

From:
To: [Environment and Public Affairs Committee](#)
Subject: Attachments to our submission on black market babies and cross State and international movements of pregnant minors and babies
Date: Wednesday, 23 August 2023 11:01:46 AM

Dear Kate

Attached are documents from the Origins library that were submitted to inquiries across decades. The article on the children of priests (a scandal which ABC journalist Suzanne Smith on behalf of Brendan Watkins is claiming 'whistleblower') was submitted to the NSW Parliamentary Inquiry into past adoption practices decades ago, and to more recent inquiries, too.

Elizabeth Brew on behalf of Origins

SCANDAL OF BABES WHO NEVER

Hospital in shock adoption racket

EXCLUSIVE by JOHN DUX

A MAJOR Sydney hospital falsely documented births to prevent adopted children ever being reunited with their natural parents, it was claimed this week.

Joanne Hile, president of Jigsaw International, said the children were registered in hospital and government files under the adoptive mothers' names, wiping out all evidence of their adoptions.

Jigsaw International was formed to help people trace their natural families.

Under the law a child (even if stillborn) must be registered under the natural mother's name.

Mrs Hile also believed huge sums of money had been paid to falsify birth details.

She claimed her organisation had at least six documented cases of people who were told there were no records of their children having been born at the hospital.

"We have suspected this for a long time, and I feel we now have proof," said Mrs Hile.

"These people have been devastated. All their hopes of ever tracing their children are gone".

Victim

Mr Peter Wren, of Walter St, Paddington, claimed yesterday he was a victim of illegal adop-

Sept 5-1978

WHERE? WHERE!

HOSPITAL IN BABY RACKET

"I have had no difficulty getting exact details of the birth of the first two children, a girl and a boy, at other hospitals," said Mr Wren.

"But I have run into a brick wall with the third. As far as the hospital and the department are concerned, that human being does not exist.

"All I want to tell the kids is that we didn't give them up because we did not love them."

Mrs Hile said she believed rich adoptive parents had paid hospital administrators to "fix" the documents.

"In some cases I have evidence to suggest that children who had

Continued from
Page 1

been 'allocated' were given the names of colors — Black, Green, Blue, Brown — to hold back real identities," she said.

"This shows how corrupt the system is. I am completely disgusted by these practices.

"This was obviously quite common between the 'forties and the mid-sixties, and I believe it was going on in Brisbane, too.

"I just hope that this infringement of the rights of children and adults has stopped. I'm

"These people have been devastated. All their hopes of ever tracing their children are gone."

Victim

Mr Peter Wren, of Walter St, Paddington, claimed yesterday he was a victim of illegal adoption practices at the hospital.

Mr Wren, 50, said his daughter had been born at the hospital to his wife in August, 1963.

The hospital and the Department of Youth and Community Services have told him the child was not born at the hospital.

"I should know. I went to the hospital with my then-wife Jennifer, when she began labour," he said.

"This has totally shattered me. I am sickened to think that anyone could cover up the birth of anyone's child."

Mr Wren's mother, Mrs Len Wren, told SUN-DAY: "I was there the day Peter took his wife to the hospital.



JOANNE HILE... shock claims.

"I fully support his claim, because I know she went into that particular hospital at that time and gave birth to the child."

Mr Wren said he had so far spent two years searching for his three

CONTINUED PAGE 14

Sunday Herald Sun, July 12, 1988

Sister's charity holds a message for popes

WHEN enormous attention is being paid to a Queensland woman who has rocked the foundations of traditional Australian politics, the death of one of Australia's great 20th-century women has passed with too little notice.

Across every group which makes up this country, from prime ministers to paupers, from establishment figures to the newest migrant, from the rich to the starving poor, Sister Mary Fabian was regarded as one of the most outstanding people they had met.

She died two weeks ago at 87, after spending 88 years of her life as a nun of the 160-year-old Australian Sisters of Charity.

Until the last few months of her life, she cared for others. Her most famous role was as founder of Melbourne's St Vincent's Private Hospital, a feat she achieved by an amazing manipulation of church, state and financial figures.

But there was another side to Sister Fabian's character which she refused to make public while she was alive. She was one of the strongest voices alerting her church to the problems which have become obvious and tragic in many areas, and in arguing for changes for the future.

As a young nun, she was approached by the legendary Archbishop Daniel Mannix to expand the maternity hospital then being run by the Charity nuns for impoverished mothers, to look after the single women and children whose "situation" had been created by priests.

There was almost total opposition to the idea from church officials but, as she did with hundreds of initiatives throughout her life, Sister Fabian's leadership prevailed.

Until the last few months when age and illness caught up with her, Sister Fabian kept in touch with scores of the children of those liaisons, and their children. Her loyalty meant the very best



PETER COSTIGAN

formed over the years in which she administered the secret side of her maternity hospital, stayed within her order and the Church.

But, should some future Pope restore the rule which pertained for the first millennium of Christianity, that celibacy of the clergy should not be compulsory, there will be notes in the Vatican which attest to the views of Sister Fabian.

Among them will be her strong opinion about what created some of the more appalling human problems which have emerged in recent years in the Catholic Church.

Significantly, the problems have not involved the order of nuns she joined so long ago. The Sisters of Charity attracted this powerful personality because they looked at the broad sweep of human needs.

They are best known to the general public for their St Vincent's public hospitals in Melbourne and Sydney, but they have operated private hospitals, schools and institutions for the dying in most Australian states.

There are few Charity nuns who, like Sister Fabian, have not confronted the problems facing all humans across their life spans. Such experience does not inspire abuse.

It was typical of Fabian, as the rich poor and her peers always knew her, that when she retired in 1968 from running the St Vincent's Private Hospital she founded, she did not know she would not visit the place again to let the new managers have their freedom. She also concurred on something she had



Mourned widely: Sister Fabian inspired thousands.

been involved in at the hospital, care of the dying.

She came to the conclusion that the happiness of many old and dying people was best served if they were cared for at home, rather than in specialist hospices, while agreeing the latter were more appropriate for some.

For many years, until late last year, and despite several major operations to keep her own declining body going, Sister Fabian led a group of carers, nuns and lay people in visiting the dying, especially those who had little family or other close support. She visited more than 40 such people every week.

from nothing is typical of her leadership and the support she inspired.

The millions of dollars needed for the new building on Melbourne's Eastern Hill were simply not available to the Sisters of Charity or to the Melbourne church Bazaar which would not lend the money without guarantees and the Victorian would not approve the project unless the finances were in order.

Sister Fabian went to a variety of people and put her case. The Jewish community organised the finance, at 2 per cent below bank rates, then Victorian Premier Henry Bolte introduced a unique bill to the Victorian Parliament to give a government guarantee (which was never needed) and Sister Fabian simply wrote to the Pope asking for permission.

SHE won it. Significantly, in the last act of her record-breaking premiership, Bolte introduced the St Vincent's Private Hospital, (Guaranteed) Bill. It was seconded jointly by then Labor leader Clyde Holding and the Country Party leader Peter Ross-Edwards.

It is one of the few acts of the Victorian Parliament which was passed unanimously in both chambers.

In the decade and a half she ran the hospital, Sister Fabian never turned a single patient away, though it was a private hospital. She had a secret color code system for admissions which she looked at every morning.

The rich paid, the poor were treated for nothing and she quietly talked to the "doubtfuls". Thousands of men and women from every culture and religion learned respect and honor from Sister Fabian's leadership.

Had she not spent her life directly helping others, she would have made a great first female Prime Minister.

Peter Costigan is a news affairs commentator and a member of the Press Council.