EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM AND CLAUSE NOTES STATUTES (REPEALS AND MINOR AMENDMENTS) BILL 2020

Part 1 - Preliminary

Clause 1. Short title

Provides for the short title of the Act, which will be the Statutes (Repeals and Minor Amendments) Act 2020.

Clause 2. Commencement

Provides for sections 1 and 2 to commence when the Act receives Royal Assent, and for the remaining provisions to come into effect the day after the day on which Royal Assent is given.

Part 2 – Repeals

Clause 3. WA Acts repealed

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 3(a).	Bell Group Companies (Finalisation of Matters and Distribution of Proceeds) Act 2015	The Act is repealed.	The High Court of Australia has declared the <i>Bell Group Companies (Finalisation of Matters and Distribution of Proceeds) Act 2015</i> to be invalid in its entirety (see <i>Bell Group N.V. (in liquidation) v Western Australia</i> [2016] HCA 21).
			The entire Bell Group Companies (Finalisation of Matters and Distribution of Proceeds) Act 2015 is obsolete.
Clause 3(b).	Curriculum Council (Fees and Charges) Act 2006	The Act is repealed.	The Curriculum Council (Fees and Charges) Act 2006 was passed to validate any fee or charge imposed by the Curriculum Council prior to 2006 as if it had been imposed and paid under regulations made under the Curriculum Council Act 1997. This was necessary because the power to make regulations for the collection of fees and charges was not provided when the Curriculum

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			Council Act 1997 was proclaimed in 1997. The power to impose fees and charges is now contained within the School Curriculum and Standards Authority Regulations 2005. The Curriculum Council (Fees and Charges) Act 2006 is obsolete.
Clause 3(c).	Fire and Emergency Services Authority of Western Australia (Consequential Provisions) Act 1998	The Act is repealed.	The Fire and Emergency Services Authority of Western Australia (Consequential Provisions) Act 1998 amended the Bush Fires Act 1954, Fire Brigades Act 1942 and various other Acts as a consequence of the enactment of the Fire and Emergency Services Authority of Western Australia Act 1998.
			All provisions of the Fire and Emergency Services Authority of Western Australia (Consequential Provisions) Act 1998 have taken effect and the Act is obsolete.
Clause 3(d).	Housing Societies Repeal Act 2005	The Act is repealed.	The Housing Societies Repeal Act 2005 provided for the winding up of housing societies, and the repeal of the Housing Societies

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			Act 1976 and Housing Loan Guarantee Act 1957.
			All provisions of the <i>Housing</i> Societies Repeal Act 2005 have taken effect and the Act is obsolete.
Clause 3(e).	Morawa-Koolanooka Hills Railway Act 1964	The Act is repealed.	The Morawa-Koolanooka Hills Railway Act 1964 provided for the construction of a railway from Morawa to Koolanooka Hills, pursuant to an agreement between the State and Western Mining Corporation Ltd. The agreement was contained in the Iron Ore (Tallering Peak) Agreement Act 1961, which was replaced by the Iron Ore (Tallering Peak) Agreement Act 1964. The agreement in the 1964 Act was repealed by the Miscellaneous Repeals Act 1991, as the State and Western Mining Corporation Ltd agreed to terminate the agreement. The Koolanooka mine is no longer operational and the Morowa-Koolanooka Hills Railway no longer exists.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			The entire <i>Morawa-Koolanooka Hills Railway Act 1964</i> is obsolete.
Clause 3(f).	Railway Standardisation Agreement Act 1961	The Act is repealed.	Funding for the construction of the Kalgoorlie to Perth standard gauge railway was provided by the Commonwealth under the Railway Agreement (Western Australia) Act 1961 (Cth). The corresponding Western Australian legislation is the Railway Standardisation Agreement Act 1961.
			The Acts provide for repayment of the loan to the Commonwealth by way of instalments until 2041. Both the Commonwealth and the State agreed to an early repayment of the outstanding balance of the loan and this occurred on or about 30 June 2014.
			Repeal of the Commonwealth Act occurred on 13 July 2015.
			As the loan has been repaid and the Commonwealth Act has been repealed, the corresponding

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			Railway Standardisation Agreement Act 1961 is obsolete.
Clause 3(g).	Water Services Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2012	The Act is repealed.	The Water Services Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2012 amended the Water Corporation Act 1995 and repealed the Water Boards Act 1994, and also repealed legislation made redundant as a consequence of the enactment of the Water Services Act 2012. All provisions of the Water Services Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2012 have taken effect and the Act is obsolete.

Clause 4. Imperial enactments repealed

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 4(1)(a).	Judgments Act 1839 (Imp) 14. Act not to extend to Ireland	Section 14 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 14 of the <i>Judgments Act</i> 1839 (Imp) states that the Act does not extend to Ireland. This

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			does not need to form part of Western Australian statute book.
Clause 4(1)(b).	Debts Recovery Act 1839 (Imp)	The Act is repealed.	The Debts Recovery Act 1830 (Imp) and the Debts Recovery Act 1839 (Imp) consolidated the laws regarding the payment of debts out of real estate. The introduction of the Torrens system of indefeasible title, as well as other current legislation dealing with property law, probate, wills and administration, mean that these Acts are obsolete. The Debts Recovery Act 1830 (Imp) is deleted under clause 4(1)(f).
Clause 4(1)(c).	Bills of Exchange (day for payment) (1836) (Imp)	The Act is repealed.	The Bills of Exchange (day for payment) (1836) (Imp) set out when dishonoured Bills of Exchange could be presented for payment. The Act has been superseded by the Bills of Exchange Act 1909 (Cth) and is now obsolete.
Clause 4(1)(d).	Bills of exchange (non-payment) (1832) (lmp)	The Act is repealed.	The Bills of Exchange (non-payment) (1832) (Imp) regulated non-payment of Bills of Exchange

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			that were drawn payable at a place not being the place of the residence of the drawee. The Act has been superseded by the <i>Bills of Exchange Act 1909</i> (Cth) and is now obsolete.
Clause 4(1)(e).	Executors Act 1830 (Imp)	The Act is repealed.	The Executors Act 1830 (Imp) allowed for the disposal of the undisposed residues of the effects of testators.
			The Act has been superseded by section 13 of the Administration Act 1903, which provides that the executor may not take beneficially any residue of an estate not expressly disposed of by the will, unless it appears by the will that the executor is intended to take that residue.
			The Act is now obsolete.
Clause 4(1)(f).	Debts Recovery Act 1830 (Imp)	The Act is repealed.	The Debts Recovery Act 1830 (Imp) and the Debts Recovery Act 1839 (Imp) consolidated the laws regarding the payment of debts out of real estate. The introduction of the Torrens system of indefeasible title, as well as other

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			current legislation dealing with property law, probate, wills and administration, mean that these Acts are obsolete.
			The Debts Recovery Act 1839 (Imp) is deleted under clause 4(1)(b).
Clause 4(1)(g).	Infants' Property Act 1830 (Imp)	The Act is repealed.	The Infants' Property Act 1830 (Imp) governs the authority of "Infants, Femes Covert, Idiots, Lunatics and Persons of Unsound Mind" to manage their real and personal property.
			"Femes covert", "lunatics" and "idiots" are no longer recognised by the Western Australian legal system. Any provisions relating to these categories are obsolete.
			The protections which relate to "infants" and "persons of unsound mind" are provided for by a number of pieces of current Western Australian legislation and are therefore obsolete.
			The following provisions, together, offer the same protections to children as the imperial Act:

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			 section 16(1)(d) of the Supreme Court Act 1935; section 82 of the Trustees Act 1962; section 17A of the Administration Act 1903; section 209 of the Land Administration Act 1997; section 5 of the Legal Representation of Infants Act 1977; Order 70 rule 2 of the Rules of the Supreme Court 1971.
			The Guardianship and Administration Act 1990, broadly, offers the same protections to "persons of unsound mind" who lack capacity to make reasonable decisions. Further protections are also provided in section 16(1)(d) of the Supreme Court Act 1935 and section 209 of the Land Administration Act 1997.
Clause 4(1)(h).	Judgments Act 1855 (Imp) 9. Duties of prothonotary Fees for registration and searches	Section 9 is deleted in its entirety.	The Act is accordingly obsolete. Section 9 of the <i>Judgments Act</i> 1855 (Imp) relates to fees payable to a "prothonotary": a position that exclusively applies to the Counties

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			Palatine of Lancaster and Durham in the United Kingdom.
			The section cannot apply to Western Australia and is obsolete.

Clause 4(2) means that reference to the repeal of a written law or to the repeal of an enactment in Part V of the *Interpretation Act* 1984 applies as if a reference to each Imperial enactment in clause 4(1).

Part 3 – Amendments

Division 1 – Amendments to change references to externally-administered body corporate or externally-administered corporation

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 5.	Betting Control Act 1954 10K. Commission may take or recommend disciplinary action (1) In this section — grounds, for disciplinary action against a wagering licensee in relation to the licensee's wagering licence, means any of the following —	Betting Control Act 1954 10K. Commission may take or recommend disciplinary action (1) In this section — grounds, for disciplinary action against a wagering licensee in relation to the licensee's wagering licence, means any of the following —	In 2016, the <i>Insolvency Law</i> Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) to delete the defined term "externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter 5 body corporate". The definition of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted definition of externally-administered body corporate.
	(d) that the wagering licensee has become an externally administered corporation within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Commonwealth);	(d) that the wagering licensee has become an externally administered corporation a Chapter 5 body corporate within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Commonwealth);	The term "an externally administered corporation", as is found in the <i>Betting Control Act 1954</i> , is not a separate term found in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Cth), and is used synonymously with the previous term of "externally-administered body corporate".
Clause 6.	Energy Coordination Act 1994 11ZE. Cancellation of licence	Energy Coordination Act 1994 11ZE. Cancellation of licence	In 2016, the <i>Insolvency Law</i> Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(1) The Governor may cancel a licence if he or she is satisfied that the licensee — (c) in the case of a company, is an externally administered corporation within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth; or	(1) The Governor may cancel a licence if he or she is satisfied that the licensee — (c) in the case of a company, is an externally administered corporation a Chapter 5 body corporate within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth; or	the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) to delete the defined term "externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter 5 body corporate". The definition of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted definition of externally-administered body corporate. The term "an externally administered corporation", as is found in the Energy Coordination Act 1994, is not a separate term found in the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), and is used synonymously with the previous term of "externally-administered body corporate".
Clause 7.	Pharmacy Act 2010	Pharmacy Act 2010	In 2016, the Insolvency Law
	58. Death or bankruptcy of pharmacist etc.	58. Death or bankruptcy of pharmacist etc.	Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) to delete the defined term
	(1) Despite Part 4 Division 1 and section 54, where —	(1) Despite Part 4 Division 1 and section 54, where —	"externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter 5 body corporate". The definition
	(c) a company that owned, or held a proprietary interest in, a	(c) a company that owned, or held a proprietary interest in, a	of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	pharmacy business is an externally administered body corporate within	pharmacy business is an externally administered body corporate <u>a</u>	definition of externally- administered body corporate.
	the meaning of the Corporations Act,	Chapter 5 body corporate within the meaning of the Corporations Act,	The term "an externally administered body corporate", as is found in the Pharmacy Act 2010, is not a separate term found in the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), and used synonymously with the hyphenated version of "externally-administered body corporate".
Clause 8.	Construction Contracts Act 2004	Construction Contracts Act 2004	In 2016, the Insolvency Law
	Schedule 1 — Implied provisions	Schedule 1 — Implied provisions	Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) to delete the defined term
	10. Duties of principal or landowner etc. as to unfixed goods on insolvency	10. Duties of principal or landowner etc. as to unfixed goods on insolvency	"externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter
	(1) In this clause —	(1) In this clause —	5 body corporate". The definition of Chapter 5 body corporate is
	insolvent means —	insolvent means —	the same as the deleted
	(b) in relation to a body corporate, an externally-administered body corporate as that term is defined in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	(b) in relation to a body corporate, an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body corporate as that term is defined in	definition of externally- administered body corporate.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
		the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth.	
Clause 8.	Contaminated Sites Act 2003 3. Terms used in this Act	Contaminated Sites Act 2003 3. Terms used in this Act	In 2016, the <i>Insolvency Law</i> Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)
	(1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — insolvent means —	(1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — insolvent means —	to delete the defined term "externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter
	(b) in the case of a body corporate — a body corporate that is an externally-administered body corporate within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth;	(b) in the case of a body corporate — a body corporate that is an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body corporate within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth;	5 body corporate". The definition of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted definition of externally-administered body corporate.
Clause 8.	Electricity Industry Act 2004 35. Cancellation of licence (1) The Governor may cancel a licence if he or she is satisfied that the licensee —	Electricity Industry Act 2004 35. Cancellation of licence (1) The Governor may cancel a licence if he or she is satisfied that the licensee —	In 2016, the <i>Insolvency Law</i> Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) to delete the defined term "externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter 5 body corporate". The definition

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(c) in the case of a company, is an externally-administered body corporate as defined in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth section 9; or	(c) in the case of a company, is an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body corporate as defined in the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth section 9; or	of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted definition of externally- administered body corporate.
Clause 8.	Legal Profession Act 2008	Legal Profession Act 2008	In 2016, the Insolvency Law
	122. External administration proceedings under Corporations Act	122. External administration proceedings under Corporations Act	Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) to delete the defined term
	(1) This section applies to proceedings in any court under the Corporations Act Chapter 5 —	(1) This section applies to proceedings in any court under the Corporations Act Chapter 5 —	"externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter 5 body corporate". The definition of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted definition of externally-administered body corporate.
	(a) relating to a corporation that is an externally-administered body corporate under that Act and that is or was an incorporated legal practice; or	(a) relating to a corporation that is an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body corporate under that Act and that is or was an incorporated legal practice; or	
	(b) relating to a corporation that is or was an incorporated legal practice becoming an externally-administered body corporate under that Act.	(b) relating to a corporation that is or was an incorporated legal practice becoming an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body corporate under that Act.	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 8.	Limited Partnerships Act 2016 88. Restrictions on insolvents (1) In this section — insolvent means — (b) in relation to a body corporate — an externally-administered body corporate as defined in the Corporations Act section 9; and	Limited Partnerships Act 2016 88. Restrictions on insolvents (1) In this section — insolvent means — (b) in relation to a body corporate — an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body corporate as defined in the Corporations Act section 9; and	In 2016, the <i>Insolvency Law</i> Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) to delete the defined term "externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter 5 body corporate". The definition of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted definition of externally-administered body corporate.
Clause 8.	Liquor Control Act 1988 34. Certain applications not to	Liquor Control Act 1988 34. Certain applications not to	In 2016, the <i>Insolvency Law</i> Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)
	be decided (2) The licensing authority shall not hear or determine any application to which this subsection applies, if that application is made — (a) by a person who —	be decided (2) The licensing authority shall not hear or determine any application to which this subsection applies, if that application is made — (a) by a person who —	to delete the defined term "externally-administered body corporate" from section 9 and replace it with the term "Chapter 5 body corporate". The definition of Chapter 5 body corporate is the same as the deleted definition of externally- administered body corporate.
	(iv) being a body corporate, is an externally-administered body corporate within the meaning of the	(iv) being a body corporate, is an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth; or	corporate within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth; or	
	86. Interim authorisations to carry on business under licence	86. Interim authorisations to carry on business under licence	
	(6) Where a licensee that is a body corporate becomes an externally-administered body corporate, within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth, the person who has lawful financial control of the licensed premises, or a nominee of any such person who is approved by the Director, may carry on the business of the licensee as though that person were the licensee until the expiration of 28 days from the date of going into possession of the licensed premises.	(6) Where a licensee that is a body corporate becomes an externally-administered body corporate a Chapter 5 body corporate, within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth, the person who has lawful financial control of the licensed premises, or a nominee of any such person who is approved by the Director, may carry on the business of the licensee as though that person were the licensee until the expiration of 28 days from the date of going into possession of the licensed premises.	
Clause 8.	Water Services Act 2012	Water Services Act 2012	In 2016, the <i>Insolvency Law</i> Reform Act 2016 (Cth) amended the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
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Division 2 – Amendments to change references to declarations under the *Evidence Act 1906* section 106

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 9.	Control of Vehicles (Off-road Areas) Act 1978	Control of Vehicles (Off-road Areas) Act 1978	Section 106 of the <i>Evidence Act</i> 1906 was repealed by section 51
	28A. Applying for registration etc. of vehicle	28A. Applying for registration etc. of vehicle	of the Oaths, Affidavits and Statutory Declarations (Consequential Provisions) Act
	(1) An owner of a vehicle may apply for the registration, renewal of registration or transfer of registration of a vehicle under this Act by — (b) providing a statutory declaration made pursuant to section 106 of the <i>Evidence Act 1906</i> , in a form approved by the Director General as to the compliance of the vehicle with the prescribed safety and noise requirements; and	(1) An owner of a vehicle may apply for the registration, renewal of registration or transfer of registration of a vehicle under this Act by — (b) providing a statutory declaration made pursuant to section 106 of the Evidence Act 1906, in a form approved by the Director General as to the compliance of the vehicle with the prescribed safety and noise requirements; and	(Consequential Provisions) Act 2005. The definition of statutory declaration as provided in section 5 of the Interpretation Act 1984 will apply.
Clause 10.	Licensed Surveyors Act 1909 Third Schedule — Form of declaration	Licensed Surveyors Act 1909 Third Schedule — Form of declaration	Section 7(c) of the <i>Licensed</i> Surveyors Act 1909 provides that in applying for a licence under the Act, an applicant must

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	And I make this solemn declaration by virtue of section 106 of the	And I make this solemn declaration by virtue of section 106 of the	make a "declaration before a justice in the form set out in the Third Schedule."
	Evidence Act 1906	Evidence Act 1906.	The form in the Third Schedule makes reference to section 106 of the Evidence Act 1906. Section 106 of the Evidence Act 1906 was repealed by section 51 of the Oaths, Affidavits and Statutory Declarations (Consequential Provisions) Act 2005.

Division 3 – Amendments to change references to the Labour Price Index

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 11.	Civil Liability Act 2002	Civil Liability Act 2002	The Labour Price Index has
	4. Varying amounts to reflect award rate changes	4. Varying amounts to reflect award rate changes	been discontinued, with the last data in the series being the 2010/2011 financial year. The
			Wage Price Index has continued
	(2) The amount for the relevant financial year is obtained —	(2) The amount for the relevant financial year is obtained —	to be published quarterly from September 2012. The Wage
	(a) by varying the amount for the preceding financial year by the percentage by which the amount that the Australian Statistician published as the Labour Price Index (formerly known as the Wage Cost Index), ordinary time hourly rates of pay (excluding bonuses) for Western Australia (in this subsection called the <i>LPI</i>) varied between the last December	(a) by varying the amount for the preceding financial year by the percentage by which the amount that the Australian Statistician published as the Labour Price Index (formerly known as the Wage Cost Index), ordinary time hourly rates of pay (excluding bonuses) for Western Australia (in this subsection called the LPI) Wage Price Index (formerly	Price Index has now replaced the Labour Price Index as the most appropriate system of measurement in these circumstances.
	quarter before the preceding financial year commenced and the last December quarter before the relevant financial year commenced; or (b) if the calculation under paragraph (a) cannot be performed	known as the Labour Price Index), ordinary time hourly rates of pay (excluding bonuses) for Western Australia (the WPI) varied between the last December quarter before the preceding financial year commenced and the last December quarter before the	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	for a financial year because the LPI for a relevant quarter was not published, by varying the amount for the preceding financial year in accordance with the regulations,	relevant financial year commenced; or (b) if the calculation under paragraph (a) cannot be performed for a financial year because the LPIWPI for a relevant quarter was not published, by varying the amount for the preceding financial year in accordance with the regulations,	
Clause 12.	Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981 93F. Degree of disability less than 30%, constraints on awards (8) In this section — Amount A means — (b) in relation to any subsequent financial year, the nearest whole	Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981 93F. Degree of disability less than 30%, constraints on awards (8) In this section — Amount A means — (b) in relation to any subsequent financial year, the nearest whole	The Labour Price Index has been discontinued, with the last data in the series being the 2010/2011 financial year. The Wage Price Index has continued to be published quarterly from September 2012. The Wage Price Index has now replaced the Labour Price Index as the most appropriate system of measurement in these circumstances.
	number of dollars to — (i) the amount obtained by varying Amount A for the preceding	number of dollars to — (i) the amount obtained by varying Amount A for the preceding	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	financial year by the percentage by which the amount that the Australian Statistician published as the Labour Price Index (formerly known as the Wages Cost Index), ordinary time hourly rates of pay (excluding bonuses) for Western Australia (the <i>LPI</i>) varied between the second-last December quarter before the financial year commenced and the last December quarter before the financial year commenced; or (ii) if the calculation under subparagraph (i) cannot be performed in relation to a financial year because the LPI for a relevant quarter was not published, the amount obtained by varying Amount A for the preceding financial year in accordance with the regulations,	financial year by the percentage by which the amount that the Australian Statistician published as the Labour Price Index (formerly known as the Wages Cost Index), ordinary time hourly rates of pay (excluding bonuses) for Western Australia (the LPI) Wage Price Index (formerly known as the Labour Price Index), ordinary time hourly rates of pay (excluding bonuses) for Western Australia (the WPI) varied between the second-last December quarter before the financial year commenced and the last December quarter before the financial year commenced; or (ii) if the calculation under subparagraph (i) cannot be performed in relation to a financial year because the LPI WPI for a relevant quarter was not published, the amount obtained by varying Amount A for the preceding financial year in accordance with the regulations,	

Division 4 – Amendments to delete provisions relating to transitional regulations

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 13.	Business Names (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2012 12. Transitional regulations	Section 12 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 12 of the Business Names (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2012 provides for the making of transitional regulations. A time limit of 12 months from the commencement day applied. The provision has expired.
Clause 14.	Land Valuers Licensing Act 1978 46. Transitional regulations	Section 46 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 46 of the Land Valuers Licensing Act 1978 provides for the making of transitional regulations. A time limit of 12 months from the commencement day applied. The provision has expired.
Clause 15.	Motor Vehicle Dealers Act 1973 65. Regulations about transitional matters	Section 65 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 65 of the <i>Motor Vehicle Dealers Act 1973</i> provides for the making of transitional regulations. A time limit of 12 months from the commencement day applied. The provision has expired.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 16.	Motor Vehicle Repairers Act 2003 122. Powers in relation to transitional matters	Section 122 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 122 of the <i>Motor Vehicle Repairers Act 2003</i> provides for the making of transitional regulations. A time limit of 12 months from the commencement day applied. The provision has expired.
Clause 17.	Personal Property Securities (Commonwealth Laws) Act 2011 19. Regulations for transitional matters	Section 19 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 19 of the Personal Property Securities (Commonwealth Laws) Act 2011 provides for the making of transitional regulations. A time limit of 12 months from the commencement day applied. The provision has expired.
Clause 18.	Real Estate and Business Agents Act 1978 159. Transitional regulations	Section 159 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 159 of the Real Estate and Business Agents Act 1978 provides for the making of transitional regulations. A time limit of 12 months from the commencement day applied. The provision has expired.
Clause 19.	Settlement Agents Act 1981 135. Transitional regulations	Section 135 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 135 of the Settlement Agents Act 1981 provides for the making of transitional regulations. A time limit of 12 months from the commencement

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			day applied. The provision has expired.

Division 5 – Insurance Commission of Western Australia Act 1986 and Acts Amendment (ICWA) Act 1996 amended

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 20(2)–(3).	Insurance Commission of Western Australia Act 1986	Insurance Commission of Western Australia Act 1986	Sections 47, 48 and Schedule 4 set out transitional arrangements
	Part V — Repeal, amendments, saving, validation and transitional	Part V — Repeal, amendments, saving, validation and transitional State Government Insurance Office Act 1938	for the formation of the Insurance Commission of Western Australia. These provisions were never
	46. Repeal and amendments	repealed 46. Repeal and amendments Act	proclaimed (by sections 25 and 28 of the <i>Acts Amendment</i> (<i>ICWA</i>) <i>Act 1996</i>) and the transition period has now been exhausted. Schedule 4 is deleted at clause
	47. Saving, validation and transitional provisions	<u>repealed</u>	
	Schedule 4 shall have effect.	47. Saving, validation and transitional provisions	20(4).
	48. Oversight by Public Accounts Committee	Schedule 4 shall have effect.	
	(1) The Public Accounts Committee, for the time being, of the Legislative Assembly shall oversee the conduct and	48. Oversight by Public Accounts Committee	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	management of the affairs of the Commission and the Corporation to the extent necessary to determine and report whether the Commission and the Corporation receive any improper or unfair advantage or preference over their competitors in the insurance industry. (2) The Terms of Reference of the Public Accounts Committee in relation to its function under subsection (1) shall be as agreed to by both Houses of Parliament.	(1) The Public Accounts Committee, for the time being, of the Legislative Assembly shall oversee the conduct and management of the affairs of the Commission and the Corporation to the extent necessary to determine and report whether the Commission and the Corporation receive any improper or unfair advantage or preference over their competitors in the insurance industry. (2) The Terms of Reference of the Public Accounts Committee in relation to its function under subsection (1) shall be as agreed to by both Houses of Parliament.	
Clause 20(4).	Insurance Commission of Western Australia Act 1986 Schedule 4 — Saving, validation and transitional provisions	Schedule 4 is deleted in its entirety.	Sections 47, 48 and Schedule 4 set out transitional arrangements for the formation of the Insurance Commission of Western Australia. These provisions were never proclaimed (by sections 25 and 28 of the Acts Amendment (ICWA) Act 1996) and the

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			transition period has now been exhausted.
			Sections 47 and 48 are deleted at clause 15(2)–(3).
Clause 21.	Acts Amendment (ICWA) Act 1996	Acts Amendment (ICWA) Act 1996	Sections 25 and 28 of the <i>Acts Amendment (ICWA) Act 1996</i>
	Sections 47 and 48 repealed	Sections 47 and 48 repealed	are unproclaimed and sought to delete sections 47, 48 and
	25. Sections 47 and 48 of the principal Act are repealed.	25. Sections 47 and 48 of the principal Act are repealed.	Schedule 4 of the Insurance Commission of Western Australia Act 1986.
	Schedule 4 repealed 28. Schedule 4 to the principal Act is repealed.	Schedule 4 repealed 28. Schedule 4 to the principal Act is repealed.	Sections 47, 48 and Schedule 4 of the <i>Insurance Commission of Western Australia Act 1986</i> are deleted at clause 15(2)–(4).

Division 6 – Miscellaneous amendments

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 22.	Bank of Western Australia Act 1995	Bank of Western Australia Act 1995	Section 23 has certain stipulations regarding the Articles of Association of the
	19. Terms used In this Part, unless the contrary	19. Terms used In this Part, unless the contrary	Bank of Western Australia Ltd after privatisation.
	intention appears —	intention appears —	Section 23 is contained in Part 3 Division 3 of the Bank of

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	mandatory articles means the articles of association required by section 23(1);	mandatory articles means the articles of association required by section 23(1);	Western Australia Act 1995 (WA). This entire Division expired on transfer day, being 1 October 2012, and is obsolete.
	Part 3 — Provisions applicable to Bank after privatisation	Part 3 — Provisions applicable to Bank after privatisation	Section 19 contains a definitions section for Part 3 which includes a definition of " <i>mandatory articles</i> " referring to the articles in the expired section 23(1). This definition will be obsolete if section 23 is deleted.
	Division 3 — Entrenched provisions in articles of association ⁵	Division 3 — Entrenched provisions in articles of association ⁵	Sections 29 and 30 each make reference to the expired section 23 which will be obsolete if
	23. Bank's articles of association to include certain provisions	23. Bank's articles of association to include certain provisions	section 23 is deleted.
	(1) The articles of association of the Bank must at all times —	(1) The articles of association of the Bank must at all times —	
	(a) require the Bank to be taken to be registered in Western Australia; and	(a) require the Bank to be taken to be registered in Western Australia; and	
	(b) require the Bank to carry on in Western Australia a	(b) require the Bank to carry on in Western Australia a	
	banking business of substantially the same type as, and on a scale not significantly less than, the	banking business of substantially the same type as, and on a scale not significantly less than, the	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	banking business conducted by Bank of Western Australia Ltd immediately before the day of privatisation; and	banking business conducted by Bank of Western Australia Ltd immediately before the day of privatisation; and	
	(c) require that the head office of the Bank, that is the place where central management and control of the Bank are exercised, be located in Western Australia; and	(c) require that the head office of the Bank, that is the place where central management and control of the Bank are exercised, be located in Western Australia; and	
	(d) require that —	(d) require that —	
	(i) at least a majority of the board of directors of the Bank; and	(i) at least a majority of the board of directors of the Bank; and	
	(ii) the managing director, while holding office be ordinarily resident in Western Australia; and	(ii) the managing director, while holding office be ordinarily resident in Western Australia; and	
	(e) prohibit the alteration of the mandatory articles by any means.	(e) prohibit the alteration of the mandatory articles by any means.	
	(2) If there is any conflict or inconsistency between this Division and a provision of the memorandum or articles of association of the Bank, this Division prevails.	(2) If there is any conflict or inconsistency between this Division and a provision of the memorandum or articles of association of the Bank, this Division prevails.	
	(3) The articles of association of the Bank are to be taken —	(3) The articles of association of the Bank are to be taken —	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(a) to have been amended so as to include the provisions required by subsection (1); and	(a) to have been amended so as to include the provisions required by subsection (1); and	
	(b) as amended, to bind the Bank and its members accordingly.	(b) as amended, to bind the Bank and its members accordingly.	
	24. Bank cannot alter or avoid s. 23 articles	24. Bank cannot alter or avoid s. 23 articles	
	(1) A special resolution of the Bank that would, apart from this subsection, have the effect of altering the Bank's articles of association so that the articles would not comply with section 23 has no effect.	(1) A special resolution of the Bank that would, apart from this subsection, have the effect of altering the Bank's articles of association so that the articles would not comply with section 23 has no effect.	
	(2) A special resolution or resolution of the Bank that —	(2) A special resolution or resolution of the Bank that—	
	(a) would, if acted on and apart from this subsection, result in a contravention of section 23(1) or of the mandatory articles; or	(a) would, if acted on and apart from this subsection, result in a contravention of section 23(1) or of the mandatory articles; or	
	(b) would, apart from this subsection, ratify an act or omission that contravenes section 23(1) or the mandatory articles, has no effect.	(b) would, apart from this subsection, ratify an act or omission that contravenes section 23(1) or the mandatory articles, has no effect.	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	25. Certain matters are excluded matters for <i>Corporations Act</i> 2001 (Cwlth)	25. Certain matters are excluded matters for Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth)	
	The following matters are declared to be excluded matters for the purposes of section 5F of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth in relation to the whole of the Corporations legislation to which Part 1.1A of that Act applies —	The following matters are declared to be excluded matters for the purposes of section 5F of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth in relation to the whole of the Corporations legislation to which Part 1.1A of that Act applies —	
	(a) the articles of association of the Bank to the extent that they are governed by sections 23 and 24;	(a) the articles of association of the Bank to the extent that they are governed by sections 23 and 24;	
	(b) resolutions of the Bank to the extent that they are governed by section 24.	(b) resolutions of the Bank to the extent that they are governed by section 24.	
	26A. Expiry of Division	26A. Expiry of Division	
	This Division expires at the beginning of the transfer day 5 (as defined in section 42A).	This Division expires at the beginning of the transfer day 5 (as defined in section 42A).	
	29. Enforcement of s. 23, 26 and 27 only by injunction	29. Enforcement of s. 23, 26 and 27 only by injunction	
	The obligations created by sections 23 ⁵ , 26 and 27 are	The obligations created by sections 23 ⁵ , 26 and 27 are	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	enforceable under section 30 and not otherwise.	enforceable under section 30 and not otherwise.	
	30. Enforcement of s. 23, 26 and 27, Supreme Court's powers for	30. Supreme Court's powers for enforcement of s. 26 and 27	
	(1) The Supreme Court may, on the application of the Minister, grant an injunction in such terms as the Court thinks fit where the Court is satisfied that the Bank or any person —	(1) The Supreme Court may, on the application of the Minister, grant an injunction in such terms as the Court thinks fit where the Court is satisfied that the Bank or any person —	
	(a) has done or omitted to do or is proposing or attempting to do or omit to do any thing that amounts to, or would amount to, a breach of section 23 ⁵ , 26 or 27 or of the mandatory articles; or	(a) has done or omitted to do or is proposing or attempting to do or omit to do any thing that amounts to, or would amount to, a breach of section 23 ⁵ , 26 or 27 or of the mandatory articles; or 26 or 27; or	
	(b) is involved in a breach of section 23 ⁵ , 26 or 27 or of the mandatory articles.	(b) is involved in a breach of section 23 ⁵ , 26 or 27 or of the mandatory articles.26 or 27.	
Clause 23.	Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007	Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007	Item 52 presently provides a power to make regulations
	Schedule 1 — Matters for which regulations may be made	Schedule 1 — Matters for which regulations may be made	prescribing "offences for which an infringement notice may be issued under Part 4 Division 4". However, this cross reference to

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	52. Offences for which an infringement notice may be issued under Part 4 Division 4 (but not including any offence for which the penalty includes imprisonment) by setting out the offences or by reference to the provision creating the offence.	52. Offences for which an infringement notice may be issued under Part 4Part 5 Division 4 (but not including any offence for which the penalty includes imprisonment) by setting out the offences or by reference to the provision creating the offence.	Part 4 Division 4 is incorrect. It should be Part 5 Division 4.
Clause 24.	Biosecurity and Agriculture Management (Repeal and Consequential Provisions) Act 2007 85. Cattle Industry	Biosecurity and Agriculture Management (Repeal and Consequential Provisions) Act 2007 85. Cattle Industry	Agriculture Management (Repeal and Consequential Provisions) Act 2007.
	Compensation Act 1965 amended	Compensation Act 1965 amended	
	(1) The amendments in this section are to the <i>Cattle Industry</i> Compensation Act 1965*.	(1) The amendments in this section are to the Cattle Industry Compensation Act 1965*.	
	(2) Section 6 is amended by deleting the definition of "inspector"	(2) Section 6 is amended by deleting the definition of "inspector"	
	and inserting instead —	and inserting instead —	
	ii ii	<u>"</u>	
	"inspector" means an inspector appointed under the <i>Biosecurity</i>	"inspector" means an inspector appointed under the <i>Biosecurity</i>	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	and Agriculture Management Act 2007 section 162;	and Agriculture Management Act 2007 section 162;	
	" ·	<u>"</u>	
	(3) Section 19(b) is amended by deleting "the Stock Diseases (Regulations) Act 1968" and inserting instead —	(3) Section 19(b) is amended by deleting "the Stock Diseases (Regulations) Act 1968" and inserting instead—	
	" the Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007".	"the Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007".	
			
Clause 25.	Building Act 2011	Building Act 2011	The words "applicable standard"
	19. Certificate of design compliance	19. Certificate of design compliance	at the end of the subsection were inserted by section 34 of the <i>Building Amendment Act</i>
	(3) A certificate must contain a statement of the building surveyor signing the certificate to the effect that if the building or incidental structure that is the subject of the application is completed in accordance with the plans and specifications that are specified in the certificate, the building (including each incidental structure associated with the building) or	(3) A certificate must contain a statement of the building surveyor signing the certificate to the effect that if the building or incidental structure that is the subject of the application is completed in accordance with the plans and specifications that are specified in the certificate, the building (including each incidental structure associated with the building) or	2012. However, section 33 of the Building Amendment Act 2012 inserted a definition of "applicable building standard" into the definition provision in section 3 of the Building Act 2011. It is clear from a corresponding amendment in section 35 of the Building Amendment Act 2012 to section 21(1)(c) of the Building Act 2011, that the correct reference is to "applicable building standard".

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	incidental structure will comply with each applicable standard.	incidental structure will comply with each applicable <u>building</u> standard.	
Clause 26.	Business Licensing Amendment Act 1995	Part 3 is deleted in its entirety.	Part 3 of the Business Licensing Amendment Act 1995 contains amendments to the Debt
	PART 3 — DEBT COLLECTORS LICENSING ACT 1964		Collectors Licensing Act 1964 through sections 7 to 10.
			Section 7 has been superseded by section 11 of the <i>Licensing Provisions Amendment Act</i> 2016.
			Section 8 has been superseded by section 13 of the <i>Licensing Provisions Amendment Act</i> 2016.
			Section 9 was to insert section 12A into the <i>Debt Collectors Licensing Act 1964</i> which would require licensees to notify the relevant authority of changes to particulars. This is inconsistent with the amendments made by the <i>State Administrative Tribunal</i> (Conferral of Jurisdiction) Amendment and Repeal Act 2004, which inserted section 12A

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			into the <i>Debt Collectors Licensing Act 1964</i> and relates to matters to be included in the annual report.
			Section 10 has been superseded by section 14 of the <i>Licensing</i> <i>Provisions Amendment Act</i> 2016.
			Part 3 of the <i>Business Licensing Amendment Act 1995</i> is obsolete.
Clause 27.	City of Perth Act 2016	City of Perth Act 2016	Section 23(1) of the City of Perth
	23. Preservation of rights of City of Perth superannuation scheme members who became employees of other local governments	23. Preservation of rights of City of Perth superannuation scheme members who became employees of other local governments	Act 2016 (WA) defines "industry scheme" as having "the meaning in the Local Government Act 1960 section 170A, as the scheme is amended from time to time".
	(1) In this section —	(1) In this section —	Section 170A of the Local Government Act 1960 was
	industry scheme has the meaning given in the Local Government Act 1960 section 170A, as the scheme is amended from time to time.	industry scheme has the meaning given in the Local Government Act 1960 section 170A, as the scheme is amended from time to time.	repealed by section 9.70 of the Local Government Act 1995. Schedule 9.3 of the Local Government Act 1995 set out the transitional provisions, including
		<u>industry scheme</u> has the meaning given in regulations made under	clause 16, which provided that despite the repeal of section 170A, the provisions that applied

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
		the Local Government Act 1995 section 5.47.	to the City of Perth continued to apply until regulations were made under section 5.47 of the Local Government Act 1995.
			The Local Government (Employee Superannuation) Regulations 2016 were gazetted on 25 October 2016 under section 5.47 of the Local Government Act 1995. The Local Government (Employee Superannuation) Regulations 2016 apply to the City of Perth and the definition of "industry scheme" is now found in regulation 3.
			The relevant definition of industry scheme is provided in regulations made under the section 5.47 of the Local Government Act 1995 and reference to section 170A of the Local Government Act 1960 is now obsolete.
Clause 28(2).	Constitution Acts Amendment Act 1899	Constitution Acts Amendment Act 1899	Part 3 of the Coal Industry Superannuation Act 1989 (WA) established the Coal Industry Superannuation Board.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	Schedule V — Offices and bodies to which Part I Division 3 applies	Schedule V — Offices and bodies to which Part I Division 3 applies	However, this part was repealed by section 18 of the Coal Industry Superannuation
	Part 1 — Disqualifying offices	Part 1 — Disqualifying offices	Amendment Act 2013 (WA), effective from 31 October 2014.
	Division 1 — Judicial, tribunal and similar offices	Division 1 — Judicial, tribunal and similar offices	Reference to the "Chairman of the Coal Industry
			Superannuation Board" in Schedule V Part 1 Division 1 is
	Chairman of the Coal Industry Superannuation Board.	Chairman of the Coal Industry Superannuation Board.	therefore obsolete.
Clause 28(3).	Constitution Acts Amendment Act 1899	Constitution Acts Amendment Act 1899	The Hairdressers Registration Act 1946 (WA) expired on 13
	Schedule V — Offices and bodies to which Part I Division 3	Schedule V — Offices and bodies to which Part I Division 3	March 2012 by notice published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> .
	applies	applies	The reference to the
	Part 3 — Bodies membership of which is vacated on election	Part 3 — Bodies membership of which is vacated on election	"Hairdressers Registration Board of Western Australia constituted under the <i>Hairdressers</i>
			Registration Act 1946" in
	The Hairdressers Registration Board of Western Australia constituted under the <i>Hairdressers</i> <i>Registration Act 1946</i> ¹⁶ .	The Hairdressers Registration Board of Western Australia constituted under the Hairdressers Registration Act 1946 ¹⁶ .	Schedule V Part 3 is therefore obsolete.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 29.	Cremation Act 1929 2. Terms used	Cremation Act 1929 2. Terms used	The conjunction "and" at the end of the definition of "licensed" is
	In this Act, subject to the context	In this Act, subject to the context	not required.
	licensed means licensed under	licensed means licensed under	
	this Act; and	this Act; and <u>Act;</u>	
Clause 30.	Cross-border Justice Act 2008	Cross-border Justice Act 2008	In early 2017 the office of
	7. Terms used	7. Terms used	magistrate was abolished in the Northern Territory and replaced
	(1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	(1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	by the office of Judge of the Local Court.
	magistrate, of a participating jurisdiction, means —	magistrate, of a participating jurisdiction, means —	
	(b) if the jurisdiction is another participating jurisdiction — a magistrate of that other jurisdiction under its cross-border laws;	(b) if the jurisdiction is another participating jurisdiction— a magistrate of that other jurisdiction under its cross-border laws;	
		(b) if the jurisdiction is another participating jurisdiction —	

53. Arrest under warrant Examples for this section: Examples for this section: Examples for this section: 2. A person who ordinarily resides in the WANT region is suspected of committing an offence under NT law in Katherine. An NT magistrate anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to the person's arrest. An NT police officer may arrest the person under the warrant anywhere in WA. 55. Investigation of suspected or alleged offence or breach of order Examples for this section: 55. Investigation of suspected or alleged offence or breach of order Examples for this section: 52. A person who ordinarily resides in the WANT region is suspected of committing an offence under NT law alleged to have been committed in Katherine. An NT police officer may arrest the person under the warrant alleged offence anywhere in WA. For the purpose of the investigation of the alleged offence, an NT magistrate anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in Charles and the Warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA may issue a war
WA or the NT but not in SA

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
CLAUSE IN BILL	81. Registration of NT restraining orders under WA law Examples for this section: 2. An NT magistrate sitting in Alice Springs makes a restraining order under the NT's restraining orders laws. The person for whose benefit the order is made ordinarily resides in the NT. The Alice Springs registry is a registry of the WA Magistrates Court. Exercising the powers of a registrar of the WA Magistrates Court, a registry officer registers the order under WA's restraining	Examples for this section: 2. A person is arrested in the WA/NT region for an offence under NT law alleged to have been committed in Katherine. An NT police officer may investigate the alleged offence anywhere in WA. For the purpose of the investigation of the alleged offence, an NT magistrate NT Local Court Judge anywhere in WA may issue a warrant to search premises anywhere in WA or the NT but not in SA 81. Registration of NT restraining orders under WA law	EXPLANATION
	orders laws 82. Proceedings that may be heard in State Examples for this section: 1. A person is charged with an offence under NT law alleged to have been committed in the NT portion of the WA/SA/NT region. The charge may be heard by an NT magistrate sitting anywhere in WA.	Examples for this section: 2. An NT magistrate NT Local Court Judge sitting in Alice Springs makes a restraining order under the NT's restraining orders laws. The person for whose benefit the order is made ordinarily resides in the NT. The Alice Springs registry is a registry of the WA Magistrates Court. Exercising the powers of a registrar of the WA Magistrates Court,	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	3. A person is arrested in the WA/SA/NT region for an offence alleged to have been committed under NT law in Darwin. The	a registry officer registers the order under WA's restraining orders laws.	
	person also has an outstanding charge for an offence under NT law alleged to have been committed in the NT portion of the WA/NT region. Both charges may be heard by an NT magistrate sitting anywhere in WA.	82. Proceedings that may be heard in State	
	anywhere in WA.	Examples for this section:	
	90. Registration of WA or NT restraining orders under SA law Examples for this section: 2. An NT magistrate sitting in Kalgoorlie makes a restraining order under the NT's restraining orders laws. The person for whose benefit the order is made ordinarily resides in SA. The Kalgoorlie registry is a registry of the SA Magistrates Court. Exercising the powers of the Principal Registrar of the SA Magistrates Court, a registry officer registers the order under SA's restraining orders laws.	1. A person is charged with an offence under NT law alleged to have been committed in the NT portion of the WA/SA/NT region. The charge may be heard by an NT magistrate NT Local Court Judge sitting anywhere in WA. 3. A person is arrested in the WA/SA/NT region for an offence alleged to have been committed under NT law in Darwin. The person also has an outstanding charge for an offence under NT law alleged to have been committed in the NT portion of the WA/NT region. Both charges may be heard by an NT magistrate NT Local Court Judge sitting anywhere in WA.	
		90. Registration of WA or NT restraining orders under SA law	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
		Examples for this section: 2. An NT magistrate NT Local Court Judge sitting in Kalgoorlie makes a restraining order under the NT's restraining orders laws. The person for whose benefit the order is made ordinarily resides in SA. The Kalgoorlie registry is a registry of the SA Magistrates Court. Exercising the powers of the Principal Registrar of the SA Magistrates Court, a registry officer registers the order under SA's restraining orders laws.	
Clause 31(2).	Declared Places (Mentally Impaired Accused) Act 2015	Declared Places (Mentally Impaired Accused) Act 2015	The word "the" before "a copy" requires removal to correct a typographical error.
	62. Laying documents before Parliament	62. Laying documents before Parliament	typographical error.
	(1) If section 46(2), 49(3) or (4) or 56(5) requires the Minister to cause the a copy of a document to be laid before each House of Parliament, or dealt with under this section, within a period and —	(1) If section 46(2), 49(3) or (4) or 56(5) requires the Minister to cause the a copy of a document to be laid before each House of Parliament, or dealt with under this section, within a period and —	
Clause 31(3).	Declared Places (Mentally Impaired Accused) Act 2015 63. Regulations	Declared Places (Mentally Impaired Accused) Act 2015 63. Regulations	The word "may" needs to be inserted after the word "regulations", in keeping with the

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(2) The regulations prescribe or adopt standards that apply to people when performing functions under this Act in relation to residents.	(2) The regulations may prescribe or adopt standards that apply to people when performing functions under this Act in relation to residents.	discretion afforded by the word "may" in subsection (1).
Clause 32.	Distress for Rent Abolition Act 1936 3. Any distress for rent which is pending not to be proceeded with Where prior to the date of the commencement of this Act any person has levied or made any distress for rent and the goods and chattels distrained have not been sold, the distress shall not be proceeded with, and shall be deemed to be withdrawn without prejudice to the right of the person making the distress to recover the amount distrained for and the costs of making the distress from the person liable for the rent as a debt in any court of competent jurisdiction.	Section 3 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 3 of the <i>Distress for Rent Abolition Act 1936</i> provides that any distress for rent claim which is pending prior to the commencement of the Act may not proceed. The <i>Distress for Rent Abolition Act 1936</i> commenced on 11 December 1936. Any distress for rent claim that was pending prior to the commencement of the <i>Distress for Rent Abolition Act 1936</i> would be deemed to have been withdrawn upon commencement, and once a matter is withdrawn it cannot be revived. Additionally, the relevant limitation period is 12 years after the right of action accrued, so there is no avenue for a person to start a new claim. The provision is now obsolete.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 33.	Education and Care Services National Law (WA) Act 2012	Education and Care Services National Law (WA) Act 2012	The word "in" needs to be inserted after "and" to correct the
	Schedule 1 — Miscellaneous provision relating to interpretation 38. Application	Schedule 1 — Miscellaneous provision relating to interpretation 38. Application	grammar. This will also reflect section 15B of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901 (Cth) which is in regards to the "Application of Acts in coastal sea".
	This Law has effect in and relation to the coastal sea of this jurisdiction as if that coastal sea were part of this jurisdiction.	This Law has effect in and in relation to the coastal sea of this jurisdiction as if that coastal sea were part of this jurisdiction.	
Clause 34(2)–(4).	Flectricity Industry Act 2004 79. Code of conduct (4) In the case of the initial code of conduct, subsection (1) has effect subject to Schedule 3 clause 1	Electricity Industry Act 2004 79. Code of conduct (4) In the case of the initial code of conduct, subsection (1) has effect subject to Schedule 3 clause 1	Sections 79(4), 81(6) and 92(6) refer to Schedule 3 of the Electricity Industry Act 2004, which is to be deleted under clause 34(5).
	81. Consultative committee	81. Consultative committee	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(6) In the case of the initial code of conduct, this section has effect subject to Schedule 3 clause 2.	(6) In the case of the initial code of conduct, this section has effect subject to Schedule 3 clause 2.	
	92. Authority may approve scheme	92. Authority may approve scheme	
	(6) In the case of the initial electricity ombudsman scheme, this section has effect subject to Schedule 3 clause 4.	(6) In the case of the initial electricity ombudsman scheme, this section has effect subject to Schedule 3 clause 4.	
Clause 34(5).	Electricity Industry Act 2004 Schedule 3 — Transitional provisions	Schedule 3 is deleted in its entirety.	Schedule 3 of the <i>Electricity Industry Act 2004</i> (WA) provides for interim consumer protection measures as part of previous electricity market reforms. It confers powers on the Minister for Energy to appoint an initial Consultative Committee and approve an initial Customer Service Code of Conduct (the Code) and Electricity Ombudsman scheme. These powers were intended to be transitional, with the relevant functions eventually becoming

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
		the responsibility of the Economic Regulation Authority, pursuant to sections 81 and 92 of the <i>Electricity Industry Act</i> 2004 (WA).
		The Economic Regulation Authority has now assumed responsibility for all the statutory functions conferred on the Minister for Energy by Schedule 3.
		As the Minister for Energy no longer has any role in approving the Code, the Consultative Committee or Electricity Ombudsman scheme, the interim powers provided by Schedule 3 of the <i>Electricity Industry Act 2004</i> (WA) are obsolete.
Energy Coordination Act 1994	Energy Coordination Act 1994	The shoulder clause currently refers to "[s.6(e)]". This section
Schedule 1 — Coordinator's functions in respect of sustainable energy research	Schedule 1 — Coordinator's functions in respect of sustainable energy research	of the <i>Energy Coordination Act</i> 1994 (WA) was repealed by section 170 of the <i>Machinery of</i>
[s. 6(e)]	[s. 6(e)] [s. 4A(e)]	Government (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2006 (WA). The new reference should be to
	Energy Coordination Act 1994 Schedule 1 — Coordinator's functions in respect of sustainable energy research [s. 6(e)]	Energy Coordination Act 1994 Schedule 1 — Coordinator's functions in respect of sustainable energy research [s. 6(e)] Energy Coordination Act 1994 Schedule 1 — Coordinator's functions in respect of sustainable energy research [s. 6(e)] [s. 4A(e)]

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 36(2).	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	Section 23(2) contains a definition of "reviewable decision" that includes a decision
	23. Application for review	23. Application for review	by the Commissioner who is the
			executive officer of the
	(2) In subsection (1) —	(2) In subsection (1) —	department (that is the Director General, Department of Mines,
			Industry Regulation and Safety)
	reviewable decision means —	reviewable decision means —	to suspend a Finance Brokers
			licence under s82A(1) of the Finance Brokers Control Act
	(b) a decision under Part IV Division 2 or section 82A(1).	(b) a decision under Part IV Division 2 or section 82A(1).Division 2.	1975 (WA) if the Commissioner believes the broker has engaged in misconduct.
		S_, (())	Section 82A(1) was deleted from the Act as part of the referral of power to the Commonwealth in 2010. As the Commonwealth Government is now responsible for the licensing of Finance Brokers, decisions regarding suspension of such licenses do not fall within the power of the Commissioner.
Clause 36(3).	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	Section 30(3)(b) provides a Finance Broker shall surrender a licence if the broker has their
	30. Effect of licence	30. Effect of licence	licence suspended by the
			Commissioner under section
			82A. However, due to the

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	 (3) A person may at any time surrender a licence and shall do so — (a) if the person ceases to satisfy the requirements for holding the licence; or 	(3) A person may at any time surrender a licence and shall do so — (a) if the person ceases to satisfy the requirements for holding the licence; or	referral of power to the Commonwealth in 2010, licenses are no longer issued under the Finance Brokers Control Act 1975 (WA) and section 82A was deleted.
	(b) within 7 days, if the person has the licence suspended by the Commissioner under section 82A.	(b) within 7 days, if the person has the licence suspended by the Commissioner under section 82A.	
		(3) A person may at any time surrender a licence, and must do so if the person ceases to satisfy the requirements for holding the licence.	
Clause 36(4).	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	Section 79 was deleted as part of the referral of power to the
	72. Power of restraining dealing with trust accounts or other accounts	72. Power of restraining dealing with trust accounts or other accounts	Commonwealth. However, the sections relating to trust accounts in the <i>Finance Brokers Control Act 1975</i> (WA) were not repealed at the time of referral
	(4) Unless the finance broker referred to in the order shows to the State Administrative Tribunal within the time specified in the order sufficient cause to the	(4) Unless the finance broker referred to in the order shows to the State Administrative Tribunal within the time specified in the order sufficient cause to the	as there were some trust accounts with monies for the period before the referral. Any matters that were outstanding at the time of referral have now

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	contrary, the order, after proof of service as required by section 79, shall be made absolute.	contrary, the order, after proof of service as required by section 79, service, shall be made absolute.	been finalised and all trust accounts under the <i>Finance Brokers Control Act 1975</i> (WA) are now closed. The Commissioner has no need to exercise powers under section 72 and the reference to section 79 is no longer required.
Clause 36(5).	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	Finance Brokers Control Act 1975	The word "any" needs to be deleted and replaced with "either
	83. Powers on inquiry	83. Powers on inquiry	or" before "both", to correct the grammar.
	(1) If, in a proceeding commenced by an allegation under section 82 against a finance broker, the State Administrative Tribunal is satisfied that proper cause exists for disciplinary action, the State Administrative Tribunal may do any both of the following things — (a) reprimand or caution the finance broker; and	(1) If, in a proceeding commenced by an allegation under section 82 against a finance broker, the State Administrative Tribunal is satisfied that proper cause exists for disciplinary action, the State Administrative Tribunal may do any either or both of the following things — (a) reprimand or caution the	As the options can be exercised together or by themselves, the word "and" needs to be deleted between paragraphs (a) and (b).
	(b) impose a fine not exceeding \$10 000 on him.	finance broker;—and (b) impose a fine not exceeding \$10 000 on him.	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 37.	Fines, Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994	Fines, Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994	Under amendments made to the Transfer of Land Act 1983 by the Transfer of Land Amendment
	89. Seizure: how effected (4) In the case of land under the operation of the <i>Transfer of Land Act 1893</i> , the Registrar of Titles, under that Act, must register or enter the memorial in the Register Book in respect of the land described	89. Seizure: how effected (4) In the case of land under the operation of the <i>Transfer of Land Act 1893</i> , the Registrar of Titles, under that Act, must register or enter the memorial in the Register Book Register, referred to in section 48 of that Act, in respect of the land described	Act 1996, the Registrar of Titles was given the power to create and maintain a digital register or combination of digital and paper title. As part of this change, the term 'Register Book' was updated to 'Register' through section 145 of the Transfer of Land Amendment Act 1996. This change was made across the statute book.
Clause 38(2).	Fire Brigades Act 1942 26A. Further powers of FES Commissioner (1) Without limiting sections 25 and 26, for the purpose of carrying out the FES Commissioner's functions under this Act the FES Commissioner may, anywhere in the State, do any of the things it is authorised to do under subsection (2).	Fire Brigades Act 1942 26A. Further powers of FES Commissioner (1) Without limiting sections 25 and 26, for the purpose of carrying out the FES Commissioner's functions under this Act the FES Commissioner may, anywhere in the State, do any of the things it is authorised to do authorised under subsection (2).	The words "it is" and "to do" need to be deleted to correct the grammar.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 38(3).	Fire Brigades Act 1942	Fire Brigades Act 1942	The words "its proposals" need
	27. FES Commissioner's proposals to be submitted to local government	27. FES Commissioner's proposals to be submitted to local government	to be replaced with "any proposal", and the words "such proposals" with "any such proposal" to correct the
	(1) The FES Commissioner shall submit its proposals in respect of the class of brigade, the method of fire protection and hazardous material incident control, and the rescue service to be established in each district to the local government before putting such proposals into operation, and shall advise the local government of any intended change in the class of brigade, the method of fire protection and hazardous material incident control, and the rescue service, and any difference between the FES Commissioner and the local government on such matters shall be referred to the Minister for his decision.	(1) The FES Commissioner shall submit its proposals any proposal in respect of the class of brigade, the method of fire protection and hazardous material incident control, and the rescue service to be established in each district to the local government before putting such proposals any such proposal into operation, and shall advise the local government of any intended change in the class of brigade, the method of fire protection and hazardous material incident control, and the rescue service, and any difference between the FES Commissioner and the local government on such matters shall be referred to the Minister for his decision.	grammar.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 39(2).	Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972 An Act to make provision for the conservation and utilisation of the present and future sources and supplies of fuel, energy, and power in and to Western Australia, the establishment and functions of the Fuel and Power Commission of Western Australia and the Fuel and Power Advisory Council, and for purposes connected therewith.	Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972 An Act to make provision for the conservation and utilisation of the present and future sources and supplies of fuel, energy, and power in and to Western Australia, the establishment and functions of the Fuel and Power Commission of Western Australia and the Fuel and Power Advisory Council, Australia, and for purposes connected therewith.	The Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972 originally had a broader scope, establishing a Fuel and Power Commission and Fuel and Power Advisory Council which were tasked with facilitating the development and utilisation of energy resources in the State. These bodies have since ceased to exist, after being absorbed into the former State Energy Commission. The long title of the Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972 currently refers to the establishment of the Fuel and Power Commission and Fuel and Power Advisory Council. Given that these entities no longer exist, the long title is to be amended to reflect the reduced scope of the Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972.
Clause 39(3).	Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972 42. Administration in emergency	Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972 42. Administration in emergency	Section 5 of the Fuel, Energy and Power Resources Act 1972 was deleted by the Acts

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5, where a state of emergency is declared under this Part the administration of this Act shall be vested in a responsible Minister of the Crown and, subject to the Minister, shall be carried out by such authorities, departments, instrumentalities, persons or bodies as the Minister in writing directs.	Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5, where Where a state of emergency is declared under this Part the administration of this Act shall be vested in a responsible Minister of the Crown and, subject to the Minister, shall be carried out by such authorities, departments, instrumentalities, persons or bodies as the Minister in writing directs.	Amendment (State Energy Commission) Act 1975.
Clause 40(2).	Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1911	Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1911	Subsection (2) was deleted by Schedule 4 clause 4(6) of the
	114. Obstruction or hindrance of certain works penalised	114. Obstruction or hindrance of certain works penalised	Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2007.
	(1) Subject to subsection (2), a person who obstructs or hinders the local government or its contractor in the execution of any works under section 112 commits an offence.	(1) Subject to subsection (2), a personA person who obstructs or hinders the local government or its contractor in the execution of any works under section 112 commits an offence.	
Clause 40(3).	Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1911	Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1911	References to section 134(11) and (44) need to be deleted as
	344C. Fees and charges may be fixed by resolution	344C. Fees and charges may be fixed by resolution	these subsections were deleted by section 11(5) of the <i>Water</i>

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	Table	Table	Services Coordination Amendment Act 1999.
	Sections 133(1), 134(6), (11), (12), (29), (44), (45) and (46), 146(3), 158(3), 199(10) and 344(1)(a).	Sections 133(1), 134(6), (11), (12), (29), (44), (12), (29), (45) and (46), 146(3), 158(3), 199(10) and 344(1)(a).	
Clause 41.	Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (WA) Act 2010	Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (WA) Act 2010	The word "in" needs to be inserted after "and" to correct the
	Schedule 7 — Miscellaneous provisions relating to interpretation 38. Application	Schedule 7 — Miscellaneous provisions relating to interpretation 38. Application	grammar. This will also reflect section 15B of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901 (Cth) which is in regards to the "Application of Acts in coastal sea".
	This Law has effect in and relation to the coastal sea of this jurisdiction as if that coastal sea were part of this jurisdiction.	This Law has effect in and in relation to the coastal sea of this jurisdiction as if that coastal sea were part of this jurisdiction.	
Clause 42.	Historical Homosexual Convictions Expungement Act 2018	Historical Homosexual Convictions Expungement Act 2018	The second occurrence of the word "being" needs to be replaced by "been" to correct the
	8. Withdrawal of application	8. Withdrawal of application	grammar.
	(3) Despite an application being withdrawn or treated as having	(3) Despite an application being withdrawn or treated as having	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	being withdrawn under this section, the CEO may reinstate the application if satisfied that the applicant wants to proceed with it and has provided any information required under section 7(1) or further information or additional documents required under section 9(3).	being been withdrawn under this section, the CEO may reinstate the application if satisfied that the applicant wants to proceed with it and has provided any information required under section 7(1) or further information or additional documents required under section 9(3).	
Clause 43.	Medicines and Poisons Act 2014 104. Obtaining information and documents (1) An investigator, for the purpose of an investigation, may do any of the following — (b) to answer a question put to the person in relation to any matter the subject of the investigation;	Medicines and Poisons Act 2014 104. Obtaining information and documents (1) An investigator, for the purpose of an investigation, may do any of the following — (b) direct a person to answer a question put to the person in relation to any matter the subject of the investigation;	The words "direct a person" are missing and need to be inserted at the beginning of paragraph (b) to be consistent with paragraphs (a) and (c). The necessity for this amendment is confirmed by the preliminary words to section 104(2).

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 44.	Mental Health Legislation Amendment Act 2014	Mental Health Legislation Amendment Act 2014	Section 52(1) of the Mental Health Legislation Amendment
	52. Section 142 amended	52. Section 142 amended	Act 2014 proposed to amend section 142(7)(a)(ii) of the
	(1) Delete section 142(7)(a)(ii) and insert:	(1) Delete section 142(7)(a)(ii) and insert:	Criminal Investigation Act 2006. This amendment can never be
	(ii) under the Mental Health Act 2014 section 157;	(ii) under the Mental Health Act 2014 section 157;	effected because that particular subsection of the <i>Criminal</i>
			Investigation Act 2006 was deleted by section 5 of the Criminal Investigation Amendment Act 2014.
Clause 45.	Minerals Research Institute of Western Australia Act 2013	Minerals Research Institute of Western Australia Act 2013	The word "who" needs to be inserted at the start of each of
	71. Confidentiality of information under repealed Acts	71. Confidentiality of information under repealed Acts	the paragraphs (i), (j), (k), (n), (o) and (p) to correct the grammar and ensure consistency with other paragraphs.
	(2) Subsection (3) applies to a person —	(2) Subsection (3) applies to a person —	otrier paragrapris.
	(i) has been a member or a deputy of a member of the Mining and Petroleum Advisory Committee established under the repealed 1981 Act; or	(i) who has been a member or a deputy of a member of the Mining and Petroleum Advisory Committee established under the repealed 1981 Act; or	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(j) has been an officer or employee of the 1981 Institute; or	(j) who has been an officer or employee of the 1981 Institute; or	
	(k) has rendered services to the 1981 Institute under section 29 or 30 of the repealed 1981 Act; or	(k) who has rendered services to the 1981 Institute under section 29 or 30 of the repealed 1981 Act; or	
	(n) has been a member or a deputy of a member of the Solar Energy Advisory Committee established under the repealed 1977 Act; or	(n) who has been a member or a deputy of a member of the Solar Energy Advisory Committee established under the repealed 1977 Act; or	
	(o) has rendered services to the 1977 Institute under section 29 or 30 of the repealed 1977 Act; or	(o) who has rendered services to the 1977 Institute under section 29 or 30 of the repealed 1977 Act; or	
	(p) has been the liquidator holding office under section 38(1) of the repealed 1977 Act as the liquidator of the affairs of the 1977 Institute.	(p) who has been the liquidator holding office under section 38(1) of the repealed 1977 Act as the liquidator of the affairs of the 1977 Institute.	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 46.	Misuse of Drugs Act 1981	Misuse of Drugs Act 1981	Subsection 5(1)(d) was deleted
	8B. Terms used	8B. Terms used	by section 5 of the <i>Misuse of</i> Drugs Amendment Act 2011.
	(1) In this Part —	(1) In this Part —	Drugs Ameriament Act 2011.
	minor cannabis related offence means —	minor cannabis related offence means —	
	(a) an offence under section 5(1)(d)(i) or 7B(6) that involves cannabis; and	(a) an offence under section 5(1)(d)(i) or 7B(6) that involves cannabis; and	
Clause 47.	Motor Vehicle Dealers Amendment Act 2003	Sections 20 and 21 are deleted in their entirety.	Sections 20 and 21 of the Motor Vehicle Dealers Act Amendment
	20. Part III Division 5 Subdivision 1 heading inserted 21. Part III Division 5		Act 2003 relate to conciliation of disputes by the Motor Vehicle Dealers Licensing Board. The Board was abolished by the Act Amendment (Fair Trading) Act
	Subdivision 2 inserted		2010. The provisions are obsolete.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 48.	Perth Parking Management Act 1999	Perth Parking Management Act 1999	The word "prescribing" needs to be replaced with "prescribe" to
	26. Regulations	26. Regulations	correct the grammar.
	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), regulations may —	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), regulations may —	
	(c) prescribing modified penalties not exceeding \$500 for an offence prescribed under paragraph (b).	(c) prescribing prescribe modified penalties not exceeding \$500 for an offence prescribed under paragraph (b).	
Clause 49.	Perth Theatre Trust Act 1979	Section 3A is deleted in its entirety.	Section 3A was a transitional
	3A. Transitional provisions relating to general manager		provision enacted to ensure the continuity of service (including conditions of service) of the incumbent when the position title of 'Manager' of the Perth Theatre Trust was replaced with 'General Manager'. There has been a number of General Managers since 1981. This provision is obsolete.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 50.	Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1982	Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1982	The Offshore Petroleum and Greenhouse Gas Storage
	11. Term used: Commonwealth Act	11. Term used: Commonwealth Act	(Safety Levies) Act 2003 (Cth) was renamed the Offshore Petroleum and Greenhouse Gas
	In this Part —	In this Part —	Storage (Regulatory Levies) Act
	Commonwealth Act means —	Commonwealth Act means —	2003 (Cth) by Schedule 1 item 2 of the Offshore Petroleum and
	(c) the Offshore Petroleum and Greenhouse Gas Storage (Safety Levies) Act 2006 ³ (Commonwealth); or	(c) the Offshore Petroleum and Greenhouse Gas Storage (Safety Levies) Act 2006 ³ Offshore Petroleum and Greenhouse Gas Storage (Regulatory Levies) Act 2003 (Commonwealth); or	Greenhouse Gas Storage Regulatory Levies Legislation Amendment (2011 Measures No.1) Act 2011 (Cth). In addition, the date of the Act is incorrectly stated as 2006.
Clause 51.	Planning and Development Act 2005 149. Conditions on rural land (tied lots)	Section 149 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 149 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2005</i> is unproclaimed and sought to provide the Western Australian Planning Commission with the power to approve a subdivision that created "tied lots" — subdivided lots connected through a restrictive covenant that requires the same person to own both lots and use them for agricultural purposes.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			This power is already provided under section 143 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2005</i> , which enables the Commission to approve a subdivision subject to conditions "as the Commission thinks fit", which can include tying subdivided lots through a restrictive covenant. The Commission exercises the power to create "tied lots" under section 143. Section 149 is obsolete.
Clause 52(2).	Plumbers Licensing Act 1995	Plumbers Licensing Act 1995	Under the <i>Economic Regulation</i>
	60A. Protection from liability (1a) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person referred to in section 56(1) of the Economic Regulation Authority Act 2003	60A. Protection from liability (1a) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person referred to in section 56(1) of the Economic Regulation Authority Act 2003	Authority Act 2003, there is no ability for an Economic Regulation Authority member or staff member to perform a function under the <i>Plumbers Licensing Act 1995</i> . Section 60A(1a) is obsolete.
Clause 52(3).	Plumbers Licensing Act 1995 60C. Operating licence is not personal property for Personal	Section 60C is deleted in its entirety.	Water service operating licences are not issued under the Plumbers Licensing Act 1995. The Water Services Act 2012

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	Property Securities Act 2009 (Cwlth)		also provides that water service licences are not personal property for the purposes of the Personal Property Securities Act 2009 (Cth). Section 60C is obsolete.
Clause 53.	Pollution of Waters by Oil and Noxious Substances Act 1987	Pollution of Waters by Oil and Noxious Substances Act 1987	Section 38(1) of the Pollution of Waters by Oil and Noxious Substances Act 1987 repealed
	38. Repeal and saving	38. Repeal and saving	the Prevention of Pollution of Waters by Oil Act 1960.
	(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Act referred to in subsection (1) effected by that subsection the provisions of that Act continue to apply, after the commencement of this section, in relation to any discharge of oil, or of a mixture containing oil, within the meaning of that Act that occurred or commenced before the commencement of this section as if that Act had not been repealed.	(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Act referred to in subsection (1) effected by that subsection the provisions of that Act continue to apply, after the commencement of this section, in relation to any discharge of oil, or of a mixture containing oil, within the meaning of that Act that occurred or commenced before the commencement of this section as if that Act had not been repealed.	Section 38(2) of the Pollution of Waters by Oil and Noxious Substances Act 1987 states that the provisions of the Prevention of Pollution of Waters by Oil Act 1960 will continue to apply after it is repealed. It was required at the time in the event of a discharge of oil between the time the Pollution of Waters by Oil and Noxious Substances Act 1987 received Royal Assent (29 June 1987) and came into operation (1 July 1993).
			Section 38(2) is a spent transitional provision.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 54.	Port Authorities Act 1999	Port Authorities Act 1999	When the Port Authorities Act
	91. Financial administration and audit (Sch. 5)	91. Financial administration and audit (Sch. 5)	1999 came into force, the "Corporations Law" was the relevant Commonwealth law
			applying to corporate bodies in
	(3) If —	(3) If —	Australia. The section is updated
	(a) a provision of Schedule 5 that set out the substance of a provision of —	(a) a provision of Schedule 5 that set out the substance of a provision of —	to reflect that the <i>Corporations</i> Act 2001 (Cth) came into effect on 1 July 2001 and superseded the Corporations Law.
	(i) the Corporations Law (as in force at any time before the commencement of the Corporations Act); or	(i) the Corporations Law (as in force at any time before the commencement of the Corporations Act); or	·
	(ii) the Corporations Act, does not accurately reflect the corresponding provision of the Corporations Act; or	(ii) the Corporations Act, does not accurately reflect the corresponding provision of the Corporations Act; or	
	(b) the Corporations Act does not contain a provision that corresponds to a provision of Schedule 5 that set out the substance of a provision of —	(b) the Corporations Act does not contain a provision that corresponds to a provision of Schedule 5 that set out the substance of a provision of —	
	(i) the Corporations Law (as in force at any time before the commencement of the Corporations Act); or	(i) the Corporations Law (as in force at any time before the commencement of the Corporations Act); or	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(ii) the Corporations Act; or	(ii) the Corporations Act; or (a) a provision of Schedule 5 that set out the substance of a provision of the Corporations Act does not accurately reflect the	
		corresponding provision of the Corporations Act; or (b) the Corporations Act does not contain a provision that corresponds to a provision of Schedule 5 that set out the substance of a provision of the Corporations Act; or	
Clause 55(2).	Public Trustee Act 1941 15. Public Trustee deemed successor of deceased for licensing purposes	Section 15 is deleted in its entirety.	The Licensing Act 1911 was repealed by the Liquor Act 1970, which was repealed by the Liquor Licensing Act 1988 (now known as the Liquor Control Act 1988.) Section 15 is obsolete.
Clause 55(3).	Public Trustee Act 1941	Section 40A is deleted in its entirety.	Section 40A provides the Public Trustee with the power to lease the "unused portion" of a

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	40A. Power to lease purchased land		specified parcel of purchased land (as set out in the Sixth Schedule).
			In stages between March 2011 and March 2012, the Public Trustee and the Perth Diocesan Trustees performed a land sale and purchase. Settlement took place on 2 July 2012. A consequence of this is that the title of the "purchased land" is now different (the "purchased land" no longer exists – the lot referred to in the Sixth Schedule has been changed and renamed). The Public Trustee no longer owns it and an exercise of power under section 40A would mean the Public Trustee granting a lease over land that they do not own.
			There is no longer an "unused portion" of the land.
			Section 39A of the <i>Public Trustee Act 1941</i> was introduced in 2008 and provides for the necessary land-related powers of the Public Trustee. Section 40A is obsolete.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 55(4).	Public Trustee Act 1941 51. No bond required from Public Trustee	Public Trustee Act 1941 51. No bond required from Public Trustee	The Guardianship and Administration Board was abolished in 2005. The Public Trustee now has the function of
	No bond or other security shall be required from the Public Trustee in relation to his appointment to, or acting in any office or capacity pursuant to, this Act or the Guardianship and Administration Act 1990.	No bond or other security shall be required from the Public Trustee in relation to his appointment to, or acting in any office or capacity pursuant to, this Act or the Guardianship and Administration Act 1990.	examining accounts under section 80 of the <i>Guardianship</i> and <i>Administration Act</i> 1990. Section 80(7) exempts the Public Trustee from submitting accounts to itself.
	Notwithstanding any Act, rule, or practice to the contrary it shall not be necessary for the Public Trustee to file any accounts in the Registry of the Court or with the Guardianship and Administration Board under the Guardianship and Administration Act 1990.	Notwithstanding any Act, rule, or practice to the contrary it shall not be necessary for the Public Trustee to file any accounts in the Registry of the Court or with the Guardianship and Administration Board under the Guardianship and Administration Act 1990. Court.	
Clause 55(5).	Public Trustee Act 1941 Sixth Schedule — Purchased land	The Sixth Schedule is deleted in its entirety.	The lot referred to in the Sixth Schedule was for the purposes of section 40A, which is deleted under clause 56(3). The Sixth Schedule is obsolete.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 56.	Racing and Gambling Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2003	Part 2 and Part 3 Division 1 are deleted in their entirety.	Part 2 and Part 3 Division 1 of the Racing and Gambling Legislation Amendment and
	Part 2 — Transitional matters related to enactment of RWWA Act		Repeal Act 2003 are transitional provisions relating to the establishment of Racing and Wagering Western Australia.
	Part 3 — Amendments consequential on enactment of RWWA Act		All the transitional provisions are now obsolete.
	Division 1 — Amendment of regulations		
Clause 57.	Railway (Tilley to Karara) Act 2010	Railway (Tilley to Karara) Act 2010	The definition of the term "specified" is "specified or
	4. Terms used	4. Terms used	described in the regulations".
	In this Part —	In this Part —	However, there is no regulation- making power in the <i>Railway</i>
			(Tilley to Karara) Act 2010 and
	Public Transport Authority means the Public Transport	Public Transport Authority means the Public Transport	consequently there are and can be no regulations.
	Authority of Western Australia established under the <i>Public Transport Authority Act 2003</i> section 5;	Authority of Western Australia established under the <i>Public Transport Authority Act 2003</i> section 5; section 5.	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	specified means specified or described in the regulations.	specified means specified or described in the regulations.	
Clause 58.	Residential Tenancies Act 1987 93. All security bonds to be transferred to bond administrator after renewal of agreement or within 18 months	Residential Tenancies Act 1987 93. All security bonds to be transferred to bond administrator after renewal of agreement or within 18 months	Section 29(4) paragraph (d) was deleted by section 25(4)(b) of the Residential Tenancies Amendment Act 2011.
	(2) The security bond is to be paid either — (b) to the bond administrator, in which case section 29(4)(b), (c) and (d) apply, with all necessary	(2) The security bond is to be paid either — (b) to the bond administrator, in which case section 29(4)(b), (c) and (d) 29(4)(b) and (c) apply, with	
	changes, to the payment.	all necessary changes, to the payment.	
Clause 59.	Retirement Villages Amendment Act 2012	Retirement Villages Amendment Act 2012	This amendment was made through the reprint process. This
	4. Section 3 amended	4. Section 3 amended	provision cannot come into effect.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(4) In section 3(1) in the definition of service contract after each of paragraphs (a) to (f) insert:	(4) In section 3(1) in the definition of service contract after each of paragraphs (a) to (f) insert:	
	or	Of	
Clause 60.	Road Traffic (Administration) Act 2008	Road Traffic (Administration) Act 2008	The word "is" needs to be inserted after the first occurrence
	58. Direction to provide reasonable assistance for powers of inspection and search	58. Direction to provide reasonable assistance for powers of inspection and search	of the word "direction" to correct the grammar.
	(5) A person to whom a direction given under subsection (1) must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the direction. Penalty: a fine of 50 PU	(5) A person to whom a direction given is given under subsection (1) must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the direction. Penalty: a fine of 50 PU	
Clause 61.	Sale of Goods (Vienna Convention) Act 1986	Sale of Goods (Vienna Convention) Act 1986	Required to correct a typographical error.
	Schedule 1 — Vienna Convention	Schedule 1 — Vienna Convention	
	Article 14	Article 14	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(1) A proposal for concluding a contract addressed to one or more specific persons constitutes an offer if it is sufficiently definite and indicates the intention of the offeror to be bound in case of acceptance. A proposal is sufficiently definite if it indicates the goods and expressly or implicitly fixes or makes provision for determing the quantity and the price.	(1) A proposal for concluding a contract addressed to one or more specific persons constitutes an offer if it is sufficiently definite and indicates the intention of the offeror to be bound in case of acceptance. A proposal is sufficiently definite if it indicates the goods and expressly or implicitly fixes or makes provision for determing determining the quantity and the price.	
State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	Sections 27, 28 and 29 are deleted in their entirety.	The Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938 was repealed by the Superannuation Act 2000.
27. Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976 amended 28. Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950 amended 29. Alcohol and Drug Authority Act 1974 amended		Section 27 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 9(5) of the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. Section 9(5) was deleted by the Agriculture and Related Resources
	(1) A proposal for concluding a contract addressed to one or more specific persons constitutes an offer if it is sufficiently definite and indicates the intention of the offeror to be bound in case of acceptance. A proposal is sufficiently definite if it indicates the goods and expressly or implicitly fixes or makes provision for determing the quantity and the price. State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 27. Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976 amended 28. Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950 amended	(1) A proposal for concluding a contract addressed to one or more specific persons constitutes an offer if it is sufficiently definite and indicates the intention of the offeror to be bound in case of acceptance. A proposal is sufficiently definite if it indicates the goods and expressly or implicitly fixes or makes provision for determing the quantity and the price. State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 27. Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976 amended 28. Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950 amended (1) A proposal for concluding a contract addressed to one or more specific persons constitutes an offer if it is sufficiently definite and indicates the intention of the offeror to be bound in case of acceptance. A proposal is sufficiently definite if it indicates the goods and expressly or implicitly fixes or makes provision for determing determining the quantity and the price. Sections 27, 28 and 29 are deleted in their entirety. Sections 27, 28 and 29 are deleted in their entirety.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			Protection Amendment Act 2010. The provision cannot come into effect.
			Section 28 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 8A of the Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950 was repealed by the Biosecurity and Agriculture Management (Repeal and Consequential Provisions) Act 2007. The provision cannot come into effect.
			Section 29 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 21(3)(a) and repeal section 22 of the Alcohol and Drug Authority Act 1974 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. Section 21

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			(3)(a) and section 22 were deleted by the <i>Alcohol and Drug Authority Amendment Act 2015</i> . The provision cannot come into effect.
Clause 62(3).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	Section 31 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 31 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions)
	31. Anti-Corruption Commission Act 1988 amended		Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 6(4) and (9) of the Anti-Corruption Commission Act 1988 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The Anti-Corruption Commission Act 1988 was repealed by the Corruption and Crime Commission Amendment and Repeal Act 2003. The provision cannot come into effect.
Clause 62(4).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	Section 44 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 sought to repeal
	Part 3 — Consequential	Part 3 — Consequential	section 73(a) and (b) of the
	amendments	amendments	Financial Administration and
			Audit Act 1985 to remove reference to the Superannuation
			and Family Benefits Act 1938.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	32. Art Gallery Act 1959 amended	32. Art Gallery Act 1959 amended 32A. Auditor General Act 2006 amended	The relevant provisions which section 44 sought to amend are now located under Schedule 1 clause 5(1) and (2) of the <i>Auditor General Act 2006</i> .
		(1) This section amends the Auditor General Act 2006. (2) In Schedule 1 clause 5(1) delete "rights, including any rights under the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938," and insert: rights	Section 44 is deleted under clause 65(7). New section 32A replaces section 44.
		(3) In Schedule 1 clause 5(2) delete "officer and, if applicable, for the purposes of the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938." and insert: officer.	
Clause 62(5).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 33. Builders' Registration Act 1939 amended	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 33. Builders' Registration Act 1939 amended	Section 33 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 5AA (2)(a) of the Builders'

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(2) Section 5AA(2)(a) of the Builders' Registration Act 1939* is amended by deleting ", including rights under the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938,".	(2) Section 5AA(2)(a) of the Builders' Registration Act 1939* is amended by deleting ", including rights under the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938,".	Registration Act 1939 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The Builders' Registration Act 1939 was repealed by the Building Services (Registration) Act 2011. The provision cannot come into effect.
Clause 62(6).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 34. Commercial Tribunal Act 1984 amended	Section 34 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 34 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 9(2)(a) of the Commercial Tribunal Act 1984 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The Commercial Tribunal Act 1984 was repealed by the State Administrative Tribunal (Conferral of Jurisdiction) Amendment and Repeal Act 2004). The provision cannot come into effect.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 62(7).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 44. Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 amended	Section 44 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 44 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to repeal section 73(a) and (b) of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The relevant provisions which section 44 sought to amend are now located under Schedule 1 clause 5(1) and (2) of the Auditor General Act 2006. The provision cannot come into effect. A new provision relating to the Auditor General Act 2006 is inserted under clause 65(4).
Clause 62(8).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	Section 60 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and
	60. Retirement Villages Act 1992 amended (2) Section 25(1)(g)(i) of the Retirement Villages Act 1992* is	60. Retirement Villages Act 1992 amended (2) Section 25(1)(g)(i) of the Retirement Villages Act 1992* is	sought to amend section 25(1)(g)(i) of the Retirement Villages Act 1992 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The original section 25 of the

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	amended by deleting ", and in particular his or her rights, if any, under the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938".	amended by deleting ", and in particular his or her rights, if any, under the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938".	Retirement Villages Act 1992 was repealed and replaced with a new section 25 by the Retirement Villages Amendment Act 2012, which does not reference the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The provision cannot come into effect.
Clause 62(9).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	Section 63 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 63 of the State Superannuation (Transitional
		Section 64 is deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:	and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and
	63. Small Claims Tribunals Act 1974 amended	64. Solicitor-General Act 1969 amended	sought to amend section 8(1)(g)(i) of the <i>Small Claims</i> <i>Tribunals Act 1974</i> to remove
	64. Solicitor-General Act 1969	(1) This section amends the Solicitor-General Act 1969.	reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938.
	amended	(2) In section 10(1)(a) delete "rights and in particular his rights, if any, under the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938; and" and insert:	The Small Claims Tribunals Act 1974 was repealed by the Courts Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2004. The provision cannot come into effect.
		rights; and	Section 64 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 10(1)

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			and (2) of the Solicitor General Act 1969 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. Section 10(2) of the Solicitor General Act 1969 was repealed by the Solicitor General Amendment Act 2006. Section 64(b) of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 cannot come into effect. A new provision relating to section 10(1)(a) of the Solicitor General Act 1969 needs to replace section 64 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000.
Clause 62(10).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 66. Stipendiary Magistrates Act 1957 amended	Sections 66 and 67 are deleted in their entirety.	Section 66 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 and sought to amend sections 5(4), 7(2), and repeal section 7 subsections (4), (5)

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	67. Strata Titles Act 1985 amended		and (6) of the Stipendiary Magistrates Act 1957 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The Stipendiary Magistrates Act 1957 was repealed by the Courts Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2004. The provision cannot come into effect.
			Section 67 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to amend section 73(1)(g)(i) of the Strata Titles Act 1985 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. Section 73(1)(g)(i) of the Strata Titles Act 1985 was repealed by the State Administrative Tribunal (Conferral of Jurisdiction) Amendment and Repeal Act 2004. The provision cannot come into effect.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 62(11).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 74. Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981 amended	Section 74 is deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows: 74. Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981 amended (1) This section amends the Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981. (2) In section 323(2) delete "or the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938".	Section 74 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and sought to repeal section 201(2) of the Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981 to remove reference to the Superannuation and Family Benefits Act 1938. The Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981 was renamed the Workers' Compensation and injury Management Act 2006 and section 201 was renumbered as section 323 by the Workers Compensation Reform Act 2004. A new provision needs to replace section 74 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 to reflect that the statute's name has changed and that section 201(2) was renumbered.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 62(12).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	Section 75 of the Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000 is unproclaimed and
	75. Various provisions repealed	75. Various provisions repealed	lists, in a Table appended to it,
	The provisions listed in the Table to this section are repealed.	The provisions listed in the Table to this section are repealed.	various provisions to be repealed in other Acts.
	Table of provisions repealed	Table of provisions repealed	
	Vocational Education and Training Act 1996 Sch. 4, cl. 7A Western Australian Planning Commission Act 1985 s. 43	Vocational Education and Training Act 1996 Sch. 4, cl. 7A Western Australian Planning Commission Act 1985 s. 43	The Table in section 75 sought to repeal Schedule 4 clause 7A of the Vocational Education and Training Act 1996. Schedule 4 of the Vocational Education and Training Act 1996 was repealed by the Training Legislation Amendment and Repeal Act 2008.
	Workplace Agreements Act 1993 Sch. 2, Part B, cl. 2	Workplace Agreements Act 1993 Sch. 2, Part B, cl. 2	The Table in section 75 sought to repeal section 43 of the Western Australian Planning Commission Act 1986. The Western Australian Planning Commission Act 1986 was repealed by the Planning and Development (Consequential and Transitional Provisions) Act 2005.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
			The Table in section 75 sought to repeal Schedule 2 Part B clause 2 of the Workplace Agreements Act 1993. The Workplace Agreements Act 1993 expired on 14 September 2003 pursuant to section 4A of that Act.
Clause 62(13).	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2000	The Health Services (Conciliation and Review) Act 1995 was renamed the Health and Disability Services (Complaints) Act 1995 by the Health and Disability Services Legislation Amendment Act 2010.
	75. Various provisions repealed	75. Various provisions repealed	
	The provisions listed in the Table to this section are repealed.	The provisions listed in the Table to this section are repealed.	
	Table of provisions repealed	Table of provisions repealed	
	Health Services (Conciliation and Review) Act 1995 Sch. 2, cl. 3	Health Services (Conciliation and Review) Act 1995 Health and Disability Services (Complaints) Act 1995 Sch. 2, cl. 3	

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Clause 63.	Strata Titles Amendment Act 2018 Part 3 — Other Acts amended Division 8 — Heritage of Western Australia Act 1990 amended	Part 3 Division 8 is deleted in its entirety.	Part 3 Division 8 is unproclaimed and sought to amend the Heritage of Western Australia Act 1990. The Heritage of Western Australia Act 1990 was repealed by the Heritage Act 2018. The provisions cannot come into effect.
Clause 64.	Teacher Registration Act 2012 166. Occupational Therapists Act 2005 amended	Section 166 is deleted in its entirety.	Section 166 of the Teacher Registration Act 2012 is unproclaimed and proposed a consequential amendment to section 4(d) of the Occupational Therapists Act 2005. The Occupational Therapists Act 2005 was repealed by section 14(g) of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (WA) Act 2010 on 1 July 2012. The provision cannot come into effect.
Clause 65.	University Medical School, Teaching Hospitals, Act 1955 4. Power of managing body or Minister to enter into agreement with Senate	University Medical School, Teaching Hospitals, Act 1955 4. Power of managing body or Minister to enter into agreement with Senate	Section 5 of the <i>University</i> Medical School, Teaching Hospitals, Act 1955 was deleted by section 305(6) of the Health Services Act 2016.

CLAUSE IN BILL	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	(1) Subject to subsection (2) and section 5, a health service provider that has control or management of a teaching hospital may enter into an agreement with the State in relation to —	(1) Subject to subsection (2) and section 5,(2), a health service provider that has control or management of a teaching hospital may enter into an agreement with the State in relation to —	
Clause 66.	Witness Protection (Western Australia) Act 1996	Witness Protection (Western Australia) Act 1996	Section 30 was deleted by section 130 of the <i>Criminal Investigation (Covert Powers)</i> Act 2012.
	28. Disclosure of information cannot be compelled	28. Disclosure of information cannot be compelled	
	(1) Subject to subsection (2) and section 30, no person who is given functions under this Act or under a complementary witness protection law or who, under a Supreme Court order made under Division 5 of Part 2, is required to do anything, shall be compelled —	(1) Subject to subsection (2) and section 30,(2) no person who is given functions under this Act or under a complementary witness protection law or who, under a Supreme Court order made under Division 5 of Part 2, is required to do anything, shall be compelled —	