Western Australia Parliamentary Library 2016 Census Results

2016 Census Results Warren-Blackwood (2021)

Comparison year: 2011

Benchmark area: Greater Perth

community profile

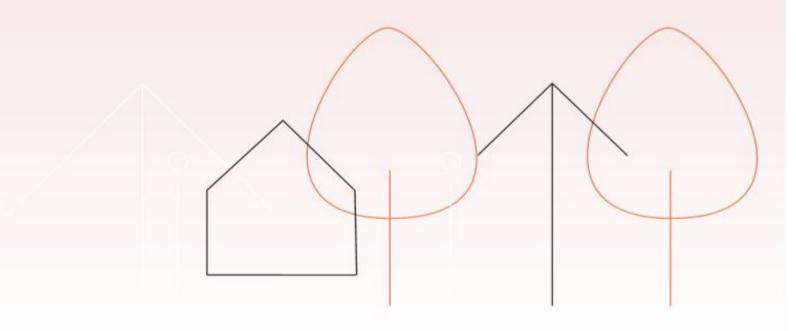






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Welcome to the Western Australia Parliamentary Library **Electorate Profiles**

This site provides census data based on the 2015 electorate boundaries plus those resulting from the 2019 electoral boundary re-distribution (Western Australian Electoral Distribution – Final Boundaries) which come into effect at the next General State Election due March 2021; the new areas are designated with '2021' after the name.

The Western Australia Parliamentary Library Electorate Profiles provides demographic analysis for the State and smaller areas within it based on results from the 2016 and 2011 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures.

Population

2,621,509

ABS ERP 2019

Land area

253,151,440

ha (2,531,514 Km²)

Population density

0.01

persons per hectare



Page 1 of 141



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News more >

Vulnerable communities assessment

Case study.

15 April 2020

Austalia's fastest growing areas

Insights from the latest ABS population figures.

30 March 2020

Charting vulnerabilty

Understand vulnerable communities across LGAs.

19 March 2020

Covid-19 support

How we can help you during the Covid-19 response period.

17 March 2020

Population highlights

Population

41,819

ERP, 2019

▲ Grown by 444 from the previous year.

Estimated Resident Population Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

Warren-Blackwood (2021) 2016

2.8%

- No significant change since previous Census (less than +/-0.5%) ▲ Increased since previous Census
- ▼ Decreased since previous Census

Aboriginal and Torres
Strait Islander Population

2.0% (0.4%)

Greater Perth 1.6% (1.4%)

WA 3.1% (1.4%)

Australia

Couples with children

23%
▼ (-1.8%)

Greater Perth

WA

Australia

30%
•

Older couples without children

13% (1.7%)

Greater Perth 9% A

WA 9% A

Australia 10% A

Lone person households

25% (0.3%)

Greater Perth 22% ▼
WA 22% ◆
Australia 23% ◆

Medium and high density Housing

4% (-1%)

Greater Perth 25% ▲ WA 21% ▲ Australia 27% ▲

Median weekly household income

\$1,102 _(\$178)

Greater Perth \$1,636 ▲
WA \$1,582 ▲
Australia \$1,431 ▲

Median weekly mortgage repayment

\$341

Greater Perth \$467 ▲
WA \$457 ▲
Australia \$409 ▲

Median weekly rent

\$238

Greater Perth \$372 ▲
WA \$348 ▲
Australia \$339 ▲

Households renting

24% (-2.3%)

Greater Perth 26% ▼
WA 27% ▼
Australia 29% ▲

Households with a mortgage

29% (0.6%)

Greater Perth 40% ▲ WA 37% ▲ Australia 32% ▼

Overseas born

20% (0%)

Greater Perth 36% ▲
WA 32% ▲
Australia 26% ▲

Language at home other than English

5% (0.7%)

Greater Perth 20% ▲ WA 18% ▲ Australia 21% ▲

University attendance

1% (-0.1%)

Greater Perth 5% ↔
WA 4% ↔
Australia 5% ▲

University qualification

15% (2%)

Greater Perth 23% ▲ WA 21% ▲ Australia 22% ▲

Trade qualification (certificate)

22% (1.4%)

Greater Perth 19% ▲
WA 20% ▲
Australia 19% ▲

Unemployment rate

5.4% _(1.6%)

Greater Perth 8.1% ▲
WA 7.8% ▲
Australia 6.9% ▲

Participation rate (population in labour force)

57% **•** (-3%)

Greater Perth 64% ▼
WA 63% ▼
Australia 60% ▼

Public transport (to work)

3% (2.4%)

Greater Perth 10% → WA 9% → Australia 11% ▲

SEIFA index of disadvantage 2016

986

Greater Perth 1026 ▲
WA 1015 ▲
Australia 1002 ▲

Median age

36 (0)

WA 36 **•** Australia 38 **•**

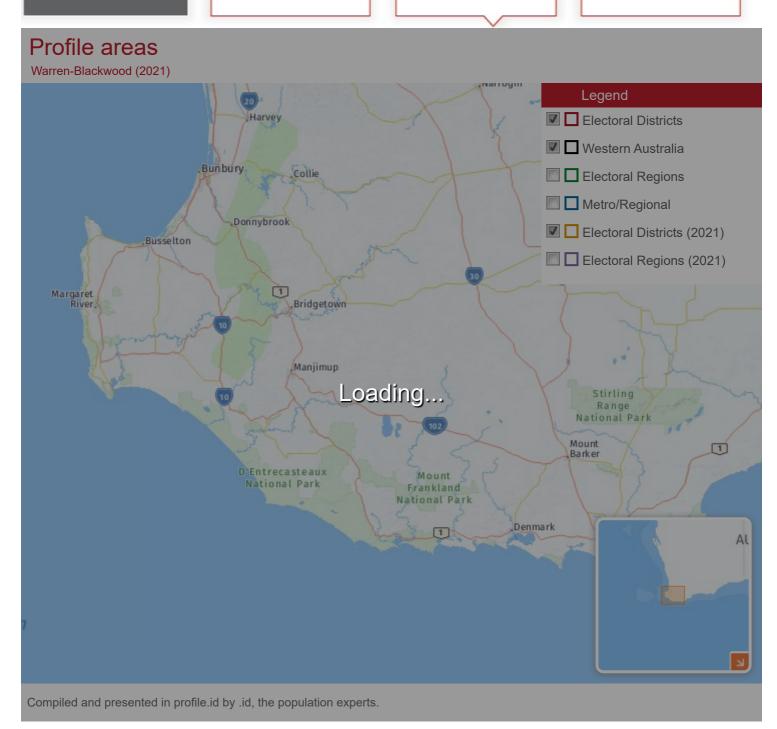
Warren-Blackwood (2021) About the profile areas

Important
Statistics

Population 41,819 2019 ABS ERP

Land area 2,304,491 ha (23,045 Km²)

Population density
0.02
persons per hectare



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Population and dwellings

There are a number of different ways of measuring the population of an area, all of which give an insight into the size of the place and its rate of growth over different time periods. The Census counts people where they are on the night of the Census (enumerated population) and also by where they usually live (usual residence). Both these populations are useful and form the basis for a range of characteristics collected in the Census.

However, the most accurate count of the total population is Estimated Resident Population, which factors in an estimate of those missed in the Census and those who were overseas on Census night. It is usually higher than either Census count, and is also updated annually after the Census, providing preliminary estimates for up to 5 years.

This page provides the three population counts for Warren-Blackwood (2021) at the last Census, with comparisons to previous Census years for the Census counts only. The current estimate for Warren-Blackwood (2021) at the most recent year available is shown at the top of the page. This figure is a preliminary estimate only and is subject to review after the next Census data are released. Please use with caution.

Also included are a range of sub-population groups and key statistics from the Census (usual resident) population, such as citizens, employed persons and Indigenous population.

These figures all provide the context for the size of the population and growth rate within Warren-Blackwood (2021) and should be looked at in conjunction with other basic demographic information, such as Age Structure, Dwelling Type and Household Size.

The data on this page are sourced from a variety of different tables and designed to give a range of population and dwelling numbers for the area.

Population

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons	2016				Change		
Population	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Estimated Resident Population	40,494						
Enumerated Population	39,226			36,029			+3,197
Usual Resident Population	39,658			36,854			+2,804

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by id, the population experts.

Selected subpopulation categories

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total people (Usual residence)	2016			Change			
Population group	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Males	19,846	50.0	49.6	18,461	50.1	49.6	+1,385
Females	19,814	50.0	50.4	18,393	49.9	50.4	+1,421
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population	810	2.0	1.6	621	1.7	1.6	+189
Australian citizens	67,277	169.6	78.3	32,388	87.9	80.0	+34,889
Eligible voters (citizens aged 18+)	51,147	129.0	59.1	24,194	65.6	60.6	+26,953
Population over 15	32,301	81.4	80.9	29,256	79.4	80.8	+3,045
Employed Population	17,559	94.6	91.9	17,032	96.2	95.2	+527
Overseas visitors (enumerated)	708			437			+271

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwellings

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
Dwellings	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total dwellings	21,686	100.0	100.0	20,615	100.0	100.0	+1,071
Occupied private dwellings	16,476	76.0	89.4	14,989	72.7	90.8	+1,487
Population in non-private dwellings	1,802			1,256			+546
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.31		2.55	2.34		2.55	-0.02

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id , the population experts.

^{*}Note that this is an estimate based on ERP at the SA1 level. It is subject to review after the next Census data release and may not match .id's population forecasts.

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is the Australian Bureau of Statistics' official 2019 population figure for all Local Government Areas (LGAs) - but is subject to review after the next Census release. For areas smaller than LGAs, the ERP is derived from SA1 geographies based on population distribution from the previous Census. As such, these smaller geographies are subject to a greater level of revision each Census due to the change in actual numbers and in population distributions.

Populations are counted and estimated in various ways. The most comprehensive population count available in Australia is derived from the Census of Population and Housing conducted by the Australian Bureau of Statistics every five years. However the Census count is generally an under-estimate of the actual population, due to people missed in the Census and people overseas on Census night. To provide a more accurate population figure more frequently, the ABS also produces ERP numbers.

See data notes for a detailed explanation of different population types, how they are calculated and when to use each one.

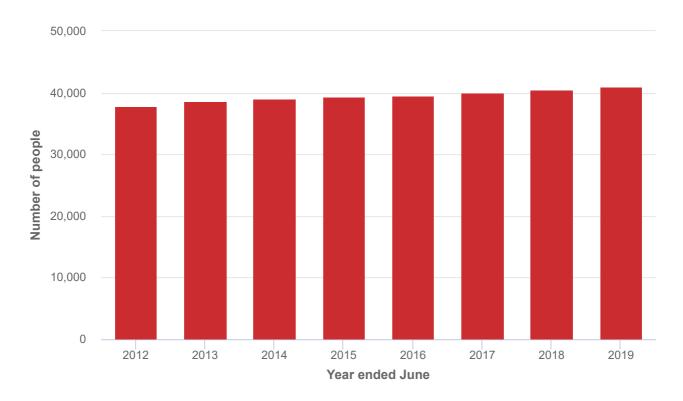
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Year (ending June 30)	Number	Change in number	Change in percent	Greater Perth change in percent
2012	38,637			
2013	39,521	+884	+2.29	+2.89
2014	39,914	+393	+0.99	+1.53
2015	40,188	+274	+0.69	+1.19
2016	40,494	+306	+0.76	+0.86
2017	40,921	+427	+1.05	+0.92
2018	41,375	+454	+1.11	+1.01
2019	41,819	+444	+1.07	+1.33

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

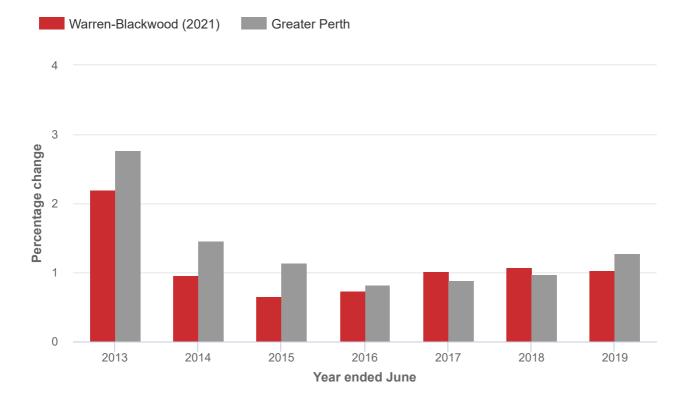
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

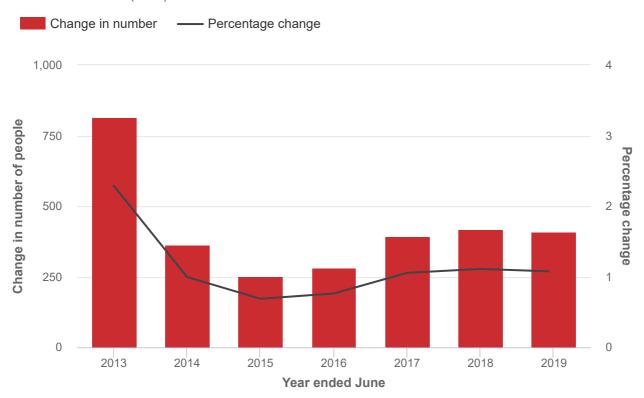
Percentage change in ERP - Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

Annual change in Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id the population experts

Service age groups

The Age Structure of Warren-Blackwood (2021) provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is an indicator of Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Service age groups divide the population into age categories that reflect typical life-stages. They indicate the level of demand for services that target people at different stages in life and how that demand is changing.

To get a more complete picture Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

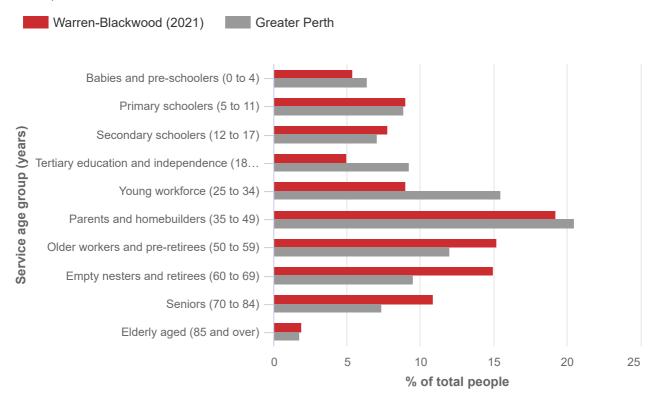
Age structure - Service age groups

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Service age group (years)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Babies and pre-schoolers (0 to 4)	2,171	5.5	6.5	2,329	6.3	6.6	-158
Primary schoolers (5 to 11)	3,617	9.1	9.0	3,536	9.6	8.7	+81
Secondary schoolers (12 to 17)	3,130	7.9	7.2	3,065	8.3	7.9	+64
Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24)	2,008	5.1	9.4	1,970	5.3	10.2	+37
Young workforce (25 to 34)	3,633	9.2	15.8	3,462	9.4	14.7	+171
Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49)	7,772	19.6	20.9	7,864	21.3	21.6	-92
Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59)	6,144	15.5	12.2	5,859	15.9	12.4	+284
Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69)	6,043	15.2	9.7	4,918	13.3	9.2	+1,125
Seniors (70 to 84)	4,378	11.0	7.5	3,169	8.6	7.0	+1,208
Elderly aged (85 and over)	769	1.9	1.8	677	1.8	1.6	+92
Total	39,665	100.0	100.0	36,853	100.0	100.0	+2,811

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Age structure - service age groups, 2016

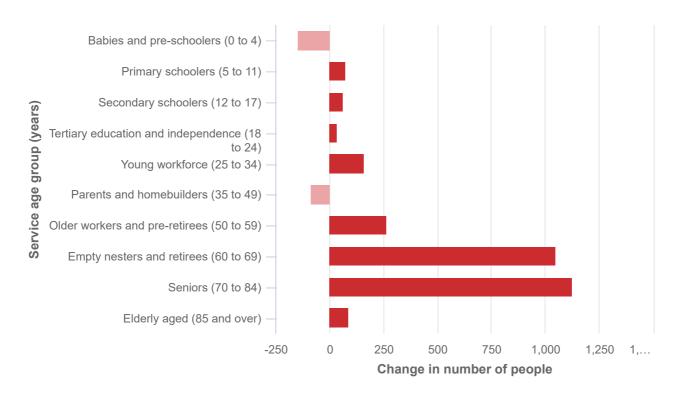
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in age structure - service age groups, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the service age groups of Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).

Overall, 22.5% of the population was aged between 0 and 17, and 28.2% were aged 60 years and over, compared with 22.7% and 19.0% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the age structure of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of 'Empty nesters and retirees' (15.2% compared to 9.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of 'Seniors' (11.0% compared to 7.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Young workforce' (9.2% compared to 15.8%)
- A smaller percentage of 'Tertiary education & independence' (5.1% compared to 9.4%)

Emerging groups

From 2011 to 2016, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s population increased by 2,812 people (7.6%). This represents an average annual population change of 1.48% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the age structure in this area between 2011 and 2016 were in the age groups:

- Seniors (70 to 84) (+1,208 people)
- Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69) (+1,125 people)
- Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59) (+284 people)
- Young workforce (25 to 34) (+171 people)

Five year age groups

The Age Structure of Warren-Blackwood (2021) provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is also an indicator of Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Five year age groups present a classic age profile of the population. Each age group covers exactly five years, which enables direct comparison between each group.

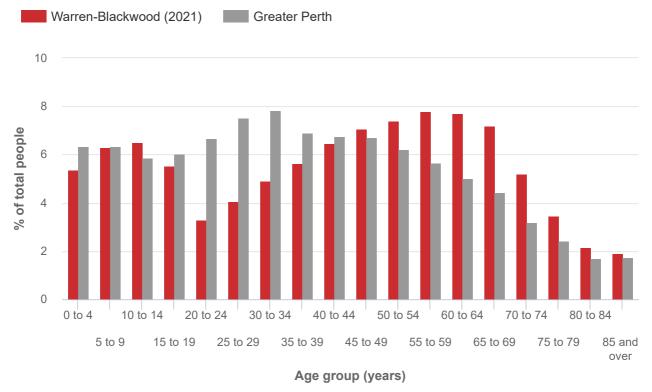
To get a more complete picture Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

Age structure - Five year age groups

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Five year age groups (years)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
0 to 4	2,171	5.5	6.5	2,329	6.3	6.6	-158
5 to 9	2,557	6.4	6.5	2,473	6.7	6.2	+83
10 to 14	2,634	6.6	6.0	2,700	7.3	6.4	-67
15 to 19	2,235	5.6	6.2	2,054	5.6	6.8	+181
20 to 24	1,331	3.4	6.9	1,344	3.6	7.5	-14
25 to 29	1,644	4.1	7.7	1,540	4.2	7.7	+104
30 to 34	1,995	5.0	8.0	1,922	5.2	7.0	+73
35 to 39	2,290	5.8	7.1	2,287	6.2	7.2	+2
40 to 44	2,616	6.6	6.9	2,666	7.2	7.4	-51
45 to 49	2,868	7.2	6.9	2,909	7.9	7.1	-41
50 to 54	2,994	7.5	6.4	2,992	8.1	6.5	+2
55 to 59	3,154	7.9	5.8	2,867	7.8	5.8	+286
60 to 64	3,120	7.9	5.1	2,787	7.6	5.3	+333
65 to 69	2,921	7.4	4.6	2,130	5.8	3.8	+790
70 to 74	2,103	5.3	3.3	1,512	4.1	3.0	+591
75 to 79	1,398	3.5	2.5	955	2.6	2.3	+443
80 to 84	876	2.2	1.7	702	1.9	1.8	+174
85 and over	769	1.9	1.8	677	1.8	1.6	+92
Total population	39,676	100.0	100.0	36,853	100.0	100.0	+2,822

Age structure - five year age groups, 2016

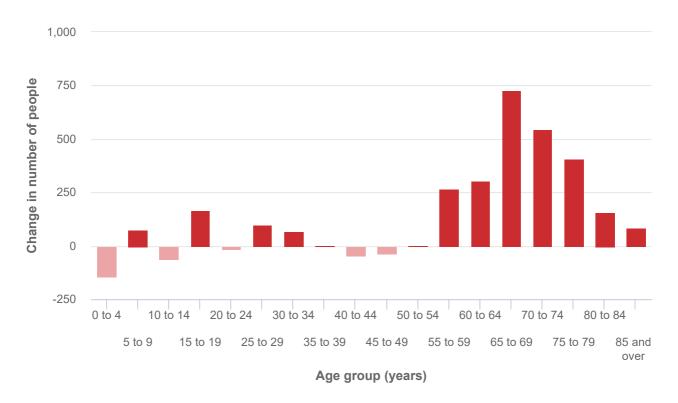
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in age structure - five year age groups, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the five year age groups of Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion of people in the younger age groups (under 15) and a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (65+).

Overall, 18.6% of the population was aged between 0 and 15, and 20.3% were aged 65 years and over, compared with 19.1% and 13.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the age structure of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 65 to 69 (7.4% compared to 4.6%)
- A smaller percentage of persons aged 25 to 29 (4.1% compared to 7.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 20 to 24 (3.4% compared to 6.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 30 to 34 (5.0% compared to 8.0%)

Emerging groups

From 2011 to 2016, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s population increased by 2,823 people (7.7%). This represents an average annual population change of 1.49% per year over the period.

The largest changes in age structure in this area between 2011 and 2016 were in the age groups:

- 65 to 69 (+790 persons)
- 70 to 74 (+591 persons)
- 75 to 79 (+443 persons)
- 60 to 64 (+333 persons)

Ancestry

Ancestry defines the cultural association and ethnic background of an individual going back three generations. Ancestry is a good measure of the total size of cultural groups in Warren-Blackwood (2021) regardless of where they were born or what language they speak.

Ancestry data, should be combined with data on Birthplace, Language Spoken at Home and Religion for a more complete picture of Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s ethnic characteristics.

Please note that the "Australian Aboriginal" and "Torres Strait Islander" categories in this topic are not considered to be a reliable estimate of the indigenous peoples of Australia. For information on this group, please use the "Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population" found on the **Population** page.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of ancestry groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Ancestry - Ranked by size

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Ancestry	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
English	18,218	45.9	37.2	17,400	47.2	37.6	+817
Australian	15,539	39.2	28.3	14,277	38.7	30.1	+1,261
Scottish	4,176	10.5	8.6	3,887	10.5	8.3	+289
Irish	3,857	9.7	9.2	3,632	9.9	8.3	+225
Italian	1,562	3.9	5.3	1,507	4.1	5.4	+55
German	1,478	3.7	2.8	1,423	3.9	2.7	+54
Dutch	852	2.1	1.9	782	2.1	2.1	+69
New Zealander	472	1.2	1.3	440	1.2	1.2	+31
Welsh	380	1.0	0.9	344	0.9	0.9	+35
French	262	0.7	0.7	232	0.6	0.6	+30

Excludes ancestries with fewer than 10 responses (multi-response).

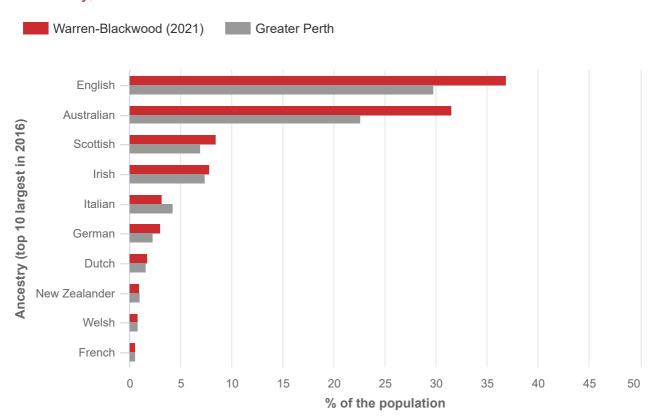
Ancestry - Totals

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Ancestry totals	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Not stated	3,456	6.8	5.3	2,323	4.9	5.6	+1,133
Total responses	51,183			47,700			+3,482
Total people	39,665			36,853			+2,811

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

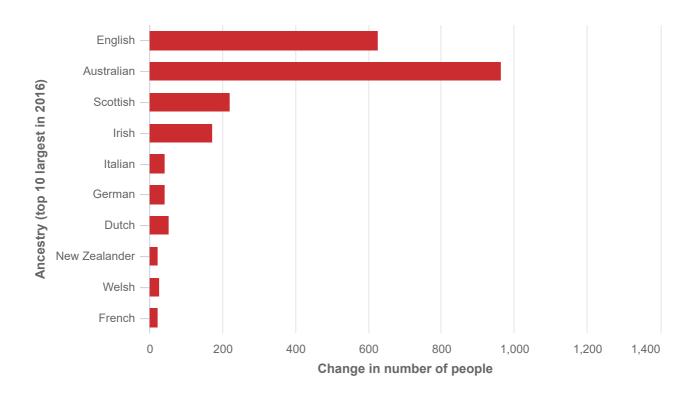
Ancestry, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in ancestry, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the ancestry responses of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 shows that the top five ancestries nominated were:

- English (18,218 people or 45.9%)
- Australian (15,539 people or 39.2%)
- Scottish (4,176 people or 10.5%)
- Irish (3,857 people or 9.7%)
- Italian (1,562 people or 3.9%)

In combination these five ancestries account for 43,352 responses in total, or 109.30% of all responses.

The major differences between the ancestries of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of people with Australian ancestry (39.2% compared to 28.3%)
- A larger percentage of people with English ancestry (45.9% compared to 37.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people with Chinese ancestry (0.6% compared to 5.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people with Indian ancestry (0.3% compared to 3.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the reported ancestries of the population in this area between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Australian (+1,261 persons)
- English (+817 persons)
- Scottish (+289 persons)
- Irish (+225 persons)

Birthplace

Country of Birth data identifies where people were born and is indicative of the level of cultural diversity in Warren-Blackwood (2021). The mix of Country of Birth groups is also indicative of historical settlement patterns, as source countries for Australia's immigration program have varied significantly over time.

To get a more complete picture of cultural and ethnic characteristics, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Country of Birth data should be viewed together with Ancestry, Language Spoken at Home and Religion.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual birthplace groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Birthplace - Summary

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total overseas born	7,888	19.9	36.1	7,334	19.9	34.4	+553
Australia	27,892	70.3	57.3	27,483	74.6	59.7	+409
Not stated	3,876	9.8	6.6	2,035	5.5	5.9	+1,840
Total Population	39,656	100.0	100.0	36,854	100.0	100.0	+2,802

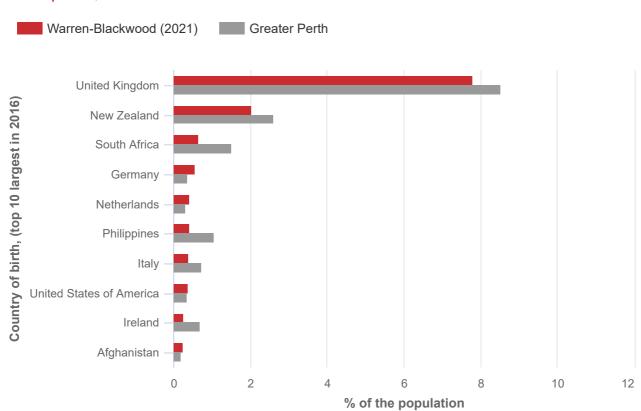
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Birthplace - Ranked by size

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Overseas born (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
United Kingdom	3,742	9.4	10.4	3,745	10.2	11.4	-3
New Zealand	975	2.5	3.2	874	2.4	3.1	+101
South Africa	310	0.8	1.8	209	0.6	1.7	+100
Germany	266	0.7	0.4	273	0.7	0.5	-8
Netherlands	200	0.5	0.4	182	0.5	0.5	+18
Philippines	198	0.5	1.3	151	0.4	0.8	+47
Italy	190	0.5	0.9	146	0.4	1.0	+43
United States of America	181	0.5	0.4	186	0.5	0.4	-6
Ireland	122	0.3	0.8	114	0.3	0.7	+8
Afghanistan	112	0.3	0.2	77	0.2	0.2	+35

Excludes countries of birth with fewer than 10 people.

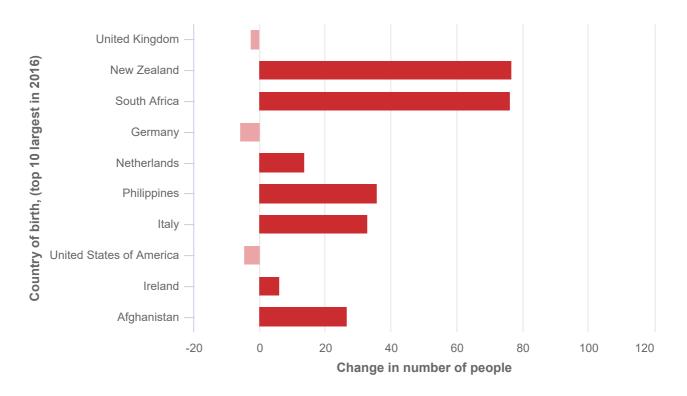
Birthplace, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in birthplace, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the country of birth of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of people born overseas.

Overall, 19.9% of the population was born overseas, compared with 36.1% for Greater Perth.

The largest non-English speaking country of birth in Warren-Blackwood (2021) was Germany, where 0.7% of the population, or 266 people, were born.

The major differences between the countries of birth of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *smaller* percentage of people born in India (0.3% compared to 2.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people born in Malaysia (0.1% compared to 1.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people born in China (0.1% compared to 1.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people born in South Africa (0.8% compared to 1.8%)

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people born overseas increased by 554 or 7.6%.

The largest changes in birthplace countries of the population in this area between 2011 and 2016 were for those born in:

- New Zealand (+101 persons)
- South Africa (+100 persons)

Overseas arrivals

The Year of Arrival data records when the overseas born population arrived in Australia. The data shows the degree to which areas are 'ports' for new overseas arrivals and reveals the role of Warren-Blackwood (2021) in housing the overseas-born. The number of recent overseas arrivals in an area is often determined by housing affordability, employment opportunities and pre-existing communities located in the area.

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Year of Arrival data, when used with Birthplace, Religion and Language Spoken at Home data, is a good indicator of the likely need for services in migrant communities.

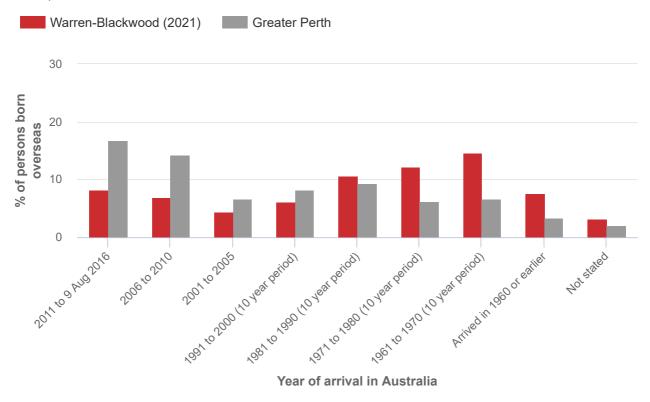
Overseas arrivals

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Overseas born (Usual residence)		2016	
Year of arrival in Australia	Number	%	Greater Perth %
2011 to 9 Aug 2016	880	11.2	22.8
2006 to 2010	737	9.4	19.4
2001 to 2005	469	6.0	9.1
1991 to 2000 (10 year period)	658	8.4	11.0
1981 to 1990 (10 year period)	1,128	14.3	12.7
1971 to 1980 (10 year period)	1,298	16.5	8.5
1961 to 1970 (10 year period)	1,563	19.8	9.0
Arrived in 1960 or earlier	802	10.2	4.5
Not stated	343	4.4	2.9
Total	7,878	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u>, the population experts. Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Overseas arrivals, 2016

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the year of arrival for the overseas born population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of people who arrived before 2001, and a smaller proportion of recent overseas arrivals (those who arrived between 2011 to 9 Aug 2016).

Overall, 69.2% of the overseas born population arrived before 2001, and 11% arrived during or after 2011, compared with 45.8% and 22.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences in year of arrival data in the population between Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth are:

- A larger percentage of arrivals between 1961 and 1970 (19.8% compared to 9.0%)
- A larger percentage of arrivals between 1971 and 1980 (16.5% compared to 8.5%)
- A smaller percentage of arrivals between 2011 to 9 Aug 2016 (11.2% compared to 22.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of arrivals between 2006 and 9 Aug 2011 (9.4% compared to 19.4%)

Proficiency in English

Proficiency in English measures the self-assessed proficiency in spoken English of people who speak a language other than English at home. The data, when viewed with other ethnic and cultural indicators, such as Ancestry, Country of Birth, Language Spoken at Home and Religion, reflects Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s ethnic composition and how long the overseas born have been in Australia. This helps service providers determine whether they need to communicate with the local population in languages other than English.

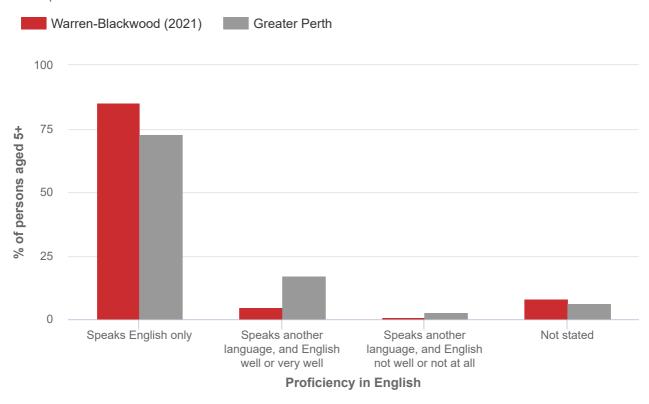
Proficiency in English

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016			2011			Change
English proficiency	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Speaks English only	34,179	86.2	73.5	33,306	90.5	77.8	+872
Speaks another language, and English well or very well	1,913	4.8	17.3	1,542	4.2	14.3	+371
Speaks another language, and English not well or not at all	265	0.7	2.9	217	0.6	2.4	+48
Not stated	3,299	8.3	6.3	1,749	4.8	5.4	+1,549
Total population	39,656	100.0	100.0	36,816	100.0	100.0	+2,840

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Proficiency in English, 2016

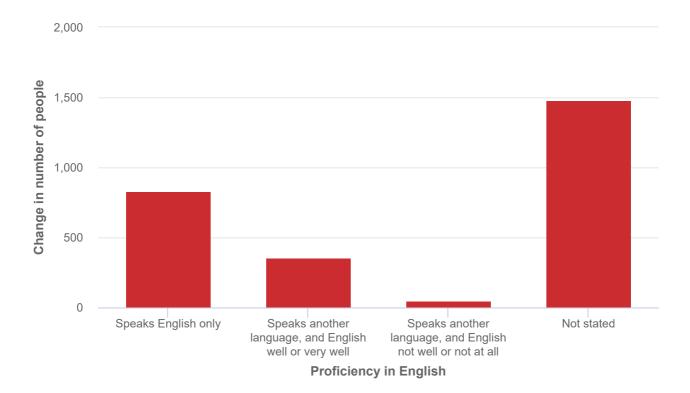
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in Proficiency in English, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the proficiency in English data of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who spoke English only, and a lower proportion of people who spoke another language and English not well or not at all.

Overall, 86.2% of people spoke English only, and 0.7% spoke another language and English not well or not at all, compared with 73.5% and 2.9% respectively for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The most significant changes in the proficiency in English of the population in this area between 2011 and 2016 were in those speaking:

- Speaks English only (+872 persons)
- Speaks another language, and English well or very well (+371 persons)

Language spoken at home

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s language statistics show the proportion of the population who speak a language at home other than English. They indicate how culturally diverse a population is and the degree to which different ethnic groups and nationalities are retaining their language.

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s language statistics should be analysed in conjunction with Country of Birth and Proficiency in English to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups in the area and the services required by the multicultural community.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual language groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Language spoken at home - Summary

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Language summary	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Speaks English only	34,179	86.2	73.5	33,297	90.5	77.8	+881
Non-English total	2,097	5.3	20.1	1,698	4.6	16.6	+398
Not stated	3,379	8.5	6.4	1,794	4.9	5.5	+1,585
Total Population	39,655	100.0	100.0	36,790	100.0	100.0	+2,864

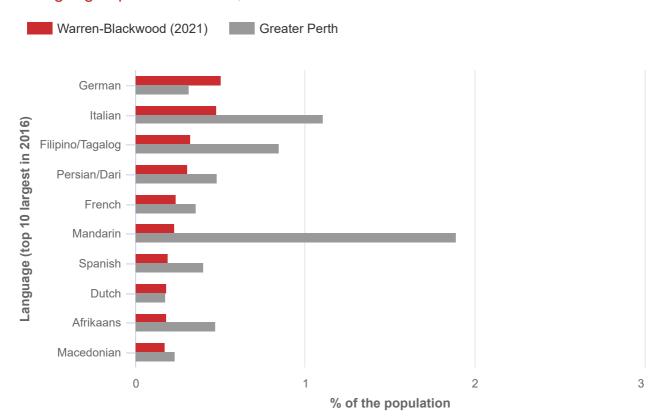
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Language spoken at home - Ranked by size

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Language (excludes English)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
German	249	0.6	0.4	208	0.6	0.4	+41
Italian	233	0.6	1.4	225	0.6	1.6	+7
Filipino/Tagalog	159	0.4	1.0	157	0.4	0.6	+2
Persian/Dari	149	0.4	0.6	78	0.2	0.4	+71
French	118	0.3	0.4	74	0.2	0.4	+43
Mandarin	113	0.3	2.3	68	0.2	1.5	+45
Spanish	93	0.2	0.5	42	0.1	0.4	+51
Dutch	90	0.2	0.2	82	0.2	0.3	+8
Afrikaans	88	0.2	0.6	69	0.2	0.5	+19
Macedonian	84	0.2	0.3	125	0.3	0.3	-41

Excludes languages spoken at home by fewer than 10 people.

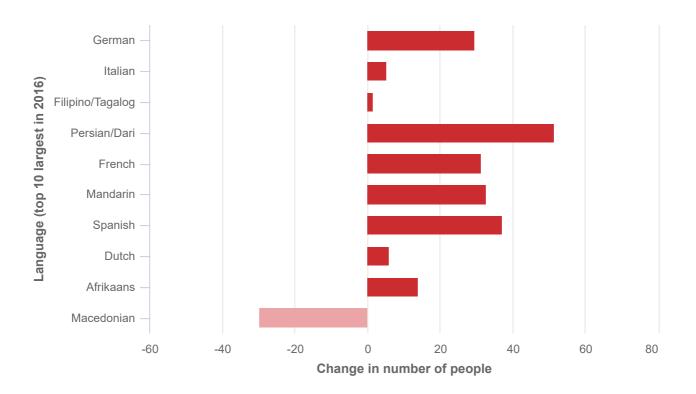
Language spoken at home, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in language spoken at home, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the language spoken at home by the population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of people who spoke English only, and a smaller proportion of those speaking a non-English language (either exclusively, or in addition to English).

Overall, 86.2% of the population spoke English only, and 5.3% spoke a non-English language, compared with 73.5% and 20.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The dominant language spoken at home, other than English, in Warren-Blackwood (2021) was German, with 0.6% of the population, or 249 people speaking this language at home.

The major difference between the languages spoken at home for the population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth in 2016 was:

• A *smaller* percentage speaking Mandarin at home (0.3% compared to 2.3%)

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people who spoke a language other than English at home increased by 399 or 23.5%, and the number of people who spoke English only increased by 882 or 2.6%.

The largest changes in the spoken languages of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were for those speaking:

- Persian/Dari (+71 persons)
- Spanish (+51 persons)

Religion

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s religion statistics provide an indicator of cultural identity and ethnicity when observed in conjunction with other key variables. Religion data reveal the major concentrations of religions as well as revealing the proportion of people with no religious affiliation. There are a number of reasons for different religious compositions across areas including the country of birth and ethnic background of the population, the age of the population (belief in religion is generally stronger, the older the population) and changes in values and belief systems.

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s religion statistics should be analysed in conjunction with other ethnicity statistics such as Country of Birth data and Language Spoken data to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual religion groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Religion - Summary

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2011				Change		
Religion totals	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2011
Christian total	19,273	52.3	58.4	19,273	52.3	58.4	0
Non Christian total	969	2.6	6.9	969	2.6	6.9	0
Non-classifiable religious belief	456	1.2	0.9	456	1.2	0.9	0
No religion	12,457	33.8	25.1	12,457	33.8	25.1	0
Not stated	3,683	10.0	8.8	3,683	10.0	8.8	0
Total Population	36,840	100.0	100.0	36,840	100.0	100.0	0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2011. Compiled and presented by id, the population experts.

Religion - Ranked by size

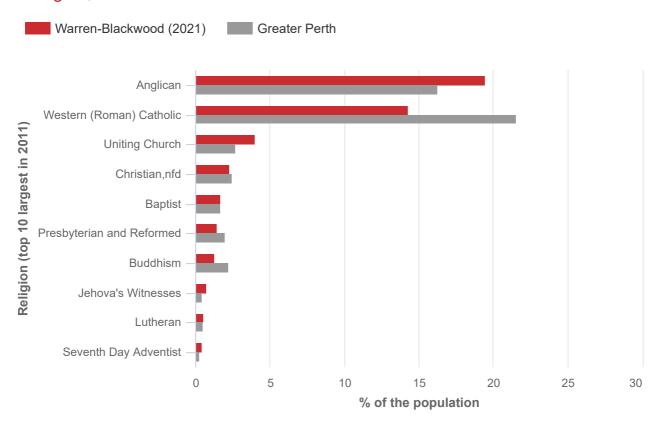
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2011			2011		Change
Religion	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2011
Anglican	8,094	22.0	18.5	8,094	22.0	18.5	0
Western (Roman) Catholic	5,937	16.1	24.4	5,937	16.1	24.4	0
Uniting Church	1,671	4.5	3.0	1,671	4.5	3.0	0
Christian,nfd	932	2.5	2.8	932	2.5	2.8	0
Baptist	691	1.9	1.9	691	1.9	1.9	0
Presbyterian and Reformed	600	1.6	2.2	600	1.6	2.2	0
Buddhism	523	1.4	2.5	523	1.4	2.5	0
Jehova's Witnesses	297	0.8	0.5	297	0.8	0.5	0
Lutheran	227	0.6	0.5	227	0.6	0.5	0
Seventh Day Adventist	185	0.5	0.2	185	0.5	0.2	0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2011. Compiled and presented by id, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Excludes religions with fewer than 10 adherents.

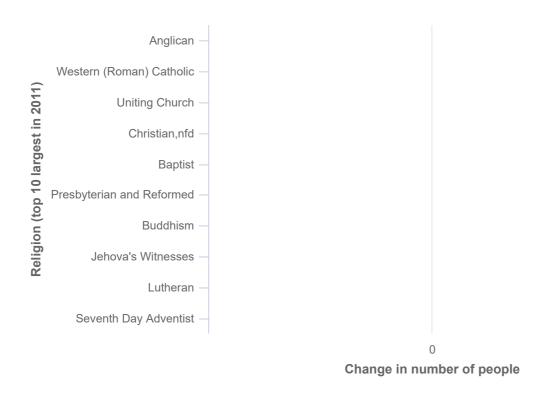
Religion, 2011



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in religion, 2011 to 2011

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Analysis of the religious affiliation of the population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2011 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of people who professed a religion and a higher proportion who stated they had no religion.

Overall, 54.9% of the population nominated a religion, and 33.8% said they had no religion, compared with 65.2% and 25.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The largest single religion in Warren-Blackwood (2021) was Anglican, with 22.0% of the population or 8,094 people as adherents.

The major differences between the religious affiliation for the population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage who nominated Anglican (22.0% compared to 18.5%)
- A *larger* percentage who nominated Uniting Church (4.5% compared to 3.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage who nominated Western (Roman) Catholic (16.1% compared to 24.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage who nominated Islam (0.4% compared to 2.1%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2011.

Qualifications

Educational Qualifications relate to education outside of primary and secondary school and are one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Employment Status, Income and Occupation, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Educational Qualifications help to evaluate the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the area and identify skill gaps in the labour market.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest qualification achieved

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Qualification level	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Bachelor or Higher degree	4,729	14.6	22.9	3,694	12.6	19.6	+1,035
Advanced Diploma or Diploma	2,751	8.5	9.3	2,314	7.9	8.6	+437
Vocational	7,262	22.5	19.4	6,191	21.1	18.6	+1,071
No qualification	13,293	41.2	38.1	13,979	47.7	42.3	-686
Not stated	4,268	13.2	10.2	3,140	10.7	10.9	+1,128
Total persons aged 15+	32,303	100.0	100.0	29,319	100.0	100.0	+2,984

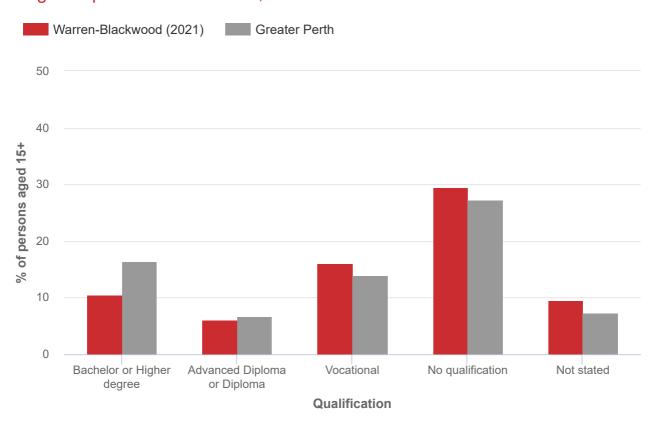
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a People with university qualifications

People with trade qualifications (Certificate)

Highest qualification achieved, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in highest qualification achieved, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Analysis of the qualifications of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of people holding formal qualifications (Bachelor or higher degree; Advanced Diploma or Diploma; or Vocational qualifications), and a higher proportion of people with no formal qualifications.

Overall, 45.6% of the population aged 15 and over held educational qualifications, and 41.2% had no qualifications, compared with 51.7% and 38.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between qualifications held by the population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons with No qualifications (41.2% compared to 38.1%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons with Vocational qualifications (22.5% compared to 19.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons with Bachelor or Higher degrees (14.6% compared to 22.9%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the qualifications of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were in those with:

- Vocational qualifications (+1,071 persons)
- Bachelor or Higher degrees (+1,035 persons)
- No qualifications (-686 persons)
- Advanced Diploma or Diplomas (+437 persons)

Highest level of schooling

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s school completion data is a useful indicator of socio-economic status. With other indicators, such as **Proficiency in English**, the data informs planners and decision-makers about people's ability to access services. Combined with **Educational Qualifications** it also allows assessment of the skill base of the population.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest level of secondary schooling completed

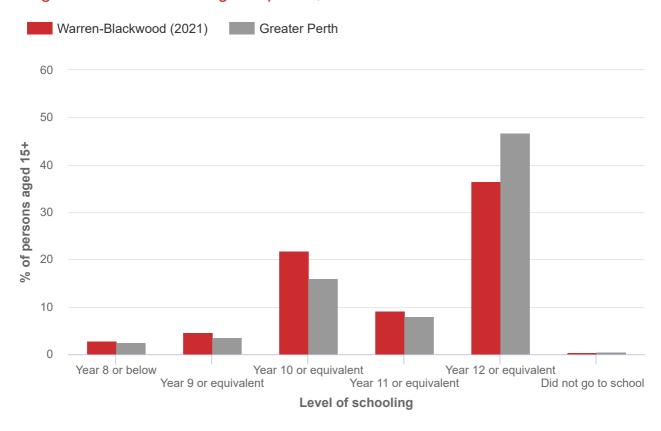
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Level of schooling	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Year 8 or below	1,088	3.4	3.1	1,368	4.7	3.7	-280
Year 9 or equivalent	1,784	5.5	4.2	1,753	6.0	4.4	+31
Year 10 or equivalent	8,352	25.9	19.1	8,323	28.4	21.2	+28
Year 11 or equivalent	3,459	10.7	9.4	3,419	11.7	10.3	+39
Year 12 or equivalent	13,901	43.0	55.3	12,005	40.9	51.2	+1,896
Did not go to school	138	0.4	0.7	100	0.3	0.6	+38
Not stated	3,579	11.1	8.4	2,363	8.1	8.6	+1,215
Total persons aged 15+	32,301	100.0	100.0	29,334	100.0	100.0	+2,967

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.i.d., the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a People with below Year 11 schooling

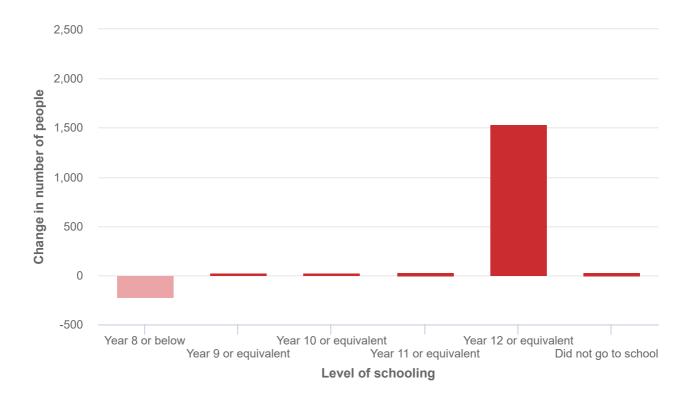
Highest level of schooling completed, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in highest level of schooling completed, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Analysis of the highest level of schooling attained by the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who had left school at an early level (Year 10 or less) and a lower proportion of people who completed Year 12 or equivalent.

Overall, 35.2% of the population left school at Year 10 or below, and 43.0% went on to complete Year 12 or equivalent, compared with 27.0% and 55.3% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the level of schooling attained by the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who completed year 10 or equivalent (25.9% compared to 19.1%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who completed year 9 or equivalent (5.5% compared to 4.2%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who completed year 11 or equivalent (10.7% compared to 9.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 12 or equivalent (43.0% compared to 55.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the level of schooling attained by the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Year 12 or equivalent (+1,896 persons)
- Year 8 or below (-280 persons)

Education institution attending

The share of Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s population attending educational institutions reflects the age structure of the population, as it is influenced by the number of children attending school; proximity to tertiary education, which can mean young adults leaving home to be nearer to educational facilities and; the degree to which people are seeking out educational opportunities in adulthood, especially in their late teens and early twenties.

This data is often combined with Age Structure to identify areas with significant university student populations.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Education institution attending

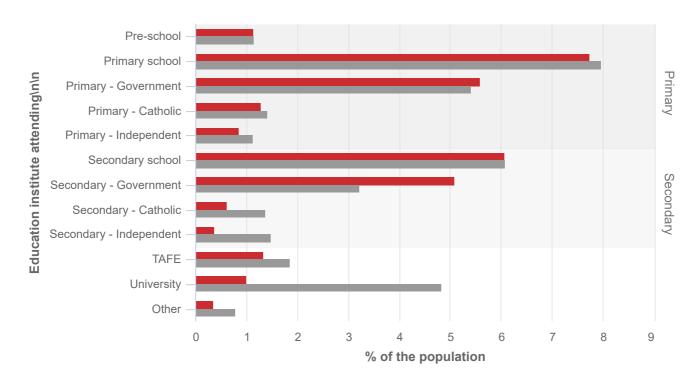
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Type of institution	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Pre-school	936	1.2	1.2	525	1.4	1.4	+411
Primary school	6,420	8.2	8.4	3,379	9.2	8.2	+3,041
Primary - Government	4,639	5.9	5.7	2,531	6.9	5.5	+2,108
Primary - Catholic	1,071	1.4	1.5	552	1.5	1.5	+519
Primary - Independent	710	0.9	1.2	295	0.8	1.2	+414
Secondary school	5,044	6.4	6.5	2,124	5.8	5.7	+2,919
Secondary - Government	4,217	5.4	3.4	1,740	4.7	2.8	+2,477
Secondary - Catholic	512	0.7	1.5	219	0.6	1.5	+293
Secondary - Independent	315	0.4	1.6	165	0.4	1.5	+150
TAFE	1,103	1.4	2.0	842	2.3	2.2	+260
University	830	1.1	5.1	439	1.2	4.9	+391
Other	296	0.4	0.8	146	0.4	0.7	+150
Not attending	56,025	71.4	68.9	26,805	72.8	69.5	+29,219
Not stated	7,778	9.9	7.1	2,582	7.0	7.4	+5,196
Total	78,432	100.0	100.0	36,845	100.0	100.0	+41,587

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Education institution attending, 2016

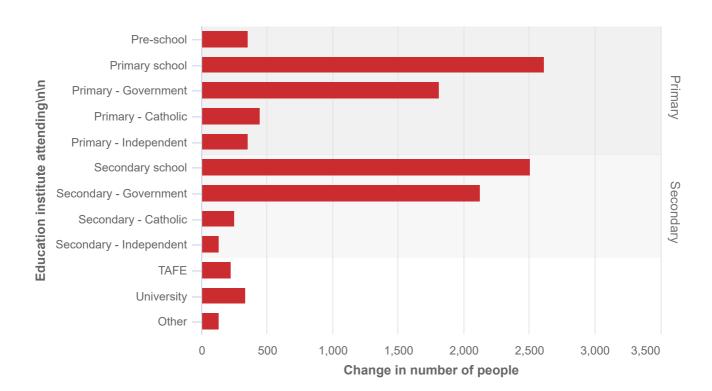




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in education institution attending, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Analysis of the share of the population attending educational institutions in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion attending primary school, a similar proportion attending secondary school, and a lower proportion engaged in tertiary level education.

Overall, 8.2% of the population were attending primary school, 6.4% of the population were attending secondary institutions, and 2.5% were learning at a tertiary level, compared with 8.4%, 6.5% and 7.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the share of the population attending learning institutions in Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons not attending (71.4% compared to 68.9%)
- A larger percentage of persons attending a Catholic secondary school (5.4% compared to 3.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons attending University (1.1% compared to 5.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons attending a secondary school (any type) (0.4% compared to 1.6%)

Emerging groups

From 2011 to 2016, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s population increased by 41,591 people (+112.9%). This represents an average annual change of 16.31% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the number of persons attending education institutions in Warren-Blackwood (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were in those who nominated:

- Primary school (+3,041 persons)
- Secondary school (+2,919 persons)
- Secondary Government (+2,477 persons)
- Primary Government (+2,108 persons)

Need for assistance

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s disability statistics relate directly to need for assistance due to a severe or profound disability. The information may be used in the planning of local facilities, services such as day-care and occasional care and in the provision of information and support to carers. Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s disability statistics help in understanding the prevalence of people who need support in the community, and along with information on Unpaid Care to a person with a disability, how that support is provided.

Please note: A person's reported need for assistance is based on a subjective assessment and should therefore be treated with caution. See the specific data notes for further detail.

Due to changes in ABS rules concerning perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals in 2016, counts of individual age groups with a need for assistance in 2016 may not add up to the table total. The table total is independently calculated and will be closer to the true population requiring assistance. Due to ABS adjustments of small numbers, no reliability can be placed on small data cells in 2016. For more information please see the data notes on Data Confidentiality.

Need for assistance with core activities by age

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	% of total age group	Greater Perth %	Number	% of total age group	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
0 to 4	19	0.9	1.0	13	0.6	0.9	+6
5 to 9	61	2.4	2.6	54	2.2	2.2	+7
10 to 19	109	2.2	2.4	92	2.0	1.7	+17
20 to 59	481	2.5	1.8	491	2.6	1.6	-10
60 to 64	145	4.7	4.8	117	4.2	4.7	+28
65 to 69	149	5.1	6.1	143	6.8	5.8	+6
70 to 74	155	7.4	8.7	92	6.2	8.5	+63
75 to 79	152	10.9	14.1	123	12.8	14.1	+29
80 to 84	172	19.7	23.7	124	17.6	24.4	+48
85 and over	290	37.7	43.0	275	40.6	45.3	+15
Total persons needing assistance	1,748	4.4	3.9	1,524	4.1	3.6	+223

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

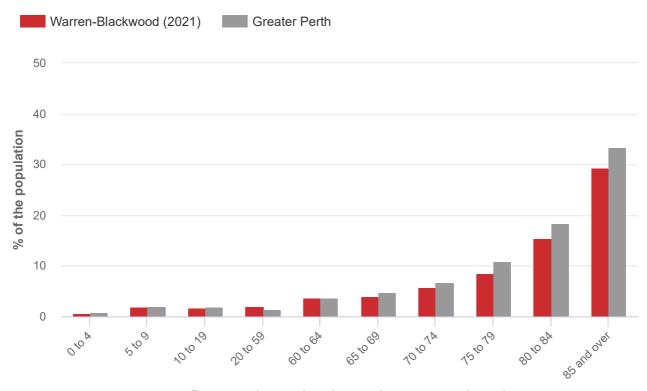
Need for assistance with core activities summary

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total persons needing assistance	1,748	4.4	3.9	1,524	4.1	3.6	+223
Total persons not needing assistance	34,284	86.4	89.1	33,268	90.4	90.4	+1,015
Not stated	3,631	9.2	7.0	2,010	5.5	6.1	+1,620
Total Population	39,663	100.0	100.0	36,804	100.0	100.0	+2,859

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

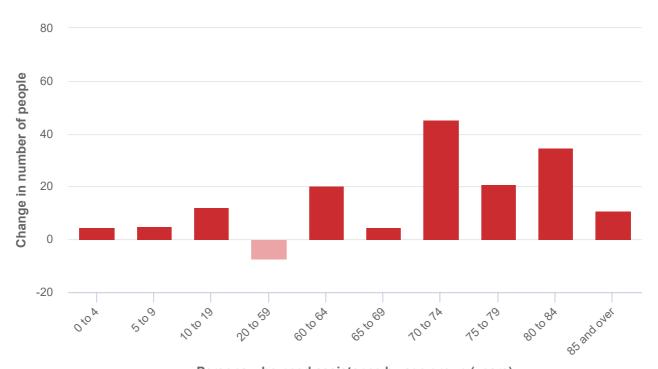
Need for assistance with core activities, 2016



Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Change in need for assistance with core activities, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the need for assistance of people in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who reported needing assistance with core activities.

Overall, 4.4071% of the population reported needing assistance with core activities, compared with 3.8757% for Greater Perth.

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance in Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A smaller percentage of persons aged 85 and over (37.7% compared to 43.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 80 to 84 (19.7% compared to 23.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (10.9% compared to 14.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 70 to 74 (7.4% compared to 8.7%)

Emerging groups

The major difference in the age groups reporting a need for assistance between 2011 and 2016 in Warren-Blackwood (2021) was in the age group:

• 70 to 74 (+63 persons)

Employment status

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s employment statistics are an important indicator of socio-economic status. The levels of full or part-time employment, unemployment and labour force participation indicate the strength of the local economy and social characteristics of the population. Employment status is linked to a number of factors including Age Structure, which influences the number of people in the workforce; the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area and; the education and skill base of the population (Occupations, Industries, Qualifications).

The two most important measures are:

- Unemployment rate the number of people looking for work, as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed over 15)
- Participation rate the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population over 15

Employment status

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Employment status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Employed	17,559	94.6	91.9	17,032	96.2	95.2	+527
Employed full-time	9,337	50.3	56.4	9,188	51.9	60.2	+149
Employed part-time	7,864	42.4	33.9	7,623	43.1	33.1	+241
Hours worked not stated	358	1.9	1.5	221	1.2	1.9	+137
Unemployed (Unemployment rate)	1,006	5.4	8.1	673	3.8	4.8	+333
Looking for full-time work	652	3.5	4.8	409	2.3	2.7	+243
Looking for part-time work	354	1.9	3.3	264	1.5	2.0	+90
Total labour force	18,565	100.0	100.0	17,705	100.0	100.0	+859

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.d., the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Labour force status

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016					Change	
Labour force status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Total labour force (Participation rate)	18,565	57.5	63.7	17,705	60.5	64.5	+859
Not in the labour force	11,018	34.1	29.8	10,066	34.4	29.6	+952
Labour force status not stated	2,725	8.4	6.5	1,484	5.1	5.9	+1,241
Total persons aged 15+	32,301	100.0	100.0	29,255	100.0	100.0	+3,045

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

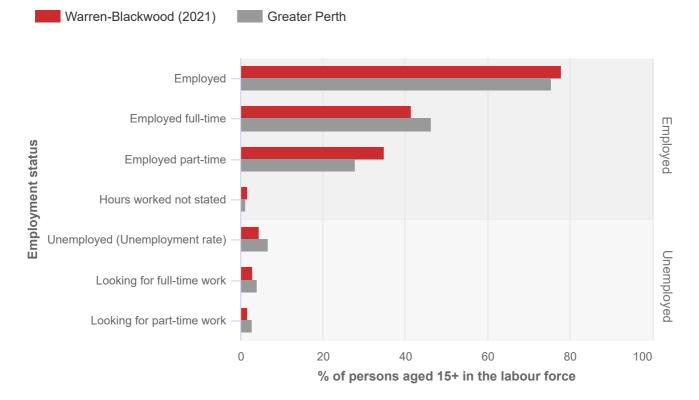
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- Youth unemployment rate (persons aged 15-24)
- a Seniors unemployment rate (persons aged 55 or more)
- Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)
- People employed part-time

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

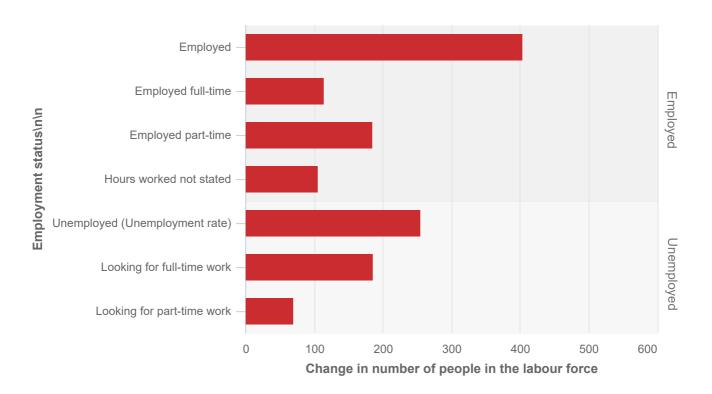
Employment status, 2016

Total persons in the labour force



Change in employment status, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

The size of Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s labour force in 2016 was 18,565, of which 7,864 were employed part-time and 9,337 were full time workers.

Analysis of the employment status (as a percentage of the labour force) in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion in employment, and a lower proportion unemployed. Overall, 94.6% of the labour force was employed (0.0% of the population aged 15+), and 5.4% unemployed (0.0% of the population aged 15+), compared with 91.9% and 8.1% respectively for Greater Perth.

The labour force participation rate refers to the proportion of the population aged 15 years and over that was employed or actively looking for work. "The labour force is a fundamental input to domestic production. Its size and composition are therefore crucial factors in economic growth. From the viewpoint of social development, earnings from paid work are a major influence on levels of economic well-being." (Australian Social Trends 1995).

Analysis of the labour force participation rate of the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 shows that there was a lower proportion in the labour force (57.5%) compared with Greater Perth (63.7%).

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people employed in Warren-Blackwood (2021) showed an increase of 527, and the number unemployed showed an increase of 333. In the same period, the number of people in the labour force showed an increase of 860 or 4.9%.

Industry sector of employment

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s industry statistics identify the industry sectors in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the skill base and socio-economic status of the residents as well as the industries and employment opportunities present in the region.

When viewed in conjunction with Residents Place of Work data and Method of Travel to Work, industry sector statistics provide insights into the relationship between the economic and residential role of the area.

Industry sector of employment

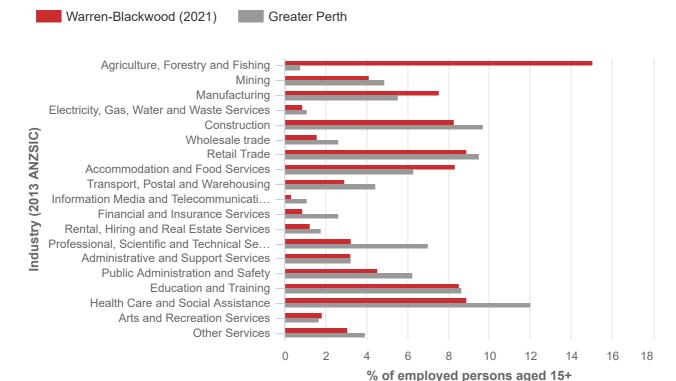
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Industry sector	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	2,703	15.4	0.8	2,716	16.1	0.6	-13
Mining	737	4.2	5.0	755	4.5	4.8	-18
Manufacturing	1,361	7.7	5.7	1,631	9.6	8.5	-271
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	152	0.9	1.1	114	0.7	1.1	+38
Construction	1,490	8.5	9.9	1,506	8.9	10.0	-16
Wholesale trade	282	1.6	2.7	380	2.3	3.9	-99
Retail Trade	1,595	9.1	9.8	1,633	9.7	10.4	-38
Accommodation and Food Services	1,495	8.5	6.5	1,485	8.8	5.8	+10
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	525	3.0	4.6	589	3.5	4.4	-64
Information Media and Telecommunications	61	0.3	1.1	44	0.3	1.2	+17
Financial and Insurance Services	158	0.9	2.7	147	0.9	2.9	+11
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	225	1.3	1.8	207	1.2	1.8	+18
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	581	3.3	7.2	537	3.2	8.3	+44
Administrative and Support Services	573	3.3	3.3	420	2.5	3.2	+152
Public Administration and Safety	818	4.7	6.4	1,013	6.0	6.4	-196
Education and Training	1,530	8.7	8.8	1,338	7.9	8.1	+191
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,601	9.1	12.3	1,504	8.9	10.9	+97
Arts and Recreation Services	326	1.9	1.7	97	0.6	1.5	+229
Other Services	553	3.1	4.0	490	2.9	3.9	+63
Inadequately described or not stated	789	4.5	4.7	304	1.8	2.2	+485
Total employed persons aged 15+	17,565	100.0	100.0	16,916	100.0	100.0	+648

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Industry sector of employment, 2016

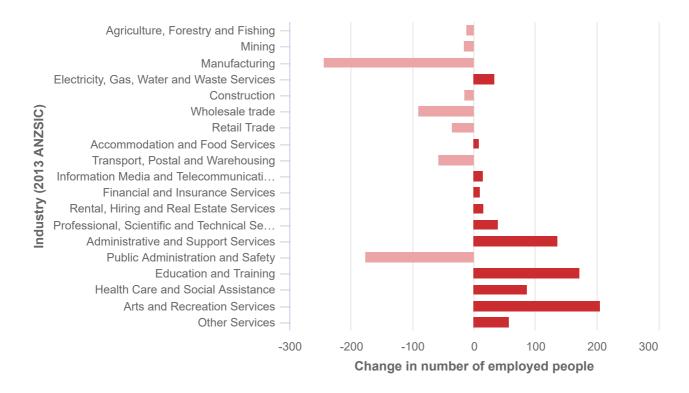
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in industry sector of employment, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total employed persons



An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 shows the three most popular industry sectors were:

- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (2,703 people or 15.4%)
- Health Care and Social Assistance (1,601 people or 9.1%)
- Retail Trade (1,595 people or 9.1%)

In combination, these three industries employed 5,899 people in total or 33.6% of the total employed resident population.

In comparison, Greater Perth employed 0.8% in Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; 12.3% in Health Care and Social Assistance; and 9.8% in Retail Trade.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in agriculture, forestry and fishing (15.4% compared to 0.8%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in manufacturing (7.7% compared to 5.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in professional, scientific and technical services (3.3% compared to 7.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in health care and social assistance (9.1% compared to 12.3%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 649 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the jobs held by the resident population between 2011 and 2016 in Warren-Blackwood (2021) were for those employed in:

- Manufacturing (-271 persons)
- Arts and Recreation Services (+229 persons)
- Public Administration and Safety (-196 persons)
- Education and Training (+191 persons)

Occupation of employment

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s occupation statistics quantify the occupations in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area, education levels, and the working and social aspirations of the population. When viewed with other indicators, such as Educational Qualifications and Individual Income, Occupation is a key measure for evaluating Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s socio-economic status and skill base.

Occupation of employment

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Occupation	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Managers	3,377	19.2	11.5	3,486	20.6	11.4	-110
Professionals	2,444	13.9	22.2	2,296	13.5	21.7	+147
Technicians and Trades Workers	2,662	15.2	15.6	2,487	14.7	16.1	+174
Community and Personal Service Workers	1,755	10.0	10.8	1,561	9.2	9.7	+194
Clerical and Administrative Workers	1,698	9.7	13.6	1,726	10.2	15.3	-29
Sales Workers	1,471	8.4	9.2	1,367	8.1	9.0	+103
Machinery Operators And Drivers	1,304	7.4	6.5	1,244	7.3	6.6	+60
Labourers	2,611	14.9	9.0	2,611	15.4	8.8	-1
Not stated or inadequately described	242	1.4	1.6	177	1.0	1.4	+64
Total employed persons aged 15+	17,565	100.0	100.0	16,960	100.0	100.0	+605

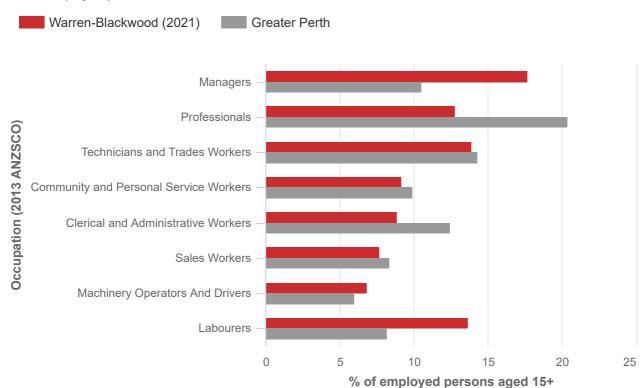
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People employed as Managers or Professionals

Occupation of employment, 2016

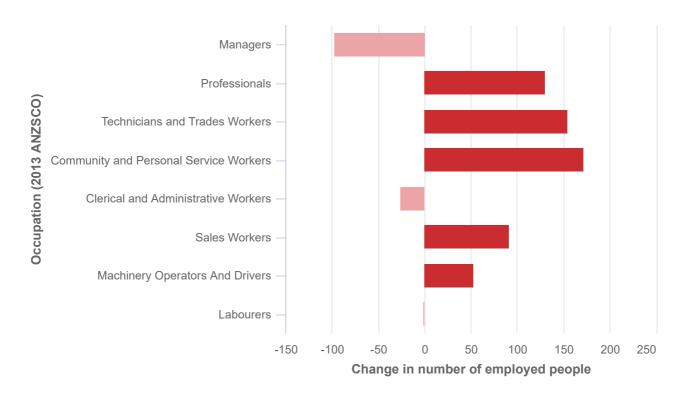
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in occupation of employment, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total employed persons



An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 shows the three most popular occupations were:

- Managers (3,377 people or 19.2%)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (2,662 people or 15.2%)
- Labourers (2,611 people or 14.9%)

In combination these three occupations accounted for 8,650 people in total or 49.2% of the employed resident population.

In comparison, Greater Perth employed 11.5% in Managers; 15.6% in Technicians and Trades Workers; and 9.0% in Labourers.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of persons employed as Managers (19.2% compared to 11.5%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons employed as Labourers (14.9% compared to 9.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Professionals (13.9% compared to 22.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Clerical and Administrative Workers (9.7% compared to 13.6%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 605 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the occupations of residents between 2011 and 2016 in Warren-Blackwood (2021) were for those employed as:

- Community and Personal Service Workers (+194 persons)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (+174 persons)
- Professionals (+147 persons)
- Managers (-110 persons)

Method of travel to work

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s commuting statistics reveal the main modes of transport by which residents get to work. There are a number of reasons why people use different modes of transport to get to work including the availability of affordable and effective public transport options, the number of motor vehicles available within a household, and the distance travelled to work.

Commuting data is very useful in transport planning as it informs decision-makers about the availability, effectiveness and utilisation of local transport options, particularly when analysed with Residents Place of Work data and Car Ownership.

Method of travel to work

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Main method of travel	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Train	348	2.0	6.1	0		6.5	+348
Bus	224	1.3	4.1	155	0.9	4.0	+69
Tram or Ferry	9	0.1	0.0	0		0.0	+9
Taxi	12	0.1	0.2	0		0.2	+12
Car - as driver	10,393	59.1	64.1	9,592	56.6	61.5	+800
Car - as passenger	792	4.5	4.6	964	5.7	5.4	-172
Truck	137	0.8	0.7	161	1.0	0.9	-24
Motorbike	77	0.4	0.5	52	0.3	0.6	+25
Bicycle	146	0.8	1.0	118	0.7	1.1	+28
Walked only	974	5.5	2.1	1,100	6.5	2.3	-127
Other	0		1.9	384	2.3	1.8	-384
Worked at home	1,880	10.7	3.9	1,922	11.3	3.4	-42
Did not go to work	2,339	13.3	9.9	2,226	13.1	11.0	+112
Not stated	252	1.4	1.0	270	1.6	1.3	-18
Total employed persons aged 15+	17,583	100.0	100.0	16,946	100.0	100.0	+636

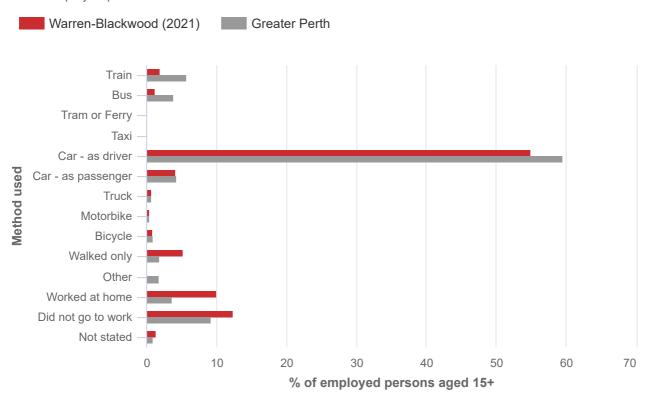
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- People who travelled to work by car
- People who travelled to work on public transport

Method of travel to work, 2016

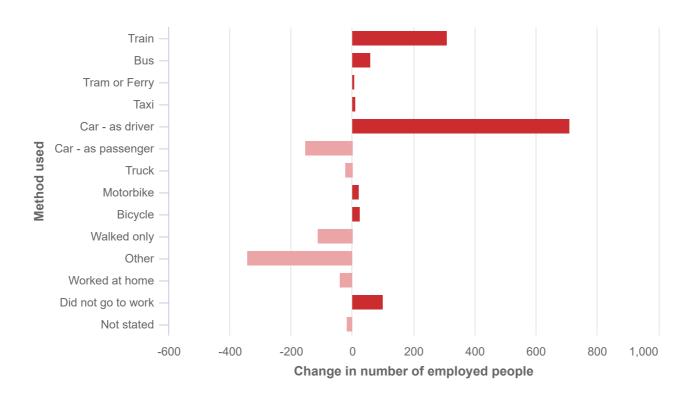
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in method of travel to work, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total employed persons



In 2016, there were 581 people who caught public transport to work (train, bus, tram or ferry) in Warren-Blackwood (2021), compared with 11,399 who drove in private vehicles (car – as driver, car – as passenger, motorbike, or truck).

Analysis of the method of travel to work of the residents in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016, compared to Greater Perth, shows that 3.3% used public transport, while 64.8% used a private vehicle, compared with 10.3% and 69.9% respectively in Greater Perth.

The major differences in persons between the method of travel to work of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who worked at home (10.7% compared to 3.9%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who walked only (5.5% compared to 2.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by car (as driver) (59.1% compared to 64.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by train (2.0% compared to 6.1%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 637 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the method of travel to work by resident population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were for those nominated:

- Car as driver (+800 persons)
- Other (-384 persons)
- Train (+348 persons)
- Car as passenger (-172 persons)

Disengagement by age

Engagement in employment and education looks at the level of participation by age and sex of the population in the labour market, or full or part-time education. A full time employed or full-time student would be "Fully engaged", while part-time students may be fully engaged if they are also employed, or partly engaged if they are not working. Engagement in the labour and education market is highly dependent on age. Retirees are generally disengaged, while stay-at-home parents are also likely to be disengaged. The rate of engagement, particularly in the younger and working age groups can be affected by access to strong employment and education markets and is a measure of socio-economic status and the level of welfare dependency in an area. For more detail on employment and educational characteristics associated with disengagement, please look at Employment Status, Qualifications and Educational Institution Attending.

Workforce and educational engagement by age

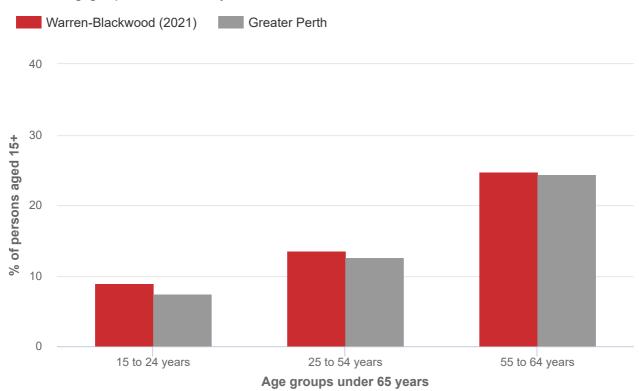
Warren-Blackwo aged 15+ (Usua	ood (2021) - Persons Il residence)		2016			2011		Change
Age group	Engagement status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
15 to 24 years	Fully engaged	2,334	65.4	72.8	2,203	68.3	74.5	+131
15 to 24 years	Partially engaged	558	15.6	12.0	492	15.3	11.0	+65
15 to 24 years	Disengaged	403	11.3	9.4	392	12.2	8.4	+10
15 to 24 years	Undetermined/Not stated	272	7.6	5.7	138	4.3	6.0	+133
15 to 24 years	Total	3,567	100.0	100.0	3,227	100.0	100.0	+340
25 to 54 years	Fully engaged	6,390	44.4	54.8	6,581	46.4	56.6	-192
25 to 54 years	Partially engaged	4,226	29.4	22.1	4,246	29.9	22.4	-20
25 to 54 years	Disengaged	2,497	17.4	16.2	2,540	17.9	14.8	-44
25 to 54 years	Undetermined/Not stated	1,278	8.9	6.9	821	5.8	6.1	+456
25 to 54 years	Total	14,391	100.0	100.0	14,190	100.0	100.0	+201
55 to 64 years	Fully engaged	1,930	30.7	38.3	1,677	30.6	39.3	+252
55 to 64 years	Partially engaged	1,837	29.3	24.1	1,663	30.3	24.2	+173
55 to 64 years	Disengaged	1,986	31.6	31.3	1,905	34.7	31.0	+80
55 to 64 years	Undetermined/Not stated	524	8.3	6.3	240	4.4	5.5	+283
55 to 64 years	Total	6,277	100.0	100.0	5,487	100.0	100.0	+789
65 years and over	Fully engaged	599	7.4	5.3	354	6.1	4.7	+245
65 years and over	Partially engaged	945	11.7	8.4	557	9.6	7.5	+387
65 years and over	Disengaged	5,555	68.9	75.7	4,479	76.8	76.6	+1,076
65 years and over	Undetermined/Not stated	964	12.0	10.7	444	7.6	11.2	+519
65 years and over	Total	8,063	100.0	100.0	5,835	100.0	100.0	+2,227
Total aged 15+	Fully engaged	11,253	34.8	47.0	10,816	37.6	49.4	+436
Total aged 15+	Partially engaged	7,566	23.4	18.4	6,960	24.2	18.3	+606
Total aged 15+	Disengaged	10,441	32.3	27.3	9,318	32.4	25.5	+1,122
Total aged 15+	Undetermined/Not stated	3,038	9.4	7.3	1,645	5.7	6.8	+1,392
Total aged 15+	Total	32,298	100.0	100.0	28,741	100.0	100.0	+3,557

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.d., the population experts.

a <u>Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)</u>

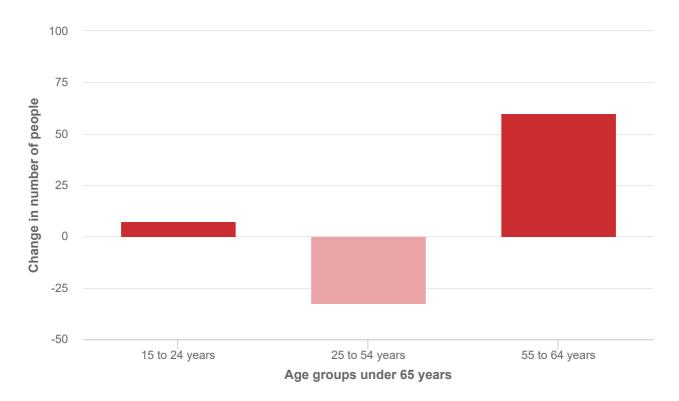
Disengaged persons by age, 2016

Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Change in disengaged persons by age, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Emerging groups

The number of people aged 15 to 24 years in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 was 3,567, of this, 11.3% were disengaged and 15.6% were partially engaged, compared to 9.4% and 12.0% respectively for Greater Perth.

Dominant groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of people 15 to 24 years in Warren-Blackwood (2021) showed an increase of 340.

The number of disengaged people aged 15 to 24 years showed an increase of 11 or 2.8%.

Volunteer work

The voluntary work sector is an important part of Australia's economy. The level of volunteering can indicate the cohesiveness of the community and how readily individuals are able to contribute to that community. Factors impacting on the level of volunteering in Warren-Blackwood (2021) include the Age Structure of the population, the level of Proficiency in English, Income and Education levels.

Volunteer work

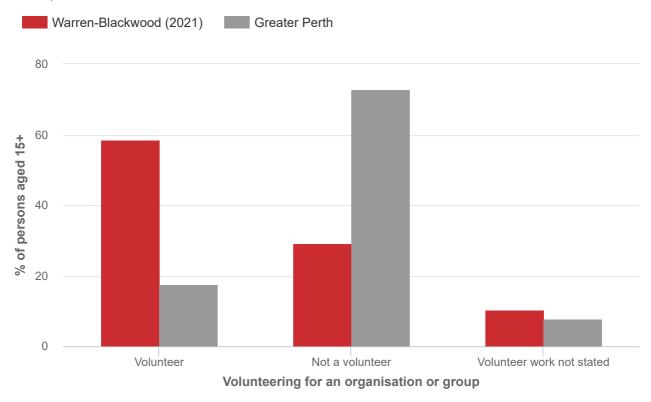
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Volunteer status	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Volunteer	19,287	59.7	17.9	8,526	29.1	15.6	+10,761
Not a volunteer	9,648	29.9	74.2	18,553	63.2	76.2	-8,905
Volunteer work not stated	3,363	10.4	7.9	2,265	7.7	8.2	+1,098
Total persons aged 15+	32,298	100.0	100.0	29,345	100.0	100.0	+2,953

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Volunteer work, 2016

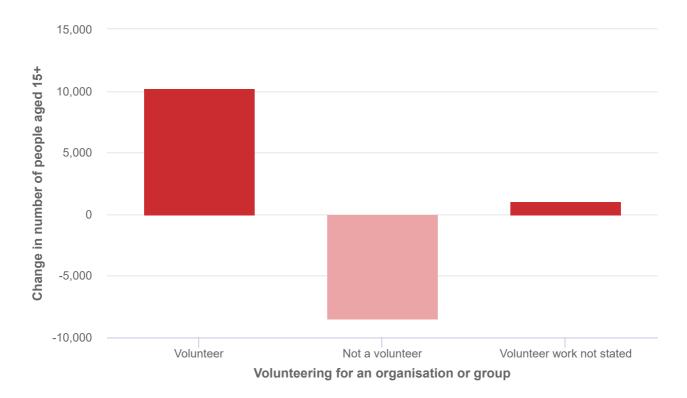
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in volunteer work, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Analysis of the voluntary work performed by the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who volunteered for an organisation or group.

Overall, 59.7% of the population reported performing voluntary work, compared with 17.9% for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of volunteers in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 10,761 people between 2011 and 2016.

Unpaid domestic work

There has been increased interest in identifying, acknowledging and valuing the unpaid work that supports home and community life. The changing amount of time spent on unpaid housework in different Household Types and, particularly the distribution of this work within the household, can indicate the changing roles of males, females and older children in society. The level of unpaid domestic work in Warren-Blackwood (2021) may also be related to Household Income, as higher income households are able to outsource some of these tasks.

Unpaid domestic work

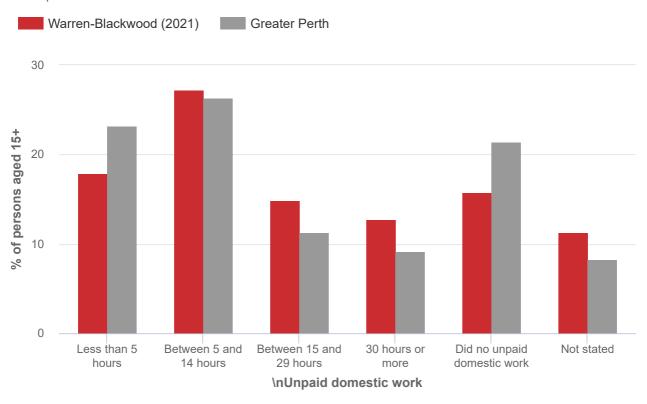
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016			2011			Change
Hours spent on unpaid domestic work	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Did unpaid domestic work	0		70.2	22,058	75.2	70.6	-22,059
Less than 5 hours	5,801	18.0	23.3	5,273	18.0	23.1	+528
Between 5 and 14 hours	8,827	27.3	26.5	7,908	27.0	26.0	+919
Between 15 and 29 hours	4,803	14.9	11.3	4,514	15.4	11.6	+288
30 hours or more	4,107	12.7	9.1	4,362	14.9	10.0	-255
Did no unpaid domestic work	5,108	15.8	21.5	4,892	16.7	21.0	+216
Not stated	3,657	11.3	8.3	2,390	8.1	8.5	+1,266
Total persons aged 15+	32,303	100.0	100.0	29,341	100.0	100.0	+2,961

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid domestic work, 2016

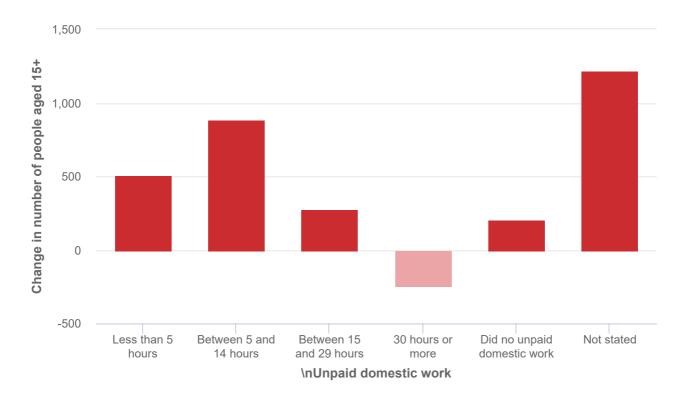
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in unpaid domestic work, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid domestic work performed by the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of persons who performed 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work per week.

Overall, 28% of the population reported performing 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work, compared with 20.4% for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the share of the population performing unpaid domestic work in Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who did unpaid domestic work (total) (12.7% compared to 9.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did domestic work (0.0% compared to 70.2%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who did no unpaid domestic work (15.8% compared to 21.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did between 5 and 14 hours of domestic work (18.0% compared to 23.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the number of people performing unpaid domestic work in Warren-Blackwood (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were those who:

- Did unpaid domestic work (-22,059 persons)
- Between 5 and 14 hours (+919 persons)
- Less than 5 hours (+528 persons)
- Between 15 and 29 hours (+288 persons)

Unpaid care

The proportion of people providing unpaid care for the aged and disabled in Warren-Blackwood (2021) can be an important indicator of the level of demand for aged care services and facilities by local and state governments. An increasing proportion of carers among the population may indicate inadequate aged care provision, or the need for in-home support, or support for the carers themselves. The level of care provided by individuals is likely to be affected by Household Income, Age Structure and the ethnic makeup of the community (Language Spoken), as well as the sense of community cohesiveness.

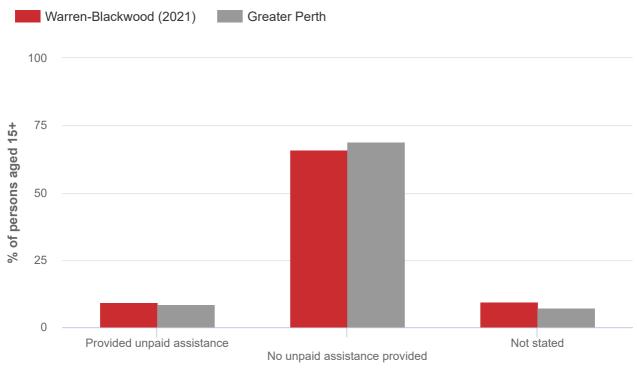
Unpaid care

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016				Change		
Assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Provided unpaid assistance	3,540	11.0	9.9	3,109	10.6	9.4	+430
No unpaid assistance provided	25,148	77.8	81.6	23,865	81.3	82.1	+1,282
Not stated	3,618	11.2	8.5	2,373	8.1	8.5	+1,245
Total persons aged 15+	32,306	100.0	100.0	29,348	100.0	100.0	+2,958

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Unpaid care, 2016

Total persons

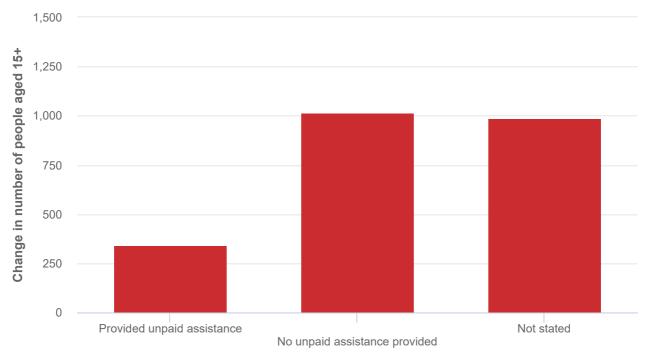


Unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in unpaid care, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid care provided by the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of people who provided unpaid care either to family members or others

Overall, 11.0% of the population provided unpaid care, compared with 9.9% for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 431 between 2011 and 2016.

Unpaid childcare

The role of unpaid childcare in Warren-Blackwood (2021) is determined by many different factors. For example areas with high levels of unpaid child care may have a dominance of single income families with one significant earner, or there could be a lack of provision of paid child care in the area. The level to which people care for others children can also indicate the role of extended family (eg. grandparents caring for grandchildren, family day care).

The role of unpaid child care is a complex one so this topic should be viewed in conjunction with several others, including Household Type, Employment, Household Income and Educational Attendance.

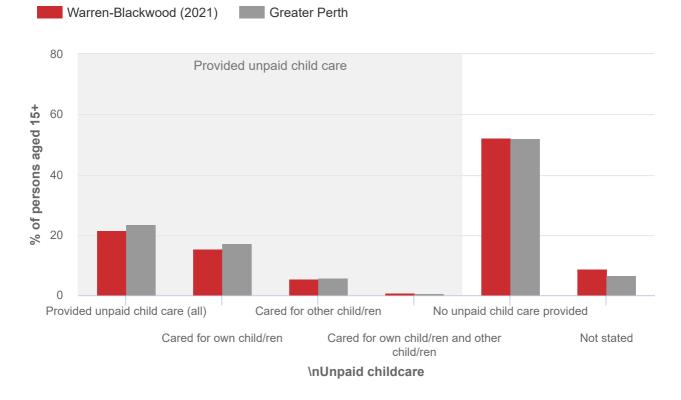
Unpaid childcare

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2016			2011		Change
Unpaid child care	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Provided unpaid child care (all)	8,440	26.1	28.7	8,319	28.3	28.2	+121
Cared for own child/ren	6,027	18.7	20.9	6,050	20.6	20.1	-24
Cared for other child/ren	2,117	6.6	7.1	1,868	6.4	7.1	+248
Cared for own child/ren and other child/ren	296	0.9	0.8	399	1.4	1.0	-103
No unpaid child care provided	20,461	63.3	63.2	18,864	64.3	63.9	+1,596
Not stated	3,406	10.5	8.0	2,163	7.4	7.9	+1,243
Total persons aged 15+	32,307	100.0	100.0	29,347	100.0	100.0	+2,960

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts

Unpaid childcare, 2016

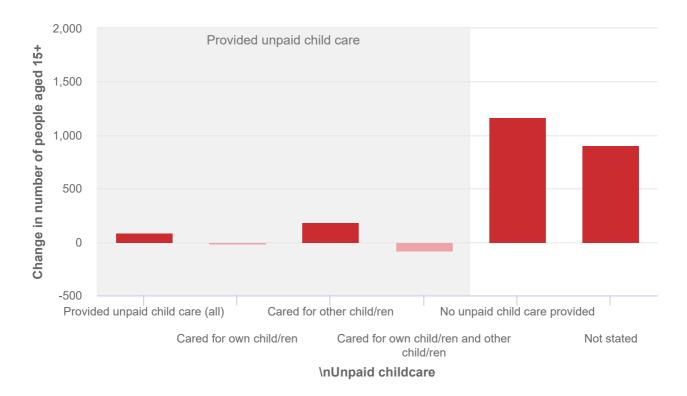
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in unpaid childcare, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid child care provided by the population in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of people who provided unpaid child care either to their own or to other children. Overall, 26.1% of the population provided unpaid child care, compared with 28.7% for Greater Perth.

The major difference between the share of the population providing unpaid child care in Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth was:

• A smaller percentage who provided unpaid childcare for own child/ren (18.7% compared to 20.9%)

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid child care for their own and/or other people's children in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 121 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the number of people performing unpaid child care in Warren-Blackwood (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were those who:

- No unpaid child care provided (+1,596 persons)
- Cared for other child/ren (+248 persons)
- Cared for own child/ren and other child/ren (-103 persons)

Individual income

Individual Income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Warren-Blackwood (2021). The amount of income an individual receives is linked to a number of factors including employment status, age (as for instance students and retirees often receive a lower income), qualifications and type of employment.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Individual Income Quartiles.

Weekly individual income

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2016	
Weekly gross income	Number	%	Greater Perth %
Negative Income/ Nil income	2,334	7.2	10.7
\$1 - \$149	1,416	4.4	4.4
\$150 - \$299	2,496	7.7	6.5
\$300 - \$399	3,365	10.4	7.2
\$400 - \$499	3,157	9.8	6.9
\$500 - \$649	2,827	8.8	6.7
\$650 - \$799	2,695	8.3	6.4
\$800 - \$999	2,582	8.0	7.4
\$1,000 - \$1,249	2,525	7.8	8.5
\$1,250 - \$1,499	1,495	4.6	6.2
\$1,500 - \$1,749	1,238	3.8	5.5
\$1,750 - \$1,999	853	2.6	4.0
\$2,000 - \$2,999	1,204	3.7	6.8
\$3,000 or more	609	1.9	4.3
Not stated	3,508	10.9	8.6
Total persons aged 15+	32,304	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by id, the population experts.

Weekly individual income, 2016

Total persons



Weekly gross income

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of individual income levels in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of people earning a high income (those earning \$1,750 per week or more) and a higher proportion of low income people (those earning less than \$500 per week).

Overall, 8.3% of the population earned a high income, and 39.5% earned a low income, compared with 15.1% and 35.7% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s individual incomes and Greater Perth's individual incomes were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who earned \$300 \$399 (10.4% compared to 7.2%)
- A larger percentage of persons who earned \$400 \$499 (9.8% compared to 6.9%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who earned Negative Income / Nil income (7.2% compared to 10.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who earned \$2,000 \$2,999 (3.7% compared to 6.8%)

Warren-Blackwood (2021) Individual income quartiles

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as <u>Household Income</u>, <u>Qualifications</u> and <u>Occupation</u>, they help tell the story of the area's economic opportunities and socio-economic status. Individual income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the income profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Individual Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in <u>specific data</u> notes.

Individual income quartiles

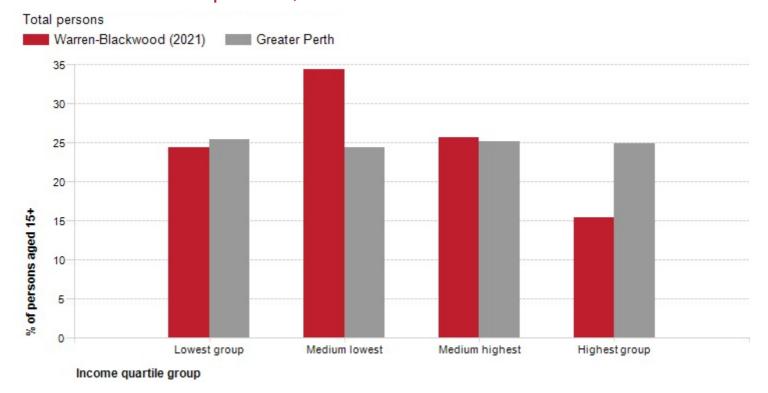
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2016			2011			Change
			Greater Perth			Greater Perth	
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	7,014	24.4	25.4	7,250	26.8	25.1	-235
Medium lowest	9,914	34.4	24.4	9,277	34.3	24.5	+637
Medium highest	7,415	25.8	25.2	6,789	25.1	25.4	+625
Highest group	4,451	15.5	25.0	3,718	13.8	24.9	+734
Total persons aged 15+	28,795	100.0	100.0	27,035	100.0	100.0	+1,760

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id, the population experts.

Individual income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA - Total persons aged 15+	+ Weekly income by Census year				
Individual quartile ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001	
Lowest group	\$0 to \$322	\$0 to \$284	\$0 to \$219	\$0 to \$178	
Medium lowest	\$323 to \$723	\$285 to \$661	\$220 to \$500	\$179 to \$374	
Medium highest	\$724 to \$1,407	\$662 to \$1,271	\$501 to \$941	\$375 to \$692	
Highest group	\$1,408 and over	\$1,272 and over	\$942 and over	\$693 and over	

Individual income quartiles, 2016

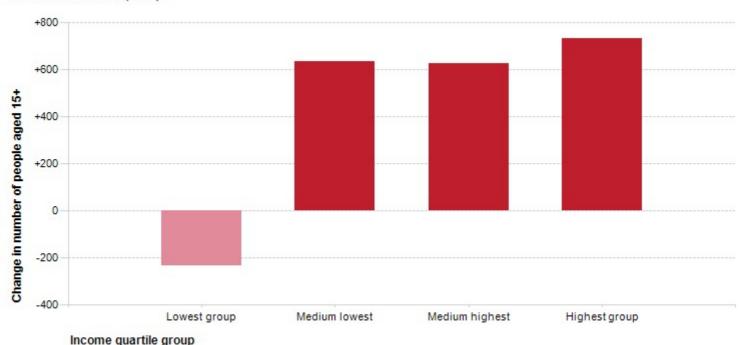


Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in individual income quartiles, 2011 to 2016





Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Usual residence data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of the population by income quartile in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was lesser proportion of persons in the highest income quartile as well as a lesser proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in persons between 2011 and 2016 was in the highest quartile which showed an increase of 734 persons.

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Household income

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Qualifications and Occupation, it helps to reveal the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Warren-Blackwood (2021). It is important to note that income data is not necessarily a measure of wealth. For example, if an area has a large number of retirees this will produce a higher proportion of households with low income but the retirees may have large capital wealth. For this reason, household income should be viewed in conjunction with Age and Household Composition.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Household Income Quartiles.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Weekly household income

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total households (Enumerated)		2016	
Weekly income	Number	%	Greater Perth %
Neg/Nil Income	241	1.6	1.6
\$1 - \$149	150	1.0	0.7
\$150 - \$299	403	2.6	1.9
\$300 - \$399	574	3.7	2.4
\$400 - \$499	1,356	8.8	5.4
\$500 - \$649	864	5.6	3.8
\$650 - \$799	1,413	9.1	5.8
\$800 - \$999	1,207	7.8	5.6
\$1,000 - \$1,249	1,383	8.9	7.3
\$1,250 - \$1,499	1,160	7.5	6.7
\$1,500 - \$1,749	814	5.3	5.8
\$1,750 - \$1,999	802	5.2	5.6
\$2,000 - \$2,499	1,280	8.3	11.3
\$2,500 - \$2,999	754	4.9	7.0
\$3,000 - \$3,499	376	2.4	4.7
\$3,500 - \$3,999	307	2.0	4.6
\$4,000 - \$4,499	133	0.9	2.4
\$4,500 - \$4,999	156	1.0	2.3
\$5,000 - \$5,999	76	0.5	2.0
\$6,000 - \$7,999	87	0.6	1.6
\$8,000 or more	22	0.1	0.2
Not stated	1,918	12.4	11.4
Total households	15,476	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

- Low income households (less than 650 per week)
- a <u>High income households (more than 2,500 per week)</u>
- a Median household income

Weekly household income, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of household income levels in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of high income households (those earning \$2,500 per week or more) and a higher proportion of low income households (those earning less than \$650 per week).

Overall, 12.3% of the households earned a high income and 23.2% were low income households, compared with 24.8% and 15.7% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences between the household incomes of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of households who earned \$400 \$499 (8.8% compared to 5.4%)
- A larger percentage of households who earned \$650 \$799 (9.1% compared to 5.8%)
- A smaller percentage of households who earned \$2,000 \$2,499 (8.3% compared to 11.3%)
- A smaller percentage of households who earned \$3,500 \$3,999 (2.0% compared to 4.6%)

Warren-Blackwood (2021) Household income quartiles

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as <u>Qualifications</u> and <u>Occupation</u>, it helps to reveal Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s socio-economic status and economic opportunities. Household income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is a powerful and objective way of looking at income data and in particular, how it is changing. A detailed explanation of how Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in <u>specific data</u> notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Household income quartiles

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
			Greater Perth			Greater Perth	
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	4,917	36.3	23.9	4,712	37.1	24.0	+206
Medium lowest	4,102	30.3	24.6	4,011	31.6	24.5	+91
Medium highest	2,799	20.7	25.2	2,740	21.6	25.4	+59
Highest group	1,738	12.8	26.2	1,237	9.7	26.1	+501
Total Households	13,558	100.0	100.0	12,701	100.0	100.0	+857

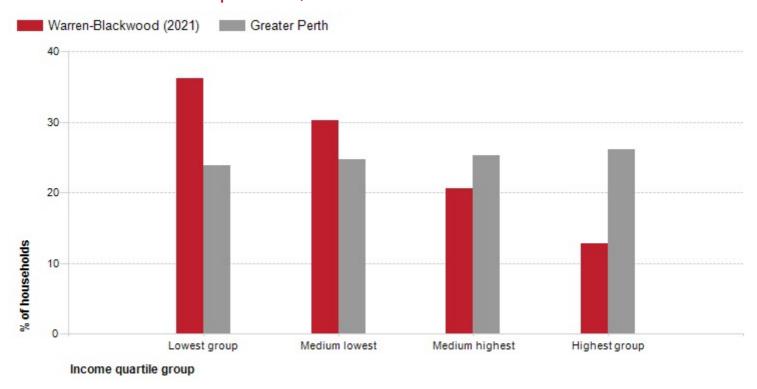
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA Weekly income by Census year

Household income ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001	1996	1991
Lowest group	\$0 to \$790	\$0 to \$693	\$0 to \$565	\$0 to \$416	\$0 to \$348	\$0 to \$305
Medium lowest	\$791 to \$1,582	\$694 to \$1,405	\$566 to \$1,062	\$417 to \$783	\$349 to \$651	\$306 to \$556
Medium highest	\$1,583 to \$2,614	\$1,406 to \$2,507	\$1,063 to \$1,774	\$784 to \$1,311	\$652 to \$1,094	\$557 to \$910
Highest group	\$2,615 and over	\$2,508 and over	\$1,775 and over	\$1,312 and over	\$1,095 and over	\$911 and over

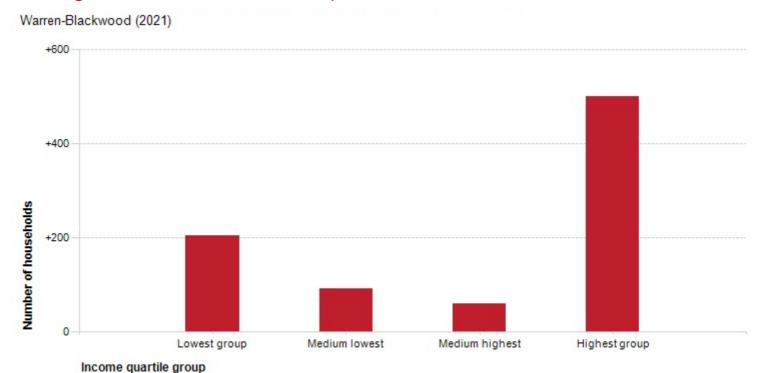
Household income quartiles, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in household income quartile, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was lesser proportion of households in the highest income quartile and a greater proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 was in the highest quartile which showed an increase of 501 households.

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Warren-Blackwood (2021) Equivalised household income

While <u>Household Income</u> is a useful measure, it is difficult to tell if changes over time and between geographic areas are due to actual changes in income levels, or due to changes in household size and composition. For example, an increase in lower income households could be due to job losses in key economic sectors, or simply due to decreasing household size as adult children leave home.

Equivalised Household Income puts all households on an equal footing independent of household size and composition to enable a true comparison between areas and over time. It is an indicator of the income resource available to a household of standard size and is the best measure of the changing economic fortunes of households living in Warren-Blackwood (2021).

A detailed explanation of how Equivalised Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Equivalised household income quartiles

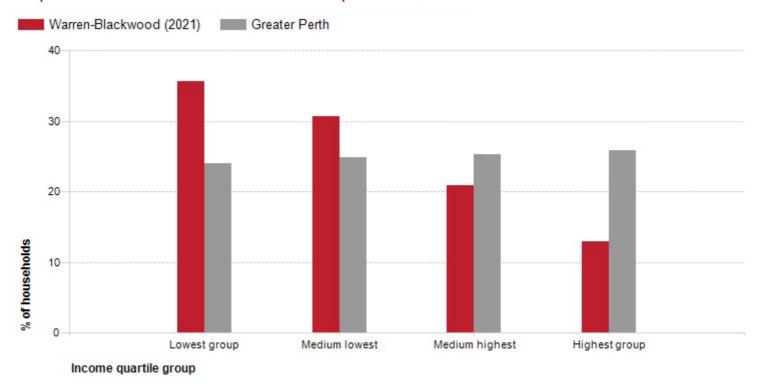
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016			2011			Change
			Greater Perth				
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	4,665	35.6	24.0	4,580	37.7	23.9	+85
Medium lowest	4,011	30.6	24.9	3,876	31.9	24.7	+134
Medium highest	2,735	20.9	25.3	2,296	18.9	25.6	+439
Highest group	1,690	12.9	25.8	1,400	11.5	25.8	+289
Total Households	13,101	100.0	100.0	12,155	100.0	100.0	+947

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

Equivalised household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA	Weekly income by Census year					
Equivalised household income ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001		
Lowest group	\$0 to \$538	\$0 to \$485	\$0 to \$374	\$0 to \$285		
Medium lowest	\$539 to \$971	\$486 to \$878	\$375 to \$654	\$286 to \$487		
Medium highest	\$972 to \$1,559	\$879 to \$1,383	\$655 to \$1,039	\$488 to \$766		
Highest group	\$1,560 and over	\$1,384 and over	\$1,040 and over	\$767 and over		

Equivalised household income quartiles, 2016

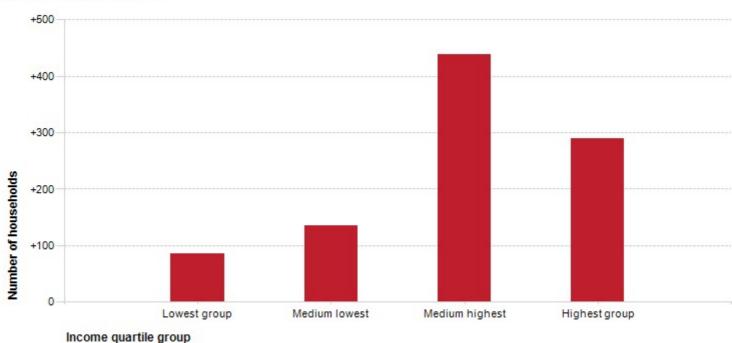


Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in equivalised household income quartiles, 2011 to 2016





Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Equivalised income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Because the data is equivalised, households of different size and composition are placed on an equal footing.

Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lesser proportion of households in the highest equivalised income quartile, and a greater proportion in the lowest equivalised income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 was in the medium highest quartile which showed an increase of 439 households.

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Household type

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s household and family structure is one of the most important demographic indicators. It reveals the area's residential role and function, era of settlement and provides key insights into the level of demand for services and facilities as most are related to age and household types.

To continue building the story, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Household Summary should be viewed in conjunction with Households with Children, Households without Children, Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

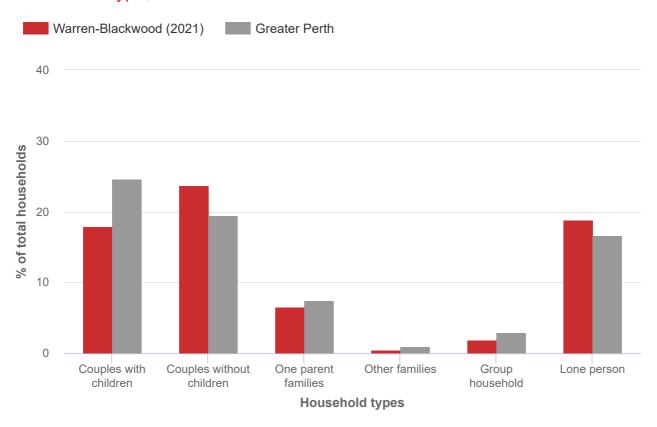
Household type

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total households (Enumerated)	2016					Change	
Households by type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Couples with children	3,844	23.3	32.3	3,769	25.1	31.6	+74
Couples without children	5,089	30.9	25.4	4,792	32.0	25.7	+296
One parent families	1,387	8.4	9.8	1,354	9.0	9.9	+32
Other families	94	0.6	1.3	88	0.6	1.4	+6
Group household	400	2.4	3.8	350	2.3	4.0	+50
Lone person	4,041	24.5	21.7	3,632	24.2	22.4	+408
Other not classifiable household	985	6.0	4.8	477	3.2	3.9	+507
Visitor only households	628	3.8	1.0	529	3.5	1.1	+98
Total households	16,468	100.0	100.0	14,995	100.0	100.0	+1,473

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

- One parent families with dependent children
- a Couple families with dependent children
- a Young couples (aged 15-44 years) without children
- Older couples (65 years and over) without children
- <u>Young lone person households (aged 15-44 years)</u>
- Older lone person households (aged 65 years and over)
- Average household size

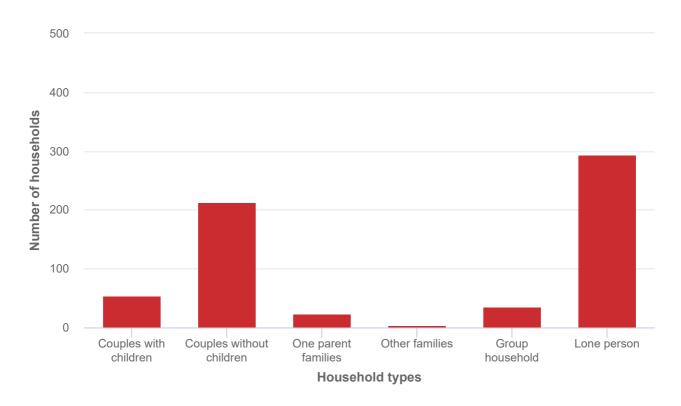
Household type, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in household type, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the household/family types in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of couple families with child(ren) as well as a lower proportion of one-parent families. Overall, 23.3% of total families were couple families with child(ren), and 8.4% were one-parent families, compared with 32.3% and 9.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

There were a higher proportion of lone person households and a higher proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of lone person households was 24.5% compared to 21.7% in Greater Perth while the proportion of couples without children was 30.9% compared to 25.4% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 1,473 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in family/household types in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Lone person (+408 households)
- Couples without children (+296 households)
- Couples with children (+74 households)
- Group household (+50 households)

Households with children

Households with Children require different services and facilities than other household types, and their needs change as both adults and children age. When many families in an area are at the same stage in their individual lifecycles, it creates a suburb lifecycle. Knowing where a suburb is in a cycle of change helps planners make evidence-based decisions about the demand for services both now and in the future.

For Households with Children in Warren-Blackwood (2021), life stage is based on the age of children in the household. The age of the parent(s) is not taken into account.

- Young children: Children aged under 15 only
- Mixed age children: One or more children under 15 and one or more children over 15 (must have 2 or more children)
- Older children: Children aged 15 and over only

To continue building the story, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

Households with children by life stage

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				2011		Change
Households with children	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Couples with children	3,844	23.3	32.3	3,769	25.1	31.6	+74
Couples with young children	2,310	14.0	18.0	2,399	16.0	17.3	-90
Couples with mixed-age children	551	3.3	4.4	526	3.5	4.6	+25
Couples with older children	983	6.0	9.9	844	5.6	9.7	+139
Single parents with children	1,387	8.4	9.8	1,354	9.0	9.9	+32
Single parents with young children	642	3.9	3.7	699	4.7	3.9	-57
Single parents with mixed-age children	170	1.0	1.1	195	1.3	1.2	-25
Single parents with older children	575	3.5	5.0	460	3.1	4.8	+115
Total households with children	5,231	31.8	42.1	5,124	34.2	41.5	+107
Total households	16,468	100.0	100.0	14,995	100.0	100.0	+1,473

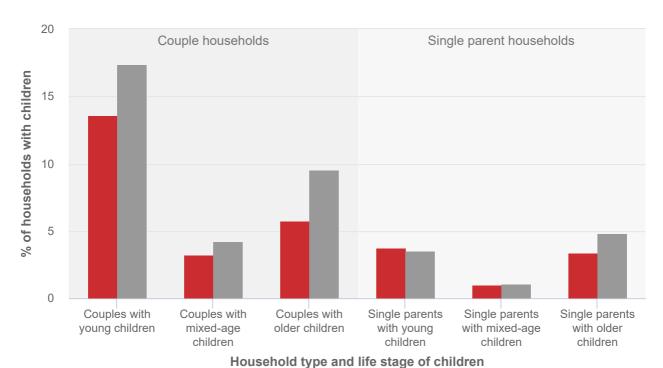
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

- One parent families with dependent children
- a Couple families with dependent children

Households with children, 2016

.id, the population experts.

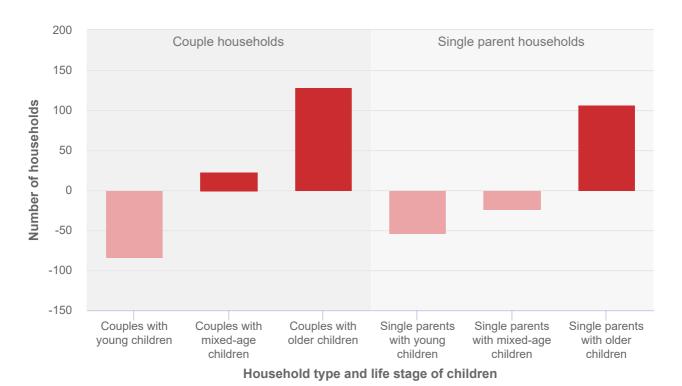




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by

Change in households with children, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the families with children in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of couples with young children, as well as a smaller proportion of couples with older children.

Overall, 14.0% of total households with children were couple with young children, and 6.0% were couples with older children, compared with 18.0% and 9.9% respectively for Greater Perth.

There were a similar proportion of single parent households with young children and a smaller proportion of single parent households with older children. Overall, the proportion of single parent households with young children was 3.9% compared to 3.7% in Greater Perth while the proportion of single parent households with older children was 3.5% compared to 5.0% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of households with children increased by 107 households or 2.1%.

The largest changes in households with children in this area between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Couples with older children (+139 households)
- Single parents with older children (+115 households)
- Couples with young children (-90 households)
- Single parents with young children (-57 households)

Households without children

Households without Children include couples without children and lone person households. They require different services depending on the age of the people in the households. For example young couples who have not had children (yet) compared to older "empty nester" couples whose children may have left home.

For Households without Children in Warren-Blackwood (2021), life stage is based on the age of the household reference person (usually person 1 on the Census form):

Young: Aged 15-44Middle-aged: Aged 45-64Older: Aged 65 and over

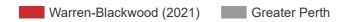
To continue building the story, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

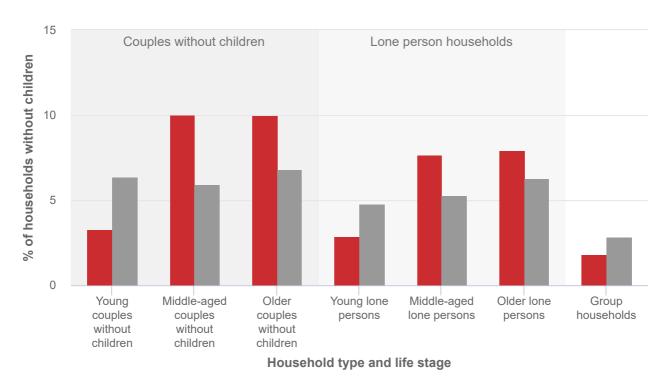
Households without children by life stage

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)		2016			2011		Change
Households without children	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Couples without children	5,089	30.9	25.4	4,792	32.0	25.7	+296
Young couples without children	721	4.4	8.5	755	5.0	8.3	-34
Middle-aged couples without children	2,189	13.3	7.9	2,311	15.4	9.0	-122
Older couples without children	2,179	13.2	9.0	1,726	11.5	8.4	+453
Lone person households	4,041	24.5	21.7	3,632	24.2	22.4	+408
Young lone persons	634	3.8	6.3	811	5.4	6.9	-178
Middle-aged lone persons	1,677	10.2	7.0	1,490	9.9	7.5	+186
Older lone persons	1,730	10.5	8.4	1,330	8.9	8.0	+400
Group households	400	2.4	3.8	350	2.3	4.0	+50
Total households without children	9,530	57.9	50.9	8,775	58.5	52.1	+755
Total households	16,468	100.0	100.0	14,995	100.0	100.0	+1,473

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by .id , the population experts.

Households without children, 2016

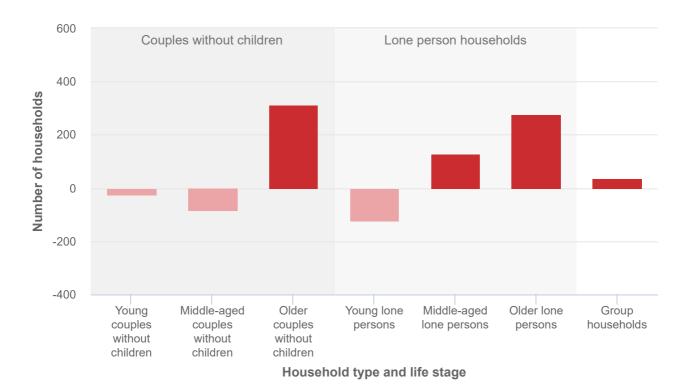




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in households without children, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the households without children in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of young couples without children, a larger proportion of middle-aged couples without children, and a larger proportion of older couples without children.

In addition, there were a smaller proportion of young lone person households, a larger proportion of middle-aged lone person households, and a larger proportion of older lone person households.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016, the number of households without children increased by 755.

The largest changes in households without children in Warren-Blackwood (2021), between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Older couples without children (+453 persons)
- Older lone persons (+400 persons)
- Middle-aged lone persons (+186 persons)
- Young lone persons (-178 persons)

Household size

The size of households in general follows the life-cycle of families. Households are usually small at the stage of relationship formation (early marriage), and then increase in size with the advent of children. They later reduce in size again as these children reach adulthood and leave home. Household size can also be influenced by a lack (or abundance) of affordable housing. Overseas migrants and indigenous persons often have a tradition of living with extended family members which significantly affects household size.

Household size in Australia has declined since the 1970s but between 2006 and 2016, the average household size remained stable for the nation as a whole.

An increasing household size in an area may indicate a lack of affordable housing opportunities for young people, an increase in the birth rate or an increase in family formation in the area. A declining household size may indicate children leaving the area when they leave home, an increase in retirees settling in the area, or an attraction of young singles and couples to the area.

For greater insight, Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Household Size data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Summary, Age Structure, Dwelling Type, Household Income and Language Spoken at Home.

Household size

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
Number of persons usually resident	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
1 person	4,041	27.2	23.0	3,625	26.0	23.6	+415
2 persons	5,947	40.0	33.4	5,579	40.0	34.0	+368
3 persons	1,975	13.3	16.8	1,918	13.7	16.3	+57
4 persons	1,788	12.0	17.0	1,744	12.5	16.5	+44
5 persons	791	5.3	6.7	760	5.4	6.6	+31
6 or more persons	326	2.2	3.1	327	2.3	2.9	-1
Total classifiable households	14,868	100.0	100.0	13,954	100.0	100.0	+913

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Household size - Summary

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Enumerated	2016				Change		
Dwellings	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Occupied private dwellings	16,476		 	14,989		 	+1,487
Persons in occupied private dwellings	38,129			35,009			+3,120
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.31		2.55	2.34		2.55	-0.02

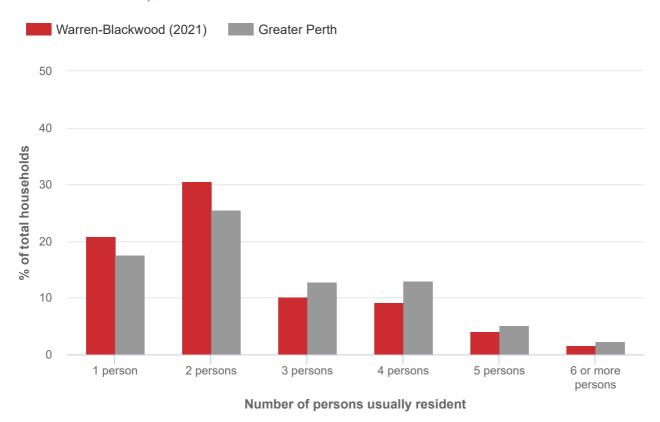
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by id , the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

The 'Dwellings' table is enumerated data.

a Average household size

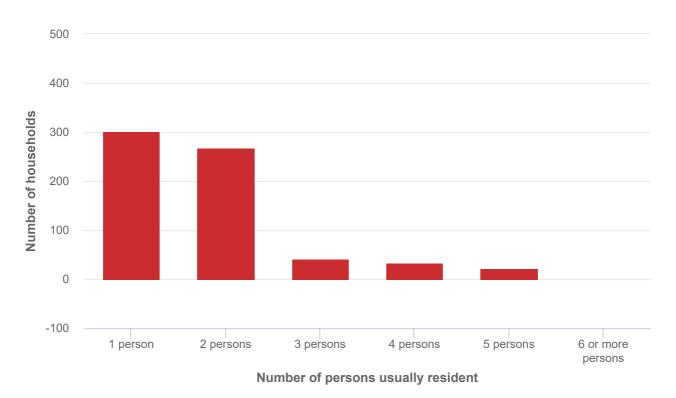
Household size, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in household size, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of persons usually resident in a household in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared with Greater Perth shows that there were a higher proportion of lone person households, and a lower proportion of larger households (those with 4 persons or more). Overall there were 27.2% of lone person households, and 19.5% of larger households, compared with 23.0% and 26.8% respectively for Greater Perth.

The major differences in the household size for Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of households with 2 persons usually resident (40.0% compared to 33.4%)
- A larger percentage of households with 1 person usually resident (27.2% compared to 23.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households with 4 persons usually resident (12.0% compared to 17.0%)
- A smaller percentage of households with 3 persons usually resident (13.3% compared to 16.8%)

Emerging groups

The number of households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 914 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the number of persons usually resident in a household in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- 1 person (+415 households)
- 2 persons (+368 households)
- 3 persons (+57 households)

Family blending

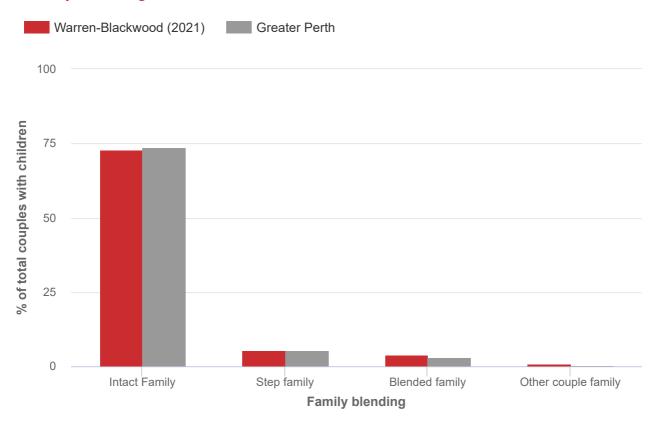
Information on blended and intact families can be an indicator of the level of family breakup and repartnering within the area, and a potential indicator of socio-economic disadvantage. Family blending only applies to couple families with children. For information more broadly about household and family types, including single-parent families, please see Household Type, Households with Children, and Households without Children.

Family blending

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Total couples with children (Enumerated)	2016			2011			Change
Family blending by type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Intact Family	3,388	87.9	89.4	3,306	89.5	88.3	+82
Step family	244	6.3	6.5	220	6.0	7.3	+24
Blended family	181	4.7	3.6	160	4.3	4.0	+21
Other couple family	41	1.1	0.4	9	0.2	0.4	+32
Total couples with children	3,854	100.0	100.0	3,695	100.0	100.0	+158

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

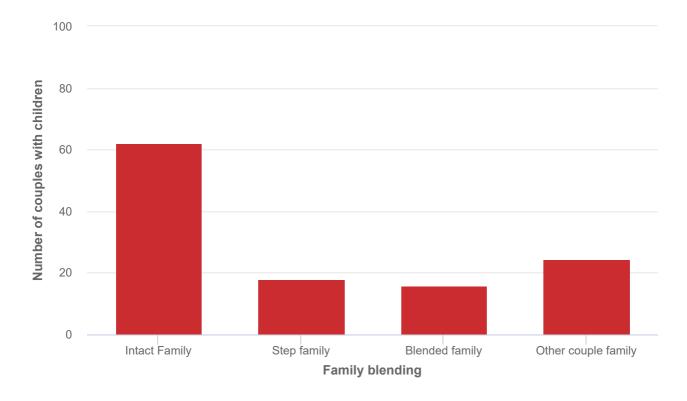
Family blending, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in family blending, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the family blending in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a similar proportion of step families as well as a similar proportion of blended families. Overall, 6.3% of total couple families with children were step families, and 4.7% were blended families, compared with 6.5% and 3.6% respectively for Greater Perth.

There were a higher proportion of other families and a lower proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of other families was 1.1% compared to 0.4% in Greater Perth while the proportion of intact families was 87.9% compared to 89.4% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The number of couple families with children in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 159 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest change in family blending in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 was:

• Intact Family (+82 couples with children)

Dwelling type

Dwelling Type is an important determinant of Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s residential role and function. A greater concentration of higher density dwellings is likely to attract more young adults and smaller households, often renting. Larger, detached or separate dwellings are more likely to attract families and prospective families. The residential built form often reflects market opportunities or planning policy, such as building denser forms of housing around public transport nodes or employment centres.

Dwelling Type statistics should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Household Types, Housing Tenure and Age Structure for a more complete picture of the housing market in Warren-Blackwood (2021).

Dwelling structure

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Dwellings (Enumerated)		2016			2011			
Dwelling type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016	
Separate house	19,967	92.7	74.6	18,880	92.1	76.7	+1,087	
Medium density	867	4.0	19.6	1,020	5.0	17.9	-153	
High density	0		5.1	0		4.8	0	
Caravans, cabin, houseboat	373	1.7	0.3	390	1.9	0.4	-18	
Other	180	0.8	0.2	173	0.8	0.1	+7	
Not stated	144	0.7	0.2	26	0.1	0.1	+118	
Total Private Dwellings	21,531	100.0	100.0	20,490	100.0	100.0	+1,040	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwelling type

Warren-Blackwood (2021)	2016				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Occupied private dwellings	16,849	76.4	89.4	14,988	72.7	90.8	+1,860
Unoccupied private dwellings	5,046	22.9	10.5	5,526	26.8	9.1	-480
Non private dwellings	162	0.7	0.1	113	0.5	0.1	+49
Total dwellings	22,057	100.0	100.0	20,628	100.0	100.0	+1,429

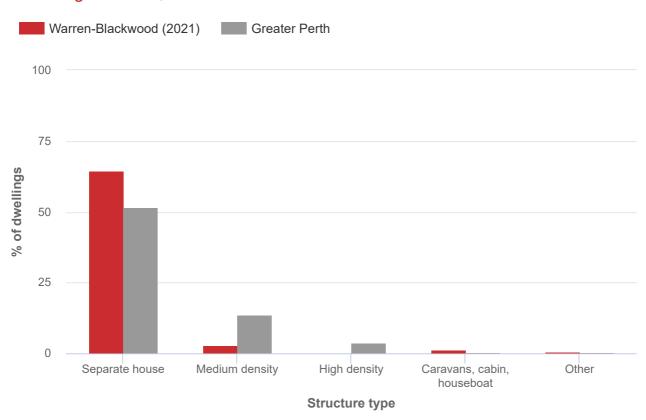
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by i.i.d., the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- People in non-private dwellings
- a <u>Vacant dwellings</u>

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

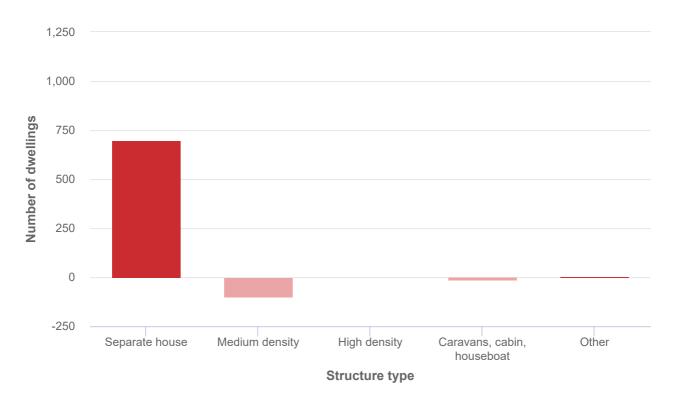
Dwelling structure, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in dwelling structure, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

In 2016, there were 19,967 separate houses in the area, 867 medium density dwellings, and no high density dwellings. In addition, there were 373 caravans/cabins/houseboats in the area.

Analysis of the types of dwellings in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 shows that 92.7% of all dwellings were separate houses; 4.0% were medium density dwellings, and 0% were in high density dwellings, compared with 74.6%, 19.6%, and 5.1% in the Greater Perth respectively.

In 2016, a total of 76.4% of the dwellings in Warren-Blackwood (2021) were occupied on Census night, compared to 89.4% in Greater Perth. The proportion of unoccupied dwellings was 22.9%, which is larger compared to that found in Greater Perth (10.5%).

Emerging groups

The total number of dwellings in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 1,429 between 2011 and 2016.

The largest changes in the type of dwellings found in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Separate house (+1,087 dwellings)
- Medium density (-153 dwellings)

Number of bedrooms per dwelling

The Number of Bedrooms in a dwelling is an indicator of the size of dwellings, and when combined with **Dwelling** Type information, provides insight into the role Warren-Blackwood (2021) plays in the housing market. For example, an area of high density dwellings that are predominantly 1-2 bedroom are likely to attract students, single workers and young couples, whereas a high density area with dwellings that are predominantly 2-3 bedroom may attract more empty nesters and some families.

In combination with **Household Type** and **Household Size**, the Number of Bedrooms can also indicate issues around housing affordability, overcrowding and other socio-economic factors.

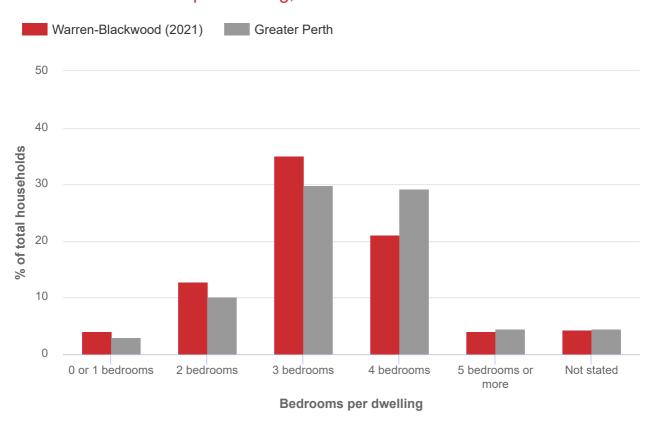
Number of bedrooms per dwelling

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2011				2011	Change	
Number of bedrooms	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2011
0 or 1 bedrooms	740	4.9	3.6	740	4.9	3.6	0
2 bedrooms	2,369	15.8	12.6	2,369	15.8	12.6	0
3 bedrooms	6,473	43.2	36.7	6,473	43.2	36.7	0
4 bedrooms	3,906	26.0	36.0	3,906	26.0	36.0	0
5 bedrooms or more	729	4.9	5.5	729	4.9	5.5	0
Not stated	782	5.2	5.5	782	5.2	5.5	0
Total households	15,001	100.0	100.0	15,001	100.0	100.0	0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2011. Compiled and presented by id, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

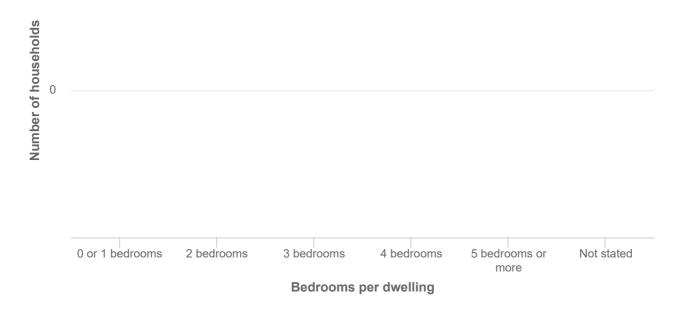
Number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2011



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2011 to 2011

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2011 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of bedrooms in dwellings in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2011 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a higher proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and a lower proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms.

Overall, 20.7% of households were in dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and 30.9% of 4 or more bedroom dwellings, compared with 16.2% and 41.6% for Greater Perth respectively.

The major differences between the number of bedrooms per dwelling of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A *larger* percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (43.2% compared to 36.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (15.8% compared to 12.6%)
- A *larger* percentage of dwellings with 1 or no bedrooms (includes bedsitters) (4.9% compared to 3.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 4 bedroom dwellings (26.0% compared to 36.0%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2011.

Internet connection

An internet connection is now an important utility for most households in Australia. It is increasingly required for accessing essential information and taking part in the digital economy. Australia-wide in 2016, nearly 80% of all households had internet access. However, this decreases with age – seniors are less likely to have internet access at home. The lack of internet access is likely to indicate a level of disadvantage and could be related to socioeconomic factors, age, or geographical isolation.

Internet connectivity in Warren-Blackwood (2021) should be looked at in conjunction with Household Type and Age Structure, as well as Education Levels.

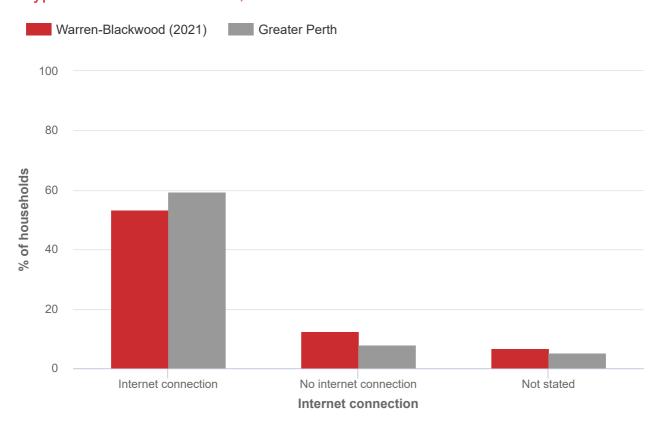
Type of internet connection

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households	2016				2011		Change
Connection type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Internet connection	12,171	73.9	82.3	10,553	70.4	77.0	+1,618
No internet connection	2,821	17.1	10.7	3,444	23.0	15.8	-624
Not stated	1,485	9.0	7.0	990	6.6	7.1	+495
Total households	16,477	100.0	100.0	14,988	100.0	100.0	+1,489

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

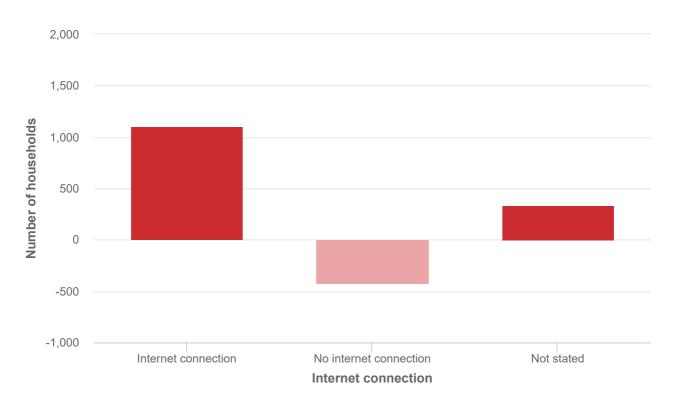
Type of internet connection, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in type of internet connection, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the type of internet connection of households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a lower proportion of households with an internet connection

Overall 73.9% of households had an internet connection, compared with 82.3% in Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016 the number of households with an internet connection increased by 1,618.

Number of cars per household

The ability of the population to access services and employment is strongly influenced by access to transport. The number of motor vehicles per household in Warren-Blackwood (2021) quantifies access to private transport and will be influenced by Age Structure and Household Type, which determine the number of adults present; access to Public Transport; distance to shops, services, employment and education; and Household Income. Depending on these factors, car ownership can be seen as a measure of advantage or disadvantage, or a neutral socioeconomic measure, which impacts on the environment and quality of life.

Car ownership

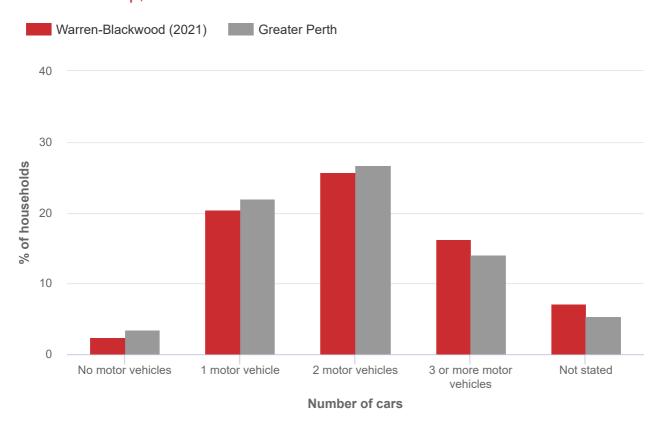
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				2011	Change	
Number of cars	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
No motor vehicles	544	3.3	4.7	656	4.4	6.0	-113
1 motor vehicle	4,689	28.5	30.7	4,761	31.8	32.0	-72
2 motor vehicles	5,881	35.7	37.3	5,483	36.6	37.1	+398
3 or more motor vehicles	3,722	22.6	19.7	3,164	21.1	18.4	+557
Not stated	1,641	10.0	7.5	923	6.2	6.5	+717
Total households	16,477	100.0	100.0	14,989	100.0	100.0	+1,487

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People who travelled to work by car

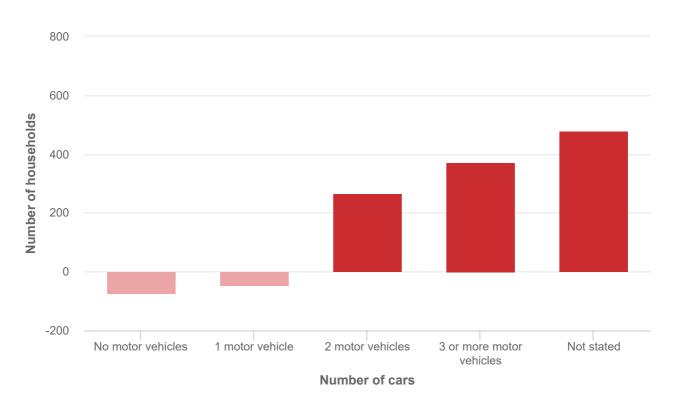
Car ownership, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in car ownership, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the car ownership of the households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that 86.7% of the households owned at least one car, while 3.3% did not, compared with 87.8% and 4.7% respectively in Greater Perth.

Of those that owned at least one vehicle, there was a smaller proportion who owned just one car; a smaller proportion who owned two cars; and a larger proportion who owned three cars or more.

Overall, 28.5% of the households owned one car; 35.7% owned two cars; and 22.6% owned three cars or more, compared with 30.7%; 37.3% and 19.7% respectively for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the household car ownership in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- 3 or more motor vehicles (+557 households)
- 2 motor vehicles (+398 households)
- No motor vehicles (-113 households)
- 1 motor vehicle (-72 households)

Housing tenure

Warren-Blackwood (2021)'s Housing Tenure data provides insights into its socio-economic status as well as the role it plays in the housing market. For example, a high concentration of private renters may indicate a transient area attractive to young singles and couples, while a concentration of home owners indicates a more settled area with mature families and empty-nesters (Household Summary). Tenure can also reflect built form (Dwelling Type), with a significantly higher share of renters in high density housing and a substantially larger proportion of homeowners in separate houses, although this is not always the case.

In conjunction with other socio-economic status indicators in Warren-Blackwood (2021), Tenure data is useful for analysing housing markets, housing affordability and identifying public housing areas.

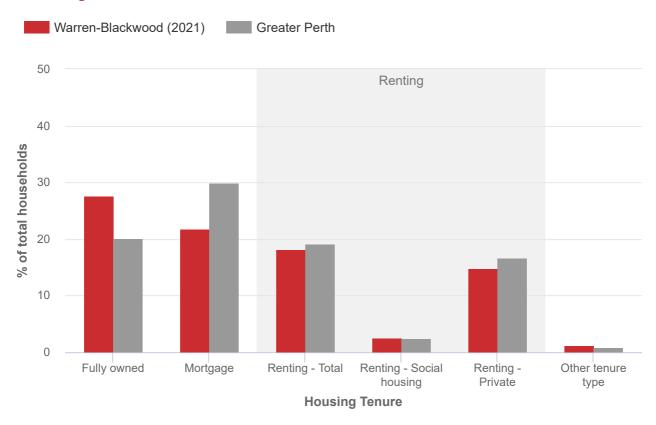
Housing tenure

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				2011		Change
Tenure type	Number	%	Greater Perth %	Number	%	Greater Perth %	2011 to 2016
Fully owned	6,021	36.5	26.7	5,642	37.6	28.1	+379
Mortgage	4,758	28.9	39.7	4,246	28.3	38.0	+512
Renting - Total	3,974	24.1	25.5	3,957	26.4	26.7	+16
Renting - Social housing	544	3.3	3.1	527	3.5	3.6	+17
Renting - Private	3,221	19.5	22.0	3,208	21.4	22.6	+13
Renting - Not stated	209	1.3	0.4	222	1.5	0.5	-14
Other tenure type	255	1.5	1.0	224	1.5	1.1	+31
Not stated	1,478	9.0	7.1	932	6.2	6.1	+546
Total households	16,486	100.0	100.0	15,002	100.0	100.0	+1,483

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

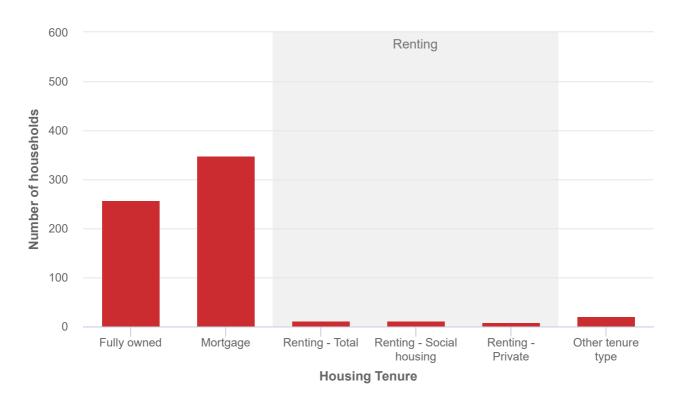
Housing tenure, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Change in housing tenure, 2011 to 2016

Warren-Blackwood (2021)



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the housing tenure of households of Warren-Blackwood (2021) in 2016 compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a larger proportion of households who owned their dwelling; a smaller proportion purchasing their dwelling; and a smaller proportion who were renters.

Overall, 36.5% of households owned their dwelling; 28.9% were purchasing, and 24.1% were renting, compared with 26.7%, 39.7% and 25.5% respectively for Greater Perth.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in housing tenure categories for the households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) between 2011 and 2016 were:

- Mortgage (+512 households)
- Fully owned (+379 households)

The total number of households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 1,484 between 2011 and 2016.

Housing loan repayments

Mortgage repayments are directly related to house prices in Warren-Blackwood (2021), length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with Household Income data it may also indicate the level of housing stress households in the community are under. In mortgage belt areas it is expected that households will be paying a higher proportion of their income on their housing compared to well-established areas. First home buyer areas are also likely to have larger mortgages than upgrader areas where households move in with equity from elsewhere.

Mortgage payment levels are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of mortgage payments over time, go to Housing Loan Quartiles.

Monthly housing loan repayments

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016		
Monthly repayment amount	Number	%	Greater Perth %
\$299 or less	311	6.5	4.6
\$300 - \$599	325	6.8	3.3
\$600 - \$999	587	12.4	6.3
\$1,000 - \$1,199	414	8.7	4.8
\$1,200 - \$1,399	433	9.1	6.0
\$1,400 - \$1,599	375	7.9	6.4
\$1,600 - \$1,799	424	8.9	8.0
\$1,800 - \$1,999	275	5.8	6.8
\$2,000 - \$2,199	390	8.2	12.1
\$2,200 - \$2,399	163	3.4	5.9
\$2,400 - \$2,599	103	2.2	4.8
\$2,600 - \$2,999	242	5.1	9.2
\$3,000 - \$3,999	278	5.8	11.1
\$4,000 - \$4,999	109	2.3	4.0
\$5,000 and over	80	1.7	3.2
Not stated	244	5.1	3.7
Total	4,753	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Monthly housing loan repayments, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the monthly housing loan repayments of households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of households paying high mortgage repayments (\$2,600 per month or more), and a larger proportion of households with low mortgage repayments (less than \$1,200 per month).

Overall, 14.9% of households were paying high mortgage repayments, and 34.4% were paying low repayments, compared with 27.5% and 18.9% respectively in Greater Perth.

The major differences between the household loan repayments of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of \$600 \$999 (12.4% compared to 6.3%)
- A larger percentage of \$1,000 \$1,199 (8.7% compared to 4.8%)
- A smaller percentage of \$3,000 \$3,999 (5.8% compared to 11.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$2,600 \$2,999 (5.1% compared to 9.2%)

Warren-Blackwood (2021) Housing loan quartiles

Mortgage repayments in Warren-Blackwood (2021) are directly related to house prices, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with Household Income data it may also indicate the level of housing stress in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the mortgage payment profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Housing Loan Repayment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in <u>specific</u> data notes.

Housing loan quartiles

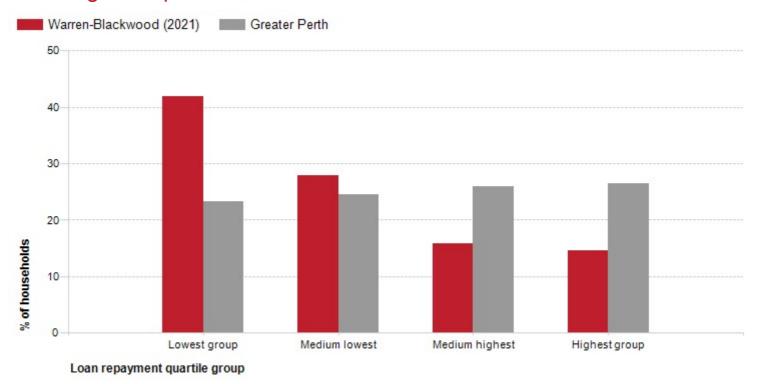
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
	Greater Perth			Greater Perth			
Loan repayment quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	1,885	41.8	23.2	1,666	41.3	23.2	+219
Medium lowest	1,252	27.8	24.5	1,090	27.0	24.5	+162
Medium highest	712	15.8	25.9	711	17.6	25.8	+1
Highest group	657	14.6	26.5	567	14.1	26.5	+90
Total households with stated mortgage repayments	4,509	100.0	100.0	4,036	100.0	100.0	+472

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

Housing loan - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from loan repayment data for WA	A Monthly housing loan repayments by Census year							
Housing loan repayment ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001	1996			
Lowest group	\$0 to \$1,314	\$0 to \$1,221	\$0 to \$826	\$0 to \$605	\$0 to \$505			
Medium lowest	\$1,315 to \$1,995	\$1,222 to \$1,969	\$827 to \$1,241	\$606 to \$855	\$506 to \$752			
Medium highest	\$1,996 to \$2,685	\$1,970 to \$2,786	\$1,242 to \$1,791	\$856 to \$1,161	\$753 to \$1,019			
Highest group	\$2,686 and over	\$2,787 and over	\$1,792 and over	\$1,162 and over	\$1,020 and over			

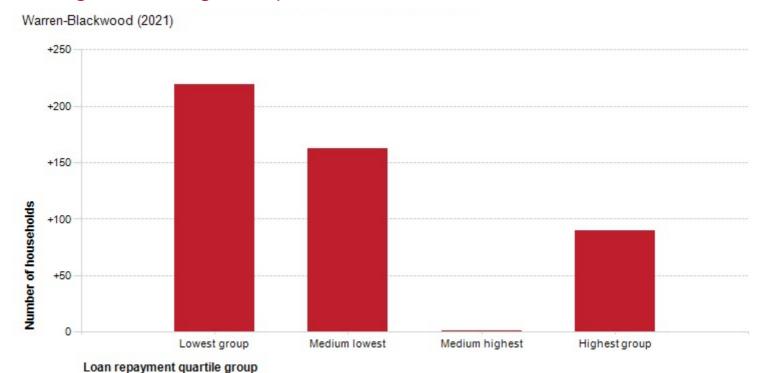
Housing loan quartiles, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in housing loan quartiles, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Housing loan repayment quartiles allow us to compare relative repayment liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by housing loan repayment quartiles in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of households in the highest repayment quartile, and a larger proportion in the lowest repayment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households with a mortgage in Warren-Blackwood (2021) increased by 473 between 2011 and 2016. The most significant change in Warren-Blackwood (2021) during this period was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 219 households.

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Housing rental payments

Rental payments can be a better measure of the cost of housing in Warren-Blackwood (2021) than mortgage repayments because they are not contingent on length of occupancy or equity in the dwelling.

High rental payments may indicate desirable areas with mobile populations who prefer to rent, or a housing shortage, or gentrification. Low rental payments may indicate public housing (check **Tenure Type**), or areas where low income households move by necessity for a lower cost of living.

Rental payments are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of rental payments over time, go to Housing Rental Quartiles.

Weekly housing rental payments

Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)		2016	
Weekly rental amount	Number	%	Greater Perth %
\$99 or less	509	12.8	4.7
\$100 - \$149	427	10.8	5.6
\$150 - \$199	529	13.4	4.4
\$200 - \$249	547	13.8	4.5
\$250 - \$299	521	13.1	7.5
\$300 - \$349	505	12.7	13.9
\$350 - \$399	350	8.8	18.0
\$400 - \$449	207	5.2	14.6
\$450 - \$549	118	3.0	14.5
\$550 - \$649	21	0.5	4.8
\$650 - \$749	9	0.2	2.0
\$750 - \$849	4	0.1	1.1
\$850+	42	1.1	1.6
Not stated	173	4.4	2.8
Total households renting	3,962	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by id, the population experts.

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a Households renting social housing
a Households renting privately

- a Median weekly rental payments
- A High rental payments (more than \$450 per week)

Weekly housing rental payments, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Dominant groups

Analysis of the weekly housing rental payments of households in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of households paying high rental payments (\$450 per week or more), and a larger proportion of households with low rental payments (less than \$250 per week).

Overall, 4.9% of households were paying high rental payments, and 50.8% were paying low payments, compared with 24.0% and 19.1% respectively in Greater Perth.

The major differences between the housing rental payments of Warren-Blackwood (2021) and Greater Perth were:

- A larger percentage of \$200 \$249 (13.8% compared to 4.5%)
- A smaller percentage of \$450 \$549 (3.0% compared to 14.5%)
- A smaller percentage of \$400 \$449 (5.2% compared to 14.6%)
- A smaller percentage of \$350 \$399 (8.8% compared to 18.0%)

Warren-Blackwood (2021) Housing rental quartiles

Rental payments in Warren-Blackwood (2021) are indicative of its residential role and function and are directly related to the value of residential property. When viewed with Household Income data they may also indicate the level of 'housing stress' in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the rental costs of a community over time. A detailed explanation of how Housing Rental Payment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Housing rental quartiles

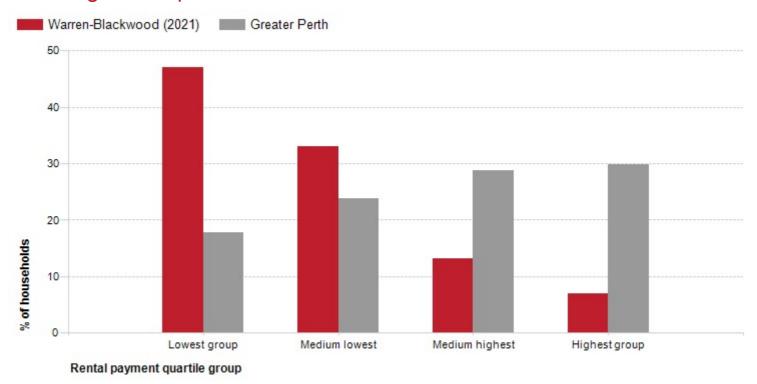
Warren-Blackwood (2021) - Households (Enumerated)	2016				Change		
	Greater Perth						
Quartile group	Number	%	%	Number	%	%	2011 to 2016
Lowest group	1,782	47.0	17.7	1,616	42.1	17.6	+166
Medium lowest	1,249	33.0	23.8	1,572	41.0	23.4	-324
Medium highest	494	13.1	28.8	472	12.3	29.1	+22
Highest group	262	6.9	29.7	174	4.6	29.8	+88
Total households with stated rent	3,788	100.0	100.0	3,837	100.0	100.0	-48

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id, the population experts.

Housing rental - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from rental payment data for WA	Weekly housing rental payments by Census year						
Rental payment ranges	2016	2011	2006	2001			
Lowest group	\$0 to \$228	\$0 to \$168	\$0 to \$112	\$0 to \$93			
Medium lowest	\$229 to \$348	\$169 to \$302	\$113 to \$170	\$94 to \$132			
Medium highest	\$349 to \$432	\$303 to \$378	\$171 to \$225	\$133 to \$177			
Highest group	\$433 and over	\$379 and over	\$226 and over	\$178 and over			

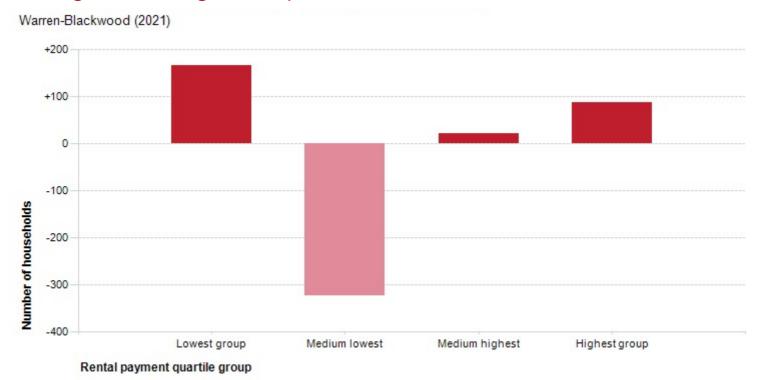
Housing rental quartiles for 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Change in housing rental quartiles, 2011 to 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data) Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.



Dominant groups

Rental payment quartiles allow us to compare relative rental liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by rental payment quartiles in Warren-Blackwood (2021) compared to Greater Perth shows that there was a smaller proportion of households in the highest payment quartile, and a larger proportion in the lowest payment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households renting their dwelling in Warren-Blackwood (2021) decreased by 49 between 2011 and 2016. The most significant change during this period was in the medium lowest quartile which showed a slight decrease of -324 households.

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Western Australia Residential building approvals

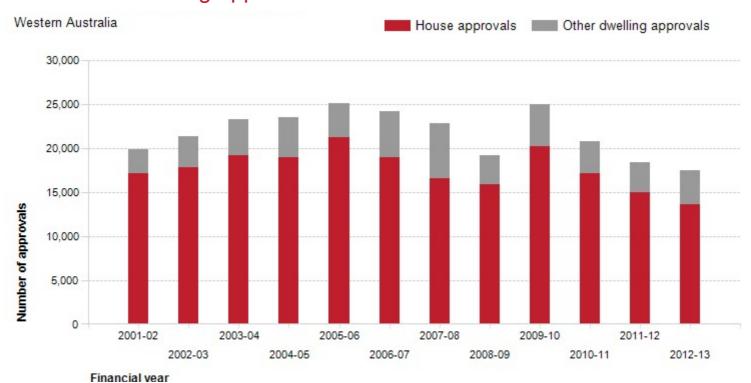
The Western Australia's building approvals are used as a leading indicator of the general level of residential development, economic activity, employment and investment. Residential building activity depends on many factors that vary with the state of the economy including interest rates, availability of mortgage funds, government spending, and business investment. Large financial changes or shocks, such as the Global Financial Crisis of 2008/09 can be observed in the data. However, the number of building approvals can fluctuate substantially from year to year simply as a result of the short-term nature of many construction projects, and the cyclical nature of the industry.

Residential building approvals

Western Australia	Number			Annual change		
Year (ending June 30)	Houses	Other	Total	Houses	Other	Total
2012-13	13,651	3,815	17,466	-1,287	+412	-875
2011-12	14,938	3,403	18,341	-2,213	-252	-2,465
2010-11	17,151	3,655	20,806	-3,033	-1,179	-4,212
2009-10	20,184	4,834	25,018	+4,343	+1,543	+5,886
2008-09	15,841	3,291	19,132	-769	-2,929	-3,698
2007-08	16,610	6,220	22,830	-2,355	+938	-1,417
2006-07	18,965	5,282	24,247	-2,271	+1,460	-811
2005-06	21,236	3,822	25,058	+2,324	-732	+1,592
2004-05	18,912	4,554	23,466	-321	+537	+216
2003-04	19,233	4,017	23,250	+1,461	+403	+1,864
2002-03	17,772	3,614	21,386	+648	+840	+1,488
2001-02	17,124	2,774	19,898			

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts

Residential building approvals



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented by .id, the population experts.



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Western Australia SEIFA by Local Government Area

The Western Australia Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, lack of internet access), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage. This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy.

Index of Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage (above) as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, larger houses). Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure.

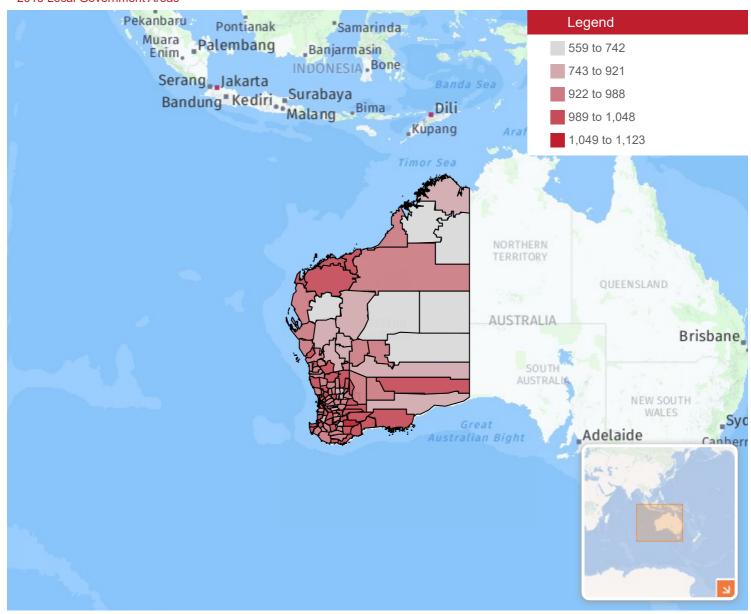
SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced.

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher*

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher* level of disadvantage or, in the case of IRSAD, a higher level of advantage.

Please note that the LGAs listed here relate to the boundary which was current at the 2016 Census. Boundary changes since that time will not be reflected in the list. For recent boundary changes in the local area please see the SEIFA by profile area

2016 Local Government Areas



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id, the population experts.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

Local Government Areas in Western Australia

2016 Local Government Area	2016 Index
Peppermint Grove	1,123
Cottesloe	1,118
Nedlands	1,117
Cambridge	1,114
Claremont	1,099
East Fremantle	1,088
Joondalup	1,078
Mosman Park	1,078
Melville	1,073
Subiaco	1,071
Vincent	1,069

Local Government Areas in Western Australia

2016 Local Government Area	2016 Index
South Perth	1,064
Kent	1,063
Perth	1,049
Chapman Valley	1,047
Ashburton	1,046
Mundaring	1,045
Serpentine-Jarrahdale	1,040
Kalamunda	1,039
Lake Grace	1,038

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u>, the population experts.

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Western Australia SEIFA by profile area

The Western Australia Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, lack of internet access), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage. This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy.

Index of Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage (above) as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, larger houses), Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure.

SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced. A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage. A lower score on the index means a *higher* level of disadvantage or, in the case of IRSAD, a higher level of advantage.

The percentile column indicates the approximate position of this small area in a ranked list of Australia's suburbs and localities. It's meant to give an indication of where the area sits within the whole nation. A higher number indicates a higher socio-economic status. For instance, a percentile of 72 indicates that approximately 72% of Australia's suburbs have a SEIFA index lower than this area (more disadvantaged), while 28% are higher.

Learn more about SEIFA and how it is used for funding and advocacy here.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2016 index	Percentile
Carine (2021)	1,103.9	97
Carine	1,099.5	97
Cottesloe (2021)	1,098.7	96
Cottesloe	1,097.4	96
Churchlands	1,095.2	96
Nedlands	1,093.9	95
Bateman	1,091.6	95
Nedlands (2021)	1,091.5	95
Churchlands (2021)	1,090.4	94
Bateman (2021)	1,088.1	94
Jandakot	1,086.7	93
Jandakot (2021)	1,086.0	93
Hillarys	1,081.2	92
Kalamunda	1,074.1	89
Kingsley	1,074.1	89
Hillarys (2021)	1,072.9	88
Kingsley (2021)	1,071.9	88
Kalamunda (2021)	1,071.5	88
Bicton (2021)	1,071.2	88
Bicton	1,071.2	88
Joondalup (2021)	1,070.0	87

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2016 index	Percentile
Scarborough (2021)	1,068.5	86
Scarborough	1,066.9	85
Riverton (2021)	1,066.7	85
Joondalup	1,065.1	85
Riverton	1,064.7	84
South Perth (2021)	1,064.6	84
South Perth	1,064.4	84
North Metropolitan Region (2021)	1,061.8	83
North Metropolitan Region	1,060.2	82
Perth (2021)	1,059.9	82
Perth	1,059.7	82
Burns Beach	1,058.3	81
Landsdale (2021)	1,052.1	78
Cockburn (2021)	1,049.7	76
Wanneroo	1,049.4	76
Darling Range (2021)	1,049.3	76
Darling Range	1,048.1	75
Mount Lawley	1,045.6	74
Mount Lawley (2021)	1,045.6	74
Burns Beach (2021)	1,045.4	74
Wanneroo (2021)	1,038.8	69
Cockburn	1,036.6	68
Swan Hills (2021)	1,034.3	67
Swan Hills	1,033.2	66
Maylands	1,032.3	66
Maylands (2021)	1,032.3	66
Metropolitan District	1,029.7	63
Baldivis (2021)	1,029.7	63
South Metropolitan Region (2021)	1,029.2	63
South Metropolitan Region	1,029.0	63
Greater Perth	1,026.0	61
Balcatta	1,025.7	61
Southern River	1,025.2	61
Southern River (2021)	1,025.2	61
Baldivis	1,021.2	58
Pilbara (2021)	1,019.1	57
West Swan (2021)	1,018.6	56
Vasse (2021)	1,016.8	55
Vasse	1,016.8	55
Pilbara	1,015.2	54
Western Australia	1,015.0	54
WA	1,015.0	54
West Swan	1,014.9	54

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Area Willagee	2016 index 1,013.8	Percentile 53
Warnbro	1,012.7	53
Warnbro (2021)	1,012.7	53
Morley	1,009.3	51
Butler	1,009.1	51
Balcatta (2021)	1,008.6	50
Kwinana	1,008.0	50
Forrestfield	1,008.0	50
Forrestfield (2021)	1,008.0	50
Morley (2021)	1,006.0	49
Butler (2021)	1,005.4	49
Willagee (2021)	1,005.3	49
Girrawheen	1,003.1	47
Victoria Park	1,002.6	47
Fremantle	1,002.1	47
Australia	1,001.9	46
Dawesville (2021)	1,001.5	46
East Metropolitan Region	1,001.0	46
Fremantle (2021)	999.9	45
Victoria Park (2021)	999.3	45
East Metropolitan Region (2021)	998.6	44
Dawesville	998.3	44
Collie-preston (2021)	993.3	41
Kwinana (2021)	992.4	41
Belmont (2021)	992.1	41
Collie-Preston	992.1	41
Belmont	992.1	41
Moore (2021)	992.0	41
Moore	991.6	41
Albany	990.5	40
Albany (2021)	989.2	39
Kalgoorlie	988.9	39
Kalgoorlie (2021)	988.9	39
Cannington (2021)	988.1	39
Bassendean (2021)	987.0	38
Warren-Blackwood (2021)	985.6	37
Warren-Blackwood	985.4	37
Murray-Wellington	985.1	37
Bassendean	984.9	36
Cannington	984.9	36
South West Region	984.5	36
South West Region (2021)	984.4	36
Roe	982.8	35

Western Australia's small areas and benchmark areas

Area Midland	2016 index 982.8	Percentile 35
Midland (2021)	982.6	35
Roe (2021)	982.5	35
Murray-Wellington (2021)	976.8	32
Agricultural Region (2021)	976.5	32
Regional District	976.1	32
Agricultural Region	975.9	32
Regional WA	975.0	31
Bunbury (2021)	972.7	31
Geraldton (2021)	969.5	29
Geraldton	969.5	29
Bunbury	968.2	28
Rockingham	963.0	26
Central Wheatbelt (2021)	962.5	26
Rockingham (2021)	960.8	25
Central Wheatbelt	960.8	25
Mining and Pastoral Region (2021)	956.8	24
Mining and Pastoral Region	955.6	23
Thornlie	955.0	23
Thornlie (2021)	955.0	23
Mandurah	942.5	19
Mandurah (2021)	941.7	19
North West Central (2021)	936.8	17
North West Central	934.2	17
Armadale (2021)	932.1	16
Armadale	932.1	16
Mirrabooka	916.7	13
Mirrabooka (2021)	896.6	9
Kimberley	862.3	6
Kimberley (2021)	858.9	6

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u>, the population experts.

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Western Australia About the community profile

Demographic change across Australia is recorded by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the Census collections every five years. <u>Population experts</u>, <u>id</u>, analyse and convert these raw figures into stories of place to inform council staff, community groups, investors, business, students and the general public.

The Western Australia Electorate Profiles provides demographic analysis for the State and its suburbs based on results from the 2016, 2011, 2006, 2001, 1996 and 1991 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures such as the annual Estimated Resident Population (ERP).

Suburb boundaries and Census questions change over time, but .id manages the data to ensure that there is an accurate time series provided for the current geographic boundaries. You can read more about this in the <u>Geography</u> Notes section.

Results for the Western Australia include population, age structure, ethnicity, ancestry, religion, income, qualifications, occupations, employment, unemployment, disability, disadvantage, volunteering, childcare, family structure, household structure, housing tenure, mortgage and rental payments, and the size and type of the dwellings people live in. The Community Profile presents this information in clear maps, tables and charts with concise factual commentary to answer three important questions:

- 1. What are the characteristics of the people who live here?
- 2. How are they changing?
- 3. How do they compare to other areas?

This provides the basis for making evidence-based decisions about how to provide services for the community as it changes.

You can be confident about the quality of the information as it is derived from Australian Bureau of Statistics data, analysed and presented by population experts and funded by the Western Australia.

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