Intact Family (+453 couples with children)

Dwelling type

Dwelling Type is an important determinant of Riverton (2021)'s residential role and function. A greater concentration of higher density dwellings is likely to attract more young adults and smaller households, often renting. Larger, detached or separate dwellings are more likely to attract families and prospective families. The residential built form often reflects market opportunities or planning policy, such as building denser forms of housing around public transport nodes or employment centres.

Dwelling Type statistics should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Household Types, Housing Tenure and Age Structure for a more complete picture of the housing market in Riverton (2021).

Dwelling structure

Riverton (2021) - Dwellings (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Separate house	13,866	85.0	74.6	13,988	87.8	76.7	-122
Medium density	2,317	14.2	19.6	1,942	12.2	17.9	+375
High density	105	0.6	5.1	0		4.8	+105
Caravans, cabin, houseboat	7	0.0	0.3	0		0.4	+7
Other	4	0.0	0.2	3	0.0	0.1	+1
Not stated	18	0.1	0.2	0		0.1	+18
Total Private Dwellings	16,317	100.0	100.0	15,933	100.0	100.0	+384

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.d., the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwelling type

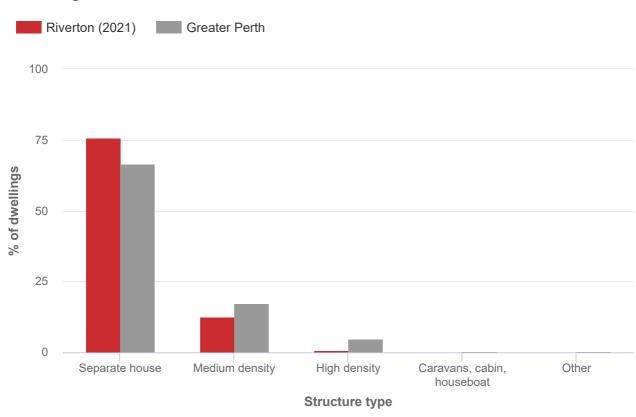
Riverton (2021)	2016				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Occupied private dwellings	15,060	92.2	89.4	14,952	93.9	90.8	+108
Unoccupied private dwellings	1,267	7.8	10.5	968	6.1	9.1	+299
Non private dwellings	9	0.1	0.1	10	0.1	0.1	-1
Total dwellings	16,336	100.0	100.0	15,930	100.0	100.0	+406

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

- People in non-private dwellings
- Vacant dwellings

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

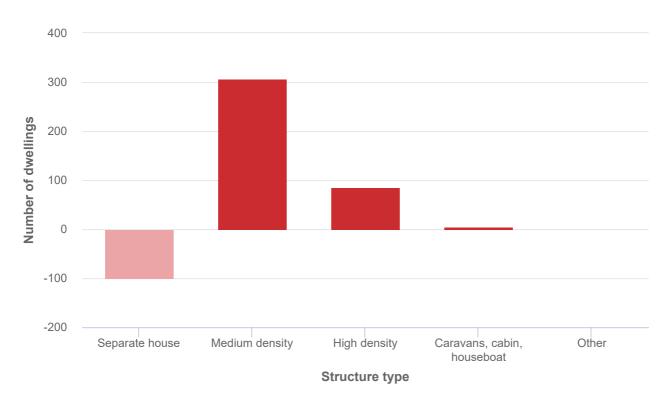
Dwelling structure, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in dwelling structure, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

In 2016, there were 13,866 separate houses in the area, 2,317 medium density dwellings, and 105 high density dwellings.

Analysis of the types of dwellings in Riverton (2021) in 2016 shows that 85.0% of all dwellings were separate houses; 14.2% were medium density dwellings, and 0.6% were in high density dwellings, compared with 74.6%, 19.6%, and 5.1% in the Greater Perth respectively.

In 2016, a total of 92.2% of the dwellings in Riverton (2021) were occupied on Census night, compared to 89.4% in Greater Perth. The proportion of unoccupied dwellings was 7.8%, which is smaller compared to that found in Greater Perth (10.5%).

Emerging groups

The total number of dwellings in Riverton (2021) increased by 406 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the type of dwellings found in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Medium density (+375 dwellings)
- Separate house (-122 dwellings)
- High density (+105 dwellings)

Riverton (2021)

Number of bedrooms per dwelling

The Number of Bedrooms in a dwelling is an indicator of the size of dwellings, and when combined with **Dwelling Type** information, provides insight into the role Riverton (2021) plays in the housing market. For example, an area of high density dwellings that are predominantly 1-2 bedroom are likely to attract students, single workers and young couples, whereas a high density area with dwellings that are predominantly 2-3 bedroom may attract more empty nesters and some families.

In combination with Household Type and Household Size, the Number of Bedrooms can also indicate issues around housing affordability, overcrowding and other socio-economic factors.

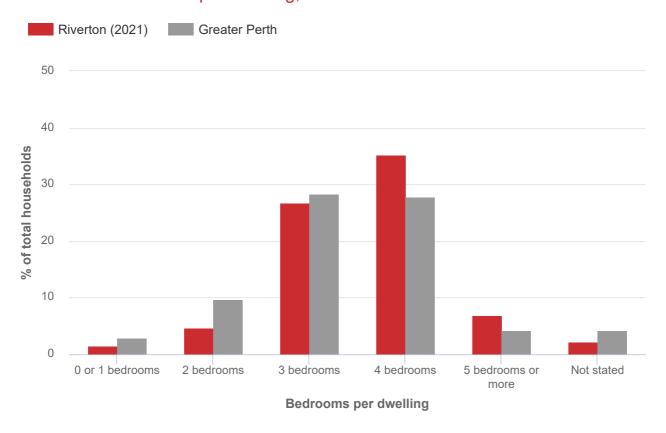
Number of bedrooms per dwelling

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2011				Change		
Number of bedrooms	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2011
0 or 1 bedrooms	302	2.0	3.6	302	2.0	3.6	0
2 bedrooms	905	6.1	12.6	905	6.1	12.6	0
3 bedrooms	5,182	34.7	36.7	5,182	34.7	36.7	0
4 bedrooms	6,800	45.5	36.0	6,800	45.5	36.0	0
5 bedrooms or more	1,324	8.9	5.5	1,324	8.9	5.5	0
Not stated	423	2.8	5.5	423	2.8	5.5	0
Total households	14,936	100.0	100.0	14,936	100.0	100.0	0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2011. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

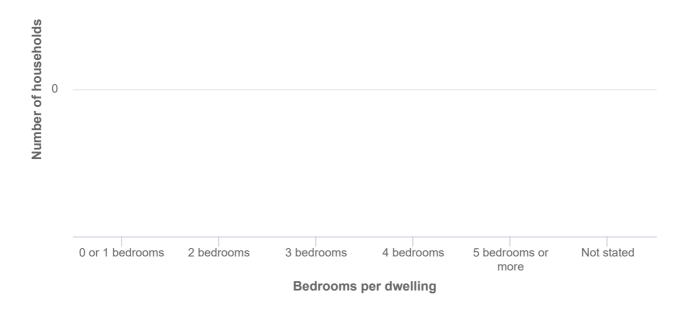
Number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2011



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2011 to 2011

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2011 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of bedrooms in dwellings in Riverton (2021) in 2011 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and a higher proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms.

Overall, 8.1% of households were in dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and 54.4% of 4 or more bedroom dwellings, compared with 16.2% and 41.6% for Greater Perth respectively.

The major differences between the number of bedrooms per dwelling of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of 4 bedroom dwellings (45.5% compared to 36.0%)
- A *larger* percentage of 5 or more bedroom dwellings (8.9% compared to 5.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (6.1% compared to 12.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (34.7% compared to 36.7%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2011.

Riverton (2021)

Internet connection

An internet connection is now an important utility for most households in Australia. It is increasingly required for accessing essential information and taking part in the digital economy. Australia-wide in 2016, nearly 80% of all households had internet access. However, this decreases with age – seniors are less likely to have internet access at home. The lack of internet access is likely to indicate a level of disadvantage and could be related to socioeconomic factors, age, or geographical isolation.

Internet connectivity in Riverton (2021) should be looked at in conjunction with Household Type and Age Structure, as well as Education Levels.

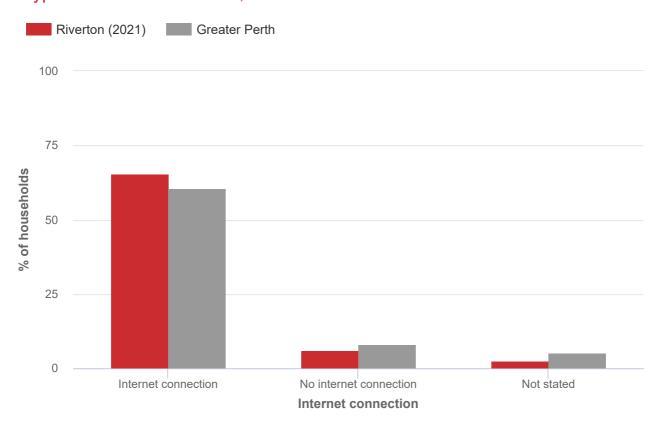
Type of internet connection

Riverton (2021) - Households	2016				Change		
Connection type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Internet connection	13,354	88.7	82.3	12,616	84.3	77.0	+738
No internet connection	1,196	7.9	10.7	1,760	11.8	15.8	-564
Not stated	509	3.4	7.0	592	4.0	7.1	-83
Total households	15,059	100.0	100.0	14,968	100.0	100.0	+91

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.id, the population experts.

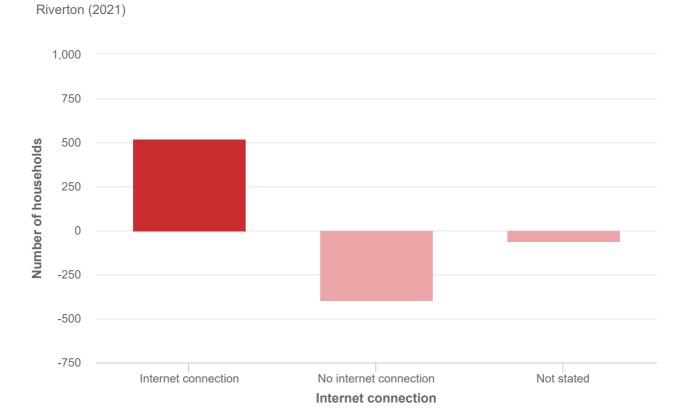
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Type of internet connection, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in type of internet connection, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the type of internet connection of households in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of households with an internet connection

Overall 88.7% of households had an internet connection, compared with 82.3% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016 the number of households with an internet connection increased by 738.

Riverton (2021)

Number of cars per household

The ability of the population to access services and employment is strongly influenced by access to transport. The number of motor vehicles per household in Riverton (2021) quantifies access to private transport and will be influenced by Age Structure and Household Type, which determine the number of adults present; access to Public Transport; distance to shops, services, employment and education; and Household Income. Depending on these factors, car ownership can be seen as a measure of advantage or disadvantage, or a neutral socio-economic measure, which impacts on the environment and quality of life.

Car ownership

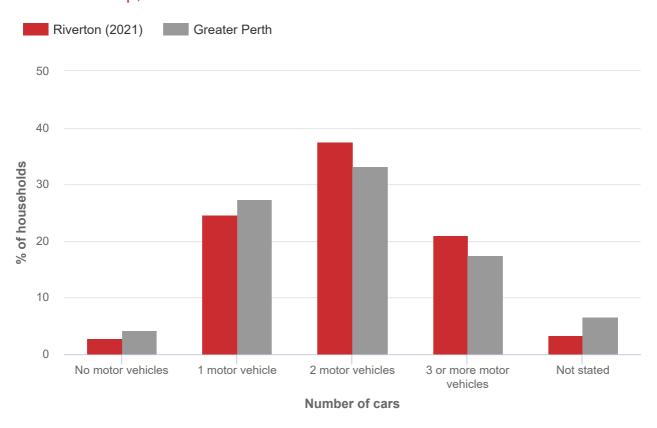
Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
Number of cars	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
No motor vehicles	471	3.1	4.7	557	3.7	6.0	-86
1 motor vehicle	4,139	27.5	30.7	4,216	28.2	32.0	-77
2 motor vehicles	6,334	42.1	37.3	6,205	41.5	37.1	+129
3 or more motor vehicles	3,539	23.5	19.7	3,456	23.1	18.4	+83
Not stated	567	3.8	7.5	512	3.4	6.5	+55
Total households	15,050	100.0	100.0	14,946	100.0	100.0	+104

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.d., the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People who travelled to work by car

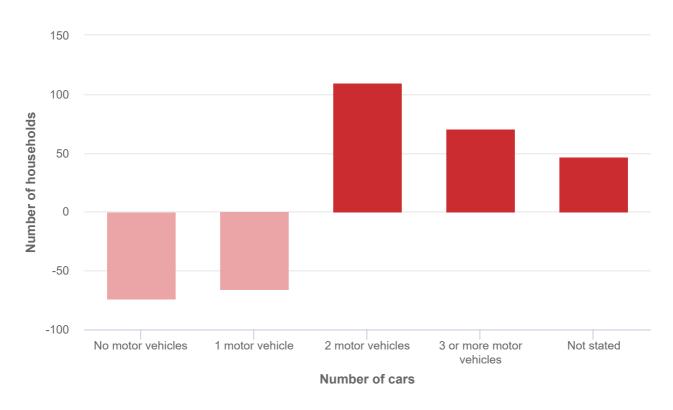
Car ownership, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in car ownership, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the car ownership of the households in Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that 93.1% of the households owned at least one car, while 3.1% did not, compared with 87.8% and 4.7% respectively in Greater Perth.

Of those that owned at least one vehicle, there was a smaller proportion who owned just one car; a larger proportion who owned two cars; and a larger proportion who owned three cars or more.

Overall, 27.5% of the households owned one car; 42.1% owned two cars; and 23.5% owned three cars or more, compared with 30.7%; 37.3% and 19.7% respectively for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the household car ownership in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- 2 motor vehicles (+129 households)
- No motor vehicles (-86 households)
- 3 or more motor vehicles (+83 households)
- 1 motor vehicle (-77 households)

Riverton (2021)

Housing tenure

Riverton (2021)'s Housing Tenure data provides insights into its socio-economic status as well as the role it plays in the housing market. For example, a high concentration of private renters may indicate a transient area attractive to young singles and couples, while a concentration of home owners indicates a more settled area with mature families and empty-nesters (Household Summary). Tenure can also reflect built form (Dwelling Type), with a significantly higher share of renters in high density housing and a substantially larger proportion of home-owners in separate houses, although this is not always the case.

In conjunction with other socio-economic status indicators in Riverton (2021), Tenure data is useful for analysing housing markets, housing affordability and identifying public housing areas.

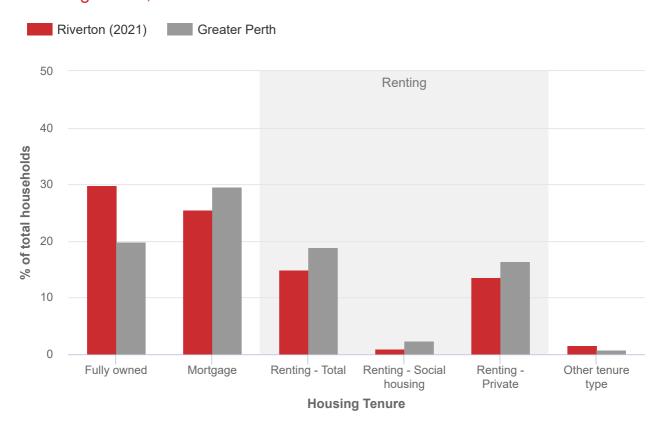
Housing tenure

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
Tenure type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Fully owned	6,030	40.1	26.7	6,064	40.6	28.1	-34
Mortgage	5,164	34.3	39.7	5,177	34.7	38.0	-13
Renting - Total	2,998	19.9	25.5	2,922	19.6	26.7	+76
Renting - Social housing	197	1.3	3.1	186	1.2	3.6	+11
Renting - Private	2,744	18.2	22.0	2,692	18.0	22.6	+52
Renting - Not stated	57	0.4	0.4	44	0.3	0.5	+13
Other tenure type	327	2.2	1.0	330	2.2	1.1	-3
Not stated	536	3.6	7.1	443	3.0	6.1	+93
Total households	15,055	100.0	100.0	14,936	100.0	100.0	+119

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Housing tenure, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in housing tenure, 2011 to 2016

Riverton (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the housing tenure of households of Riverton (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of households who owned their dwelling; a smaller proportion purchasing their dwelling; and a smaller proportion who were renters.

Overall, 40.1% of households owned their dwelling; 34.3% were purchasing, and 19.9% were renting, compared with 26.7%, 39.7% and 25.5% respectively for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The largest change in housing tenure categories for the households in Riverton (2021) between 2011 and 2016 was:

• Renting - Private (+52 households)

The total number of households in Riverton (2021) increased by 119 between 2011 and 2016.

Riverton (2021)

Housing loan repayments

Mortgage repayments are directly related to house prices in Riverton (2021), length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with Household Income data it may also indicate the level of housing stress households in the community are under. In mortgage belt areas it is expected that households will be paying a higher proportion of their income on their housing compared to well-established areas. First home buyer areas are also likely to have larger mortgages than upgrader areas where households move in with equity from elsewhere.

Mortgage payment levels are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of mortgage payments over time, go to Housing Loan Quartiles.

Monthly housing loan repayments

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016		
Monthly repayment amount	Number	%	Greater Perth %
\$299 or less	378	7.3	4.6
\$300 - \$599	245	4.8	3.3
\$600 - \$999	346	6.7	6.3
\$1,000 - \$1,199	268	5.2	4.8
\$1,200 - \$1,399	248	4.8	6.0
\$1,400 - \$1,599	261	5.1	6.4
\$1,600 - \$1,799	293	5.7	8.0
\$1,800 - \$1,999	215	4.2	6.8
\$2,000 - \$2,199	524	10.2	12.1
\$2,200 - \$2,399	240	4.7	5.9
\$2,400 - \$2,599	221	4.3	4.8
\$2,600 - \$2,999	420	8.2	9.2
\$3,000 - \$3,999	792	15.4	11.1
\$4,000 - \$4,999	296	5.7	4.0
\$5,000 and over	218	4.2	3.2
Not stated	187	3.6	3.7
Total	5,152	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by id, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Monthly housing loan repayments, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the monthly housing loan repayments of households in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of households paying high mortgage repayments (\$2,600 per month or more), as well as a larger proportion of households with low mortgage repayments (less than \$1,200 per month).

Overall, 33.5% of households were paying high mortgage repayments, and 24.0% were paying low repayments, compared with 27.5% and 18.9% respectively in Greater Perth.

The major differences between the household loan repayments of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of \$3,000 \$3,999 (15.4% compared to 11.1%)
- A larger percentage of \$299 or less (7.3% compared to 4.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$1,800 \$1,999 (4.2% compared to 6.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$1,600 \$1,799 (5.7% compared to 8.0%)

Riverton (2021) Housing loan quartiles

Mortgage repayments in Riverton (2021) are directly related to house prices, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with Household Income data it may also indicate the level of housing stress in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the mortgage payment profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Housing Loan Repayment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in <u>specific</u> data notes.

Housing loan quartiles

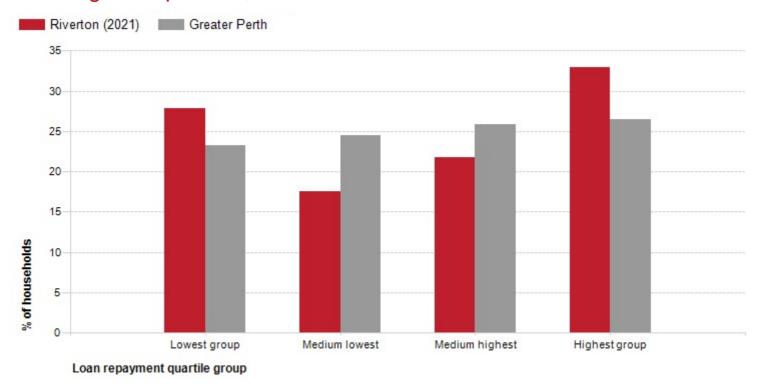
Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
	Number	0/	Greater Perth	Number	0/	Greater Perth %	2044 4- 2040
Loan repayment quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	70	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	1,379	27.8	23.2	1,341	27.3	23.2	+38
Medium lowest	870	17.5	24.5	1,052	21.4	24.5	-182
Medium highest	1,078	21.7	25.9	1,107	22.5	25.8	-29
Highest group	1,636	33.0	26.5	1,417	28.8	26.5	+219
Total households with stated mortgage repayments	4,965	100.0	100.0	4,919	100.0	100.0	+46

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id, the population experts.

Housing loan - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from loan repayment data for WA	Monthly housing loan repayments by Census year					
Housing loan repayment ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001	1996	
Lowest group	\$0 to \$1,314	\$0 to \$1,221	\$0 to \$826	\$0 to \$605	\$0 to \$505	
Medium lowest	\$1,315 to \$1,995	\$1,222 to \$1,969	\$827 to \$1,241	\$606 to \$855	\$506 to \$752	
Medium highest	\$1,996 to \$2,685	\$1,970 to \$2,786	\$1,242 to \$1,791	\$856 to \$1,161	\$753 to \$1,019	
Highest group	\$2,686 and over	\$2,787 and over	\$1,792 and over	\$1,162 and over	\$1,020 and over	

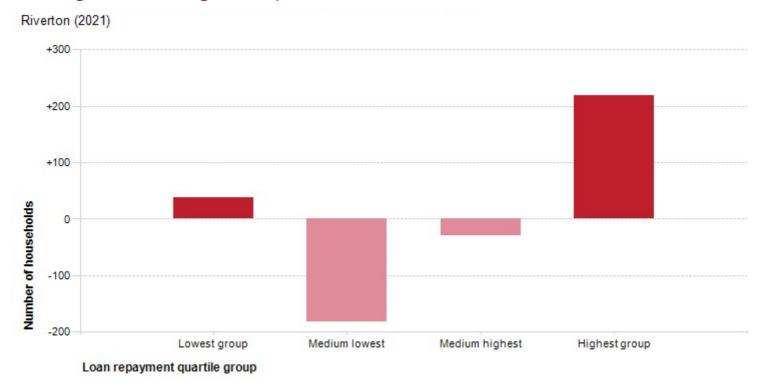
Housing loan quartiles, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in housing loan quartiles, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Housing loan repayment quartiles allow us to compare relative repayment liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by housing loan repayment quartiles in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of households in the highest repayment quartile, as well as a larger proportion in the lowest repayment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households with a mortgage in Riverton (2021) increased by 46 between 2011 and 2016. The most significant change in Riverton (2021) during this period was in the highest quartile which showed an increase of 219 households.

copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our **Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice** which governs your use of this report.

Riverton (2021)

Housing rental payments

Rental payments can be a better measure of the cost of housing in Riverton (2021) than mortgage repayments because they are not contingent on length of occupancy or equity in the dwelling.

High rental payments may indicate desirable areas with mobile populations who prefer to rent, or a housing shortage, or gentrification. Low rental payments may indicate public housing (check **Tenure Type**), or areas where low income households move by necessity for a lower cost of living.

Rental payments are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of rental payments over time, go to Housing Rental Quartiles.

Weekly housing rental payments

Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016		
Weekly rental amount	Number	%	Greater Perth %
\$99 or less	180	6.0	4.7
\$100 - \$149	135	4.5	5.6
\$150 - \$199	72	2.4	4.4
\$200 - \$249	71	2.4	4.5
\$250 - \$299	83	2.8	7.5
\$300 - \$349	241	8.0	13.9
\$350 - \$399	440	14.7	18.0
\$400 - \$449	578	19.3	14.6
\$450 - \$549	756	25.2	14.5
\$550 - \$649	238	7.9	4.8
\$650 - \$749	77	2.6	2.0
\$750 - \$849	17	0.6	1.1
\$850+	26	0.9	1.6
Not stated	85	2.8	2.8
Total households renting	2,999	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- a Households renting social housing
- a Households renting privately
- a Median weekly rental payments
- a High rental payments (more than \$450 per week)

Weekly housing rental payments, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the weekly housing rental payments of households in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of households paying high rental payments (\$450 per week or more), and a smaller proportion of households with low rental payments (less than \$250 per week).

Overall, 37.1% of households were paying high rental payments, and 15.3% were paying low payments, compared with 24.0% and 19.1% respectively in Greater Perth.

The major differences between the housing rental payments of Riverton (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of \$450 \$549 (25.2% compared to 14.5%)
- A *larger* percentage of \$400 \$449 (19.3% compared to 14.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$300 \$349 (8.0% compared to 13.9%)
- A smaller percentage of \$250 \$299 (2.8% compared to 7.5%)

Riverton (2021) Housing rental quartiles

Rental payments in Riverton (2021) are indicative of its residential role and function and are directly related to the value of residential property. When viewed with Household Income data they may also indicate the level of 'housing stress' in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the rental costs of a community over time. A detailed explanation of how Housing Rental Payment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Housing rental quartiles

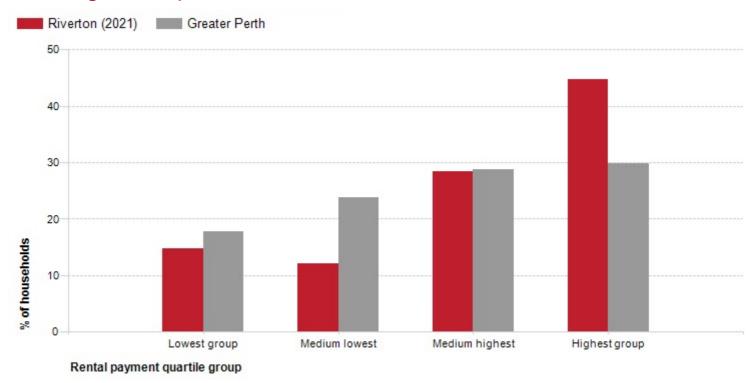
Riverton (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
			Greater Perth			Greater Perth	
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	428	14.7	17.7	395	13.9	17.6	+33
Medium lowest	350	12.0	23.8	362	12.7	23.4	-11
Medium highest	829	28.5	28.8	887	31.1	29.1	-58
Highest group	1,305	44.8	29.7	1,206	42.3	29.8	+99
Total households with stated rent	2,914	100.0	100.0	2,850	100.0	100.0	+63

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

Housing rental - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from rental payment data for WA	Weekly housing	rental payments by	/ Census year	
Rental payment ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001
Lowest group	\$0 to \$228	\$0 to \$168	\$0 to \$112	\$0 to \$93
Medium lowest	\$229 to \$348	\$169 to \$302	\$113 to \$170	\$94 to \$132
Medium highest	\$349 to \$432	\$303 to \$378	\$171 to \$225	\$133 to \$177
Highest group	\$433 and over	\$379 and over	\$226 and over	\$178 and over

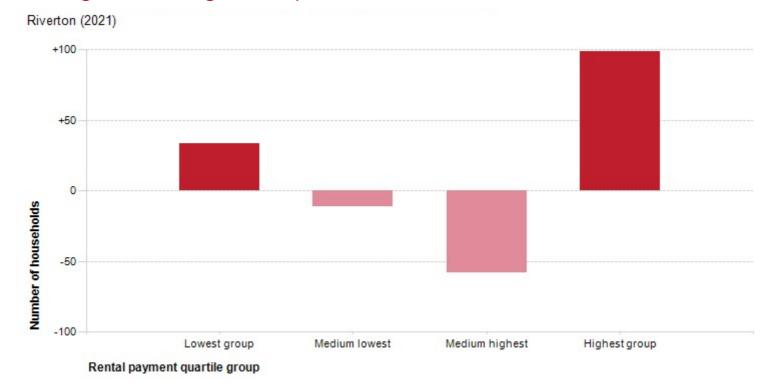
Housing rental quartiles for 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in housing rental quartiles, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Rental payment quartiles allow us to compare relative rental liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by rental payment quartiles in Riverton (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of households in the highest payment quartile, and a smaller proportion in the lowest payment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households renting their dwelling in Riverton (2021) increased by 64 between 2011 and 2016. The most significant change during this period was in the highest quartile which showed an increase of 99 households.

 $copyright © 2020. id \ Consulting \ Pty \ Ltd \ ACN \ 084 \ 054 \ 473. \ All \ rights \ reserved.$ Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Western Australia Residential building approvals

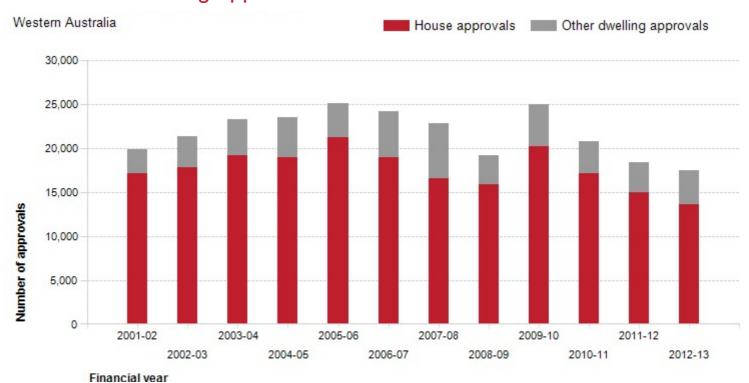
The Western Australia's building approvals are used as a leading indicator of the general level of residential development, economic activity, employment and investment. Residential building activity depends on many factors that vary with the state of the economy including interest rates, availability of mortgage funds, government spending, and business investment. Large financial changes or shocks, such as the Global Financial Crisis of 2008/09 can be observed in the data. However, the number of building approvals can fluctuate substantially from year to year simply as a result of the short-term nature of many construction projects, and the cyclical nature of the industry.

Residential building approvals

Western Australia	Number			Annual change		
Year (ending June 30)	Houses	Other	Total	Houses	Other	Total
2012-13	13,651	3,815	17,466	-1,287	+412	-875
2011-12	14,938	3,403	18,341	-2,213	-252	-2,465
2010-11	17,151	3,655	20,806	-3,033	-1,179	-4,212
2009-10	20,184	4,834	25,018	+4,343	+1,543	+5,886
2008-09	15,841	3,291	19,132	-769	-2,929	-3,698
2007-08	16,610	6,220	22,830	-2,355	+938	-1,417
2006-07	18,965	5,282	24,247	-2,271	+1,460	-811
2005-06	21,236	3,822	25,058	+2,324	-732	+1,592
2004-05	18,912	4,554	23,466	-321	+537	+216
2003-04	19,233	4,017	23,250	+1,461	+403	+1,864
2002-03	17,772	3,614	21,386	+648	+840	+1,488
2001-02	17,124	2,774	19,898			

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts

Residential building approvals



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented by .id, the population experts.



copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Western Australia SEIFA by Local Government Area

The Western Australia Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, lack of internet access), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage. This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy.

Index of Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage (above) as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, larger houses). Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure.

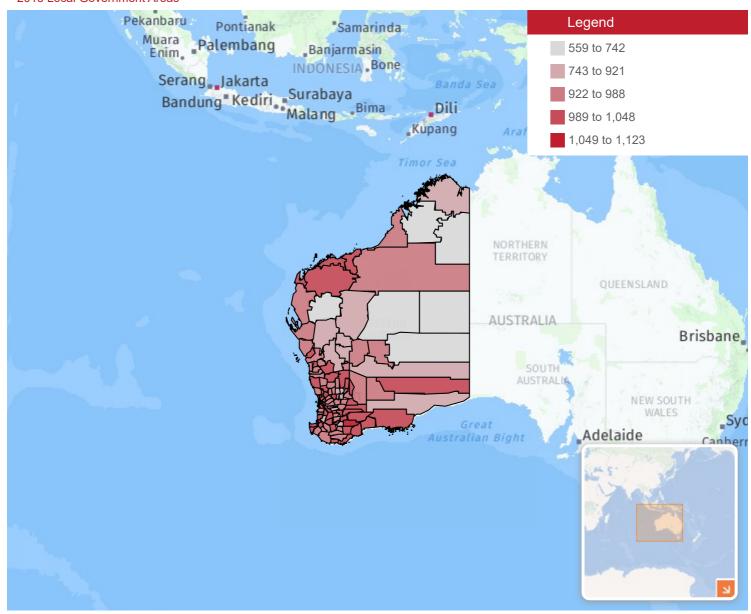
SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced.

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher*

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher* level of disadvantage or, in the case of IRSAD, a higher level of advantage.

Please note that the LGAs listed here relate to the boundary which was current at the 2016 Census. Boundary changes since that time will not be reflected in the list. For recent boundary changes in the local area please see the SEIFA by profile area

2016 Local Government Areas



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

Local Government Areas in Western Australia

2016 Local Government Area	2016 Index
Peppermint Grove	1,123
Cottesloe	1,118
Nedlands	1,117
Cambridge	1,114
Claremont	1,099
East Fremantle	1,088
Joondalup	1,078
Mosman Park	1,078
Melville	1,073
Subiaco	1,071
Vincent	1,069

Local Government Areas in Western Australia

2016 Local Government Area	2016 Index
South Perth	1,064
Kent	1,063
Perth	1,049
Chapman Valley	1,047
Ashburton	1,046
Mundaring	1,045
Serpentine-Jarrahdale	1,040
Kalamunda	1,039
Lake Grace	1,038

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

 $copyright © 2020. id \ Consulting \ Pty \ Ltd \ ACN \ 084 \ 054 \ 473. \ All \ rights \ reserved.$ Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Western Australia SEIFA by profile area

The Western Australia Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, lack of internet access), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage. This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy.

Index of Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage (above) as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, larger houses), Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure.

SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced. A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher* level of disadvantage or, in the case of IRSAD, a higher level of advantage.

The percentile column indicates the approximate position of this small area in a ranked list of Australia's suburbs and localities. It's meant to give an indication of where the area sits within the whole nation. A higher number indicates a higher socio-economic status. For instance, a percentile of 72 indicates that approximately 72% of Australia's suburbs have a SEIFA index lower than this area (more disadvantaged), while 28% are higher.

Learn more about SEIFA and how it is used for funding and advocacy here.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2016 index	Percentile
Carine (2021)	1,103.9	97
Carine	1,099.5	97
Cottesloe (2021)	1,098.7	96
Cottesloe	1,097.4	96
Churchlands	1,095.2	96
Nedlands	1,093.9	95
Bateman	1,091.6	95
Nedlands (2021)	1,091.5	95
Churchlands (2021)	1,090.4	94
Bateman (2021)	1,088.1	94
Jandakot	1,086.7	93
Jandakot (2021)	1,086.0	93
Hillarys	1,081.2	92
Kalamunda	1,074.1	89
Kingsley	1,074.1	89
Hillarys (2021)	1,072.9	88
Kingsley (2021)	1,071.9	88
Kalamunda (2021)	1,071.5	88
Bicton (2021)	1,071.2	88
Bicton	1,071.2	88
Joondalup (2021)	1,070.0	87

Page 136 of 140

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Scarborough (2021) Scarborough Riverton (2021)	1,068.5 1,066.9 1,066.7	86 85
·		85
Riverton (2021)	1,066.7	
	i i	85
Joondalup	1,065.1	85
Riverton	1,064.7	84
South Perth (2021)	1,064.6	84
South Perth	1,064.4	84
North Metropolitan Region (2021)	1,061.8	83
North Metropolitan Region	1,060.2	82
Perth (2021)	1,059.9	82
Perth	1,059.7	82
Burns Beach	1,058.3	81
Landsdale (2021)	1,052.1	78
Cockburn (2021)	1,049.7	76
Wanneroo	1,049.4	76
Darling Range (2021)	1,049.3	76
Darling Range	1,048.1	75
Mount Lawley	1,045.6	74
Mount Lawley (2021)	1,045.6	74
Burns Beach (2021)	1,045.4	74
Wanneroo (2021)	1,038.8	69
Cockburn	1,036.6	68
Swan Hills (2021)	1,034.3	67
Swan Hills	1,033.2	66
Maylands	1,032.3	66
Maylands (2021)	1,032.3	66
Metropolitan District	1,029.7	63
Baldivis (2021)	1,029.7	63
South Metropolitan Region (2021)	1,029.2	63
South Metropolitan Region	1,029.0	63
Greater Perth	1,026.0	61
Balcatta	1,025.7	61
Southern River	1,025.2	61
Southern River (2021)	1,025.2	61
Baldivis	1,021.2	58
Pilbara (2021)	1,019.1	57
West Swan (2021)	1,018.6	56
Vasse (2021)	1,016.8	55
Vasse	1,016.8	55
Pilbara	1,015.2	54
Western Australia	1,015.0	54
WA	1,015.0	54
West Swan	1,014.9	54

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Area Willagee	2016 index 1,013.8	Percentile 53
Warnbro	1,012.7	53
Warnbro (2021)	1,012.7	53
Morley	1,009.3	51
Butler	1,009.1	51
Balcatta (2021)	1,008.6	50
Kwinana	1,008.0	50
Forrestfield	1,008.0	50
Forrestfield (2021)	1,008.0	50
Morley (2021)	1,006.0	49
Butler (2021)	1,005.4	49
Willagee (2021)	1,005.3	49
Girrawheen	1,003.1	47
Victoria Park	1,002.6	47
Fremantle	1,002.1	47
Australia	1,001.9	46
Dawesville (2021)	1,001.5	46
East Metropolitan Region	1,001.0	46
Fremantle (2021)	999.9	45
Victoria Park (2021)	999.3	45
East Metropolitan Region (2021)	998.6	44
Dawesville	998.3	44
Collie-preston (2021)	993.3	41
Kwinana (2021)	992.4	41
Belmont (2021)	992.1	41
Collie-Preston	992.1	41
Belmont	992.1	41
Moore (2021)	992.0	41
Moore	991.6	41
Albany	990.5	40
Albany (2021)	989.2	39
Kalgoorlie	988.9	39
Kalgoorlie (2021)	988.9	39
Cannington (2021)	988.1	39
Bassendean (2021)	987.0	38
Warren-Blackwood (2021)	985.6	37
Warren-Blackwood	985.4	37
Murray-Wellington	985.1	37
Bassendean	984.9	36
Cannington	984.9	36
South West Region	984.5	36
South West Region (2021)	984.4	36
Roe	982.8	35

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2016 index	Percentile
Midland	982.8	35
Midland (2021)	982.6	35
Roe (2021)	982.5	35
Murray-Wellington (2021)	976.8	32
Agricultural Region (2021)	976.5	32
Regional District	976.1	32
Agricultural Region	975.9	32
Regional WA	975.0	31
Bunbury (2021)	972.7	31
Geraldton (2021)	969.5	29
Geraldton	969.5	29
Bunbury	968.2	28
Rockingham	963.0	26
Central Wheatbelt (2021)	962.5	26
Rockingham (2021)	960.8	25
Central Wheatbelt	960.8	25
Mining and Pastoral Region (2021)	956.8	24
Mining and Pastoral Region	955.6	23
Thornlie	955.0	23
Thornlie (2021)	955.0	23
Mandurah	942.5	19
Mandurah (2021)	941.7	19
North West Central (2021)	936.8	17
North West Central	934.2	17
Armadale (2021)	932.1	16
Armadale	932.1	16
Mirrabooka	916.7	13
Mirrabooka (2021)	896.6	9
Kimberley	862.3	6
Kimberley (2021)	858.9	6

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.

Western Australia About the community profile

Demographic change across Australia is recorded by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the Census collections every five years. <u>Population experts, .id</u>, analyse and convert these raw figures into stories of place to inform council staff, community groups, investors, business, students and the general public.

The Western Australia Electorate Profiles provides demographic analysis for the State and its suburbs based on results from the 2016, 2011, 2006, 2001, 1996 and 1991 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures such as the annual Estimated Resident Population (ERP).

Suburb boundaries and Census questions change over time, but .id manages the data to ensure that there is an accurate time series provided for the current geographic boundaries. You can read more about this in the <u>Geography</u> Notes section.

Results for the Western Australia include population, age structure, ethnicity, ancestry, religion, income, qualifications, occupations, employment, unemployment, disability, disadvantage, volunteering, childcare, family structure, household structure, housing tenure, mortgage and rental payments, and the size and type of the dwellings people live in. The Community Profile presents this information in clear maps, tables and charts with concise factual commentary to answer three important questions:

- 1. What are the characteristics of the people who live here?
- 2. How are they changing?
- 3. How do they compare to other areas?

This provides the basis for making evidence-based decisions about how to provide services for the community as it changes.

You can be confident about the quality of the information as it is derived from Australian Bureau of Statistics data, analysed and presented by population experts and funded by the Western Australia.

copyright © 2020 .id Consulting Pty Ltd ACN 084 054 473. All rights reserved. Please read our Report Disclaimer and Copyright Notice which governs your use of this report.