

**DOG ACT 1976  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995**

**SHIRE OF RAVENSTHORPE**

**DOGS LOCAL LAW 2010**

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**DOG ACT 1976  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995**

**SHIRE OF RAVENSTHORPE**

**DOGS LOCAL LAW 2010**

Under the powers conferred by the *Dog Act 1976* and the *Local Government Act 1995* and under all other powers enabling it, the Council of the Shire of Ravensthorpe resolved on 19 August, 2010 to adopt the following local law.

**PART 1—PRELIMINARY**

**1.1 Citation**

This local law may be cited as the *Shire of Ravensthorpe Dogs Local Law 2010*.

**1.2 Purpose and effect**

(1) The purpose of this local law is to make provisions about the impounding of dogs, to control the number of dogs that can be kept on a premises and the manner of keeping those dogs and to prescribe areas in which dogs are prohibited and dog exercise areas.

(2) The effect of this local law is to extend the controls over dogs which exist under the *Dog Act 1976*.

**1.3 Commencement**

This local law will come into operation on the fourteenth day after the day on which it is published in the *Government Gazette*.

**1.4 Interpretation**

In this local law unless the context otherwise requires—

“Act” means the *Dog Act 1976*;

“authorized person” means a person authorized by the local government to perform all or any of the functions conferred on an authorized person under this local law;

“CEO” means the Chief Executive Officer of the local government;

“licence” means a licence to keep an approved kennel establishment on premises;

“licensee” means the holder of a licence;

“local government” means the Shire of Ravensthorpe;

“local planning scheme” means a local planning scheme made by the local government under the *Planning and Development Act 2005* which applies throughout the whole or part of the district.

“pound keeper” means a person authorized by the local government to perform all or any of the functions conferred on a “pound keeper” under this local law;

“premises”, in addition to the meaning given to it in section 3 of the Act, means the premises described in the application for a licence;

“public building” includes—

(a) churches;

(b) community, sporting and recreation centres and public swimming pools;

(c) premises licensed under the *Liquor Control Act 1988*; and

(d) public and private places of education;

“Regulations” means the *Dog Regulations 1976*;

“transferee” means a person who applies for the transfer of a licence to her or him under clause 4.13; and

“thoroughfare” has the meaning given to it in section 1.4 of the *Local Government Act 1995*.

## **1.5 Application**

This local law applies throughout the district.

### **PART 2—IMPOUNDING OF DOGS**

#### **2.1 Charges and costs**

The following are to be imposed and determined by the local government under sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the *Local Government Act 1995*—

- (a) the charges to be levied under section 29(4) of the Act relating to the seizure and impounding of a dog;
- (b) the additional fee payable under section 29(4) of the Act where a dog is released at a time or on a day other than those determined under clause 2.2; and
- (c) the costs of the destruction and the disposal of a dog referred to in section 29(15) of the Act.

#### **2.2 Attendance of pound keeper at pound**

The pound keeper is to be in attendance at the pound for the release of dogs at the times and on the days of the week as are determined by the Chief Executive Officer.

#### **2.3 Release of impounded dog**

(1) A claim for the release of a dog seized and impounded is to be made to the pound keeper or in the absence of the pound keeper, to the Chief Executive Officer.

(2) The pound keeper is not to release a dog seized and impounded to any person unless that person has produced, to the satisfaction of the pound keeper, satisfactory evidence—

- (a) of her or his ownership of the dog or of her or his authority to take delivery of it; or
- (b) that he or she is the person identified as the owner on a microchip implanted in the dog.

#### **2.4 No breaking into or destruction of pound**

A person who—

- (a) unless he or she is the pound keeper or a person authorized to do so, releases or attempts to release a dog from a pound; or
- (b) destroys, breaks into, damages or in any way interferes with or renders not dog-proof—
  - (i) any pound; or
  - (ii) any vehicle or container used for the purpose of catching, holding or conveying a seized dog,

commits an offence.

Penalty: Where the dog is a dangerous dog, \$2,000; otherwise \$1,000.

### **PART 3—REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS ON THE KEEPING OF DOGS**

#### **3.1 Dogs to be confined**

(1) An occupier of premises on which a dog is kept must—

- (a) cause a portion of the premises on which the dog is kept to be fenced in a manner capable of confining the dog;
- (b) ensure the fence used to confine the dog and every gate or door in the fence is of a type, height and construction which having regard to the breed, age, size and physical condition of the dog is capable of preventing the dog at all times from passing over, under or through it;
- (c) ensure that every gate or door in the fence is kept closed at all times when the dog is on the premises and is fitted with a proper latch or other means of fastening it;
- (d) maintain the fence and all gates and doors in the fence in good order and condition; and
- (e) where no part of the premises consists of open space, yard or garden or there is no open space or garden or yard of which the occupier has exclusive use or occupation, ensure that other means exist on the premises (other than the tethering of the dog) for effectively confining the dog within the premises.

(2) Where an occupier fails to comply with subclause (1), he or she commits an offence.

Penalty: Where the dog kept is a dangerous dog, \$2,000; otherwise \$1,000.

#### **3.2 Limitation on the number of dogs**

(1) This clause does not apply to premises which have been—

- (a) licensed under Part 4 as an approved kennel establishment; or
- (b) granted an exemption under section 26(3) of the Act.

(2) The limit on the number of dogs which may be kept on any premises is, for the purpose of section 26(4) of the Act—

- (a) 2 dogs over the age of 3 months and the young of those dogs under that age if the premises are situated within a townsite; or

- (b) 4 dogs over the age of 3 months and the young of those dogs under that age if the premises are situated outside a townsite.

#### **PART 4—APPROVED KENNEL ESTABLISHMENTS**

##### **4.1 Application for licence for approved kennel establishment**

An application for a licence must be made in the form of that in Schedule 1, and must be lodged with the local government together with—

- (a) plans and specifications of the kennel establishment, including a site plan;
- (b) copies of the notices to be given under clause 4.2;
- (c) written evidence that either the applicant or another person who will have the charge of the dogs, will reside on the premises or, in the opinion of the local government, sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare;
- (d) a written acknowledgement that the applicant has read and agrees to comply with any code of practice relating to the keeping of dogs nominated by the local government; and
- (e) the fee for the application for a licence referred to in clause 4.9(1).

##### **4.2 Notice of proposed use**

(1) An applicant for a licence must give notice of the proposed use of the premises as an approved kennel establishment after the application for a licence has been lodged—

- (a) once in a newspaper circulating in the district; and
- (b) to the owners and occupiers of any premises adjoining the premises.

(2) The notices in subclause (1) must specify that—

- (a) any written submissions as to the proposed use are to be lodged with the CEO within 14 days of the date the notice is given; and
- (b) the application and plans and specifications may be inspected at the offices of the local government.

(3) Where—

- (a) the notices given under subclause (1) do not clearly identify the premises; or
- (b) a notice given under subclause (1)(a) is of a size or in a location in the newspaper which, in the opinion of the local government, would fail to serve the purpose of notifying persons of the proposed use of the premises,

then the local government may refuse to determine the application for a licence until the notices or notice, as the case may be, is given in accordance with its directions.

##### **4.3 Exemption from notice requirements**

Where an application for a licence is made in respect of premises on which an approved kennel establishment is either a—

- (a) permitted use; or
- (b) use which the local government may approve subject to compliance with specified notice requirements,

under a town planning scheme, then the requirements of clauses 4.1(b), 4.2 and 4.4(a) do not apply in respect of the application for a licence.

##### **4.4 When application can be determined**

An application for a licence is not to be determined by the local government until—

- (a) the applicant has complied with clause 4.1;
- (b) the applicant submits proof that the notices referred to in clause 4.2(1) have been given in accordance with that clause; and
- (c) the local government has considered any written submissions received within the time specified in clause 4.2(2)(a) on the proposed use of the premises.

##### **4.5 Determination of application**

In determining an application for a licence, the local government is to have regard to—

- (a) the matters referred to in clause 4.6;
- (b) any written submissions received within the time specified in clause 4.2(2)(a) on the proposed use of the premises;
- (c) any economic or social benefits which may be derived by any person in the district if the application for a licence is approved;
- (d) the effect which the kennel establishment may have on the environment or amenity of the neighbourhood;
- (e) whether the approved kennel establishment will create a nuisance for the owners and occupiers of adjoining premises; and

- (f) whether or not the imposition of and compliance with appropriate conditions of a licence will mitigate any adverse effects of the approved kennel establishment identified in the preceding paragraphs.

#### **4.6 Where application cannot be approved**

The local government cannot approve an application for a licence where—

- (a) an approved kennel establishment cannot be permitted by the local government on the premises under a town planning scheme; or
- (b) an applicant for a licence or another person who will have the charge of the dogs will not reside on the premises, or, in the opinion of the local government, sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare.

#### **4.7 Conditions of approval**

(1) The local government may approve an application for a licence subject to the conditions contained in Schedule 2 and to such other conditions as the local government considers appropriate.

(2) In respect of a particular application for a licence, the local government may vary any of the conditions contained in Schedule 2.

#### **4.8 Compliance with conditions of approval**

A licensee who does not comply with the conditions of a licence commits an offence.

**Penalty:** Where a dog involved in the contravention is a dangerous dog, \$2,000 and a daily penalty of \$200; otherwise \$1,000 and a daily penalty of \$100.

#### **4.9 Fees**

(1) On lodging an application for a licence, the applicant is to pay a fee to the local government.

(2) On the issue or renewal of a licence, the licensee is to pay a fee to the local government.

(3) On lodging an application for the transfer of a valid licence, the transferee is to pay a fee to the local government.

(4) The fees referred to in subclauses (1) to (3) are to be imposed and determined by the local government under sections 6.16 to 6.19 of the *Local Government Act 1995*.

#### **4.10 Form of licence**

The licence is to be in the form determined by the local government and is to be issued to the licensee.

#### **4.11 Period of licence**

(1) The period of effect of a licence is set out in section 27(5) of the Act.

(2) A licence is to be renewed if the fee referred to in clause 4.9(2) is paid to the local government prior to the expiry of the licence.

(3) On the renewal of a licence the conditions of the licence at the time of its renewal continue to have effect.

#### **4.12 Variation or cancellation of licence**

(1) The local government may vary the conditions of a licence.

(2) The local government may cancel a licence—

- (a) on the request of the licensee;
- (b) following a breach of the Act, the Regulations or this local law; or
- (c) if the licensee is not a fit and proper person.

(3) The date a licence is cancelled is to be, in the case of—

- (a) paragraph (a) of subclause (2), the date requested by the licensee; or
- (b) paragraphs (b) and (c) of subclause (2), the date determined under section 27(6) of the Act.

(4) If a licence is cancelled the fee paid for that licence is not refundable for the term of the licence that has not yet expired.

#### **4.13 Transfer**

(1) An application for the transfer of a valid licence from the licensee to another person must be—

- (a) made in the form determined by the local government;
- (b) made by the transferee;
- (c) made with the written consent of the licensee; and
- (d) lodged with the local government together with—
  - (i) written evidence that a person will reside at or within reasonably close proximity to the premises the subject of the licence; and

(ii) the fee for the application for the transfer of a licence referred to in clause 4.9(3).

(2) The local government is not to determine an application for the transfer of a valid licence until the transferee has complied with subclause (1).

(3) The local government may approve, whether or not subject to such conditions as it considers appropriate, or refuse to approve an application for the transfer of a valid licence.

(4) Where the local government approves an application for the transfer of a valid licence, then on the date of approval, unless otherwise specified in the notice issued under clause 4.14(b), the transferee becomes the licensee of the licence for the purposes of this Local law.

#### 4.14 Notification

The local government is to give written notice to—

- (a) an applicant for a licence of the local government's decision on her or his application;
- (b) a transferee of the local government's decision on her or his application for the transfer of a valid licence;
- (c) a licensee of any variation made under clause 4.12(1);
- (d) a licensee when her or his licence is due for renewal and the manner in which it may be renewed;
- (e) a licensee when her or his licence is renewed;
- (f) a licensee of the cancellation of a licence under clause 4.12(2)(a); and
- (g) a licensee of the cancellation of a licence under paragraphs (b) or (c) of clause 4.12(2), which notice is to be given in accordance with section 27(6) of the Act.

#### 4.15 Inspection of kennel

With the consent of the occupier, an authorized person may inspect an approved kennel establishment at any time.

### PART 5—DOGS IN PUBLIC PLACES

#### 5.1 Places where dogs are prohibited absolutely

(1) Subject to section 8 of the Act and section 66J of the *Equal Opportunity Act 1984*, dogs are prohibited absolutely from entering or being in any of the following places—

- (a) a public building, unless permitted by a sign;
- (b) all premises or vehicles classified as food premises or food vehicles under the *Health (Food Hygiene) Regulations 1993*;
- (c) Hopetoun Primary School and Football Oval, Buckie and Chambers Street, Hopetoun—
  - (i) Whole of Reserve 35585, being Lot 3001 on Deposited Plan 49839; and
  - (ii) Portion of Reserve 35584, being portion of Lot 3000 on Deposited Plan 49839, incorporating the southern oval area bound by Reserve 35585, Chambers Street, Dawn Street and the roadway from Dawn Street along the western side of the southern oval;
- (d) West Beach Bathing Area, Canning Boulevard, Hopetoun—
  - (i) Portion of Reserve 35379, being portion of Hopetoun Town Lot 467, incorporating the beach foreshore area from the north-western boundary to Lot 3019 on Deposited Plan 50279 for a distance of 160 metres south-east; and
  - (ii) Portion of Lot 3019 on Deposited Plan 50279, incorporating the beach foreshore area;from 31 October to 1 April, between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.;
- (e) Groyne Bathing Area, Veal Street, Hopetoun—
  - (i) Portion of Reserve 35379, being portion of Hopetoun Town Lot 467, incorporating the beach foreshore area and car park from the eastern boundary to Veal Street for a distance of 80 metres west;
  - (ii) Portion of Veal Street Road Reserve, incorporating the beach foreshore and car park from Esplanade south to the High Water Mark;
  - (iii) Portion of Reserve 22810, being the whole of Hopetoun Town Lot 245; and
  - (iv) Portion of Reserve 38997, being portion of Hopetoun Town Lot 562, incorporating the access road from Veal Street for a distance of 80 metres south;
- (f) Two Mile Beach Bathing Area, Southern Ocean Road, Hopetoun—  
Portion of Reserve 28280, being portion of Lot 1035 on Plan 93629, incorporating the beach foreshore area for a distance of 170 metres north-east and 150 metres south-west from the prolongation of the Two Mile Beach access road, from 31 October to 1 April, between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.;

- (g) **Mason Bay Camping Area, Speciosa Road, Jerdacuttup—**  
Portion of Reserve 40157, being portion of Lot 1405 on Deposited Plan 216661, incorporating the beach foreshore area for a distance of 40 metres on each side of the boat launch area, from 31 October to 1 April, between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.;
  - (h) **wildlife protection areas (where dogs are prohibited by a notice to that effect);**
  - (i) **Ravensthorpe Sport and Recreation Ground, Reserve 7369.**
- (2) **If a dog enters or is in a place specified in subclause (1), every person liable for the control of the dog at that time commits an offence.**
- Penalty: Where the dog is a dangerous dog, \$2,000; otherwise \$1,000.**

#### **5.2 Places which are dog exercise areas**

- (1) **Subject to clause 5.1 and subclause (2) of this clause, for the purposes of sections 31 and 32 of the Act, the following is a dog exercise area—**
- (a) **Hopetoun Cricket and Hockey Oval, Buckie and Veal Street, Hopetoun—**  
Portion of Reserve 35584, being portion of Lot 3000 on Deposited Plan 49839, incorporating the playing surface of the northern oval area adjacent to Veal Street.
- (2) **Subclause (1) does not apply to—**
- (a) **land which has been set apart as a children's playground;**
  - (b) **an area being used for sporting or other activities, as permitted by the local government, during the times of such use; and**
  - (c) **any public street or road reserve.**

#### **5.3 Places where dogs must be under control**

- (1) **For the purpose of section 31(1) of the Act, where dogs are permitted in additional places outside townsites, dogs are required to be kept on a leash at all times.**
- (2) **Section 31(1) of the Act will also apply to those areas described in Schedule 4.**
- (3) **If a dog is not being held on a leash between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m. in the areas described in Schedule 4, every person liable for the control of a dog at that time commits an offence.**
- Penalty: Where the dog is a dangerous dog, \$4,000; otherwise \$1,000.**

### **PART 6—MISCELLANEOUS**

#### **6.1 Offence to excrete**

- (1) **A dog must not excrete on—**
- (a) **any thoroughfare or other public place; or**
  - (b) **any land which is not a public place without the consent of the occupier.**
- (2) **Subject to subclause (3), if a dog excretes contrary to subclause (1), every person liable for the control of the dog at that time commits an offence.**
- Penalty: \$200.**
- (3) **The person liable for the control of the dog does not commit an offence against subclause (2) if any excreta is removed immediately by that person.**

### **PART 7—ENFORCEMENT**

#### **7.1 Modified penalties**

- (1) **The offences contained in Schedule 3 are offences in relation to which a modified penalty may be imposed.**
- (2) **The amount appearing in the third column of Schedule 3 directly opposite an offence is the modified penalty payable in respect of that offence if—**
- (a) **the dog is not a dangerous dog; or**
  - (b) **the dog is a dangerous dog, but an amount does not appear in the fourth column directly opposite that offence.**
- (3) **The amount appearing in the fourth column of Schedule 3 directly opposite an offence is the modified penalty payable in respect of that offence if the dog is a dangerous dog.**

#### **7.2 Issue of infringement notice**

**Where an authorized person has reason to believe that a person has committed an offence in respect of which a modified penalty may be imposed, he or she may issue to that person a notice in the form of Form 7 of the First Schedule of the Regulations.**

#### **7.3 Failure to pay modified penalty**

**Where a person who has received an infringement notice fails to pay the modified penalty within the time specified in the notice, or within such further time as may in any particular case be allowed by the CEO, he or she is deemed to have declined to have the offence dealt with by way of a modified penalty.**

**7.4 Payment of modified penalty**

A person who has received an infringement notice may, within the time specified in that notice or within such further time as may in any particular case be allowed by the CEO, send or deliver to the local government the amount of the penalty, with or without a reply as to the circumstances giving rise to the offence, and the local government may appropriate that amount in satisfaction of the penalty and issue an acknowledgment.

**7.5 Withdrawal of infringement notice**

(1) Whether or not the modified penalty has been paid, the authorised person may withdraw an infringement notice by sending a notice in the form of Form 8 of the First Schedule of the Regulations.

(2) A person authorised to issue an infringement notice under clause 7.2 cannot sign or send a notice of withdrawal.

**7.6 Service**

An infringement notice or a notice of withdrawal may be served on a person personally, or by leaving it at or posting it to her or his address as ascertained from her or him, or as recorded by the local government under the Act, or as ascertained from inquiries made by the local government.

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**Schedule 1  
APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE**

[cl. 4.1]

**APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE FOR AN APPROVED KENNEL ESTABLISHMENT**

I/we (full name) .....  
of (postal address) .....  
(telephone number).....  
(facsimile number).....  
(e-mail address).....

Apply for a licence for an approved kennel establishment at (address of premises) .....

For (number and breed of dogs).....

\* (insert name of person).....will be residing at the premises on

and from (insert date) .....

\* (insert name of person).....will be residing (sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare) at

\* (insert address of residence) .....

on and from (insert date).....

Attached are—

- (a) a site plan of the premises showing the location of the kennels and yards and all other buildings and structures and fences;
- (b) plans and specifications of the kennel establishment;
- (c) copy of notice of proposed use to appear in newspaper;
- (d) copy of notice of proposed use to be given to adjoining premises;
- (e) written evidence that a person will reside—
  - (i) at the premises; or
  - (ii) sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs and so as to ensure their health and welfare; and
- (f) if the person in item (e) is not the applicant, written evidence that the person is a person in charge of the dogs.

I confirm that I have read and agree to comply with the Code of Practice known as the .....

.....in the keeping of dogs at the proposed kennel establishment.

Signature of applicant: .....

Date: .....

\* delete where not applicable

Note: A licence if issued will have effect for a period of 12 months—section 27.5 of the *Dog Act 1976*.

\_\_\_\_\_



OFFICE USE ONLY

Application fee paid on *[insert date]*

*Schedule 2*

CONDITIONS OF LICENCE

[cl. 4.7(1)]

CONDITIONS OF LICENCE FOR AN APPROVED KENNEL ESTABLISHMENT

An application for a licence for an approved kennel establishment may be approved subject to the following conditions—

- (a) each kennel, unless it is fully enclosed, must have a yard attached to it;
- (b) each kennel and each yard must be at a distance of not less than—
  - (i) 25 metres from the front boundary of the premises and 5 metres from any other boundary of the premises;
  - (ii) 10 metres from any dwelling; and
  - (iii) 25 metres from any church, school room, hall, factory, dairy or premises where food is manufactured, prepared, packed or stored for human consumption;
- (c) each yard for a kennel must be kept securely fenced with a fence constructed of link mesh or netting or other materials approved by the local government;
- (d) the minimum floor area for each kennel must be calculated at 2.5 times the length of the breed of dog (when it is fully grown), squared, times the number of dogs to be housed in the kennel and the length of the dog is to be determined by measuring from the base of the tail to the front of its shoulder;
- (e) the floor area of the yard attached to any kennel or group of kennels must be at least twice the floor area of the kennel or group of kennels to which it is attached;
- (f) the upper surface of the kennel floor must be—
  - (i) at least 100 millimetres above the surface of the surrounding ground;
  - (ii) smooth so as to facilitate cleaning;
  - (iii) rigid;
  - (iv) durable;
  - (v) slip resistant;
  - (vi) resistant to corrosion;
  - (vii) non-toxic;
  - (viii) impervious;
  - (ix) free from cracks, crevices and other defects; and
- (x) finished to a surface having a fall of not less than 1 in 100 to a spoon drain which in turn must lead to a suitably sized diameter sewerage pipe which must be properly laid, ventilated and trapped in accordance with the health requirements of the local government;
- (g) all kennel floor washings must pass through the drain in item (f)(x) and must be piped to approved apparatus for the treatment of sewage in accordance with the health requirements of the local government;
- (h) the kennel floor must have a durable upstand rising 75 millimetres above the floor level from the junction of the floor and external and internal walls, or internal walls must be so constructed as to have a minimum clearance of 50 millimetres from the underside of the bottom plate to the floor;
- (i) where a yard is to be floored, the floor must be constructed in the same manner as the floor of any kennel;
- (j) from the floor, the lowest internal height of a kennel must be, whichever is the lesser of—
  - (i) 2 metres; or
  - (ii) 4 times the height of the breed of dog in the kennel, when it is fully grown, measured from the floor to the uppermost tip of its shoulders while in a stationary upright position;
- (k) the walls of each kennel must be constructed of concrete, brick, stone or framing sheathed internally and externally with good quality new zincalume or new pre-finished colour coated steel sheeting or new fibrous cement sheeting or other durable material approved by the local government;
- (l) all external surfaces of each kennel must be kept in good condition;
- (m) the roof of each kennel must be constructed of impervious material;

- (n) all kennels and yards and drinking vessels must be maintained in a clean condition and must be cleaned and disinfected when so ordered by an authorized person;
- (o) all refuse, faeces and food waste must be disposed of daily into the approved apparatus for the treatment of sewage;
- (p) noise, odours, fleas, flies and other vectors of disease must be effectively controlled;
- (q) suitable water must be available at the kennel via a properly supported standpipe and tap; and
- (r) the licensee or the person nominated in the application for a licence, must, in accordance with the application for the licence, continue to reside—
  - (i) at the premises; or
  - (ii) on the opinion of the local government, sufficiently close to the premises so as to control the dogs, and to ensure their health and welfare.

*Schedule 3*

**OFFENCES AND MODIFIED PENALTIES**

[cl. 7.1]

**OFFENCES IN RESPECT OF WHICH MODIFIED PENALTY APPLIES**

Clause	Nature of Offence	Modified Penalty \$	Dangerous Dog Modified Penalty \$
2.4(a)	Attempting to or causing the unauthorized release of a dog from a pound	200	400
2.4(b)	Interfering with any pound or vehicle used for the purpose of catching, holding or conveying dogs	200	
3.1	Failing to provide means for effectively confining a dog	50	200
4.8	Failing to comply with the conditions of a licence	100	200
5.1(2)	Dog in place from which prohibited absolutely	200	400
5.3(3)	Dog not on a leash and not under control	100	200
6.1(2)	Dog excreting in prohibited place	40	

*Schedule 4*

**ADDITIONAL PLACES**

[cl. 5.3]

**ADDITIONAL PLACES OUTSIDE TOWNSITES**

Dogs are required to be on a leash and kept under control of the person liable for the dog in public places.

- (1) West Beach Bathing Area, Canning Boulevard, Hopetoun—  
Portion of Reserve 48879, being portion of Lot 3500 on Deposited Plan 51740, incorporating the beach foreshore area.
- (2) Mary Ann Point and West Beach, Esplanade, Hopetoun—  
Portion of Reserve 35379, being portion of Hopetoun Town Lot 467, incorporating the beach foreshore area from a point 160 metres south-east of the boundary to Lot 3019 on Deposited Plan 50279, east to a point 80 metres west of Veal Street.
- (3) Two Mile Beach, Esplanade, Hopetoun—
  - (a) Portion of Reserve 22810, being portion of Hopetoun Town Lot 245, incorporating the beach foreshore area; and
  - (b) Portion of Reserve 28280, being portion of Lot 692 on Deposited Plan 93629, incorporating the beach foreshore area from the south-western boundary to Reserve 22810 for a distance of 410 metres north-east.
- (4) Two Mile Beach Car Park and Picnic Area, Southern Ocean Road, Hopetoun —  
Portion of Reserve 28280, being portion of Lot 1035 on Plan 93629, incorporating the car parking and picnic area.
- (5) Mason Bay Camping Area, Speciosa Road, Jerdacuttup—  
Portion of Reserve 40157, being portion of Lot 1405 on Deposited Plan 216661, incorporating the camping area and beach foreshore from a point 40 metres west of the boat launching area to a point 200 metres west and from a point 40 metres east of

**the boat launching area to a point 110 metres east and then north to the northern boundary of Speciosa Road.**

**(6) Starvation Boat Harbour Camping Area, Southern Ocean Road, Jerdacuttup—**

- (a) Portion of Reserve 40097, being portion of Oldfield Location 1445, incorporating the beach foreshore area from a point adjoining the eastern end of the Starvation Boat Harbour Road reserve for a distance of 330 metres north-west;**
- (b) Portion of Reserve 40097, being portion of Oldfield Location 1445, incorporating the camping ground area to the south-east of the intersection of Southern Ocean Road and Starvation Boat Harbour Road;**
- (c) Portion of Starvation Boat Harbour Road east of the intersection with Southern Ocean Road; and**
- (d) Portion of Southern Ocean Road southwest of the intersection with Starvation Boat Harbour Road.**

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**Dated: 2 February 2011.**

**The Common Seal of the Shire of Ravensthorpe was affixed by authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of—**

**IAN GOLDFINCH, Shire President.  
PASCOE DURTANOVICH, Chief Executive Officer.**

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