INQUIRY INTO IRONBRIDGE HOLDINGS PTY LTD AND OTHER MATTERS REGARDING RESIDENTIAL LAND AND PROPERTY DEVELOPMENTS

Recommendations	Government Response	Comments
Recommendation 1	Implemented	The Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Commerce
		(Consumer Protection) referred the matter to ASIC for their
The Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Commerce		consideration on 26 March 2012. The ASIC have subsequently informed
consider the appropriateness of referring the dividend declarations		Consumer Protection that they are considering the matter.
of Ironbridge Holdings Pty Ltd for financial years 2009 and 2010 to		
the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) to		
investigate for possible breaches of sections 588G and s254T of the		
Corporations Act 2001.		
Recommendation 2	Support in	Consumer Protection has not received any new complaints against
	principle	Ironbridge Holdings Pty Ltd (Ironbridge) since September 2011.
The Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Commerce		Consumer Protection continues to monitor its complaints database to
should actively monitor the ongoing operations of Ironbridge		identify complaints related to Ironbridge and runs monthly reports
Holdings Pty Ltd. Should similar complaints emerge against the		against all Ironbridge entities to ensure that any complaints against the
company for contracts signed after 1 January 2011, the		company are identified.
Commissioner for Consumer Protection should act swiftly using her		
expanded powers to either seek and enforce undertakings from		The Commissioner for Consumer Protection will act accordingly should
Ironbridge, or to instigate a group action for failing to supply		future complaints be received.
contracted items within a reasonable time.		·
		Consumer Protection contacted Ian Wallace, Director of Ironbridge on
		23 April 2012 requesting he provide details of customers awaiting
		landscaping, reimbursements and court judgments.
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	Response	
		Mr Wallace responded on 24 April 2012. Consumer Protection will
		maintain regular contact with Mr Wallace in order to monitor the
		operations of Ironbridge.

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Recommendation 3 The Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Commerce revise the information it provides to consumers about making claims in the Magistrates Court to ensure that consumers are aware of all the steps involved and options available to enforce a judgement.	Supported	Consumer Protection is developing a Consumers Guide to the Magistrates Court in conjunction with other agencies, which will be available for general use. All conciliation complaints that are not able to be resolved by Consumer Protection already receive information about the Magistrates Court. The new Consumer Guide, or a link to the Guide, will also be provided at this time. Updated information about proceedings in the Magistrates Court will be provided to all Consumer Protection staff with specific training to be undertaken by all customer contact staff.

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Recommendation 4 If there is evidence by the end of March 2012, that Ironbridge Holdings Pty Ltd is failing to meet the undertakings given to the Committee on 31 January 2012 or has failed to pay outstanding judgements from the Magistrates Court, the Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Commerce should consider pursuing a civil action for breach of contract on behalf of all affected residents.	Supported	Consumer Protection contacted Ian Wallace, Director of Ironbridge on 23 April 2012 and requested he provide details of customers awaiting landscaping, reimbursements and court judgments. Mr Wallace confirmed that as of 24 April 2012: • Ironbridge has paid two outstanding court judgments with another two claims currently being defended by Ironbridge; • Of the 24 reimbursement claims, 7 have been paid with the remaining 17 still to be paid. • Of the 74 landscaping jobs outstanding; work is progressing however, 51 still remain to be completed. Mr Wallace anticipates they will all be completed by the end of June 2012 with the fence painting commencing in July 2012. The undertakings given to the Committee on 31 January 2012 were that all landscaping and fence painting would be completed within six months (31 July 2012). It appears that the Commissioner does not have the statutory power to enforce Mr Wallace's undertakings to the EISC with regards to court judgments. The principal remedy for wilful disobedience to undertakings provided to a Parliamentary Committee is contempt of Parliament.

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	Response	For any outstanding court judgments consumers can take enforcement action under the <i>Civil Judgments Enforcement Act 2004</i> or issue a statutory demand. Consumer Protection will continue to monitor Ironbridge's progression to finalising the reimbursement and incentive packages promised to clients. In cases where no satisfactory progress is made, the Commissioner proposes to enforce the rights of consumers by entering into enforceable undertakings with Ironbridge and senior management of the company to complete works within in a finite time or pay damages in lieu of non completed work.
Recommendation 5 The Minister for Commerce considers the implementation of a code of conduct for the land and property development industry under the Fair Trading Act 2010.	Support in principle	Consumer Protection has scheduled an examination into a Code of Conduct into their 2012 – 2013 business plan. This work is currently scheduled to commence in early 2013.

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Recommendation 6	Partly	Consumer Protection currently has a registration form (Developer's
	supported	Registration of Principal Place of Business) which identifies owners and
The Department of Commerce propose an amendment to the <i>Real</i>		directors of land and property development companies. The form is
Estate and Business Agents Act 1978 to ensure that the identities of		available on the Consumer Protection website. In this regard, all
the owners and directors of land and property development		developers who register with Consumer Protection supply the
companies are lodged with the Commissioner for Consumer		information that the recommendation seeks. Consumer Protection also
Protection. Following this, the Consumer Protection Division of the		produces a Fact Sheet (Obligations of property developers) which
Department of Commerce should conduct bi-annual searches of its		details the legal requirements and obligations of developers.
registers to determine whether any former failed developers have		
re-entered the market under a different business name.		The Real Estate and Business Agents Act 1978 (the Act) currently
		requires that developers register their principal place of business with
		the Commissioner. With the finalisation of a National Licencing scheme,
		it may not be possible to amend the Act, as it is likely that any
		amendment would be in breach of the COAG Intergovernmental
		Agreement.
		Consumer Durch stier has developed a greative consuling a great to
		Consumer Protection has developed a proactive compliance program to
		ensure that developers register their business details.
		In response to this recommendation, Consumer Protection has liaised
		with the Department of Local Government (DLG) to ensure that
		developers who should be registered are registered. The following
		process has been agreed:
		The DLG will provide a list of all local government authorities
		(LGA) to Consumer Protection; and

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		 Consumer Protection will contact all LGAs and ask for a list of developers in their shire to enable cross checking against the existing register; and Consumer Protection will provide all LGAs with relevant information about registration of developers; and LGAs will provide Consumer Protections 'Obligations of property developers' Fact Sheet and Registration Form to all prospective developers who contact them.
		With regard to bi-annual searches, what constitutes a "failed developer" cannot easily be determined. A "failed" developer could be taken to mean one that is insolvent or bankrupt. A regular search of the register can be made to identify such persons however, as there is no licensing regime for developers, there is nothing to prevent a bankrupt or former bankrupt developer from registering as a developer.
		There is no capacity for Commerce to prevent such people from being registered under the Act.
		However, Consumer Protection may take enforcement action under the Australian Consumer Law to meet consumer protection and fair trading objectives where there is significant risk to the community. Available enforcement methods include: • the public naming of problem traders; • enforceable undertakings for a person to do or refrain from

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		specified acts;
		the application for an injunction against a trader in the event of
		a breach of legislation.