### Western Australia

# Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment Bill 2013

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17.

18. 19. 20. 21.

### Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment Bill 2013

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### Western Australia

### **LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY**

## Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment Bill 2013

### A Bill for

An Act to amend —

- the Prisons Act 1981; and
- the Young Offenders Act 1994, to make provision for various matters relating to the discipline of officers, and for related purposes.

The Parliament of Western Australia enacts as follows:

### s. 1

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Part 1 — Preliminary
Short title
This is the <i>Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment Act 2013.</i>

### 5 2. Commencement

- 6 This Act comes into operation as follows —
- 7 (a) sections 1 and 2 on the day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent;
- 9 (b) the rest of the Act on a day fixed by proclamation, 10 and different days may be fixed for different provisions.

1		Part 2 — <i>Prisons Act 1981</i> amended
2	3.	Act amended
3		This Part amends the <i>Prisons Act 1981</i> .
4	4.	Section 3 amended
5	(1)	In section 3(1) delete the definition of <i>Appeal Tribunal</i> .
6 7	(2)	In section 3(1) insert in alphabetical order:
8 9 10		<b>remove</b> , in relation to a prison officer, means terminate the employment of the prison officer;
11	5.	Section 8 amended
12 13 14		In section 8(1) delete "section 9, 35, 104, 105 or 106." and insert:
15 16		section 9 or 35.
17	6.	Section 13 amended
18 19	(1)	Delete section 13(3) and insert:
20 21 22 23		(3) The Minister may, on the recommendation of the chief executive officer under section 101(1)(b), remove a prison officer engaged under subsection (1).

In section 13(4) delete "consenting to a dismissal" and insert:

(2)

removal

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26 27

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1	7.	P	Part X replaced
2		Ι	Delete Part X and insert:
4			Part X — Discipline of prison officers
5			Division 1 — Preliminary
6		96.	Term used: prison officer
7			In this Part —
8 9			<i>prison officer</i> means a person engaged to be a prison officer under section 13(1).
10			Division 2 — General discipline
11		97.	Regulations, rules to be strictly observed
12 13 14			A prison officer must use his or her best endeavours to ensure that this Act, regulations made under this Act, rules and standing orders are strictly observed.
15 16		98.	Application of <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> Part 5
17 18			Prison officers are prescribed for the purposes of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> section 76(1)(b).
19 20			Division 3 — Removal of prison officers due to loss of confidence
21			Subdivision 1 — Preliminary
22		99.	Terms used
23 24			In this Division, unless the contrary intention appears —
25			appeal means an appeal under section 106;
26			appellant means a person who institutes an appeal;

1 2	<i>Chief Commissioner</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> ;		
3 4	<i>decision notice</i> has the meaning given in section 102(3)(b);		
5 6 7	<i>industrial commissioner</i> means a commissioner as defined in the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> section 7(1);		
8 9	<i>maintenance payment</i> has the meaning given in section 103(1);		
10 11	<i>maintenance period</i> has the meaning given in section 103(1);		
12 13 14	<i>new evidence</i> , on an appeal against the removal of a prison officer, means evidence other than evidence of any of the following —		
15 16 17	(a) a document or other material that was examined and taken into account by the chief executive officer in making the removal decision;		
18	(b) the notice given under section 102(1);		
19 20 21	(c) a written submission made to the chief executive officer by the prison officer under section 102(2);		
22	(d) a decision notice;		
23	(e) a notification of the removal;		
24 25 26	<b>prison officer</b> includes a superintendent, or other officer with custodial functions, appointed under section 6(3);		
27	removal action has the meaning given in section 101;		
28 29	<b>removal decision</b> means a decision of the chief executive officer to take removal action;		
30	suitability to continue as a prison officer means		
31	suitability to continue as a prison officer having regard		
32	to the officer's integrity, honesty, competence,		
33	performance or conduct;		

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1 2 3		Relation	ons Cor	ns The Western Australian Industrial mmission continued and constituted under <i>Relations Act 1979</i> .
4		Subdi	vision 2	2 — Removal of prison officers
5	100.	Appli	cation (	of Subdivision
6	(1)	This S	ubdivis	sion applies if —
7 8 9		(a)	confic	ief executive officer does not have lence in a prison officer's suitability to nue as a prison officer; and
10		(b)	the ch	ief executive officer —
11 12 13			(i)	decides not to take, or continue to take, disciplinary proceedings under the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> Part 5 against a prison officer; and
15 16			(ii)	decides instead to take removal action in relation to the prison officer;
17			and	
18 19 20 21		(c)	section taking	case of a prison officer engaged under n 13(1), the Minister consents to the g of removal action in relation to the n officer.
22	(2)	This S	ubdivis	sion applies despite the <i>Public Sector</i>
23	` ,			Act 1994 section 76(2).
24	101.	Remo	val acti	ion
25 26 27 28	(1)	in a proofficer follow	ison of the ching acti	decutive officer does not have confidence ficer's suitability to continue as a prison hief executive officer may take the fion ( <i>removal action</i> ) —
29 30		(a)		case of a prison officer appointed under n 6(3) — remove the prison officer;

1 2 3 4		(b) in the case of a prison officer engaged under section 13(1) — recommend to the Minister that the prison officer be removed under section 13(3).
5 6 7	(2)	Subsection (1)(a) applies in addition to, and does not limit the operation of, the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> .
8 9 10	(3)	The chief executive officer may conduct any necessary investigation to determine a prison officer's suitability to continue as a prison officer.
11 12 13	(4)	For the purpose of the investigation the chief executive officer may require the prison officer to do all or any of the following —
14 15 16		(a) provide the chief executive officer with any information or answer any question that the chief executive officer requires;
17 18 19		(b) produce to the chief executive officer any document in the custody or under the control of the prison officer.
20 21 22 23 24	(5)	The prison officer is not excused from giving information, answering any question or producing a document when required to do so under subsection (4) on the ground that the information, answer or document might —
25		(a) incriminate the prison officer; or
26 27 28		(b) render the prison officer liable to a disciplinary measure under Division 2 or removal under this Division.
29 30 31 32	(6)	The information, answer or document is not admissible in evidence against the prison officer in any criminal proceedings except in proceedings for an offence under subsection (7).

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1 2	(7)	_		er must not, in response to a requirement ion (4) —
3 4 5		(a)	inform	refuse to provide the required nation or answer or produce the required nent; or
6 7		(b)	_	nformation or an answer that is false or ding in a material particular; or
8 9 10		(c)	-	te a document that the prison officer is false or misleading in a material plar —
11 12 13 14			(i)	without indicating that the document is false or misleading and, to the extent the prison officer can, how the document is false or misleading; and
15 16 17 18			(ii)	if the prison officer has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information — without providing the correct information.
19 20			y: a fine both.	e of \$4 000 or 12 months' imprisonment,
21	102.	Notice	of loss	of confidence
22 23 24 25 26	(1)	written chief e	notice xecutiv officer'	cutive officer may give a prison officer a setting out the grounds on which the e officer does not have confidence in the s suitability to continue as a prison
27 28 29	(2)	the chi within	ef exec the foll	ficer may make written submissions to utive officer in relation to the notice owing period (the <i>submission period</i> ) —
30 31		(a)	21 day given;	rs after the day on which the notice is or
32 33		(b)	•	nger period after that day allowed by the executive officer.

1 2	(3)	After the submission period, the chief executive officer must —
3 4		(a) decide whether or not to take removal action against the prison officer; and
5 6		(b) give the prison officer written notice of the decision (the <i>decision notice</i> ).
7 8 9	(4)	The chief executive officer must not decide to take removal action against the prison officer unless the chief executive officer —
10 11 12		(a) has taken into account any written submissions received from the prison officer during the submission period; and
13 14 15		(b) still does not have confidence in a prison officer's suitability to continue as a prison officer.
16 17 18	(5)	If the chief executive officer decides to take removal action against the prison officer, the decision notice must contain the reasons for the decision.
19 20 21	(6)	Except as provided in the regulations, the chief executive officer must, within 7 days after giving the decision notice —
22 23 24		(a) give to the prison officer a copy of any documents that were considered by the chief executive officer in making the decision; and
25 26 27 28		(b) make available to the prison officer for inspection any other materials that were considered by the chief executive officer in making the decision.
29 30	(7)	The removal action may be carried out when the notice is given or at any time after that.

1	103.	Maintenance payment
2	(1)	If a prison officer is removed as a result of removal action, the prison officer is entitled to receive a
4		payment (a <i>maintenance payment</i> ) for the period of
5 6		28 days after the day on which the prison officer is removed (the <i>maintenance period</i> ).
7	(2)	The Minister may, in exceptional circumstances, direct
8		that a maintenance payment must be paid to the prison
9 10		officer for a specified period after the maintenance period.
11	(3)	For the purpose of subsection (2), the specified period is a period not exceeding 6 months are sified by the
12		is a period not exceeding 6 months specified by the Minister but in any event ending on the day any appeal
13 14		is determined by the WAIRC.
15	(4)	Any maintenance payment must be determined on the
16 17		basis of the salary of the prison officer at the time of the removal.
18 19	104.	Withdrawal of removal action and revocation of removal
19		
20	(1)	If removal action does not result in the removal of a prison officer, the chief executive officer may, by
21		notice in writing to the prison officer, withdraw the
22 23		removal action.
24	(2)	If a prison officer is removed as a result of removal
25	( )	action, the chief executive officer may, by notice in
26		writing to the prison officer, revoke the removal.
27	(3)	Subsection (2) applies even if an appeal has been
28		instituted against the removal.
29	(4)	Despite any other enactment, if the removal is revoked
30		1 1
50		under subsection (2), the removal is to be taken to be of no effect and to have never had any effect.

1	(5)	If the chief executive officer revokes the removal of a
2		prison officer under subsection (2), the prison officer is
3		not entitled to be paid his or her salary for any period
4		the prison officer received a maintenance payment.
5	105.	Resignation of prison officer who has been removed
6	(1)	Even if a prison officer is removed as a result of
7		removal action, the prison officer may resign at any
8		time before the end of the maintenance period.
9	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if an appeal has been
10		instituted against the removal.
11	(3)	A resignation under subsection (1) takes effect at the
12	· /	end of the maintenance period.
13	(4)	Despite any other enactment, if a prison officer resigns
14		under subsection (1), the removal of the prison officer
15		is to be taken to be of no effect and to have never had
16		any effect.
17	Subdi	ivision 3 — Appeal against removal of prison officer
18	106.	Appeal right
19	(1)	If a prison officer is removed as a result of removal
20		action, the prison officer may appeal to the WAIRC
21		against the removal decision on the ground that it was
22		harsh, oppressive or unfair.
23	(2)	The prison officer may institute the appeal by a notice
24		to the chief executive officer stating —
25		(a) the reasons for the removal decision being
26		harsh, oppressive or unfair; and
27		(b) the nature of the relief sought.
28	(3)	The appeal cannot be instituted —
29		(a) after the maintenance period; or

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1 2		(b)	if the prison officer has resigned under section 105(1).
3 4 5 6	(4)	the WA	e purposes of proceedings relating to the appeal, AIRC is to be constituted by not less than strial Commissioners, at least one of whom must
7		(a)	the Chief Commissioner; or
8 9		(b)	the Senior Commissioner within the meaning of that term in the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> .
10 11	(5)		aly parties to the appeal are the prison officer and ef executive officer.
12 13 14	(6)	-	ison officer does not have any right of appeal the removal decision other than under this a.
15	107.	Procee	edings on appeal
16 17	(1)		hearing of an appeal, the WAIRC must proceed following manner —
18			
19		(a)	first, it must consider the chief executive officer's reasons for the removal decision;
19 20 21 22		(a) (b)	·
20 21		` _	officer's reasons for the removal decision; second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision
20 21 22		(b)	officer's reasons for the removal decision; second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or unfair; third, it must consider the case presented by the chief executive officer in answer to the
20 21 22 23		(b)	officer's reasons for the removal decision; second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or unfair; third, it must consider the case presented by the
20 21 22 23 24	(2)	(b) (c) The ap	officer's reasons for the removal decision; second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or unfair; third, it must consider the case presented by the chief executive officer in answer to the appellant's case.  Opellant has at all times the burden of establishing
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(2)	(b) (c) The ap that the	officer's reasons for the removal decision; second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or unfair; third, it must consider the case presented by the chief executive officer in answer to the appellant's case.
20 21 22 23 24 25	(2)	(b) (c) The ap	officer's reasons for the removal decision; second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or unfair; third, it must consider the case presented by the chief executive officer in answer to the appellant's case.  Opellant has at all times the burden of establishing
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(2)	(b) (c) The ap that the unfair.	officer's reasons for the removal decision; second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or unfair; third, it must consider the case presented by the chief executive officer in answer to the appellant's case.  The pellant has at all times the burden of establishing the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or extion (2) has effect despite any law or practice to

1 2 3	(4)	otherw	vise requ	ing the matters to which the WAIRC is uired or permitted to have regard in ne appeal, it must have regard to —
4		(a)	the int	erests of the appellant; and
5 6		(b)	the puinclud	blic interest, which is to be taken to e—
7 8 9 10			(i)	the importance of maintaining public confidence in the integrity, honesty, conduct and standard of performance of prison officers; and
11 12 13			(ii)	the special nature of the relationship between the chief executive officer and prison officers.
14	108.	Leave	to tend	ler new evidence on appeal
15 16 17	(1)	during	ga heari	e cannot be tendered to the WAIRC ng of an appeal unless the WAIRC grants absection (2) or (3).
18 19	(2)	leave t	to tende	may grant the chief executive officer r new evidence if —
20		(a)	•	pellant consents; or
21 22		(b)	it is sa	tisfied that it is in the interests of justice so.
23 24	(3)		/AIRC 1 vidence	may grant the appellant leave to tender if —
25		(a)	the ch	ief executive officer consents; or
26		(b)	the W	AIRC is satisfied that —
27 28 29 30			(i)	the appellant is likely to be able to use the new evidence to show that the chief executive officer has acted upon wrong or mistaken information; or

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1 2 3			(ii)	the new evidence might materially have affected the chief executive officer's removal decision; or
4			(iii)	it is in the interests of justice to do so.
5 6	(4)			e of its discretion under subsection (3), nust have regard to —
7 8 9		` /	substa	er or not the appellant was aware of the nee of the new evidence before the ant's removal; and
10 11 12			evider the ap	er or not the substance of the new nee was contained in a document to which pellant had reasonable access before the
13			appell	ant's removal.
13	109.			to consider new evidence
	<b>109.</b> (1)	Opport  If the ch	t <b>unity</b> nief ex	
14 15		Opport If the ch new evi (a)	tunity nief ex idence the Wareason	to consider new evidence ecutive officer is given leave to tender
14 15 16 17		Opport If the chew evi (a) (b)	nief exidence the Wreason evider the ap WAIR section	to consider new evidence ecutive officer is given leave to tender under section 108(2) — AIRC must give the appellant a table opportunity to consider the new

1 2	110A.	Revocation of removal after consideration of new evidence			
3 4 5	(1)	execut	ing considered any new evidence, the chief ive officer revokes the removal under a 104(2)—		
6 7		(a)	the chief executive officer must give the WAIRC notice of the revocation; and		
8 9		(b)	the hearing of the appeal is discontinued when the WAIRC receives the notice.		
10 11 12	(2)	subsec	chief executive officer does not give notice under tion (1), the hearing of the appeal must continue chief executive officer may —		
13 14 15		(a)	reformulate his or her reasons for not having confidence in the appellant's suitability to continue as a prison officer; and		
16 17 18		(b)	without the leave of the WAIRC, tender new evidence under this section in response to the new evidence tendered by the appellant.		
19 20 21	(3)	differ	ns reformulated under subsection (2)(a) may from, or be additional to, the reasons given to the ant in the decision notice.		
22 23	(4)		chief executive officer reformulates reasons subsection (2)(a) —		
24 25 26 27		(a)	the chief executive officer must give the WAIRC and the appellant notice in writing of the reasons before the resumption of the hearing of the appeal; and		
28 29 30		(b)	the WAIRC must consider the reasons as if they had been reasons given to the appellant in the decision notice.		

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110B.	Application of Industrial Relations Act 1979 to
	appeals

The provisions of the *Industrial Relations Act 1979* listed in the Table apply to, and in relation to, an appeal and its determination, subject to —

- (a) any specific modifications set out in the Table; and
- (b) all other necessary modifications.

### Table

1 ante			
s. 26(1)(a) and (b)			
s. 26(3)			
s. 27(1)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (h), (ha), (hb), (l), (m), (n), (o) and (v)			
s. 27(1a)			
s. 28	The section applies only in relation to powers conferred by section 27 listed in this Table.		
s. 31(1)	Paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply but the subsection is to be read as if it contained the following paragraphs —		
	" (b) with the leave of the Commission, by an agent; or		
	(c) by a legal practitioner. ".		
s. 31(3)			
s. 31(5)			

	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
s. 32	Section 32(1) is to be read as if a reference to "Where an industrial matter has been referred to the Commission the Commission shall, unless it" were a reference to "Where the Commission is dealing with an appeal instituted under the <i>Prisons Act 1981</i> section 106, a member of the Commission may recommend that the parties to the appeal, unless he or she".
	References to "the matter" and "an industrial matter" are to be read as if they were references to "the appeal".
	For the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), <i>Commission</i> does not include an industrial commissioner constituting the WAIRC to hear the appeal.
	Subsections (4), (6), (7) and (8) do not apply.
s. 33	A summons must not be issued under section 33(1)(a) to the Governor.
	A summons may be issued to the chief executive officer or the Minister but only at the direction of a commissioner appointed under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> if that commissioner is satisfied that there are extraordinary grounds for doing so.
	A summons may not be issued to any other person except at the direction of a commissioner.

s. 34	A reference in subsection (1) to "an award, order, or declaration" is to be read as if it were a reference to "an order".  A reference in subsection (3) to "the President, the Full Bench, or the Commission" is to be read as if it were a reference to "the Commission".
	A reference in subsection (4) to "no award, order, declaration, finding, or proceeding of the President, the Full Bench, or the Commission" is to be read as if it were a reference to "no decision, order, finding or proceeding of the Commission".
s. 35	
s. 36	
s. 86	The section does not apply in relation to costs and expenses, other than expenses of witnesses.
s. 90	A reference in subsection (1) to "any decision of the President, the Full Bench, or the Commission in Court Session" is to be read as if it were a reference to "a decision of the Commission under the <i>Prisons Act 1981</i> section 110E".

## 110C. Adjournment of appeal if appellant charged with offence

- (1) The chief executive officer or an appellant may apply to the WAIRC for an adjournment of the hearing of an appeal if the appellant has been
  - (a) charged with an offence relating to any matter, act or omission that was taken into account by

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1 2 3		the chief executive officer in deciding that he or she did not have confidence in the appellant's suitability to continue as a prison officer; and
4 5		(b) the charge has not been finally determined by a court or otherwise disposed of.
6 7 8 9	(2)	If an adjournment application is made by the chief executive officer, the WAIRC may adjourn the hearing of the appeal if it considers that it is in the interests of justice to do so.
10 11 12 13	(3)	If an adjournment application is made by the appellant, the WAIRC must adjourn the hearing of the appeal for the period (not exceeding 12 months) requested by the appellant.
14 15 16 17 18	(4)	Before the end of the period of an adjournment under this section, the chief executive officer or the appellant may apply to the WAIRC for a further adjournment and, if it is in the interests of justice to do so, the WAIRC may grant a further adjournment for the period specified by it.
20 21	(5)	Subsections (2) and (4) do not affect any other power of the WAIRC to grant an adjournment.
22	110D.	Resumption of appeal before end of adjournment
23 24 25 26 27 28		If the charge is finally determined by a court or otherwise disposed of before the end of an adjournment under section 110C, the chief executive officer or the appellant may apply to the WAIRC for the hearing of the appeal to be resumed on a date specified by the WAIRC.
29	110E.	Decision by WAIRC
30 31 32	(1)	This section applies if the WAIRC decides on an appeal that the decision to take removal action relating to the appellant was harsh, oppressive or unfair.

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1	(2)	The WAIRC may —
2		(a) order that the appellant's removal is, and is to be taken to have always been, of no effect; or
4 5 6 7		(b) if it is impracticable to make an order under paragraph (a), order the chief executive officer to pay the appellant an amount of compensation for loss or injury caused by the removal.
8 9 10	(3)	In considering whether or not it is impracticable to make an order under subsection (2)(a), it is relevant to consider —
11 12 13		(a) whether, at the time of the appellant's removal, the position occupied by the appellant is vacant; and
14 15		(b) whether there is another suitable vacant position in the Department.
16 17 18 19	(4)	If the WAIRC makes an order under subsection (2)(a), the appellant is not entitled to be paid his or her remuneration as a prison officer for any period the appellant received a maintenance payment.
20 21	(5)	An order under this section may require that it be complied with within a specified time.
22	110F.	Determining amount of compensation
23 24 25	(1)	An amount of compensation ordered under section 110E(2)(b) must be determined in accordance with this section.
26 27	(2)	In determining the amount, the WAIRC must have regard to all of the following —
28 29 30		(a) the efforts, if any, of the chief executive officer and the appellant to mitigate the loss suffered by the appellant as a result of the removal;
31 32		(b) any maintenance payment received by the appellant;

1		(c) any redress the appellant has obtained under
2		another enactment where the evidence
3		necessary to establish that redress is also the
4		evidence necessary to establish on the appeal
5		that the removal was harsh, oppressive or
6		unfair;
7 8		(d) any other matter that the WAIRC considers relevant.
0	(2)	In determining the amount, the WAIDC may have
9	(3)	In determining the amount, the WAIRC may have regard to the average rate of remuneration as a prison
10		officer received by the appellant during any relevant
11 12		period of service.
13	(4)	The amount must not exceed 12 months' remuneration
14	. ,	as a prison officer.
15	110G.	Restriction on publication
16	(1)	If the WAIRC is satisfied that it is in the public
17		interest, it may direct that any evidence given before it,
18		or the contents of any document produced to it, on an
19		appeal —
20		(a) must not be published; or
21		(b) must not be published except in a manner, and
22		to persons, specified by the WAIRC.
23	(2)	A person must not contravene a direction given under
24		this section.
25		Penalty: a fine of \$4 000 or 12 months' imprisonment,
26		or both.
27		Subdivision 4 — General
28	110H.	Effect of charge for, or conviction or acquittal of,
29		offence
30		The chief executive officer can take removal action in
31		relation to a prison officer for a particular matter, act or

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		ion even if the matter, act or omission is an nt of an offence—
	(a)	with which the prison officer has been charged; or
	(b)	of which the prison officer has been convicted or acquitted.
110I.	Failur	re to comply with procedure
		t or omission of the chief executive officer is not d, and cannot be called in question, if —
	(a)	the act or omission comprises a failure to comply with procedure prescribed for the purposes of this Division; and
	(b)	the failure is not substantive.
110J.	Trans	fer, standing down and leave of prison officer
(1)		Division does not derogate from the chief tive officer's power to —
	(a)	transfer a prison officer; or
	(b)	stand a prison officer down from performing that prison officer's usual duties, with or without pay, until the prison officer is directed by the chief executive officer to return to those duties; or
		•
	(c)	allocate duties to a prison officer other than the prison officer's usual duties.
	110Ј.	element (a) (b)  110I. Failur An act invalid (a) (b)  110J. Trans (1) This Dexecution (a)

1 2 3 4 5	(3)	The chief executive officer must not direct a prison officer in relation to whom removal action is being taken to take leave during the removal action unless the leave accrues during any period that the prison officer is stood down from performing the prison officer's usual duties.
7	110K.	Review of Division
8	(1)	In this section —
9 10 11		commencement day means the day on which the Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment Act 2013 Part 2 comes into operation.
12 13 14 15 16	(2)	The Minister must carry out a review of the operation and effectiveness of this Division as soon as is practicable after the expiry of 24 months after the commencement day and in the course of that review the Minister must consider and have regard to—
17		(a) the effectiveness of this Division; and
18		(b) the need for the retention of the Division; and
19 20 21		(c) any other matters that appear to the Minister to be relevant to the operation and effectiveness of this Division.
22 23 24 25 26	(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), in carrying out the review, the Minister must consult with and have regard to the views of the Chief Commissioner of the WAIRC, the chief executive officer and any union that has prison officers as some or all of its members.
27 28 29 30 31 32	(4)	The Minister must prepare a report based on the review and, as soon as is practicable after the report is prepared (and in any event not more than 30 months after the commencement day), cause a copy of it to be laid before each House of Parliament.

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1	8.	Secti	on 110 amended
2		In se	ction 110(1):
3 4 5		(a)	in paragraph (w) delete "termination arising from or connected with disciplinary matters; and" and insert:
6			removal of prison officers under Part X.
8		(b)	delete paragraph (x).
9	9.	Part	XII inserted
10 11		After	section 117 insert:
12		Part 2	XII — Savings and transitional provisions
13		for (	Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline)
14			Amendment Act 2013
15		118.	Purpose
16 17 18 19			The purpose of this Part is to enact savings and transitional provisions in relation to the <i>Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment Act 2013</i> Part 2.
20		119.	Disciplinary offences before commencement day
21		(1)	In this section —
22 23 24			commencement day means the day on which the Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment Act 2013 Part 2 comes into operation;
25 26			former disciplinary provisions means Part X as it was in force immediately before the commencement day;

1 2		<i>misconduct</i> , by a prison officer, means conduct by the prison officer that is or is reasonably suspected to be —
3 4 5		(a) substandard performance or a breach of discipline, as those terms are defined in the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> ; or
6 7 8		(b) conduct that may result in the chief executive officer taking removal action, as defined in section 99, in relation to the prison officer;
9 10		<i>penalty</i> , under Part X, includes removal of a prison officer.
11 12 13 14 15 16	(2)	Proceedings for a disciplinary offence instituted under the former disciplinary provisions that are pending immediately before the commencement day are to be dealt with and determined under those provisions as if the <i>Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline)</i> <i>Amendment Act 2013</i> Part 2 had not come into operation.
18 19 20 21 22	(3)	Part X applies to misconduct committed, or suspected of having been committed, by a prison officer before the commencement day but in relation to which proceedings for a disciplinary offence have not been instituted under the former disciplinary provisions.
23 24 25 26 27 28	(4)	However, if misconduct occurring before the commencement day would have constituted a disciplinary offence under the former disciplinary provisions, a penalty cannot be imposed under Part X in relation to the misconduct unless that penalty would also have been able to be imposed for the disciplinary offence under the former disciplinary provisions.
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1		Part 3 — Young Offenders Act 1994 amended		
2	10.	Act amended		
3		This Part amends the Young Offenders Act 1994.		
4	11.	Section 3 amended		
5 6		In section 3 insert in alphabetical order:		
7		custodial officer means —		
8 9		(a) a superintendent, or other officer with custodial functions, appointed under section 11(1); or		
10 11		(b) a person who is appointed under section 11(1a)(a) as a custodial officer;		
12 13 14 15		<b>remove</b> , in relation to an officer or other person appointed under section 11(1), means terminate the employment of the officer or person;		
16	12.	Part 3 Division 1 heading replaced		
17 18		Delete the heading to Part 3 Division 1 and insert:		
19 20		Division 1 — Chief executive officer		
21	13.	Part 3 Division 2 heading inserted		
22 23		After section 10 insert:		
24 25		Division 2 — Other officers and employees		

1	14.	Section 11 amended				
2	(1)	In section 11(1a):				
3 4 5		(a) in paragraph (a) delete "functions ( <i>group workers</i> ); and' and insert:				
6 7		functions; and				
8 9		(b) delete "terminate the appointment of" and insert:				
10 11		remove				
12 13	(2)	Delete section 11(1b)(b) and insert:				
14		(b) may be subject to —				
15 16		(i) disciplinary proceedings provided for in the regulations; or				
17 18 19 20 21		(ii) if regulations are made under subsection (1C) — disciplinary proceedings under the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> Part 5.				
22 23	(3)	After section 11(1b) insert:				
24 25 26 27	(	(1C) The regulations may prescribe custodial officers for the purposes of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> section 76(1)(b).				
28	15.	Section 11B amended				
29 30		In section 11B delete "person who is appointed under section 11(1) or (1a) as a".				
31		Note: The heading to amended section 11B is to read:				
32		Powers and duties of custodial officers				

1	16.	5. Part 3 Division 3 inserted				
2		After section 11B insert:				
3						
4		Division 3 — Removal of custodial officers due to loss of				
5		confidence				
6			Subdivision 1 — Preliminary			
7		11CA.	Terms used			
8 9			In this Division, unless the contrary intention appears —			
10			appeal means an appeal under section 11CH;			
11			appellant means a person who institutes an appeal;			
12 13			<i>Chief Commissioner</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> ;			
14 15			<i>decision notice</i> has the meaning given in section 11CD(3)(b);			
16 17 18			<i>industrial commissioner</i> means a commissioner as defined in the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> section 7(1);			
19 20			<i>maintenance payment</i> has the meaning given in section 11CE(1);			
21 22			maintenance period has the meaning given in section 11CE(1);			
23 24 25			<i>new evidence</i> , on an appeal against the removal of a custodial officer, means evidence other than evidence of any of the following —			
26 27 28			(a) a document or other material that was examined and taken into account by the chief executive officer in making the removal decision;			
29			(b) the notice given under section 11CD(1);			

1 2 3		(c)	execut	ten submission made to the chief tive officer by the custodial officer under in 11CD(2);
4		(d)	a deci:	sion notice;
5		(e)	a notif	fication of the removal;
6 7 8		the ren		n, in relation to a custodial officer, means f the custodial officer under
9 10	removal decision means a decision of the chief executive officer to take removal action;			
11 12 13 14	suitability to continue as a custodial officer means suitability to continue as a custodial officer having regard to the officer's integrity, honesty, competence, performance or conduct;			
15 16 17		Relatio	ons Cor	ns The Western Australian Industrial numission continued and constituted under <i>Relations Act 1979</i> .
18		Subdiv	ision 2	— Removal of custodial officers
19	11CB.	Applio	cation (	of Subdivision
20	(1)	This S	ubdivis	ion applies if —
21		(a)	the ch	ief executive officer does not have
22				ence in a custodial officer's suitability to
23				ue as a custodial officer; and
24		(b)	the ch	ief executive officer —
25			(i)	decides not to take, or continue to take,
26 27				disciplinary proceedings referred to in section 11(1b)(b) against a custodial
27 28				officer; and
29 30			(ii)	decides instead to take removal action in relation to the custodial officer.

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1 2	(2)	If regulations are made under section 11(1C), this Subdivision applies despite the <i>Public Sector</i> Management Act 1004 section 76(2)		
3		Management Act 1994 section 76(2).		
4	11CC.	Removal action		
5 6 7 8	(1)	If the chief executive officer does not have confidence in a custodial officer's suitability to continue as a custodial officer, the chief executive officer may remove the custodial officer.		
9 10 11	(2)	Subsection (1) applies in addition to, and does not limit the operation of, the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> .		
12 13 14	(3)	The chief executive officer may conduct any necessary investigation to determine a custodial officer's suitability to continue as a custodial officer.		
15 16 17	(4)	For the purpose of the investigation the chief executive officer may require the custodial officer to do all or any of the following —		
18 19 20		(a) provide the chief executive officer with any information or answer any question that the chief executive officer requires;		
21 22 23		(b) produce to the chief executive officer any document in the custody or under the control of the custodial officer.		
24 25 26 27 28	(5)	The custodial officer is not excused from giving information, answering any question or producing a document when required to do so under subsection (4) on the ground that the information, answer or document might —		
29 30 31 32		<ul><li>(a) incriminate the custodial officer; or</li><li>(b) render the custodial officer liable to a disciplinary measure under section 11 or removal under this Division.</li></ul>		

1 2 3 4	(6)	The information, answer or document is not admissible in evidence against the custodial officer in any criminal proceedings except in proceedings for an offence under subsection (7).		
5 6	(7)	A custodial officer must not, in response to a requirement under subsection (4) —		
7 8 9		(a) fail or refuse to provide the required information or answer or produce the required document; or		
10 11		(b) give information or an answer that is false or misleading in a material particular; or		
12 13 14		(c) produce a document that the custodial officer knows is false or misleading in a material particular —		
15 16 17 18		(i) without indicating that the document is false or misleading and, to the extent the custodial officer can, how the document is false or misleading; and		
19 20 21 22		<ul><li>(ii) if the custodial officer has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information — without providing the correct information.</li></ul>		
23 24		Penalty: a fine of \$4 000 and imprisonment for 12 months.		
25	11CD.	Notice of loss of confidence		
26 27 28 29 30	(1)	The chief executive officer may give the custodial officer a written notice setting out the grounds on which the chief executive officer does not have confidence in the custodial officer's suitability to continue as a custodial officer.		
31 32 33	(2)	The custodial officer may make written submissions to the chief executive officer in relation to the notice within the following period (the <i>submission period</i> ) —		

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1 2		(a)	21 days after the day on which the notice is given; or	
3 4		(b)	any longer period after that day allowed by the chief executive officer.	
5 6	(3)	After t	the submission period, the chief executive officer	
7 8		(a)	decide whether or not to take removal action against the custodial officer; and	
9 10		(b)	give the custodial officer written notice of the decision (the <i>decision notice</i> ).	
11 12 13	(4)	remov	nief executive officer must not decide to take al action against the custodial officer unless the executive officer —	
14 15 16		(a)	has taken into account any written submissions received from the custodial officer during the submission period; and	
17 18 19		(b)	still does not have confidence in a custodial officer's suitability to continue as a custodial officer.	
20 21 22	(5)	If the chief executive officer decides to take removal action against the custodial officer, the decision notice must contain the reasons for the decision.		
23 24 25	(6)	Except as provided in the regulations, the chief executive officer must, within 7 days after giving the decision notice —		
26 27 28		(a)	give to the custodial officer a copy of any documents that were considered by the chief executive officer in making the decision; and	
29 30 31 32		(b)	make available to the custodial officer for inspection any other materials that were considered by the chief executive officer in making the decision.	

1 2	(7)	The removal action may be carried out when the notice is given or at any time after that.
3	11CE.	Maintenance payment
4	(1)	If a custodial officer is removed as a result of removal
5		action, the custodial officer is entitled to receive a
6		payment (a <i>maintenance payment</i> ) for the period of
7		28 days after the day on which the custodial officer is
8		removed (the <i>maintenance period</i> ).
9	(2)	The Minister may, in exceptional circumstances, direct
10		that a maintenance payment must be paid to the
11		custodial officer for a specified period after the
12		maintenance period.
13	(3)	For the purpose of subsection (2), the specified period
14	( )	is a period not exceeding 6 months specified by the
15		Minister but in any event ending on the day any appeal
16		is determined by the WAIRC.
17	(4)	Any maintenance payment must be determined on the
18	. ,	basis of the salary of the custodial officer at the time of
19		the removal.
20	11 <b>CF</b> .	Withdrawal of removal action and revocation of
21	mer.	removal
22	(1)	If a custodial officer is removed as a result of removal
23	(1)	action, the chief executive officer may, by notice in
24		writing to the custodial officer, revoke the removal.
	(2)	
25	(2)	Subsection (1) applies even if an appeal has been instituted against the removal
26		instituted against the removal.
27	(3)	Despite any other enactment, if the removal is revoked
28		under subsection (1), the removal is to be taken to be of
29		no effect and to have never had any effect.
30	(4)	If the chief executive officer revokes the removal of a
31		custodial officer under subsection (1), the custodial

1 2 3		officer is not entitled to be paid his or her salary for any period the custodial officer received a maintenance payment.
4 5	11CG.	Resignation of custodial officer who has been removed
6 7 8	(1)	Even if a custodial officer is removed as a result of removal action, the custodial officer may resign at any time before the end of the maintenance period.
9 10	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if an appeal has been instituted against the removal.
11 12	(3)	A resignation under subsection (1) takes effect at the end of the maintenance period.
13 14 15 16	(4)	Despite any other enactment, if a custodial officer resigns under subsection (1), the removal of the custodial officer is to be taken to be of no effect and to have never had any effect.
17	Subdiv	ision 3 — Appeal against removal of custodial officer
18	11CH.	Appeal right
19 20 21 22	(1)	If a custodial officer is removed as a result of removal action, the custodial officer may appeal to the WAIRC against the removal decision on the ground that it was harsh, oppressive or unfair.
23 24	(2)	The custodial officer may institute the appeal by a notice to the chief executive officer stating —
25 26		(a) the reasons for the removal decision being harsh, oppressive or unfair; and
27		(b) the nature of the relief sought.
28	(3)	The appeal cannot be instituted —
29		(a) after the maintenance period; or

1 2		(b) if the custodial officer has resigned under section 11CG(1).
3 4 5 6	(4)	For the purposes of proceedings relating to the appeal, the WAIRC is to be constituted by not less than 3 industrial Commissioners, at least one of whom must be —
7		(a) the Chief Commissioner; or
8 9		(b) the Senior Commissioner within the meaning of that term in the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> .
10 11	(5)	The only parties to the appeal are the custodial officer and the chief executive officer.
12 13 14	(6)	The custodial officer does not have any right of appeal against the removal decision other than under this section.
15	11CI.	Proceedings on appeal
		9
16 17	(1)	On the hearing of an appeal, the WAIRC must proceed in the following manner —
16		On the hearing of an appeal, the WAIRC must proceed
16 17 18		On the hearing of an appeal, the WAIRC must proceed in the following manner —  (a) first, it must consider the chief executive
16 17 18 19 20 21		On the hearing of an appeal, the WAIRC must proceed in the following manner —  (a) first, it must consider the chief executive officer's reasons for the removal decision;  (b) second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		On the hearing of an appeal, the WAIRC must proceed in the following manner —  (a) first, it must consider the chief executive officer's reasons for the removal decision;  (b) second, it must consider the case presented by the appellant as to why the removal decision was harsh, oppressive or unfair;  (c) third, it must consider the case presented by the chief executive officer in answer to the

1 2 3	(4)	otherw	ise req	ing the matters to which the WAIRC is uired or permitted to have regard in he appeal, it must have regard to—
			_	
4		(a)		erests of the appellant; and
5 6		(b)	the pu includ	blic interest, which is to be taken to e—
7			(i)	the importance of maintaining public
8			( )	confidence in the integrity, honesty,
9				conduct and standard of performance of
10				custodial officers; and
11			(ii)	the special nature of the relationship
12				between the chief executive officer and
13				custodial officers.
14	11CJ.	Leave	to tend	ler new evidence on appeal
15	(1)	New e	vidence	e cannot be tendered to the WAIRC
16		during	a heari	ng of an appeal unless the WAIRC grants
17		leave u	ınder sı	absection (2) or (3).
18	(2)	The W	'AIRC 1	may grant the chief executive officer
19	( )			r new evidence if —
20		(a)	the ap	pellant consents; or
21		(b)	it is sa	tisfied that it is in the interests of justice
22		· /	to do s	•
23	(3)	The W	'AIRC 1	may grant the appellant leave to tender
24	· /		idence	
25		(a)	the ch	ief executive officer consents; or
26		(b)	the W	AIRC is satisfied that —
27			(i)	the appellant is likely to be able to use
28				the new evidence to show that the chief
29				executive officer has acted upon wrong
30				or mistaken information; or

		(ii)	the new evidence might materially have affected the chief executive officer's removal decision; or
		(iii)	it is in the interests of justice to do so.
(4)			e of its discretion under subsection (3), nust have regard to —
	(a)	substa	her or not the appellant was aware of the ance of the new evidence before the lant's removal; and
	(b)	evidenthe ap	ner or not the substance of the new nee was contained in a document to which spellant had reasonable access before the lant's removal.
11CK.	Oppo	rtunity	to consider new evidence
(1)			ecutive officer is given leave to tender under section 11CJ(2)—
	(a)	reason	AIRC must give the appellant a nable opportunity to consider the new nce; and
	(b)	WAIF	pellant may, without the leave of the RC, tender new evidence under this
			n in response to the new evidence red by the chief executive officer.
	11CK.	the W. (a)  (b)  11CK. Oppor  (1) If the conew expects (a)	(iii)  (4) In the exercise the WAIRC results appelled the

1 2	11CL.	Revocation of removal after consideration of new evidence
3 4 5	(1)	If, having considered any new evidence, the chief executive officer revokes the removal under section 11CF(1) —
6 7		(a) the chief executive officer must give the WAIRC notice of the revocation; and
8 9		(b) the hearing of the appeal is discontinued when the WAIRC receives the notice.
10 11 12	(2)	If the chief executive officer does not give notice under subsection (1), the hearing of the appeal must continue but the chief executive officer may —
13 14 15		(a) reformulate his or her reasons for not having confidence in the appellant's suitability to continue as a custodial officer; and
16 17 18		(b) without the leave of the WAIRC, tender new evidence under this section in response to the new evidence tendered by the appellant.
19 20 21	(3)	Reasons reformulated under subsection (2)(a) may differ from, or be additional to, the reasons given to the appellant in the decision notice.
22 23	(4)	If the chief executive officer reformulates reasons under subsection (2)(a) —
24 25 26 27		(a) the chief executive officer must give the WAIRC and the appellant notice in writing of the reasons before the resumption of the hearing of the appeal; and
28 29 30		(b) the WAIRC must consider the reasons as if they had been reasons given to the appellant in the decision notice.

11CM.	Application of <i>Inc</i> appeals	dustrial Relations Act 1979 to	
	-	the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> apply to, and in relation to, an appeal on, subject to —	
,	(a) any specific modifications set out in the Table; and		
}	(b) all other ne	cessary modifications.	
)		Table	
	s. 26(1)(a) and (b)		
	s. 26(3)		
	s. 27(1)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (h), (ha), (hb), (l), (m), (n), (o) and (v)		
	s. 27(1a)		
	s. 28	The section applies only in relation to powers conferred by section 27 listed in this Table.	
	s. 31(1)	Paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply but the subsection is to be read as if it contained the following paragraphs —	
		" (b) with the leave of the Commission, by an agent; or	
		(c) by a legal practitioner. ".	

s. 31(3)

s. 31(5)	
s. 32	Section 32(1) is to be read as if a reference to "Where an industrial matter has been referred to the Commission the Commission shall, unless it" were a reference to "Where the Commission is dealing with an appeal instituted under the <i>Young Offenders Act 1994</i> section 11CH, a member of the Commission may recommend that the parties to the appeal, unless he or she".
	References to "the matter" and "an industrial matter" are to be read as if they were references to "the appeal".
	For the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), <i>Commission</i> does not include an industrial commissioner constituting the WAIRC to hear the appeal.
	Subsections (4), (6), (7) and (8) do not apply.

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s. 33	A summons must not be issued under section 33(1)(a) to the Governor.
	A summons may be issued to the chief executive officer or the Minister but only at the direction of a commissioner appointed under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> if that commissioner is satisfied that there are extraordinary grounds for doing so.
	A summons may not be issued to any other person except at the direction of a commissioner.
s. 34	A reference in subsection (1) to "an award, order, or declaration" is to be read as if it were a reference to "an order".
	A reference in subsection (3) to "the President, the Full Bench, or the Commission" is to be read as if it were a reference to "the Commission".
	A reference in subsection (4) to "no award, order, declaration, finding, or proceeding of the President, the Full Bench, or the Commission" is to be read as if it were a reference to "no decision, order, finding or proceeding of the Commission".
s. 35	
s. 36	

s. 86	The section does not apply in relation to costs and expenses, other than expenses of witnesses.
s. 90	A reference in subsection (1) to "any decision of the President, the Full Bench, or the Commission in Court Session" is to be read as if it were a reference to "a decision of the Commission under the <i>Young Offenders Act 1994</i> section 11CP".

# 11CN. Adjournment of appeal if appellant charged with offence

- (1) The chief executive officer or an appellant may apply to the WAIRC for an adjournment of the hearing of an appeal if the appellant has been
  - (a) charged with an offence relating to any matter, act or omission that was taken into account by the chief executive officer in deciding that he or she did not have confidence in the appellant's suitability to continue as a custodial officer; and
  - (b) the charge has not been finally determined by a court or otherwise disposed of.
- (2) If an adjournment application is made by the chief executive officer, the WAIRC may adjourn the hearing of the appeal if it considers that it is in the interests of justice to do so.
- (3) If an adjournment application is made by the appellant, the WAIRC must adjourn the hearing of the appeal for the period (not exceeding 12 months) requested by the appellant.
- (4) Before the end of the period of an adjournment under this section, the chief executive officer or the appellant

1 2 3 4		may apply to the WAIRC for a further adjournment and, if it is in the interests of justice to do so, the WAIRC may grant a further adjournment for the period specified by it.
5 6	(5)	Subsections (2) and (4) do not affect any other power of the WAIRC to grant an adjournment.
7	11CO.	Resumption of appeal before end of adjournment
8 9 10 11 12		If the charge is finally determined by a court or otherwise disposed of before the end of the period of an adjournment under section 11CN, the chief executive officer or the appellant may apply to the WAIRC for the hearing of the appeal to be resumed on a date specified by the WAIRC.
14	11CP.	Decision by WAIRC
15 16 17	(1)	This section applies if the WAIRC decides on an appeal that the decision to take removal action relating to the appellant was harsh, oppressive or unfair.
18	(2)	The WAIRC may —
19 20		(a) order that the appellant's removal is, and is to be taken to have always been, of no effect; or
21 22 23 24		(b) if it is impracticable to make an order under paragraph (a), order the chief executive officer to pay the appellant an amount of compensation for loss or injury caused by the removal.
25 26 27	(3)	In considering whether or not it is impracticable to make an order under subsection (2)(a), it is relevant to consider —
28 29 30		(a) whether, at the time of the appellant's removal, the position occupied by the appellant is vacant and

	(b)	whether there is another suitable vacant
	(-)	position in the Department.
(4)	the appremun	WAIRC makes an order under subsection (2)(a), pellant is not entitled to be paid his or her eration as a custodial officer for any period the ant received a maintenance payment.
(5)		der under this section may require that it be ied with within a specified time.
11CQ.	Deter	mining amount of compensation
(1)	section	nount of compensation ordered under in 11CP(2)(b) must be determined in accordance his section.
(2)		ermining the amount, the WAIRC must have to all of the following —
	(a)	the efforts, if any, of the chief executive officer and the appellant to mitigate the loss suffered by the appellant as a result of the removal;
	(b)	any maintenance payment received by the appellant;
	(c)	any redress the appellant has obtained under another enactment where the evidence necessary to establish that redress is also the evidence necessary to establish on the appeal that the removal was harsh, oppressive or unfair;
	(d)	any other matter that the WAIRC considers relevant.
(3)	regard custod	ermining the amount, the WAIRC may have to the average rate of remuneration as a ial officer received by the appellant during any nt period of service.
	(5) 11CQ. (1) (2)	the appremum appells  (5) An ord compl  11CQ. Determed and section with the section with th

1	(4)	The amount must not exceed 12 months' remuneration
2		as a custodial officer.
3	11CR.	Restriction on publication
4 5 6 7	(1)	If the WAIRC is satisfied that it is in the public interest, it may direct that any evidence given before it, or the contents of any document produced to it, on an appeal —
8		(a) must not be published; or
9 10		(b) must not be published except in a manner, and to persons, specified by the WAIRC.
11 12	(2)	A person must not contravene a direction given under this section.
13 14		Penalty: a fine of \$4 000 and imprisonment for 12 months.
15		Subdivision 4 — General
16 17	11CS.	Effect of charge for, or conviction or acquittal of, offence
18 19 20 21		The chief executive officer can take removal action in relation to a custodial officer for a particular matter, act or omission even if the matter, act or omission is an element of an offence —
22 23		(a) with which the custodial officer has been charged; or
24 25		(b) of which the custodial officer has been convicted or acquitted.

1	11CT.	Failur	re to comply with procedure
2			or omission of the chief executive officer is not l, and cannot be called in question, if —
4		(a)	the act or omission comprises a failure to
5			comply with procedure prescribed for the
6			purposes of this Division; and
7		(b)	the failure is not substantive.
8	11CU.	Trans officer	fer, standing down and leave of custodial
10 11	(1)		Division does not derogate from the chief ive officer's power to —
12		(a)	transfer a custodial officer; or
13		(b)	stand a custodial officer down from performing
14			that custodial officer's usual duties, with or
15			without pay, until the custodial officer is
16 17			directed by the chief executive officer to return to those duties; or
18		(c)	allocate duties to a custodial officer other than
19		(c)	the custodial officer's usual duties.
20	(2)	If the	chief executive officer stands down a custodial
21			in relation to whom removal action is being
22		-	the chief executive officer must review the
23 24			on to stand the custodial officer down every as and advise the custodial officer in writing of
2 <del>4</del> 25		-	sult of the review.
	(2)		
26 27	(3)		nief executive officer must not direct a custodial in relation to whom removal action is being
2 <i>1</i> 28			to take leave during the removal action unless the
29			accrues during any period that the custodial
30			is stood down from performing the custodial
31		officer	's usual duties.

1	11CV.	Review of Division
2	(1)	In this section —
3		commencement day means the day on which the
4		Custodial Legislation (Officers Discipline) Amendment
5		Act 2013 Part 3 comes into operation.
6	(2)	The Minister must carry out a review of the operation
7		and effectiveness of this Division as soon as is
8		practicable after the expiry of 24 months after the
9		commencement day and in the course of that review
10		the Minister must consider and have regard to —
11		(a) the effectiveness of this Division; and
12		(b) the need for the retention of the Division; and
13		(c) any other matters that appear to the Minister to
14		be relevant to the operation and effectiveness of
15		this Division.
16	(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), in carrying out the
17		review, the Minister must consult with and have regard
18		to the views of the Chief Commissioner of the
19		WAIRC, the chief executive officer and any union that
20		has custodial officers as some or all of its members.
21	(4)	The Minister must prepare a report based on the review
22		and, as soon as is practicable after the report is
23		prepared (and in any event not more than 30 months
24		after the commencement day), cause a copy of it to be
25		laid before each House of Parliament.

1	17.	Part 3 Division 4 heading inserted
2		Before section 11C insert:
4 5 6		Division 4 — Management, control, security and wellbeing of young offenders
7	18.	Section 11C amended
8 9		In section 11C(1) and (2) delete "person who is appointed under section 11(1) or (1a) as a".
10	19.	Section 11E amended
11 12 13	(1)	In section 11E(2) delete "officer appointed under section 11(1) or (1a)," and insert:
14 15		officer,
16 17	(2)	In section 11E(3) delete "appointed under section 11(1) or (1a)".
18	20.	Section 11F amended
19 20 21		In section 11F(2) delete "officer appointed under section 11(1) or (1a)," and insert:
22		officer,

1	21.	Part 3 Division 2 heading replaced
2		Delete the heading to Part 3 Division 2 and insert:
3		
4	Γ	Division 5 — Arrangements with councils of Aboriginal
5		communities
6		
7	22.	Section 169A amended
8 9 10	(1)	In section 169A(4) delete "person who is appointed under section 11(1) or (1a)" and insert:
11 12		custodial officer
13 14 15	(2)	In section 169A(5) delete "person who is appointed under section 11(1) or (1a)," and insert:
16 17 18		custodial officer