STATUTES (REPEALS AND MINOR AMENDMENTS) BILL 2001

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

CLAUSE NOTES

STATUTES (REPEALS AND MINOR AMENDMENTS) BILL 2001

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Camballin Farms (AIL Holdings Pty. Ltd.) Agreement Act 1985.	The Act is repealed.	This Act relates to the disposal of certain Crown Lands that are no longer operative. The Act is considered spent legislation and has no further practical use or effect. An agreement has been made to grant new leases under the Land Administration Act 1997 for the agreed parcels.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Daylight Savings Act 1991	The Act is repealed.	The operative provisions of this Act are spent, and the remaining provisions that would have come into operation if the State had voted in favour of daylight saving, cannot come into operation.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Esperance Land Agreement Act 1960	The Act is repealed.	The Act is no longer operative and the relevant companies named in the Act are deregistered. The Act is considered spent legislation and has no further practical use of effect.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Imperial Acts Adopting Act 1839	The Act is repealed.	All the UK Acts that this Act adopts have been repealed to the extent that they were part of the law in Western Australia. Therefore the Act is redundant.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Iron Ore (The Broken Hill Proprietary Company Limited) Agreement Act 1964	The Act is repealed.	This Act is no longer required. The agreement scheduled to the Iron Ore (The Broken Hill Proprietary Company Limited) Agreement Act 1964 was cancelled by Clause 5 of the Iron Ore (Marallana Creek) Agreement Act 1991. The ratifying Act is therefore redundant.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Irrigation (Dunham River) Agreement Act 1968.	The Act is repealed.	Relates to the disposal of certain Crown Land and is spent.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Kalgoorlie Country Club (Inc.) Act 1982	The Act is repealed.	The Act was passed so as to permit the Kalgoorlie Country Club to be incorporated under the Associations Incorporation Act 1987. The Club, therefore, exists as a separate legal entity, the operations of which are governed by the provisions of the Associations Incorporation Act 1987 and it is not possible to discern a continuing need for the Kalgoorlie Country Club (Inc) Act 1982. The Ministry of Fair Trading and the Ministry of Justice were consulted, and the Club has indicated it has no objections to the repeal of the Act.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Liquid Petroleum Gas Act 1956, and consequential amendments	The Act is repealed.	Act has been superseded by the Gas Standards (Gas Supply) Regulations 1999, which provide for the quality requirements for natural gas and LPG.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5. (1)	Exemptions Nothing in this Act applies to or in relation to —	5. Exemptions(1) Nothing in this Act applies to or in relation to —	The deletion of section 5(1)(a) is consequential to the repeal of the <i>Liquid Petroleum Gas Act 1956</i> in this Bill.
	(a) the manufacture of liquid petroleum gas as defined by section 4 of the <i>Liquid Petroleum Gas Act 1956</i> ;	(a) the manufacture of liquid petroleum gas as defined by section 4 of the <i>Liquid Petroleum Gas Act 1956</i> ;	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Northern Developments (Ord River) Pty Ltd Agreement Act 1960	The Act is repealed.	Relates to the disposal of certain Crown Land and is spent.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Northern Developments Pty Limited Agreement Act 1957	The Act is repealed.	This Act ratified an agreement between the State and Northern Developments Pty Ltd. A subsequent agreement between those parties cancelled and superseded the first agreement. The Act is therefore redundant.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Northern Developments Pty Limited Agreement Act 1969	The Act is repealed.	Relates to the disposal of certain Crown Land and is spent.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Recording of Evidence Act 1975	The Act is repealed.	The Act has not been proclaimed and has been superseded by the <i>Recording of Proceedings Act 1980</i> . The Act was to allow for the recording and transcription of legal proceedings in all jurisdictions. It was assented to on 24 October 1975, but not proclaimed. On 26 October 1977 the then Attorney General formed a Committee to review the legislation. The Committee concluded that the <i>Recording of Evidence Act 1975</i> should be repealed, and a new Bill prepared to avoid the shortcomings in the original legislation. This new Bill was enacted as the <i>Recording of Proceedings Act 1980</i> .

NAME OF ACT BEING REPEALED: Recording of Evidence Act 1975

CLAUSE NO.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
EXISTING PROVISION Recording of Proceedings Act 1980	The Act is repealed.	This Act has not been proclaimed and is no longer required. This Act was to make provision for both the recording of oral proceedings in and before tribunals and the custody of certain records made under this Act, and to repeal the Recording of Evidence Act 1975 and Part XVII of the Acts Amendment (Master, Supreme Court) Act 1979. Assent was forthcoming on 9 December 1980, but after further deliberation it was not proclaimed because of perceived problems that may have arisen with its application to the
		various tribunals (including the lower courts), and the lack of complaints about the then practices of the courts and tribunals.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Recovery of Debts Amendment Ordinance 1865	The Act is repealed.	This Ordinance affects the <i>Recovery of Debts Ordinance 1861</i> . That ordinance was repealed in 1994. This ordinance is therefore redundant.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Stock (Brands and Movement) Amendment Act 1987	The Act is repealed.	This Act has not been proclaimed and is no longer required.
		This Act was assented to on 29 May 1987 but was not proclaimed. It intended to remove the requirement to brand pigs consigned to an abattoir for slaughter.
		A national review of traceback procedures in Australia in June 1987 raised concerns about the identification and tracing of pigs at abattoirs in Western Australia. The proposed removal of the requirement for pigs to be branded was seen to create a risk of losing export markets. Consequently the proclamation of this legislation did not proceed.
		Since the assent of the 1987 Amendment Act, the industry has continued to succeed without the provisions of the Act. Given the current need for Australia to demonstrate means of stock identification and traceback procedures, the Act is not needed and should be repealed.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Tallering Peak-Mullewa Railway Act 1961	The Act is repealed.	This Act has not been proclaimed and is no longer required.
		The Act was enacted in 1962 for the purpose of constructing a railway for an iron ore project but was not proclaimed due to the railway being constructed under the now repealed <i>Iron Ore</i> (Tallering Peak) Agreement Act.
		The Act is now redundant.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
EXISTING PROVISION The Broken Hill Proprietary Company Limited (Export of Iron Ore) Act 1965	AS AMENDED The Act is repealed.	This Act is no longer required. The purpose of the Act was to authorise the export of iron ore from the projects under the Broken Hill Proprietary Steel Industry Agreement Act 1952, the Broken Hill Proprietary Company's Integrated Steel Works Agreement Act 1960 and the Iron Ore (The Broken Hill Proprietary Company Limited) Agreement Act 1964. The general law concerning the export of
		iron ore has changed significantly since Act was enacted and it is no longer required.

NAME OF ACT BEING REPEALED: The Broken Hill Proprietary Company Limited (Export of Iron Ore) Act 1965 CLAUSE NO. 19

EXISTING PROVISION	SION AS AMENDED EXPLANATION	
The Wild Cattle Nuisance Act 1871	The Act is repealed.	Inserted by amendment in Legislative Council. The Act has long been overtaken by other legislation (Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1960; Stock (Identification and Movement) Act 1970). There is no record of the legislation having been used in the past and it will not be used in the future.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
The Wild Cattle Nuisance Act 1871 Amendment Act 1878	The Act is repealed.	Inserted by amendment in Legislative Council. The primary Act has long been overtaken by other legislation (Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1960; Stock (Identification and Movement) Act 1970). There is no record of the legislation having been used in the past and it will not be used in the future.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
The Wild Cattle Nuisance Act 1871 Amendment Act 1883	The Act is repealed.	Inserted by amendment in the Legislative Council. The primary Act has long been overtaken by other legislation (Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1960; Stock (Identification and Movement) Act 1970). There is no record of the legislation having been used in the past and it will not be used in the future.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Timber Industry Regulation Act 1926	The Act is repealed.	The <i>Timber Industry Regulation Act 1926</i> (TIR Act) provides for the inspection and regulation of the timber industry. The TIR Act was once the primary occupational safety and health legislation applying to the timber industry, but it is now superfluous given that the industry is more appropriately covered by the <i>Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984</i> .
		The TIR Act is outdated and does not take a modern, general duty of care style approach. It is confusing to retain the statute and it detracts from the more suitable provisions of the <i>Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984</i> . Further, there exists an industry code of practice developed by the Forest Industries Federation (WA) Inc, dealing with occupational safety and health matters relevant to the industry. With the <i>Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984</i> and the industry code in place, occupational safety and health matters in the industry are now well covered.
		The WorkSafe Western Australia Commission formally endorsed the repeal of the TIR Act, in May 1998.

EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
A forest officer authorized by the Executive Director may enter any sawmill registered under the Timber Industry Regulation Act 1926 and make such inspection and enquiry as he thinks necessary to ascertain whether or not this Act and the regulations have been or are being complied with.	A forest officer authorized by the Executive Director may enter any sawmill registered under the Timber Industry Regulation Act 1926 place where any operation for the purpose of preparing, treating or processing timber is carried on and make such inspection and enquiry as he thinks necessary to ascertain whether or not this Act and the regulations have been or are being complied with.	Consequential to the repeal of the Timber Industry Regulation Act 1926 in this Bill, the reference to that Act in the Conservation and Land Management Act 1984 requires amending. The amendment inserts a new description of a sawmill.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
62.	Authorized person	62.	Authorized person	Consequential to the repeal of the <i>Timber</i>
02 .	In this Part — "authorized person" means the General Manager or — (a) a staff member; or (b) a forest officer under the CALM Act, who is authorized by the	02.	In this Part — "authorized person" means the General Manager or — (a) a staff member; or (b) a forest officer under the CALM Act, who is authorized by the	Industry Regulation Act 1926 in this Bill, the reference to that Act in the Forest Products Act 2000 requires amending. The amendment inserts a new description of a sawmill.
	General Manager to exercise powers under this Part;		General Manager to exercise powers under this Part;	
	"sawmill" means a sawmill registered under the <i>Timber Industry Regulation Act 1926.</i>		"sawmill" means a sawmill registered under the Timber Industry Regulation Act 1926. "sawmill" means a place where	
			any operation for the purpose of preparing, treating or processing timber is carried on.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
23. Section 28 amended	23. Section 28 amended	Corrects an error in the words to be deleted by the Amendment Act.
(2) Section 28 (5) is amended by inserting after "under subsection (3)" -	(2) Section 28 (5) is amended by inserting after " under <u>pursuant to</u> subsection (3)" -	
"or section 27B(1)(f)".	"or section 27B(1)(f)".	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
33(2) Notwithstanding the repeal effected by subsection (1), the provisions of section 75 (1) of the <i>Machinery Safety Act</i> 1974 and those of the Machinery Safety Regulations 1978, so far as each relates to the provision or otherwise of a protective cab or frame on a tractor manufactured later than September 1 1979, shall continue in force as if this Act had not been passed.	Repealed.	Repeals a meaningless provision, the existence of which is confusing. At the time of the introduction of the general duty of care provisions into the then <i>Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare Act 1984</i> by the <i>Acts Amendment (Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare) Act 1987</i> , the <i>Machinery Safety Act 1974</i> was repealed. The opposite section was inserted with the intention of preserving the operation of that part of <i>Machinery Safety Act 1974</i> and the <i>Regulations 1978</i> which confirmed that roll over protective structures (ROPS) were not required to be fitted on tractors manufactured prior to 1 September 1979. The intended effect of the section was "that any tractor shall have rollover protection bars, but any tractor manufactured prior to that date is governed by this regulation and does not need to have rollover bars". The amendment never, in fact, achieved this aim. Firstly, it referred to the incorrect section of the <i>Machinery Safety Act</i> . Secondly, even had the correct reference been made, nothing would have prevented another Act or Regulation making different provision.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Acts Amendment (Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare) Act 1987 CLAUSE NO. 23

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 12. After section 103 of the principal Act the following headings and Parts are inserted – "PART X – LICENSING OF PLUMBERS 104. In this Part – "prescribed" means prescribed by the by-laws. 105. (1) Where the Authority is satisfied that a person is qualified in accordance with the by-laws and has paid the prescribed fee, it shall issue to that person a licence authorizing him, for the 	Sections 12, 30, 33, 68(a), 73 and 94(a) of the Acts Amendment (Water Authorities) Act 1985 are repealed.	These sections have not been proclaimed and are no longer required. These sections would have inserted a new licensing regime for persons supervising or performing plumbing work in connection with water supply or sewerage which is connected to the Water Authority's works. These sections were not proclaimed following extended discussions with the plumbing industry on the National Plumbing Code and new by-laws required to supplement the statutory provisions. The Water Services Amendment Act 1999
duration of the licence, to supervise and perform plumbing work in connection with water supply or sewerage which is connected or is intended to connect directly or indirectly to the Authority's works. (2) A licence under subsection (1) may be issued or renewed subject to prescribed conditions or subject to such special conditions as the Authority considers appropriate		did not repeal these provisions.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3F. Minister may formulate codes (3) A code may be amended or repealed by the Minister and may be made so as to	3F. Minister may formulate codes (3) A code may be amended or repealed by the Minister and may be made so as to	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act 1984</i> .
(d) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference any standards, rules, codes or specifications prescribed under a Commonwealth Act or published by the body known as the Standards Association of Australia or other like body specified in the code; and	(d) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference any standards, rules, codes or specifications prescribed under a Commonwealth Act or published by the body known as the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia or other like body specified in the code; and	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
7. Definition and Interpretation	7. Definition and Interpretation	Inserted by amendment in the Legislative Council, to insert missing words for
(1) In this Act unless the contrary intention appears –	(1) In this Act unless the contrary intention appears –	consistency with the amendment to the definition of the same term in the Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950.
"Protection Board" means the Agriculture Protection Board constituted under the provisions of the Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950.	"Protection Board" means the Agriculture Protection Board of Western Australia constituted under the provisions of the Agriculture Protection Board Act 1950.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3. Interpretation	3. Interpretation	Inserts missing words.
In this Act, unless the context requires otherwise -	In this Act, unless the context requires otherwise -	
"Protection Board" means The Agriculture Protection Board constituted under the provisions of this Act;	"Protection Board" means The Agriculture Protection Board <u>of Western Australia</u> constituted under the provisions of this Act;	

(9) A person is not eligible to be appointed as a member - (a) if the person has already held office as a member for not less than the prescribed period; or (b) for a term of office that would result in the person holding office as a member for more than the prescribed period. (10) In subsection (9) — "prescribed period" means an aggregate period of more than 8 years, whether in consecutive terms or otherwise. 6. Staff of the Commission (8) This section does not prevent the application of the provisions of the Public Sector Management Act 1994 relating to the management of the redeployment and redundancy of employees to a person who is employed in a	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 "prescribed period" means an aggregate period of more than 8 years, whether in consecutive terms or otherwise. 6. Staff of the Commission (8) This section does not prevent the application of the provisions of the Public Sector Management Act 1994 relating to the management of the redeployment and redundancy of employees to a person who is employed in a "prescribed period" means an aggregate period of more than 8 years, whether in consecutive terms or otherwise. 6. Staff of the Commission (8) This section does not prevent the application of the provisions of the Public Sector Management Act 1994 relating to the management of the redeployment and redundancy of employees to a person who is employed in a 	(9) A person is not eligible to be appointed as a member - (a) if the person has already held office as a member for not less than the prescribed period; or (b) for a term of office that would result in the person holding office as a member for more than the	(9) A person is not eligible to be appointed as a member - (a) if the person has already held office as a member for not less than the prescribed period; or (b) for a term of office that would result in the person holding office as a member for more than the	Deletes words that are redundant given the context in which the defined term is used.
application of the provisions of the <i>Public Sector Management</i> Act 1994 relating to the management of the redeployment and redundancy of employees to a person who is employed in a application of the provisions of the <i>Public Sector Management</i> Act 1994 relating to the management of the redeployment and redundancy of employees to a person who is employed in a	"prescribed period" means an aggregate period of more than 8 years, whether in consecutive terms or otherwise.	"prescribed period" means an aggregate period of more than 8 years, whether in consecutive terms or otherwise.	Corrects a cross-reference error.
under section (6). under section (6) subsection (6).	(8) This section does not prevent the application of the provisions of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> relating to the management of the redeployment and redundancy of employees to a person who is employed in a department under an entitlement	(8) This section does not prevent the application of the provisions of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> relating to the management of the redeployment and redundancy of employees to a person who is employed in a department under an entitlement	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
49.	Forfeiture of money under surety's undertaking	49. Forfeiture of money under surety's undertaking	Corrects a cross-reference error.
	Where a defendant has failed to comply with any requirement of his bail undertaking mentioned in section 28(2)(a) or (b)(ii) the following provisions of this section apply for the purpose of enforcing payment to the Crown of any sum thereupon payable by a surety in terms of his surety undertaking — an order may be made under this section whether or not the defendant has been convicted of an offence against section 51(1) or (2) but if, after an order has been made, the surety satisfies the Governor that new facts have been discovered or new circumstances have arisen which show that there was reasonable cause for the failure of the defendant as mentioned in paragraph (c)(i), the Governor may exercise the power in section 139 of the Sentencing Act 1995 as if the orfeiture were one to which that section applied.	 (1) Where a defendant has failed to comply with any requirement of his bail undertaking mentioned in section 28(2)(a) or (b)(ii) the following provisions of this section apply for the purpose of enforcing payment to the Crown of any sum thereupon payable by a surety in terms of his surety undertaking — (e) an order may be made under this section whether or not the defendant has been convicted of an offence against section 51(1) or (2) but if, after an order has been made, the surety satisfies the Governor that new facts have been discovered or new circumstances have arisen which show that there was reasonable cause for the failure of the defendant as mentioned in paragraph (c)(i) paragraph (c), the Governor may exercise the power in section 139 of the Sentencing Act 1995 as if the forfeiture were one to which that section applied. 	

EXISTING PRO	VISION	AS AMENDE) EXPLANA	TION
3. Limits of the Act	3.	Limits of the Act	Corrects a gramma	tical error.
The limits of this Adand include the are boundaries of the Mare Fremantle, and also area of the lands within the fremantle under the Act 1999., or which vested in, acquired be placed or be in the possession, or conwhich the Fremantle may exercise authors and also so much and also so much are Crown lands or land Honourable the Min or the Minister of the Administering the Arealways Act 1904, respectively as adjulands and property Port Authority above between the same	ct shall extend to a within the Municipality of North o so much of the nd property vested ort Authority as is e inner harbour in ne Port of e Port Authorities may hereafter be or held by, or may the custody, trol of, or over e Port Authority ority or dominion, of the area of any ds vested in the nister for Railways ne Crown Government of the Fremantle re described, or lies lands and property of the Municipality	The limits of this Act s and include the area whoundaries of the Mur Fremantle, and also so area of the lands and in the Fremantle Port contained within the inthe description of the Fremantle under the Possession, or control which the Fremantle	hall extend to within the hicipality of North or much of the property vested Authority as is mer harbour in Port of Port Authorities ay hereafter be held by, or may custody, of, or over Port Authority or dominion, he area of any vested in the er for Railways Crown pernment or the time being as or abuts on the the Fremantle described, or lies ds and property	tical error.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
7. Registration of business names	After section 7(1)(c) the following paragraph is inserted -	It is necessary to specify an address in WA so that notices may be issued.
(1) An application for the registration of a business name shall be made by lodging with the Commissioner a statement in the prescribed form, which shall be signed by the persons or persons carrying on or proposing to carry on business in the State under that name, shall be	" (ca) the address of the place in the State where a notice given under this Act may be served; ".	
accompanied by the prescribed fee, and shall set out*	Section 7(1)(d) is amended by deleting "in the State".	Corporations law no longer requires a registered office in every State.
(c) the address of each place in the State where the business is or is proposed to be carried on showing, if the business is or is proposed to be carried on at more than one place in the State, which of those places is the principal place of business;		
(d) the christian names and surname and any former christian names or surname and the usual place of residence of each applicant who is an individual and the corporate name and the place of the registered office in the State of each application that is a corporation;		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
8. Resident agent Where a business agent is required to be registered under this Act and the person or all the persons carrying on or proposing to carry on business in the State under that name, resides or reside outside the State, or has or have no fixed address within the State, the statement referred to in subsection (1) of section seven shall	Section 8 is repealed.	Since the introduction of the Corporations Law there is no longer a requirement/need for a resident agent.
(a) include the name and address of some person resident in the State who in relation to the carrying on of business under that name * (i) has consented in writing to be the resident agent of the person or persons for the purposes of this Act; and (ii) is authorised in writing by the person or persons to accept service on behalf of the person or persons of any notices for the purposes of this Act and of any process; and (b) in addition, be signed by the person who has consented to be the resident agent.		
(2) The address shown as the address of the resident agent appointed for the purposes of this Act in any statement lodged with the commissioner this Act by the person or persons in relation to whom a business name is registered shall, for the purpose of servicing any notice on the person or persons under this Act, be deemed to be the address of a place where business is carried on by the person or persons under that name.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 Restriction on registration of business names that are undesirable, etc. The Minister shall cause a direction given by him under subsection (1) of this section to be published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> and a copy of the direction to be forwarded to the Attorney-General of the Commonwealth and the Attorney-General of each State of the Commonwealth. Notification of changes in particulars relating to registered business names, 	9. Restriction on registration of business names that are undesirable, etc. (2) The Minister shall cause a direction given by him under subsection (1) of this section to be published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> and a copy of the direction to be forwarded to the Attorney General of the Commonwealth and the Attorney General of each State of the Commonwealth Minister of the Commonwealth, the Minister of each State other than this State and the Minister of a Territory responsible for the administration of an Act that relates to the registration of business names.	The Attorneys General are not automatically responsible for administering such legislation. In WA it is now the Minister for Fair Trading. The amendment deliberately does not specify the particular designation of the Minister because these change over time and would require frequent amendment. The proposed amendment which cites the Minister responsible for the administration of the Act, will always remain current and is consistent with modern legislative drafting practice.
cessation of business, etc. (1) Where a business name is registered under this Act and a change occurs (c) in the registered particulars relating to the resident agent of the person or persons in relation to whom the name is registered, there shall be lodged with the Commissioner within one month thereafter or within such further time as the commissioner allows, a statement in the prescribed form, signed by the person or one of the persons in relation to whom the name is registered at the time of the change, notifying the Commissioner of particulars of and of the date of the change.	Section 12(1)(c) is deleted and the following paragraph is inserted instead - " (c) in relation to the address of the place in the State where a notice given under this Act may be served, ".	Resident agent no longer applies, but current address for service notice is necessary.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Business Names Act 1962

CLAUSE NO. 31 (cont....)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
12. Notification of changes in particulars relating to registered business names, cessation of business, etc. (2) Where a change occurs in the Christian names or surname or the place of residence of any persons being an individual in relation to whom a business name is registered under this Act or in the corporate name or the place of the registered office in the State of a person being a corporation in relation to which a business name is registered under this Act, there shall be lodged with the Commissioner within one month thereafter, or within such further time as the Commissioner allows, a statement in the prescribed form signed by that person notifying the Commissioner of particulars of an of the date of the change.	(2) Where a change occurs in the Christian names or surname or the place of residence of any persons being an individual in relation to whom a business name is registered under this Act or in the corporate name or the place of the registered office in the State of a person being a corporation in relation to which a business name is registered under this Act, there shall be lodged with the Commissioner within one month thereafter, or within such further time as the Commissioner allows, a statement in the prescribed form signed by that person notifying the Commissioner of particulars of an of the date of the change.	Corporations Law no longer requires a registered office in every State.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
12. Notification of changes in particulars relating to registered business names, cessation of business, etc.		
4(b) a corporation, the corporate name and the place of the registered office in the State of the corporation.	4(b) a corporation, the corporate name and the place of the registered office in the State of the corporation.	Corporations Law no longer requires a registered office in every State.
(5)Where a business name is registered under this Act and a person appointed the resident agent of the person or persons in relation to whom the name is registered ceases to be the resident agent of the person or persons for the purposes of this Act (6) Where a business name is registered under this Act and another person is appointed in place of or in succession to a person who has ceased to be the resident agent of the person or persons in relation to whom the name is registered, there shall be lodged with the Commissioner, within one month after that appointment or within such further time as the Commissioner allows, a statement in the prescribed form, notifying the Commissioner of the appointment and of the date thereof		Concept of "resident agent" no longer applies.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
31. As to service of notices	31. As to service of notices	
Where by this Act the Commissioner is required or permitted to send a notice to the person or persons in respect of whom the business name is registered at the place where business is carried on under a business name, the notice may be sent by post addressed to the business name *	Where by this Act the Commissioner is required or permitted to send a notice to the person or persons in respect of whom the business name is registered at the place where business is carried on under a business name, the notice may be sent by post addressed to the business name:	
(a) at the place shown in the register as the place where business is so carried on; or	(aa) at the place shown in the register as the place in the State where a notice given under this Act may be served:	Provides that an address is required for serving notices.
(b) where more than one place is shown in the register as the place where business is carried on *	(a) at the place shown in the register as the place where business is so carried on; or	
(i) at the place shown in the register as the principal place where business is so carried on; or	(b) where more than one place is shown in the register as the place where business is carried on:	
(ii) if no place is so shown as the principal place, at the place shown that appears first in	(i) at the place shown in the register as the principal place where business is so carried on; or	
the register as a place where business is so carried on; or (c) it if appears from the register that there is, for the purposes of this Act, a resident agent,	(ii) if no place is so shown as the principal place, at the place shown that appears first in the register as a place where business is so carried on; or.	
at the place shown in the register as the address of the resident agent in the State.	(c) it if appears from the register that there is, for the purposes of this Act, a resident agent, at the place shown in the register as the	
	address of the resident agent in the State.	Resident agent no longer has application.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
28. Minister may exempt agent from completing cattle sales statements	28. Minister may exempt agent from completing cattle sales statements	Corrects a grammatical error.
(1) An agent referred to in section 27, or a person, firm or company whose business is or includes acting as selling agents of cattle or carcasses, or both cattle and carcasses, on behalf of various owners, may apply to the Minister for a permit exempting him or them from complying with the requirements of subsection (1) of that section, but instead authorizing him or them, while the permit is effective, to lodge with the Minister returns of purchase money received from sales of cattle or carcasses, or both cattle or carcasses, sold by the applicant as agent during any periods of any duration fixed by the Minister, and to pay to the Minister the amount of duty payable under section 26 in respect of the purchase money included in each return.	(1) An agent referred to in section 27, or a person, firm or company whose business is or includes acting as selling agents of cattle or carcasses, or both cattle and carcasses, on behalf of various owners, may apply to the Minister for a permit exempting him or them from complying with the requirements of subsection (1) of that section, but instead authorizing him or them, while the permit is effective, to lodge with the Minister returns of purchase money received from sales of cattle or carcasses, or both cattle or carcasses both cattle and carcasses, sold by the applicant as agent during any periods of any duration fixed by the Minister, and to pay to the Minister the amount of duty payable under section 26 in respect of the purchase money included in each return.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
17.	Vesting of funds in Minister	17.	Vesting of funds in Minister	The Act does not provide any means by which the Minister can delegate
		17A (1)	Delegation The Minister may, either generally	administrative tasks to either the Commissioner for Fair Trading or his nominee. Consequently, the Minister is
18.	Summary disposal of proceedings	(2) (3)	or as provided by the instrument of delegation, delegate to any person any of the Minister's functions under this Act except this power of delegation. Performance of a function by a delegate is to be treated as performance by the Minister. A person purporting to act under this section as a delegate is taken to have acted in accordance with the terms of the delegation unless the contrary is shown.	required to sign all formal correspondence relating to the issuing, renewal or revocation of licensing certificates. This amendment lightens the administrative burden on the Minister by allowing these tasks to be delegated.
		18.	Summary disposal of proceedings	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3. Interpretation (1) In this Act "Commissioner" means the person holding or acting in the office of Commissioner of Consumer Affairs under the Consumers Affairs Act 1971.	26. Chattel Securities Act 1987 amended Section 3(1) of the Chattel Securities Act 1987* is amended in the definition of "Commissioner" by deleting "of Consumer Affairs" and inserting instead - " for Fair Trading ".	"Commissioner of Consumer Affairs" has been changed and is now known as the

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — "CEO (Justice)" has the meaning given to that expression in section 4(1) of the Child Welfare Act 1947;	In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — "CEO (Justice)" has the meaning given to that expression in section 4(1) of the Child Welfare Act 1947; "CEO (Justice)" means the chief executive officer of the department of the Public Service principally assisting the Minister;	Definition of "CEO (Justice)" referred to the definition of that term in the <i>Child Welfare Act 1947</i> . The definition in the <i>Child Welfare Act 1947</i> was deleted in 1994. This amendment will include the definition of CEO (Justice) directly into the Act.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
In this Act, unless a contrary intention appears, — "child care service" means a service for the casual or day to day care of a child or children of pre-school age, or such other age as may from time to time be prescribed, and includes — but excludes — (ff)care of a kind of a kind provided at a community kindergarten registered under Part 5 of the School Education Act 1999; and	In this Act, unless a contrary intention appears, — "child care service" means a service for the casual or day to day care of a child or children of pre-school age, or such other age as may from time to time be prescribed, and includes — but excludes — (ff)care of a kind of a kind provided at a community kindergarten registered under Part 5 of the School Education Act 1999; and	When the definition was amended by Act No. 36 of 1999 the words "of a kind" were inadvertently inserted for a second time. This amendment deletes those words.	

EXISTING PROVISION	EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED		
3. Interpretation	3. Interpretation	The amendment is necessary to reflect current administrative responsibilities.	
"Registrar" means the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs appointed pursuant to Section 4 of the Companies (Administration) Act 1982.	"Registrar" means the Commissioner for Corporate Affairs appointed pursuant to Section 4 of the Companies (Administration) Act 1982. "Registrar" means the person holding or acting in the office of Commissioner for Fair Trading under section 15 of the Consumer Affairs Act 1971.		

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
45.	Definitions In this Part — "State matter" means a matter declared under section 48 to be a State matter.	45.	Definitions In this Part — "State matter" means a matter declared under section 48 section 47 to be a State matter.	Minor drafting amendment required to reflect the correct section number.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3. Interpretation	3. Interpretation	
In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears –	In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears –	Deletes the definition of "wildlife sanctuary" from section 3 because it is
"wildlife officer" means an officer of the Department designated as a wildlife officer under section 45 (1)(a);	"wildlife officer" means an officer of the Department designated as a wildlife officer under section 45 (1)(a).	superfluous to the Act, i.e. the term is only used once in the interpretation provision (section 3) and does not appear in section 16 (cited in the definition) or any other provision of the Act.
"wildlife sanctuary" means an area of land which is the subject of an agreement made under section 16 for management by the Department as a nature reserve.	"wildlife sanctuary" means an area of land which is the subject of an agreement made under section 16 for management by the Department as a nature reserve.	provision of the 7 ct.

	EXISTING PROVISION			AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5.	Specification of land to which this Act applies	5.	-	ification of land to which Act applies	The Conservation and Land Management Act 1984 was amended by Acts Nos. 24
(1)	Where in this Act reference is made to "land to which this Act applies", the reference is to land, or land and waters, comprising —	(1)	made appli	e in this Act reference is to "land to which this Act es", the reference is to land, and waters, comprising —	and 35 of 2000. As Act No. 35 was drafted before Act No. 24 was passed, a number of minor drafting errors (particularly in relation to cross references) occurred. These amendments
	(g) any other land reserved under the Land Act 1933 ³ and vested by order under that Act in the Commission, the Authority or the Marine Authority; and		(g)	any other land reserved under the <i>Land Act 1933</i> ³ and vested by order under that Act in the Commission, the Authority Conservation Commission or the Marine Authority;	are to resolve those errors.
	(h) any other land, other than excluded waters, reserved under Part 4 of the Land Administration Act 1997 the care, control and management of which are placed by order under that Part with the Commission, the Authority or the Marine Authority.		(h)	and any other land, other than excluded waters, reserved under Part 4 of the Land Administration Act 1997 the care, control and management of which are placed by order under that Part with the Commission, the Authority Conservation Commission or the Marine Authority.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
7.	Vesting	7.	Vesting	As above.
(2)	In this section, except where the contrary intention appears, "vested" has the meaning assigned to it by sections 19(2) and 26B(2), as the case may require.	(6)	In this section, except where the contrary intention appears, "vested" has the meaning assigned to it by sections 19(2) sections 19(3) and 26B(2), as the case may require.	
17.	Cancellation and amendment of purpose	17.	Cancellation and amendment of purpose	
(6)	In the case of the waters of a marine reserve, other than a marine reserve (other than land reserved under Part 4 of the Land Administration Act 1997 as a marine reserve) comprising land reserved under Part 4 of the Land Administration Act 1997, the Minister, with the concurrence of the Minister for Fisheries and the Minister for Mines ¹⁸ , may, subject to this section, recommend to the Governor that an order be made to give effect to the proposal, and thereupon the Governor shall by order published in the Gazette give effect to the proposed cancellation, amendment or alteration.	(6)	In the case of the waters of a marine reserve, other than a marine reserve (other than land reserved under Part 4 of the Land Administration Act 1997 as a marine reserve) comprising land reserved under Part 4 of the Land Administration Act 1997, the Minister, with the concurrence of the Minister for Fisheries and the Minister for Mines 18, may, subject to this section, recommend to the Governor that an order be made to give effect to the proposal, and thereupon the Governor shall by order published in the Gazette give effect to the proposed cancellation, amendment or alteration.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
19.	Functions of Conservation Commission		Functions of Conservation Commission	As above.
(1)	The functions of the Conservation Commission are — (a) to have vested in it State forest, timber reserves, national parks, conservation parks, nature reserves, relevant land referred to in section 5(g) and to have the joint function provided for by section 7(4); (b) to have the care, control and management of relevant land referred to in section 5(h) placed with it;	\ /	The functions of the Conservation Commission are — (a) to have vested in it State forest, timber reserves, national parks, conservation parks, nature reserves, relevant land referred to in section 5(g) section 5(1)(g) and to have the joint function provided for by section 7(4); (b) to have the care, control and management of relevant land referred to in section 5(h) section 5(1)(h) placed with it;	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Conservation and Land Management Act 1984

CLAUSE NO. 39 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
19.	Functions of Conservation Commission	19.	Functions of Conservation Commission	As above.
(4)	Despite the Land Act 1933, land to which section 5(g) applies that is vested in the Conservation Commission, including the land referred to in section 155, is only vested within the meaning in subsection (3).	(4)	Despite the Land Act 1933, land to which section 5(g) section 5(1)(g) applies that is vested in the Conservation Commission, including the land referred to in section 155, is only vested within the meaning in subsection (3).	
(5)	Despite the Land Administration Act 1997, the placing of the care, control and management of land to which section 5(h) applies with the Conservation Commission is only for the purposes referred to in subsection (3).	(5)	Despite the Land Administration Act 1997, the placing of the care, control and management of land to which section 5(h) section 5(1)(h) applies with the Conservation Commission is only for the purposes referred to in subsection (3).	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Conservation and Land Management Act 1984

CLAUSE NO.

39 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
33.	Functions of Department	33.	Functions of Department	As above.
(1)	The functions of the Department are, subject to the direction and control of the Minister —	(1)	The functions of the Department are, subject to the direction and control of the Minister —	
	(cb) to use, for the purposes of making improvements to any land to which this Act applies, any forest produce that becomes available for use from the carrying out of —		(cb) to use, for the purposes of making improvements to any land to which this Act applies, any forest produce that becomes available for use from the carrying out of —	
	(iii) operations, in accordance with the provisions of section 56 applicable to the land, on land vested in, or on land the care, control and management of which are placed with, the Conservation Commission that is State forest, a timber reserve or land referred to in section 5(g) or (h);		(iii) operations, in accordance with the provisions of section 56 applicable to the land, on land vested in, or on land the care, control and management of which are placed with, the Conservation Commission that is State forest, a timber reserve or land referred to in section 5(g) or (h) section 5(1)(g) or (h);	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Conservation and Land Management Act 1984

CLAUSE NO.

39 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
99A.	Restrictions on operations in national parks etc.	99A.	Restrictions on operations in national parks etc.	As above.
(6)	Subject to this section —	(6)	Subject to this section —	
	(a) the Executive Director shall not authorize any person; and		(a) the Executive Director shall not authorize any person; and	
	(b) regulations shall not be made under section 130 so as to authorize any person,		(b) regulations shall not be made under section 130 so as to authorize any person,	
	to take or remove forest produce or other flora from land which is vested in the Authority.		to take or remove forest produce or other flora from land which is vested in the Authority Conservation Commission.	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5. (1)	Section 5 amended Section 5 (g) is amended by deleting "Commission, the Authority" and inserting instead –	Section 5 of the Conservation and Land Management Amendment Act 2000 is repealed.	As above.
	"Conservation Commission".		
(2)	Section 5(h) is amended by deleting "Commission or the Authority." And inserting instead – "Conservation Commission".		

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
23U.	Regulations for safety requirements	23U.	Regulations for safety requirements	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate
(2)	Regulations made under subsection (1) may —	(2)	Regulations made under subsection (1) may —	status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.
	(b) adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference any Australian Standard or any of the standard rules, codes or specifications of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia;		(b) adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference any Australian Standard or any of the standard rules, codes or specifications of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia;	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
53. Application of Consumer Affairs Act 1971	53. Application of Consumer Affairs Act 1971	Consequential amendment to the <i>Credit</i> (Administration) Act 1984 due to change in delegation powers under the <i>Consumer</i>
(1) For the purposes of section 17 of the Consumer Affairs Act 1971, matters arising under the cognate Acts are matters relating to the interests of consumers and those Acts are Acts designed to protect the interests of consumers.	Consumer Affairs Act 1971, matters arising under the cognate Acts are matters relating to the interests of consumers and those Acts are Acts	Affairs Act 1971.
(2) The commissioner has, in relation to the Commissioner's functions and powers under the cognate Acts, the same power of delegation as is conferred on the Commissioner by section 23 of the Consumer Affairs Act 1971, in relation to the Commissioner's functions and powers under that Act.	(2) The commissioner has, in relation to the Commissioner's functions and powers under the cognate Acts, the same power of delegation as is conferred on the Commissioner by section 23 of the Consumer Affairs Act 1971, in relation to the Commissioner's functions and powers under that Act.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule 1	Schedule 1	This amendment corrects a grammatical
[Section 3 (1)]	[Section 3 (1)]	error.
PRINCIPAL DEFINITIONS	PRINCIPAL DEFINITIONS	
1. In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears —	I.In this Code, unless the contrary intention appears —	
"credit fees and charges" means fees and charges payable in connection with a credit contract or mortgage, but does not include — (a) interest charges (including default	"credit fees and charges" means fees and charges payable in connection with a credit contract or mortgage, but does not include — (c) interest charges (including default	
(b) any fees or charges that are payable to or by a credit provider in connection with a credit contract in connection with which both credit and debit facilities are available if the fees or charges would be payable even if credit facilities were not available (not being annual fees or charges in connection with continuing credit contracts under which credit is ordinarily obtained only by the use of a card); or	(d) any fees or charges that are payable to or by a credit provider in connection with a credit contract in connection with which both credit and debit facilities are available if the fees or charges would be payable even if credit facilities were not available (not being annual fees or charges in connection with continuing credit contracts under which credit is ordinarily obtained only by the use of a card); or	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
60.	Interpretation of some expressions in the ASIC Law, and the ASIC Regulations, of Western Australia	60. Interpretation of some expressions in the ASIC Law, and the ASIC Regulations, of Western Australia	These amendments correct a minor drafting error.	
(2)	Subject to the ASC Law of this jurisdiction, an expression has the same meaning in that Law and in the ASC Regulations of this jurisdiction as in the Corporations Law of this jurisdiction.	(2) Subject to the ASC ASIC Law of this jurisdiction, an expression has the same meaning in that Law and in the ASC ASIC Regulations of this jurisdiction as in the Corporations Law of this jurisdiction.		
Division 2 — Citing the ASC Law and the ASC Regulations		Division 2 — Citing the ASC ASIC Law and the ASC ASIC Regulations		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
80. Regulations (2) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of this, being provisions not inconsistent with the national scheme laws of this jurisdiction.	 (2) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of this <u>Act</u>, being provisions not inconsistent with the national scheme laws of this jurisdiction. 	This amendment inserts a word which was inadvertently left out of the section.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
21. Schedule 4 is amended (1) Forms 15 and 16 in Schedule 4 are amended as follows: (a) By inserting after 'said State," — and to all persons authorized to exercise a power set out in clause 2 or 3, as the case requires, of Schedule 2 to the Court Security and Custodial Services Act 1999, " (b) By inserting after "said police officers"- " and authorized persons	Section 21 is repealed.	The section to be repealed purports to amend Schedule 4 of the <i>Justices Act</i> 1902. That Schedule has been repealed. The section is therefore inoperative and redundant.
(2) Forms 52, 56, 57, 58 and 62 in Schedule 4 are amended as follows: (a) By inserting after "Western Australia,"- and to all persons authorized to exercise power set out in clause 2 or 3, as the case requires, of Schedule 2 to the Court Security and Custodial Services Act 1999, (b) by inserting after "said police officers"-		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(3) Form 53 in Schedule 4 is amended by inserting after "said State" where it first occurs- and to all persons authorized to exercise a power set out in clause 3 of Schedule 2 to the Court Security and Custodial Services Act 1999 ".		As above.
(4) Form 54 in Schedule 4 is amended by inserting after "Western Australia,"- and to all persons authorized to exercise a power set out in clause 2 or 3, as the case requires, of Schedule 2 to the Court Security and Custodial Services Act 1999 ".		

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED:

Court Security and Custodial Services (Consequential Provisions) Act 1999

CLAUSE NO. 43 (cont)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule 2	Schedule 2 Schedule 2	
[Section 9]	[Section 9]	Corrects a grammatical error.
Provisions as to constitution and proceedings of the Authority	Provisions as to constitution and proceedings of the Authority	
2. Resignation, removal, etc.	2. Resignation, removal, etc.	
The office of a member becomes vacant if he or she —	The office of a member becomes vacant if he or she —	
(a) resigns the office by written notice addressed to the Minister;	(a) resigns the office by written notice addressed to the Minister;	
 (b) is an undischarged bankrupt or a person whose property is subject to an order or arrangement under the laws relating to bankruptcy; or 	 (b) is an undischarged bankrupt or a person whose property is subject to an order or arrangement under the laws relating to bankruptcy; or 	
(c) is removed from office by the Governor on the grounds of neglect of duty, misbehaviour, incompetence or mental or physical incapacity impairing the performance of his or her duties and proved to the satisfaction of the Governor; or	(c) is removed from office by the Governor on the grounds of neglect of duty, misbehaviour, incompetence or mental or physical incapacity impairing the performance of his or her duties and proved to the satisfaction of the Governor; or	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
23. Superannuation (3)In this section —	23. Superannuation (3)In this section —	Corrects a grammatical error and formatting.	
(a) "employee" includes former employees and the dependants of an employee or former employee; and	(a) "employee" includes former employees and the dependants of an employee or former employee; and "employee" includes former employees and the dependants of an employee or former employee.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
19.	Bunbury Campus of the University On and after the coming into operation of the Western Australian College of Advanced Education Amendment Act 1990¹ (in this section referred to as "the commencement day") the branch of the University continued under this Act under the name "Bunbury Institute of Advanced Education" is constituted as a campus of the University and shall be known as the Bunbury Campus of the University.	New section inserted as follows: 19. ECU South West Campus (Bunbury) (1) On and after the day on which section 45 of the Statutes (Repeals and Minor Amendments) Act 2001 comes into operation (in this section referred to as "the commencement day"), the campus of the University constituted under this Act, as in force immediately before the commencement day, and known as the Bunbury Campus of the University continues to be so constituted but shall be known as the ECU South West Campus (Bunbury) of the University.	Edith Cowan University has changed the name of the Bunbury Campus to ECU South West Campus (Bunbury).
(2)	A reference to the Bunbury Institute of Advanced Education, whether by use of that name or a similar or abbreviated form of that name — (a) in a written law passed or made before the commencement day;	(2) A reference to the Bunbury Campus of the University, or to the Bunbury Institute of Advanced Education, whether by the use of that name or a similar or abbreviated form of that name – (a) in a written law passed or made before the commencement day;	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 (b) in any document or other instrument made, executed, entered into or done before that commencement day; or (c) made before the commencement day in any other manner, 	(b) in any document or other instrument made, executed, entered into or done before the commencement day; or (c) made before the commencement day in any other manner,	As above.
shall be construed as if it had been amended to be a reference to the Bunbury Campus of the University, unless because of the context it would be inappropriate to construe the reference in that manner.	shall be construed as if it had been amended to be a reference to the ECU South West Campus (Bunbury) of the University, unless because of the context, it would be inappropriate to construe the reference in that manner.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Edith Cowan University Act 1984

CLAUSE NO. 46 (Cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
20.	Bunbury Campus Advisory Board	20.	Bunbury Campus Advisory Board	As above.
(1)	There shall be a Bunbury Campus Advisory Board.	(1)	There shall be a Bunbury Campus an ECU South West Campus (Bunbury)	
(2)	The constitution of the Bunbury Campus Advisory Board, the number of persons who shall comprise the Bunbury Campus Advisory Board from time to time, the method of their appointment and selection, their term of office, the conduct of proceedings and all other matters in the opinion of the Council necessary or desirable to ensure the effective exercise of the functions of the Bunbury Campus Advisory Board may be prescribed by Statute. Subject to subsection (4), the Bunbury Campus Advisory Board shall be responsible to the Council for the control and management of —	(2)	Advisory Board. The constitution of the Bunbury Campus ECU South West Campus (Bunbury) Advisory Board, the number of persons who shall comprise the Bunbury Campus ECU South West Campus (Bunbury) Advisory Board from time to time, the method of their appointment and selection, their term of office, the conduct of proceedings and all other matters in the opinion of the Council necessary or desirable to ensure the effective exercise of the functions of the Bunbury Campus ECU South West Campus (Bunbury) Advisory Board may be prescribed by Statute.	
(4)	 (a) the affairs and concerns of the Bunbury Campus; and (b) the property of the University held at, or for the purposes of, the Bunbury Campus. The Bunbury Campus Advisory Board is subject to the direction and control of the 	(3)	Subject to subsection (4), the Bunbury Campus <u>ECU South West Campus</u> (<u>Bunbury</u>) Advisory Board shall be responsible to the Council for the control and management of — (a) the affairs and concerns of the Bunbury Campus; and	
	Council.	(4)	 (b) the property of the University held at, or for the purposes of, the Bunbury Campus. The Bunbury Campus Advisory Board is subject to the direction and control of the Council. 	

EXISTING PROVISION	EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED	
81A. Centralised nomination procedure	81A. Centralised nomination procedure	Act no. 24 of 2000 changed the reference in section 81 of the <i>Electoral Act 1907</i>
(2) A party nomination is to be regarded as having been made in accordance with sections 79 and 81 if —	(2) A party nomination is to be regarded as having been made in accordance with sections 79 and 81 if —	from "bank" to "financial institution". Section 81A was inserted by No. 36 of 2000. Due to the overlap of the drafting and passage of the two Bills, this
(c) not later than 24 hours before the hour of nomination, the required deposit (or an amount that includes that deposit) for the purposes of section 81(1)(b) is lodged with the Electoral Commissioner on behalf of the candidate in money or by a cheque drawn by a bank on itself and payable to the Electoral Commissioner.	(c) not later than 24 hours before the hour of nomination, the required deposit (or an amount that includes that deposit) for the purposes of section 81(1)(b) is lodged with the Electoral Commissioner on behalf of the candidate in money or by a cheque drawn by a bank financial institution on itself and payable to the Electoral Commissioner.	amendment was overlooked.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
190. Table of Electoral Offences and Punishments	190. Table of Electoral Offences and Punishments	Inserts a missing word.
First Column Offences The wearing or displaying by an officer or scrutineer in a polling place on polling day any badge or emblem of a candidate or political party.	First Column Offences The wearing or displaying by an officer or scrutineer in a polling place on polling day of any badge or emblem of a candidate or political party.	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
32.	Regulations	32.	Regulations	The Standards Association of Australia
(3)	Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) or subsection (2) of this section, such regulations may —	(3)	Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) or subsection (2) of this section, such regulations may —	has undergone a change of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act 1984.</i>
	(h) adopt, by reference to the text as from time to time amended and for the time being in force, unless a particular text is specified at the time of such adoption, —		(h) adopt, by reference to the text as from time to time amended and for the time being in force, unless a particular text is specified at the time of such adoption, —	
	(ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, or other specified body,		(ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution, or other specified body,	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Electricity Act 1945

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
33AA.	Guidelines	33AA.	Guidelines	As above.
(3)	Guidelines published under this section may incorporate or adopt guidelines or codes of practices made, formulated, published or issued under any law of another State or the Commonwealth, the Standards Association of Australia, the Electricity Supply Association of Australia or any other standards with such variations and modifications, if any, as the Director specifies.	(3)	Guidelines published under this section may incorporate or adopt guidelines or codes of practices made, formulated, published or issued under any law of another State or the Commonwealth, the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the Electricity Supply Association of Australia or any other standards with such variations and modifications, if any, as the Director specifies.	

48 (cont...)

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Electricity Act 1945 CLAUSE NO.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
33E. Energy efficiency standards (1) Regulations may be made under section 32 in respect of the conservation and management of electrical energy, and any such regulations may — (f) provide that the requirements of this Act, or the specific requirements prescribed, are to be deemed to have been complied with if the apparatus or installation in question has been approved under, or is labelled in accordance with, the relevant provisions of — (i) the State Electricity Commission (Energy Efficiency Labelling) Regulations 1987, the State Electricity Commission (Energy Efficiency Labelling) (Refrigerative Air Conditioners) Regulations 1988, the State Electricity Commission(Energy Efficiency Labelling) (Dishwashers for Domestic Use) Regulations 1988, the State Electricity Commission (Energy Efficiency Labelling) (Rotary Clothes Dryers) Regulations 1989,	Section 33E(1)(f) is deleted, and the following paragraph is inserted instead — (f) provide that the requirements of this Act, or the specific requirements prescribed, are to be deemed to have been complied with if the apparatus or installation in question has been approved under, or is labelled in accordance with, the relevant provisions of a law of another State, or of a Territory, specified for the purpose of this paragraph by notice published in the Gazette;	Listing the various interstate regulations has proved to be inefficient because of frequent changes. Therefore the section is amended to include a generic reference to relevant interstate regulations, as published in the Gazette.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Electricity Act 1945

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
or the State Electricity Commission (Energy Efficiency Labelling) (Clothes Washing Machines) Regulations 1990 made under the State Electricity Commission Act 1958 of the State of Victoria;		As above.
(ii) the Electrical Products Regulations 1990 made under the Electrical Products Act 1988 of the State of South Australia;		
(iii) the Electricity (Energy Labelling of Electrical Articles) Regulations 1995 made under the Electricity Act 1945 of the State of New South Wales;		
 (iv) the Electricity (Electrical Articles) Regulations 1994 made under the Electricity Act 1994 of the State of Queensland; or (v) any other corresponding law specified for the purpose of this paragraph by notice published in the Gazette; 		

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS	S AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3.	Interpretation In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	3.		etation act, unless the contrary n appears —	Removes a potentially misleading statement about the application of the Corporations Law.
	"subsidiary" means —		"subsid	liary" means —	
	(a) a body that would be a subsidiary within the meaning of the Corporations Law if the corporation were a body corporate to which the Corporations Law applies; and		(a)	a body that would be a subsidiary within the meaning of the Corporations Law if the corporation were a body corporate to which the Corporations Law applies; and	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
11E.	Area to which licence applies A licence is to be designated to apply to — (a) one or more supply areas; or (b) one or more parts of a supply area, specified in the licence.	A licence is to be designated to apply to — (a) one or more supply areas; or (b) one or more parts of a supply area one or more supply areas, specified in the licence.	This amendment is required to correct a situation whereby a proponent can apply for a gas trading or distribution licence over more than one supply area but cannot apply for a licence over parts of more than one supply area. This has resulted in a situation in which the State must either grant a licence over a larger area than is necessary, or grant multiple geographically defined licences. The ability to grant a single licence over different parts of different supply areas will reduce the number of licences that need to be granted and reduce administration costs for both Government and proponent alike.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
11M.	Terms and conditions of licence	11M.	Terms and conditions of licence	
(4)	Subject to subsection (3), the terms and conditions of a licence must be substantially similar to the terms and conditions of any other licence with the same classification under section 11D(1) that applies in the same supply area or part of a supply area.	(4)	Subject to subsection (3), the <u>The</u> terms and conditions of a licence must be substantially similar to the terms and conditions of any other licence with the same classification under section 11D(1) that applies in the same supply area or part of a supply area.	Deletes cross reference to repealed provision
24A.	Gas supply system emergencies	24A.	Gas supply system emergencies	
(2)	To the extent that Schedule 3 or anything in an order under that Schedule is inconsistent with any safety provision of the <i>Petroleum Pipelines Act 1969</i> or of a licence under that Act or under Part 2A of the <i>Energy Coordination Act 1994</i> , the safety provision prevails and the inconsistent provision of Schedule 3 or the order has no effect.	(2)	To the extent that Schedule 3 or anything in an order under that Schedule is inconsistent with any safety provision of the <i>Petroleum Pipelines Act 1969</i> or of a licence under that Act or under Part 2A of the <i>Energy Coordination Act 1994</i> , this Act, the safety provision prevails and the inconsistent provision of Schedule 3 or the order has no effect.	Corrects a reference to the Act.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
124. (4)	By-laws	124 . (4)	By-laws Without limiting or restricting the generality of subsection (1) by-laws made under this Act by the corporation may provide for all or any of the following matters or purposes, that is to say — (k) in the case of by-laws made by the Western Power Corporation, providing for frequency control voltages to be imposed on normal supply voltage and prohibiting the use of frequency control voltages within prescribed limits otherwise than by the corporation;	Section 92 of the Gas Corporation (Business Disposal) Act 1999 purported to make these amendments to section 124, but because of an overlap with Act No. 24 of 2000 (which came into operation first) those amendments were not effective.

EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED EXPLANA	ATION
(5) Subject to the by-laws regulating or specifying standards of supply and standards of service, the Western Power Corporation may, by notice in the Government Gazette including any necessary diagrams, from time to time declare — and where the Western Power Corporation has made a declaration under paragraph (b) it shall for so long as that declared point within the limits of plus or minus 2½% of the declared frequency. (5) Subject to the by-laws regulating or specifying standards of supply and standards of service, the Western Power Corporation may, by notice in the Government Gazette including any necessary diagrams, from time to time declare — and where the Western Power Corporation has made a declaration under paragraph (b) it shall for so long as that declaration has effect at all times maintain the system pressure at that declared point within the limits of plus or minus 6% of the declared pressure and the frequency at that declared point within the limits of plus or minus 2½% of the declared frequency. As above. As above.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
125.	Regulations or by-laws, generally	125.	Regulations or by-laws, generally	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of name.
(1)	Regulations or by-laws made under this Act may be so made —	(2)	Regulations or by-laws made under this Act may be so made —	"Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act 1984.</i>
	 (b) as to adopt, by reference to the text as from time to time amended and for the time being in force, unless a particular text is specified at the time of such adoption, — (ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Australian Gas Association, The Australian Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association, or other specified body, either wholly or in part or with modifications, as are specified; 		(b) as to adopt, by reference to the text as from time to time amended and for the time being in force, unless a particular text is specified at the time of such adoption, — (ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Australian Gas Association, The Australian Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association, or other specified body, either wholly or in part or with modifications, as are specified;	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
63. This Act not to apply in certain cases Nothing in this Act shall apply — ea) to any pipeline to which the Electricity Act 1945, the Gas Standards Act 1972, the Liquid Petroleum Gas Act 1956, the Petroleum Pipelines Act 1969 or the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1982 applies;	AS AMENDED 63. This Act not to apply in certain cases Nothing in this Act shall apply — ea) to any pipeline to which the Electricity Act 1945, the Energy Coordination Act 1994, the Gas Standards Act 1972, the Liquid Petroleum Gas Act 1956, the Petroleum Pipelines Act 1969 or the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1982 applies;	The Explosives and Dangerous Goods Act 1961 (EDGA) is intended to apply to unlawful and dangerous activity, so as to prevent any harm to the public. It is inappropriate for regulated industries such as gas pipeline distribution companies licensed under the Energy Coordination Act 1994 (ECA) which also has designated gas inspectors. Presently, gas distribution licences are indirectly exempted, as section 63 (ea) of the EDGA exempts pipelines under the Gas Standards Act 1972 (GSA). Under
		section 11Z of the ECA, gas distribution licensees must comply with the GSA. By means of this link, licensees are exempt from the <i>Explosives and Dangerous Goods Act 1961</i> . However, it is desired to make this exemption for licensees more specific, for reasons of clarity and certainty.
		Rather than relying on the present indirect exemption, the amendment is designed to specifically exempt gas distribution pipeline licensees.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5. (1)	Interpretation In this Act, except in so far as the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires —	5. (1)	Interpretation In this Act, except in so far as the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires —	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act 1984</i> .
	 "published", in relation to a statement or information, includes — (g) appended to or stamped upon an article in the form of a label or impressed stamp denoting that such article complies with the requirements of — (i) the Standards Association of Australia; or 		 "published", in relation to a statement or information, includes — (g) appended to or stamped upon an article in the form of a label or impressed stamp denoting that such article complies with the requirements of — (i) the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia; or 	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
50.	Safety standards (TPA ss.65C, 65E)	50. Safety standards (TPA ss.65C, 65E)	As above.
(3)	Regulations made under subsection (1) may — (a) adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference any Australian Standard or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications — (i) of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia; or	(3) Regulations made under subsection (1) may — (a) adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference any Australian Standard or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications — (i) of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia; or (i) of Standards Australia;	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
59.	Prescribing of product information standards (TPA s.65D(2))	59.	Prescribing of product information standards (TPA s.65D(2))	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in
(3)	Regulations made under subsection (1) may —	(3)	Regulations made under subsection (1) may —	the Interpretation Act 1984.
	 (a) adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference any Australian Standard or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications — (i) of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia; or 		(a) adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference any Australian Standard or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications — (i) of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia; or (i) of Standards Australia;	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
33. Publication of analysis (4) Any proprietor or manager of a newspaper or public print may republish any report which has been published by the Registrar in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, and no action shall lie against such proprietor or manager in respect of the republication.	33. Publication of analysis (4) Any proprietor or manager of a newspaper or public print may republish any report which has been published by the chief executive officer in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, and no action shall lie against such proprietor or manager in respect of the republication.	Act No 9 of 1998 purported to make this amendment but due to an error in that Act the amendment was not effective.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Fertilizers Act 1977

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule 1 (Sections 3 and 4) List of Statutory Authorities	Schedule 1 (Sections 3 and 4) List of Statutory Authorities	The Act under which the Coal Mines and Accident Relief Fund Trust was established was repealed in 1994. This entry is therefore redundant.
Central TAFE Central West College of TAFE Coal Industry superannuation board Coal Mines Accident Relief Fund Trust Commissioner of Main Roads Commissioner of Workplace Agreements Conservation Commission of Western Australia Construction Industry Long Service Leave Payments Board Country High School Hostels Authority Country housing Authority Curriculum Council Curtin University of Technology	Central TAFE Central West College of TAFE Coal Industry superannuation board Coal Miners Accident Relief Fund Trust Commissioner of Main Roads Commissioner of Workplace Agreements Conservation Commission of Western Australia Construction Industry Long Service Leave Payments Board Country High School Hostels Authority Country housing Authority Curriculum Council Curtin University of Technology	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
4. Interpretation	4. Interpretation	Aboriginal person" was defined in s3 of the now repealed <i>Land (Titles and Traditional Usage) Act 1993</i> (LTTUA) to mean:
(1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears –	(1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears -	"a member of the Aboriginal race of Australia." The proposed amendment is consistent with
"Aboriginal person" has the same meaning as in the Land (Titles and Traditional Usage) Act 1993	"Aboriginal person" has the same meaning as in the Land (Titles and Traditional Usage) Act 1993. "Aboriginal person" means a member of the Aboriginal race of Australia.	the provision in the repealed LTTUA. It is also consistent with Commonwealth legislation such as the Native Title Act 1993, the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Heritage Protection Act 1984 and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission Act 1989. The proposed amendment is preferred over definitions in other Western Australian Acts [Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972, Aboriginal Communities Act 1979 and Aboriginal Affairs Planning Authority Act 1972]. The Department of Indigenous Affairs has advised that the Western Australian Acts are under review.
		A definition of "Aboriginal person" is required as reference is made to such person in other places in the <i>Fish Resources Management Act 1994</i> (FRMA) (See for example s6 of the FRMA - Application of Act to Aboriginal persons).
"rights of traditional usage" has the same meaning as in the Land (Titles and Traditional Usage) Act 1993 2;	"rights of traditional usage" has the same meaning as in the Land (Titles and Traditional Usage) Act 1993	This phrase is used a number of times in ss163 –169 of the FRMA which are to be repealed. See below for explanation why those sections are to be repealed and therefore why this phrase is redundant.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
33. Recreational Fishing Advisory Committee (2) The Advisory Committee is to consist of 15 persons of whom: i) one is to be a person of Aboriginal descent, appointed by the Minister who in the Minister's opinion represents the interests of Aboriginal people.	33. Recreational Fishing Advisory Committee (2) The Advisory Committee is to consist of 15 persons of whom: i) one is to be a person of Aboriginal descent an Aboriginal person appointed by the Minister who in the Minister's opinion represents the interests of Aboriginal people.	This amendment is sought to remove any ambiguity created by the phrase "person of Aboriginal descent" by replacing it with the expression "Aboriginal person" as defined in s4 (above).
 101. Prerequisite to grant of lease (1) The Minister must not grant an aquaculture lease unless (a) no notice of objection has been lodged under section 166; or (b) the responsible Minister, as defined in section 163, has given his or her advice or recommendation under section 168 to the Minister. (2) In considering an application for an aquaculture lease the Minister must give due weight to, but is not bound to accept, any recommendation or advice of the responsible Minister under section 168. 	Section 101 is repealed	This section is to be repealed because it became redundant when the LTTUA was declared invalid by the High Court in Western Australia v Commonwealth (1995) 183 CLR 373 and repealed by the Acts Amendment and Repeal (Native Title Act 1995 (Repeal Act). The section was dependent for its effective operation on the interpretation section and procedure contained in s163 – 169 which are also to be repealed as they were based on the invalid LTTUA. Processes under s24HA of the Native Title Act 1993 and, for example, the Minister for Fisheries' Ministerial Policy Guideline No 8 – Assessment of Applications for Authorisations for Aquaculture and Pearling in coastal waters of Western Australia (MPG 8) ensure that the Minister notifies interested Aboriginal groups about the aquaculture lease application and provide for appropriate levels of consultation before the Minister makes a decision to grant or refuse the application.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Part 14 – Objections Division 1 – Objections to decisions concerning authorizations	The Heading to Part 14 Division 1 is repealed	Part 14 of the FRMA is currently divided into 2 divisions. Division 1 concerns Objections to proposed decisions of the Executive Director relating to Fishing Boat Licences, Aquaculture Licences, Fish Processing Licences and permits for fish processing establishments, among other things. Division 2 concerns Objections by Aboriginal groups, based on rights of traditional usage, to applications made to the Minister for Fisheries by persons for the grant of an aquaculture lease under s97 or an exclusive licence under s251 of the FRMA. Division 2 is to be repealed in total for the reasons given opposite s163 169 below. Division 1 becomes Part 14 and the Heading to Part 14 Division 1 becomes redundant.
146. Meaning of "affected person" In this Division	146. Meaning of "affected person" In this Division Part	As the effect of the preceding amendment is that there will be no 'Divisions' of Part 14, the word 'Division' is redundant and the word 'Part' is substituted.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
147. Executive Director to notify persons of certain proposals (1) Before — a) refusing to grant an authorization; the Executive Director must; (g) give the person the opportunity to object to the proposal under this Division.	147. Executive Director to notify persons of certain proposals (1) Before - a) refusing to grant an authorization; the Executive Director must; (g) give the person the opportunity to object to the proposal under this Division Part.	The word "Part" is substituted for the word "Division" for the reason given opposite s146 above.
148. Executive Director to publish notice of certain proposals (1) Before granting, varying or transferring (a) a permit the Executive Director must (e) give affected persons the opportunity to object to the proposal under this Division.	148. Executive Director to publish notice of certain proposals (1) Before granting, varying or transferring (a) a permit the Executive Director must (e) give affected persons the opportunity to object to the proposal under this Division Part.	The word "Part" is substituted for the word "Division" for the reason given opposite s146 above.
162. Regulations relating to tribunals (1) The regulations may provide for any matter necessary or convenient to give effect to this Division. (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations may: (c) prescribe fees payable in respect of anything done under this Division.	 162. Regulations relating to tribunals (1) The regulations may provide for any matter necessary or convenient to give effect to this Division Part. (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations may: (c) prescribe fees payable in respect of anything done under this Division Part. 	The word "Part" is substituted for the word "Division" for the reason given opposite s146 above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Part 14 – Objections Division 2 – Objections based on rights of traditional usage	Division 2 (sections 163-169) is repealed	S163 – 169 of the FRMA contained a discrete interpretation section (s163) and procedure to be followed to give recognition to Aboriginal groups' rights of traditional usage, as those terms were defined in the invalid and repealed LTTUA, as a prerequisite to the Minister for Fisheries granting an aquaculture lease (s101) or exclusive licence (s253). Refer further comments below.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
163. Interpretation In this Division, unless the contrary intention appears — "Aboriginal group" has the same meaning as in the Land (Titles and Traditional Usage) Act 1993 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner for Aboriginal Planning referred to in section 10 of the Aboriginal Affairs Planning Authority Act 1972; "Minister for Fisheries" means the Minister to whom the administration of this Act is for the time being committed by the Governor; "responsible Minister" means the Minister to whom the administration of the Land (Titles and Traditional Usage) Act 1993 is for the time being committed by the Governor.		S163 was the interpretation section for Division 2. The words and phrases defined in s163 have no relevance once s101, s164 – 169 and s253 are repealed, because they refer to expressions as defined in the LTTUA. Crown Solicitor's Office has advised that whilst some of the phrases in s163 [rights of traditional usage, responsible Minister and Aboriginal group] are problematical to interpret, due to the invalidity and repeal of the LTTUA, as a general principle the courts have pointed out that they are not at liberty to consider any word or sentence as superfluous or insignificant. All words (and phrases) must prima facie be given some meaning and effect. A court will attempt to give the words the meaning "that produces the greatest harmony and least inconsistency". Notwithstanding that a court will strive to give meaning to the phrases and thereby enable s163 –169 to be applied, Crown Solicitor's Office has recommended that Part 14 Division 2 be repealed in its entirety as soon as possible.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
164. Notice to Commissioner of Aboriginal		S164 –169 contained the procedure by which
Planning in certain cases	Sections 164 – 169 are repealed.	rights of traditional usage of Aboriginal groups
(1) The Minister must cause notice of every	·	were to be given due weight by the Minister
application for an aquaculture lease or an		under s101 and s253, which are also to be
exclusive licence to be given to the		repealed. Rights of traditional usage were a
Commissioner within 14 days of the		reflection of the then Government policy on
application being made.		native title and were embodied in the LTTUA,
(2) Notice may be given by posting a copy of		which was declared to be invalid by the High
the application by certified mail to the		Court and subsequently repealed. A number
Commissioner in Perth.		of Western Australian Acts (eg, the <i>Pearling</i>
(3) The notice is to be accompanied by a		Act 1990) had been amended to incorporate a
map of the area in respect of which the		procedure similar to s164 - 169 to deal with
aquaculture lease or exclusive licence is		rights of traditional usage, following the
sought.		commencement of the LTTUA. These Acts
(4) The map is to contain such information as		were all amended by the Repeal Act by
is prescribed.		deleting the provisions concerning <i>rights of</i>
		traditional usage. It seems likely that due to
165. Commissioner to inform Aboriginal		the timing of the Repeal Act and passage of
groups		the FRMA through Parliament, the provisions
(1) If the Commissioner receives notice under		of Part 14 Division 2 were overlooked.
section 164 the Commissioner must		In practice the procedure in s164 –169 did not
(a) consider whether any Aboriginal group		provide any additional rights to Aboriginal
may have rights of traditional usage in relation to the area□ and		groups beyond the notification and
		consultation processes afforded by the <i>Native</i>
(b) if the Commissioner considers any		Title Act 1993 and processes such as those in MPG 8 and was an unnecessary layer of
Aboriginal group may have such rights, send a copy of the application in		administration in the current legislative
whatever way the Commissioner thinks		framework for native title. It may be argued
appropriate to the group or such		that the notification and consultation
representatives of that group as the		processes under the <i>Native Title Act 1993</i> ,
Commissioner thinks fit.		MPG 8 and other administrative processes
Commissioner tilling it.		provide a greater measure of respect for the
(2) The duty imposed by subsection (1) must		rights of Aboriginal persons and groups since
be performed within 14 days after the day on		consultation is direct (ie. not through the
which notice under section 164(1) is received		responsible Minister) and not subject to the
by the Commissioner.		same strict time constraints that were
		imposed in s164–169 of the FRMA.
	<u> </u>	1

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
166. Notice of objection may be lodged		
 (1) Any Aboriginal group that objects to the grant of an aquaculture lease or an exclusive licence (as the case may be), on grounds relating to rights of traditional usage, may lodge a notice of objection in the prescribed manner at the office of the responsible Minister. (2) Any such notice must be lodged within the prescribed period which may be different for different parts of the State, but must in no case end more than 42 days after the day on which a copy of the application was sent to the group under section 165. (3) A group that lodges a notice of objection must forthwith give a copy of the notice to the applicant. 	Sections 164 – 169 are repealed.	As above.
167. Contents of notice A notice of objection must include (a) a description of the Aboriginal group with sufficient particularity to enable the members to be identified; (b) a map of the area in respect of which rights of traditional usage are claimed; (c) particulars of the rights of traditional usage claimed; (d) a statement of the manner in which the aquaculture lease or exclusive licence(as the case may be) applied for may interfere with the claimed rights of traditional usage; (e) the names of members of the group or other persons who are authorized to represent and Act on behalf of the group; & (f) such other particulars as may be prescribed.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 168. Action to be taken by responsible Minister (1) If an Aboriginal group (a) has lodged a notice of objection and (b) appears to the responsible Minister to have a bona fide claim to rights of traditional usage, the responsible Minister must consult with that group in a way, and by the agency of persons, that the Minister thinks appropriate to the customs, traditions and other circumstances of the group; and (d) give such weight as the Minister thinks fit to the information so obtained. (2) The responsible Minister, within 3 months after the end of the prescribed period under section 166(2), must either; (a) advise the Minister for Fisheries that, so far as rights of traditional usage claimed in a notice of objection are concerned, there is no reason why an aquaculture lease or an exclusive licence (as the case may be) should not be granted either with or without conditions specified by the responsible Minister; or (b) recommend to the Minister for Fisheries that, on grounds relating to the rights of traditional usage claimed in a notice of objection, the aquaculture lease or exclusive licence should not be granted. 	Sections 164 – 169 are repealed.	See above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(3) Any advice or recommendation of the responsible Minister is not liable to be challenged, reviewed or called in question by a court on account of anything which the responsible Minister has done or failed to do for the purposes of this section.	Sections 164 – 169 are repealed.	See above.
(4) The Minister for Fisheries may by notice in writing to the responsible Minister declare that a period shorter than 3 months applies for the purposes of subsection (2) in the case of a specified application, and any such substituted period applies accordingly.		
169. Right of applicant to make submissions		
If the Minister for Fisheries proposes – (a) to refuse to grant an aquaculture lease or an exclusive licence; or (b) to attach any condition to an aquaculture lease or an exclusive licence, on grounds relating to rights of traditional usage claimed in a notice of objection, the Minister must notify the applicant of, and give the applicant an opportunity to make submissions on, the proposal.		

CLAUSE NO.

56 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Part 18 Financial Provisions Division 2 – Fund 5		
238. Fisheries Research and Development Fund (5) The Fund may be applied by the Minister for all or any of the following purposes: (m) in payment of any administrative costs under Division 1 of Part 14;	238. Fisheries Research and Development Fund (5) The Fund may be applied by the Minister for all or any of the following purposes: (m) in payment of any administrative costs under Division 1 of Part 14;	Part 14 has no Divisions following the repeal of Division 2.
Part 19 – Miscellaneous 253. Prerequisite to grant of exclusive licence (1) The Minister must not grant an exclusive licence unless (a) no objection has been lodged under section 166□ or (b) the responsible Minister, as defined in section 163, has given his or her advice or recommendation under section 168 to the Minister. (2) In considering an application for an exclusive licence the Minister must give due weight to, but is not bound to accept, any recommendation or advice of the responsible Minister under section 168.	Repealed	This section is to be repealed because its provisions became redundant when the High Court declared the LTTUA to be invalid and the LTTUA was repealed. The section was dependent for its effective operation on the interpretation section and procedure contained in s163 - 169 which are to be repealed. Processes under the Native Title Act 1993 ensure that the Minister notifies interested Aboriginal groups about the application for an exclusive licence and provide for appropriate levels of consultation before the Minister makes a decision to grant or refuse the application.

EXI	STING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3. Inter (2) In thi "pre	rpretation is Act — scribed bet" means — (a) a bet made with a person lawfully carrying on the business of a bookmaker under the Betting Control Act 1954, entered into in the course and for the purposes of that business; (b) a bet made, with a person authorized to accept bets of that kind, under an Act specified in the Schedule or under a prescribed provision; or	3. (2)	In this Act — "prescribed bet" means — (a) a bet made with a person lawfully carrying on the business of a bookmaker under the Betting Control Act 1954, entered into in the course and for the purposes of that business; (aa) a bet made with a totalisator operated by the committee of a racing club or other authority controlling the racecourse on which that club conducts race meetings in accordance with an authority granted under the Betting Control Act 1954; (b) a bet made, with a person authorized to accept bets of that kind, under an Act specified in the Schedule or under a prescribed provision; or	This Act was promulgated in 1985 to establish provision for gambling debts to be recovered. For a gambling debt to be recoverable it must arise from "lawful gaming" or "lawful betting" and various references to related Acts are included. Since this Act was introduced, the Betting Control Act 1954 has been amended to incorporate the licensing and operation of racecourse totalisators. This amendment is to include in the definition of a "prescribed bet" a bet made with a totalisator operated by a race club, in accordance with an authority issued under the amended Betting Control Act 1954.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Gaming and Betting (Contracts and Securities) Act 1985 CLAUSE NO. 57

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule [s. 3]	Schedule [s. 3]	Since the <i>Gaming and Betting (Contracts and Securities) Act 1985</i> was promulgated in 1985, the <i>Totalisator Act</i>
Totalisator Act 1883	Totalisator Act 1883	1883, Totalisator Regulation Act 1911 and
Totalisator Regulation Act 1911	Totalisator Regulation Act 1911	the Race Meetings (Two up Gaming) Act 1985 have been repealed and the Gaming
Totalisator Agency Board Betting Act 1960	Totalisator Agency Board Betting Act 1960	Commission Act 1987 has been promulgated. This amendment updates
Lotteries Commission Act 1990	Lotteries Commission Act 1990	the Schedule to reflect these changes.
Casino Control Act 1984	Casino Control Act 1984	
Casino (Burswood Island) Agreement Act 1985	Casino (Burswood Island) Agreement Act 1985	
Police Act 1892	Gaming Commission Act 1987	
Race Meetings (Two-up Gaming) Act 1985	Police Act 1892	
ACL 1900	Race Meetings (Two-up Gaming) Act 1985	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
92.	Section 124 amended Section 124 is amended as follows:	Section 92(c)(i) and (d) of the Gas Corporation (Business Disposal) Act 1999 are deleted.	These provisions are inoperative.
	 (c) in subsection (4)(k) — (i) by deleting "in the case of by-laws made by the Electricity Corporation,"; and (d) in subsection (5), by deleting "the Electricity Corporation" in both places where it occurs and inserting instead — " the corporation". 		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
12. General regulation-making power for Gas Pipelines Access Law	12. General regulation-making power for Gas Pipelines Access Law	Corrects a cross referencing error.
(3) The provisions of the <i>Interpretation</i> Act 1984 do not apply for the purposes of regulations under this Part but instead those of Appendix 1 to Schedule 1 apply.	(3) The provisions of the <i>Interpretation</i> Act 1984 do not apply for the purposes of regulations under this Part but instead those of <u>Appendix</u> to Schedule 1 apply.	
Schedule 1 – Third Party Access to Natural Gas Pipelines [ss.391), 12(3)] Part 1 – Preliminary	Schedule 1 – Third Party Access to Natural Gas Pipelines [ss.391), 12(3)] Part 1 – Preliminary	
17. Arbitrator may request information	17. Arbitrator may request information	
(3) If local Regulator gives the arbitrator information that is confidential, the local Regulator is to identify the nature and extent of the confidentiality and the arbitrator is to treat the information accordingly.	(3) If the local Regulator gives the arbitrator information that is confidential, the local Regulator is to identify the nature and extent of the confidentiality and the arbitrator is to treat the information accordingly.	Inserts a missing word.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
13A. Gasfitting works and workers (3) Regulations made under this Act may make provision — (h) adopting, by reference to the text as from time to time amended and for the time being in force, unless a particular text is specified at the time of such adoption,	13A. Gasfitting works and workers (3) Regulations made under this Act may make provision — (h) adopting, by reference to the text as from time to time amended and for the time being in force, unless a particular text is specified at the time of such adoption,	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1994.
(ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the Standards association of Australia, the Australian Gas Association, the British Standards Institution, or other specified body,	(ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the <u>Standards</u> <u>Australia</u> , the Australian Gas Association, the British Standards Institution, or other specified body,	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
AN ACT to allow the reassignment of gender and establish a Gender Reassignment Board with power to issue recognition certificates; to make consequential amendments to the Constitution Acts Amendment Act 1899 and the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1961; to amend the Equal Opportunity Act 1984 to promote equality of opportunity, and provide remedies in respect of discrimination, on gender history grounds in certain cases; and for connected purposes.	AN ACT to allow the reassignment of gender and establish a Gender Reassignment Board with power to issue recognition certificates; to make consequential amendments to the Constitution Acts Amendment Act 1899 and the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1961 Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1998; to amend the Equal Opportunity Act 1984 to promote equality of opportunity, and provide remedies in respect of discrimination, on gender history grounds in certain cases; and for connected purposes	The Gender Reassignment Act 2000 was originally drafted before the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1998 came into operation. As a result it refers to the Register General under the now repealed Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1961. The purpose of the amendments is to update those references to refer to the Registrar under the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1998.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3. Interpretation "Registrar General" means the Registrar General appointed under the Registration of Births Deaths and Marriages Act 1961.	AS AMENDED 3. Interpretation "Registrar" means the Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages, referred to in section 5 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act 1998.	As above.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Gender Reassignment Act 2000

CLAUSE NO.

61 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
17. Registration of certificates	17. Registration of certificates	As above.
(1) Subject to this section, if a recognition	(1) Subject to this section, if a	
certificate, or an equivalent certificate	recognition certificate, or an	
issued under a corresponding law,	equivalent certificate issued under a	
relating to a person whose birth is	corresponding law, relating to a	
registered in the State is roduced to the	person whose birth is registered in	
Registrar General, the Registrar	the State is roduced to the Registrar,	
General must –	the Registrar must –	
(a) register the reassignment of	(c) register the reassignment of	
gender; and	gender; and	
(b) make such other entries and	(d) make such other entries and	
alterations on any register or index	alterations on any register or	
kept by the Registrar General as	index kept by the Registrar as	
may be necessary in view of the	may be necessary in view of the	
reassignment.	reassignment.	
(2) A person must not produce a	(2) A person must not produce a	
recognition certificate to the Registrar	recognition certificate to the Registrar	
General –	_	
(a) within one month after the day on	(a) within one month after the day	
which the certificate is issued; or	on which the certificate is	
(b) if an appeal is commenced	issued; or	
against the decision to issue the	(b) if an appeal is commenced	
certificate, before the appeal is	against the decision to issue the	
determined.	certificate, before the appeal is	
Penalty: \$2000.	determined.	
(3) A certificate produced to the Registrar	Penalty: \$2000	
General under this section must be	(3) A certificate produced to the	
accompanied by an application in a	Registrar under this section must be	
form approved by the Registrar General	accompanied by an application in a	
and by the prescribed fee.	form approved by the Registrar and	
	by the prescribed fee.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
18. Issuing of new birth certificate	18. Issuing of new birth certificate	As above.
(1) After the reassignment of gender is registered by the Registrar General and the register altered accordingly, a birth certificate issued by the Registrar General for the person must, unless otherwise requested by that person or permitted by the regulations, show the person's sex in accordance with the register as altered.	(1) After the reassignment of gender is registered by the Registrar and the register altered accordingly, a birth certificate issued by the Registrar for the person must, unless otherwise requested by that person or permitted by the regulations, show the person's sex in accordance with the register as altered.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Gender Reassignment Act 2000

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
29. Consequential amendments	Section 29(1) is repealed.	As above.
(1) Section 65(1) of the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages Act 1961 is amended by inserting after "Act" the following — "or the Gender Reassignment Act 2000"		

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Gender Reassignment Act 2000

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
96. Proof of certain matters not required	96. Proof of certain matters not required	Corrects a grammatical error.
(1) In any prosecution or legal proceedings under the provisions of this Act, or the by-laws or regulations instituted by or under the direction of the Commission, no proof shall be required (until evidence is given to the contrary) of –	(1) In any prosecution or legal proceedings under the provisions of this Act, or the by-laws or regulations instituted by or under the direction of the Commission, no proof shall be required (until evidence is given to the contrary) of –	
(d) the powers of the officer to prosecute; (e) the appointment of the Commissioner, or any other officer of the Commission, or	(d) the powers of the officer to prosecute; or (e) the appointment of the Commissioner , or any other officer of the Commission.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
2. Liability of owner or master in the case of a vessel under pilotage The owner of a vessel, and the master of a vessel, shall be answerable under the provisions of the Acts set out in the schedule to this Act, for any loss or damage caused by the vessel, or by any fault of the navigation of the vessel, notwithstanding that the vessel was in charge of a pilot and that pilotage was compulsory,.	2. Liability of owner or master in the case of a vessel under pilotage The owner of a vessel, and the master of a vessel, shall be answerable under the provisions of the Acts set out in the schedule to this Act, for any loss or damage caused by the vessel, or by any fault of the navigation of the vessel, notwithstanding that the vessel was in charge of a pilot and that pilotage was compulsory.	Corrects a grammatical error.

(1) Any regulations or local laws made der this Act may adopt wholly or partly varied as specified in the regulation or cal law) a code published under bsection (2) or any of the standards, les, codes or other provisions of the dy known as the Standards Australia, other Australian and international dies of well established high repute, as force at the time of adoption or as nended from time to time.	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretations Act</i> 1984.
(1 de la	Any regulations or local laws made er this Act may adopt wholly or partly varied as specified in the regulation or I law) a code published under section (2) or any of the standards, s, codes or other provisions of the y known as the Standards Australia, ther Australian and international les of well established high repute, as arce at the time of adoption or as

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule 5 [Section 360 (1)] Penalties	Schedule 5 [Section 360 (1)] Penalties	Section 360 and Schedule 5 to the <i>Health Act 1911</i> together determine the penalties that are applicable in relation to each of the offences created by that Act.
Part IV Sections 98, 99(4), 108(4), 109, 188, 207B(3), 207C, 209(1) and (2), 210, 211(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5), 223(1), 225(2), 227(2), 231(2), 234(1), 240(1), 246E, 246L, 246N(1), 246O(1), 246(Q)(2), 246T, 246X(2), 267(1), 278(1), 279, 282(2), 298(1), 299(1), 310(1), 313(1), 332(1), 336(5a), 336A(5a), 336B(7a), 340M(1) and (2), 340AK (5b), 340aM (1) and (2), 340BM (1) and (2) and 366(2). Part VII Sections 129, 131(2), 228(2), 237(2), 238(1), 246E and 312.	Part IV Sections 98, 99(4), 108(4), 109, 188, 207B(3), 207C, 209(1) and (2), 210, 211(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5), 223(1), 225(2), 227(2), 231(2), 234(1), 240(1), , 246L, 246N(1), 246O(1), 246(Q)(2), 246T, 246X(2), 267(1), 278(1), 279, 282(2), 298(1), 299(1), 310(1), 313(1), 332(1), 336(5a), 336A(5a), 336B(7a), 340M(1) and (2), 340AK (5b), 340aM (1) and (2), 340BM (1) and (2) and 366(2). Part VII Sections 129, 131(2), 228(2), 237(2), 238(1), 246E and 312.	Generally, section 360 provides for there to be a graduated system of penalties, and Schedule 5 identifies the offences to which each level of penalty applies. This is done by listing in the Parts to Schedule 5, those sections of the Act where offences appear, and relating the offences in each Part to the penalty levels prescribed by section 360. Section 246E of the Health Act 1911 makes it an offence for a person to expose for sale, sell or supply any meat or product containing meat which has not been marked or branded in accordance with the health (Meat Inspection, Branding and Processing) Regulations 1950.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
		The offence created by section 264E appears twice in Schedule 5 to the Act – under Part IV and Part VII. This causes some confusion about the applicable penalty levels.
		HDWA officers have established that instructions were provided to Parliamentary Counsel to remove reference to section 246E from Part IV of Schedule 5 to the <i>Health Act 1911</i> , and include it in Part VII of the same schedule in the context of preparing the <i>Health Amendment Act 1987</i> . However, while Part VII was amended to include reference to section 246E, the instruction to remove the same reference from Part IV was not given effect, hence two references.
		The policy intention is, as it was in 1987, that the offence created by section 246E of the <i>Health Act 1911</i> should attract the penalties which are applicable to other offences identified in Part VII of Schedule 5 to that Act. On that basis, the reference to section 246E in Part IV of that Schedule should be deleted.

EXISTING PROVISION			AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
37.	Notice of referral for conciliation		ce of referral for ciliation	Section 37 of this Act requires that a notice must be provided to a complainant
(1)	Within 14 days after the Director refers a complaint for conciliation the conciliator must give written notice of that decision to the provider and the person who made the complaint.	refers the c notice provi	n 14 days after the Director is a complaint for conciliation onciliator must give written it is of that decision to the der and the person who is the complaint.	and to a service provider who, or which, is the subject of a complaint when the Director of the Office of Health Review ("the Director") refers a complaint for conciliation.
(2)	The Director must include in the notice — (a) details of the arrangements made for conciliation discussions between the provider and that person; and (b) a statement that the provider may make submissions to the conciliator.	\ /	Director must include in the e notice must include — details of the arrangements made for conciliation discussions between the provider and that person; and a statement that the provider may make submissions to the conciliator.	Subsection 37(1) makes clear that this notice is to be given by the conciliator who is assigned to deal with the complaint by the Director under section 36 of that Act. However, subsection 37(2) places an obligation on the Director (not the conciliator) to include certain information in the notice given under subsection 37(1). This is therefore a minor amendment to correct a drafting error in the legislation, clarifying who is responsible for providing the notice.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
25E. Application of this Division	25E. Application of this Division	This amendment inserts a missing word.
(2) This Division does not apply to residential building work for which a building licence under Part XV of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1960 was issued before the commencement of Home Building Contracts Amendment Act 1996.	(2) This Division does not apply to residential building work for which a building licence under Part XV of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1960 was issued before the commencement of the Home Building Contracts Amendment Act 1996.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
18 . (1b)	Functions of hospital boards	18. (1b)	Functions of hospital boards Subject to subsection (1c), the The provision of any facility under subsection (1a) shall be on such terms and conditions, including the payment of charges, as are determined by the Minister from	This amendment deletes a reference to subsection (1)(c) which has been repealed.
	time to time.		time to time.	
26J.	Guidelines	26J.	Guidelines	The Standards Association of Australia
(2)	Guidelines issued under subsection (1) may —	(2)	Guidelines issued under subsection (1) may —	has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i>
	(b) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference to any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or subsidiary legislation under any Act of the State or the Commonwealth or any standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution or other body specified in the guidelines.		(b) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference to any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or subsidiary legislation under any Act of the State or the Commonwealth or any standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution or other body specified in the guidelines.	1984.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
65.	Audit and filing of accounts of organization	65. Audit and filing of accounts of organization	The Australian Accounting Standards Board has changed the terminology used
	The secretary of each organization shall — (b) within one calendar month after the completion of the audit referred to in paragraph (a), deliver to the Registrar — (iii) a sources and application of funds	of the audit referred to in paragraph (a), deliver to the Registrar — (iii) a sources and application of funds	for financial records. "Sources and applications of funds statements" are now referred to as "cash flow statements". These changes to the accounting standards occurred in December 1991. This amendment makes the references in the Industrial Relations Act consistent with current accounting standards terminology.
	statement of the organization for the financial year concerned audited by the auditor.	cash flow statement of the organization for the financial year concerned audited by the auditor.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
71. Provisions relating to State branches of Federal organizations	71. Provisions relating to State branches of Federal organizations	Amendment to allow employer organisations, as well as employee organisations, to take advantage of the	
(1) In this section — "State organization" means an organization of employees that is registered under Division 4 of Part II.	(1) In this section — "State organization" means an organization of employees that is registered under Division 4 of Part II.	provisions that allow an organisation which has a federal counterpart to have one set of elections for the offices in both organisations.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5.	Definitions applicable to written laws In this Act and every other written law — "sitting days" in relation to either House of Parliament, means days on which such House actually sits; "State" means a State of the Commonwealth;	5.	Definitions applicable to written laws In this Act and every other written law— "sitting days" in relation to either House of Parliament, means days on which such House actually sits; "Standards Australia" means Standards Australia International Limited (ACN 087 326 690) and includes a reference to the Standards Association of Australia as constituted before 1 July 1999;	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. As it is referred to in numerous Acts and Regulations, this amendment is included in the Interpretation Act 1984 to ensure that those references continue to be effective.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
13.	References to British subject, etc.	13.	References to British subject, etc.	As above.
14.	References by number to be inclusive	13A	References to Standards Association of Australia	
			A reference in a written law (other than this Act) to the Standards Association of Australia shall be read as a reference to Standards Australia.	
		14.	References by number to be inclusive	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
26. Citation of written laws (1) Where a written law is referred to, it shall be sufficient for all purposes to cite or refer to that written law by — (a) the short title or the citation (if any) by which it was made citable; or	26. Citation of written laws (1) Where a written law is referred to, it shall be sufficient for all purposes to cite or refer to that written law by — (a) the short title or the citation (if any) given to it or by which it was made citable; or	This amendment is to allow for a change in drafting practice that makes use of a shorter and more direct form of short title provision.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Any regulations made under this Act may — (a) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference, any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or other subordinate legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom, or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities, or other like body specified in the regulations; and	Any regulations made under this Act may — (a) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference, any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or other subordinate legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom, or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities, or other like body specified in the regulations; and	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
206E.	Enforcement of order for costs	Section 206E(3) is repealed.	This section relates to the Eighth
(3)	Where an application for leave to appeal or an appeal relates wholly or partly to an order made by justices for the payment of money on account of any of the matters specified in the Eighth Schedule, an order for payment of costs in connection with the application or the appeal shall not be enforceable under this section.		Schedule, which has been repealed. The subsection is therefore redundant and is repealed.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
10. General powers of Minister in relation to land (5) Subject to this Act, any proceeds received by the Minister from exercising powers or performing duties in relation to land, or providing land administration expertise and services, under subsection (1) are to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.	10. General powers of Minister in relation to land (5) Subject to this Act, any proceeds received by the Minister from exercising powers or performing duties in relation to land, or providing land administration expertise and services, under subsection (1) are to be credited to the Consolidated Fund — (a) for the purposes of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985, to be taken to be moneys lawfully received by the Department; and (b) subject to section 23A of that Act, to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.	Section 10(5) of the Land Administration Act 1997 requires that proceeds of dealings in Crown land under the Act be credited to the Consolidated Fund. Section 23A of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 enables the Treasurer to make a determination providing for revenue received by a department to be retained for services provided by that agency. However, under the Land Administration Act the Minister, not the Department, receives proceeds. Therefore, the Treasurer cannot make a determination under section 23A of the Financial Administration and Audit Act. This is to be remedied by amending section 10(5) of the Land Administration Act to deem proceeds received by the Minister to be received by the Department for the purposes of the Financial Administration and Audit Act. This will enable the Department to set up a revenue retention arrangement in relation to Part 6 lease rents. Any such arrangement will be subject to the Treasurer issuing a determination under s23AA of the FAAA. That section also requires that the amount appropriated to the Department be reduced by an amount equal to the amount to be received under revenue retention.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Content of a taking order	Content of a taking order	
178.(1) A taking order must –	178.(1) A taking order must –	
(f) if land affected by the order is not under the <i>Transfer of Land Act</i> 1893 – provide that it will be brought under that Act.	under the Transfer of Land Act	
How compensation to be assessed for interest in land taken	How compensation to be assessed for interest in land taken	
241.(1) In determining the amount of compensation (if Any) to be offered, paid, or awarded for an interest in land taken under this Part, regard is to be had solely to the matter referred to in this section.	compensation (if Any) to be offered, paid, or awarded for an interest in land taken under Part 9, regard is to be had solely to the matter	Section 241 is in Part 10 of the Act, while the land taking provisions are in Part 9. This amendment corrects the section and provides that the Part of the Act being referred to is Part 9 and not Part 10 of the Land Administration Act 1997.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
6. (1)	Composition of Tribunals Subject to this section, each Tribunal shall consist of three members appointed by the Governor of whom —	 6. Composition of Tribunals (1) Subject to this section, each Tribunal shall consist of three members appointed by the Governor of whom — 	The Australian Institute of Valuers has changed its name to Australian Property Institute.
	(b) one shall be a member, as an Associate or a Fellow, of the Australian Institute of Valuers (Incorporated) of not less than five years standing and practice; and	(b) one shall be a member, as an Associate or a Fellow, of the Australian Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute (Incorporated) of not less than five years standing and practice; and	

	EXISTING PROVISION	EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION	
4.	Interpretation In this Act unless the context otherwise requires —	4.	Interpretation In this Act unless the context otherwise requires —	The Australian Institute of Valuers has changed its name to Australian Property Institute.	
	"approved" means approved by the Board;		"approved" means approved by the Board;		
	"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board;		"Australian Property Institute" means the incorporated association known as the Australian Property Institute;		
			"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board;		

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
4.	Interpretation	4.	Interpretation	As above.
	•••		•••	
	"member" means a member of the Board and includes the Chairman;		"member" means a member of the Board and includes the Chairman;	
	"member", where used in relation to membership of the Institute of Valuers, means a Fellow or Associate of that Institute;		"member", where used in relation to membership of the Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute, means a Fellow or Associate of that Institute;	
	"the Board" means the Valuers Licensing Board;		 " the Board " means the Valuers	
	"the Institute of Valuers" means		Licensing Board;.	
	the Australian Institute of Valuers (Incorporated).		"the Institute of Valuers" means the Australian Institute of Valuers (Incorporated).	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
6. ²	Composition of Board	6. ²	Composition of Board	As above.
(1)	Subject to this section the Board shall consist of five members appointed by the Governor of whom —	8	Subject to this section the Board shall consist of five members appointed by the Governor of whom —	
	 (c) 2 shall be persons who are experienced in the valuation of land, are members of the Institute of Valuers, and are nominated by the Minister from a panel of names submitted by the Western Australian Division of that Institute; and (d) one shall be a person who 		(c) 2 shall be persons who are experienced in the valuation of land, are members of the Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute, and are nominated by the Minister from a panel of names submitted by the Western Australian Division of that Institute; and	
	is experienced in the valuation of land, is a member of the Institute of Valuers, and is nominated by the Minister from a panel of names submitted by the Real Estate Institute of Western Australia.		(d) one shall be a person who is experienced in the valuation of land, is a member of the Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute, and is nominated by the Minister from a panel of names submitted by the Real Estate Institute of Western Australia.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
6. ² Composition of Board	6. ² Composition of Board	As above.
(4) Where a request is made pursuant to subsection (3) the Minister may, if no panel or no panel of sufficient size, is submitted in accordance with the request, nominate for appointment —	(4) Where a request is made pursuant to subsection (3) the Minister may, if no panel or no panel of sufficient size, is submitted in accordance with the request, nominate for appointment —	
(b) to an office referred to in subsection (1) (c) or (d), such person, being a person who is experienced in the valuation of land and is a member of the Institute of Valuers, as he thinks fit.	(b) to an office referred to in subsection (1) (c) or (d), such person, being a person who is experienced in the valuation of land and is a member of the Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute, as he thinks fit.	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
19.	Grant of licence	19.	Grant of licence	As above.
(1)	The Board may grant a licence to any person who satisfies the Board, by such evidence as it may require that he is a person of good character and repute and is competent to carry out the duties of a licensed valuer and who — (c) is a member of the Institute of Valuers; or	` /	The Board may grant a licence to any person who satisfies the Board, by such evidence as it may require that he is a person of good character and repute and is competent to carry out the duties of a licensed valuer and who — a member of the Institute of Valuers stralian Property Institute; or	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
4. Interpretation (1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the State; "Barristers' Board" means the Board constituted under Part I of the Legal Practitioners Act 1893 3; "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Commission; "the Fund" means the Legal Aid Fund of Western Australia established by section 52; "the staff" means the staff of the Commission.	4. Interpretation (1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the State; "Barristers' Board" means the Board constituted under Part I of the Legal Practitioners Act 1893.3; "Chairman" means the Commission; "the Fund" means the Legal Aid Fund of Western Australia established by section 52; "The Legal Practice Board" means the Board constituted under Part I of the Legal Practitioners Act 1893; "the staff" means the staff of the Commission.	All of the amendments to this Act are to reflect the change in the name of the Board from the Barrister's Board to the Legal Practice Board.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
56.	Application of Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985	56.	Application of Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985	As above.
(2) 40 . (6a)	A copy of the annual report of the Commission and the opinion of the Auditor General in relation to the financial statements of the Commission shall be furnished to — (f) the Barristers Board ³ constituted under the Legal Practitioners Act 1893, at the same time as they are submitted to the Minister. Assisted persons to have private practitioners of their choice In making an exclusion, removal or limitation of a private practitioner under subsection (6) the Commission may have regard to any order or finding of fact relating to that practitioner made under Part IV of the Legal Practitioners Act 1893 by the Barristers' Board ³ or by the Full Court of the Supreme Court.	(2) 40 . (6a)	A copy of the annual report of the Commission and the opinion of the Auditor General in relation to the financial statements of the Commission shall be furnished to — (f) the Barristers Board The Legal Practice Board of Constituted Under the Legal Practitioners Act 1893, at the same time as they are submitted to the Minister. Assisted persons to have private practitioners of their choice In making an exclusion, removal or limitation of a private practitioner under subsection (6) the Commission may have regard to any order or finding of fact relating to that practitioner made under Part IV of the Legal Practitioners Act 1893 by the Barristers' Board The Legal Practice Board or by the Full Court of the Supreme Court.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Legal Aid Commission Act 1976

CLAUSE NO. 75 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
64.	Secrecy	64.	Secrecy	As above.
(2c)	Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (2), a person to whom this section applies may, with the approval of the Chairman or the Commission, disclose any information referred to in subsection (2) to the Barristers' Board ³ for the purposes of the <i>Legal Practitioners Act 1893</i> and, in construing this subsection, "disclose" includes disclose by producing any relevant document.	(2c)	Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (2), a person to whom this section applies may, with the approval of the Chairman or the Commission, disclose any information referred to in subsection (2) to the Barristers' Board The Legal Practice Board for the purposes of the Legal Practitioners Act 1893 and, in construing this subsection, "disclose" includes disclose by producing any relevant document.	
(4)	This section does not apply —	(4)	This section does not apply —	
Barriste before	(c) in an inquiry by the ers' Board ³ or in proceedings the Supreme Court, under the Practitioners Act 1893.	Barriste Board ³ Supren	(c) in an inquiry by the ers' Board The Legal Practice or in proceedings before the ne Court, under the Legal oners Act 1893.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
56.	Regulations (1) Without limiting the power to make rules under, and for the purposes of, Part V ⁴ , the Governor may make regulations for any purpose for which regulations are contemplated and required by this Act and may make all such other regulations as may, in the opinion of the Governor, be necessary or convenient for giving full effect to the provisions of, and for the better and more convenient administration of, this Act.	56.	Regulations (1) Without limiting the power to make rules under, and for the purposes of, Part V ⁴ , the The Governor may make regulations for any purpose for which regulations are contemplated and required by this Act and may make all such other regulations as may, in the opinion of the Governor, be necessary or convenient for giving full effect to the provisions of, and for the better and more convenient administration of, this Act.	This amendment deletes a reference to Part V, which has been repealed.

EXISTING PROV	/ISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
76. Regulations(2) Without limiting generality of the Governor regulations —	subsection (1), may make	(2)	egulations Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), the Governor may make regulations—	This amendment deletes an inadvertently repeated word.
thing or thing the regulation accordance specified reas approve person or be to delegate upon, a specified reas approximately.	equirement or d by a specified body and so as to, and confer ecified person liscretionary	(g)	so as to require a matter or thing or thing affected by the regulations to be in accordance with a specified requirement or as approved by a specified person or body and so as to delegate to, and confer upon, a specified person or body a discretionary authority; and	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5.	Section 16 of the principal Act is amended - (a) by deleting the passage "(whose decision shall be final)" in lines three and four of paragraph (b); and (b) by deleting paragraph (c) and substituting the following paragraph – (c) shall have passed such examinations as the Board may prescribe, .	Section 5 is repealed.	This section, which proposed to amend section 16 of the <i>Legal Practitioners Act</i> 1893 (WA) has not been proclaimed because the position of managing clerk has fallen into desuetude and the last application under section 16 was received by the Legal Practitioners Board in 1984. Therefore it is not necessary for section 5 to be proclaimed, and it should be repealed.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
56.	Evidence as to production of liquor	56.	Evidence as to production of liquor	Corrects a grammatical error.
(1)	For the purposes of this Act, a person shall be taken to have produced liquor —	(1)	For the purposes of this Act, a person shall be taken to have produced liquor —	
	(a) being wine made from grapes —		(a) being wine made from grapes —	
	(i) if it was fermented by, or under the control or direction of, that person; or		(i) if it was fermented by, or under the control or direction of, that person; or	
	(ii) if, in the case of wine produced by blending, all the wine used was fermented from produce grown or produced in Australia;		(ii) if, in the case of wine produced by blending, all the wine used was fermented from produce grown or produced in Australia;	
	or		Of	
	•••		•••	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3.8.	Local laws may adopt codes etc. A local law made under this Act	3.8. Local laws may adopt codes etc.(1) A local law made under this Act	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia"
	may adopt the text of — (c) any code, rules, specifications, or standard issued by the Standards Association of Australia or by such other body as is specified in the local law.	(c) any code, rules, specifications, or standard issued by the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia or by such other body as is specified in the local law.	is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
19.	Power to make regulations	19. Power to make regulations	The Standards Association of Australia
(2)	Regulations may be made under this section adopting —	(2) Regulations may be made under this section adopting —	has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i>
	any rules, regulations, other subordinate legislation, codes, standards, or instructions made, determined, or issued in respect of —	any rules, regulations, other subordinate legislation, codes, standards, or instructions made, determined, or issued in respect of —	1984.
	(d) the safety or handling of dangerous or other goods;	(d) the safety or handling of dangerous or other goods;	
	(e) the construction of buildings or other structures; or	(e) the construction of buildings or other structures; or	
	(f) the use of departmental areas or conduct of any activity in such areas,	(f) the use of departmental areas or conduct of any activity in such areas,	
	by or under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom or by the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities, the Marine and Ports Council of Australia or other like body specified in the regulations.	by or under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom or by the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities, the Marine and Ports Council of Australia or other like body specified in the regulations.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(3) Each of the persons appointed to the Board shall be an Associate or a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Valuers Incorporated, an association incorporated under the laws of South Australia, and, of those persons — (a) one, who shall be Chairman, shall be nominated by the Commission; and (b) 3 shall be nominated by the body known as The Real Estate Institute of Western Australia, incorporated pursuant to the Associations Incorporation Act 1895 ⁶ .	(3) Each of the persons appointed to the Board shall be an Associate or a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Valuers Incorporated	The Australian Institute of Valuers Incorporated has changed its name to Australian Property Institute.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
	Prohibition on dealings in land	124A. Prohibition on dealings in land	The Part IX heading is deleted because all sections of Part IX have been repealed.
146. (1)	Corporation may make by-laws Without prejudice to the generality of that power, the power conferred by section 34 of the Water Agencies (Powers) Act 1984 to make by-laws may be exercised for the purposes of this Act with respect to the following matters, that is to say: (20) Prohibiting any alteration of or interference with any meter, pipes, drain, property sewer, fixtures, or fittings, without the consent of or notice to the Corporation; and prohibiting the sale by any person to whom water is supplied by the Corporation of water supplied, except with the authority in writing of the Board.	 (1) Without prejudice to the generality of that power, the power conferred by section 34 of the Water Agencies (Powers) Act 1984 to make by-laws may be exercised for the purposes of this Act with respect to the following matters, that is to say: (20) Prohibiting any alteration of or interference with any meter, pipes, drain, property sewer, fixtures, or fittings, without the consent of or notice to the Corporation; and prohibiting the sale by any person to whom water is supplied by the Corporation of water supplied, except with the authority in writing of the Board Corporation. 	This amendment updates the reference to Board with a reference to Corporation.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
152A. Limitation of time for taking proceedings	152A. Limitation of time for taking proceedings	This amendment deletes a cross-reference to a repealed provision.	
Except as provided in section 146A and notwithstanding anything in any other Act, the time limited for making complaint of an offence against this Act is 2 years from the time when the matter of complaint arose.	Except as provided in section 146A and notwithstanding anything in any other Act, Notwithstanding the time limited for making complaint of an offence against this Act is 2 years from the time when the matter of complaint arose.		

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
104. (6)	Power to make regulations Regulations made under this Act may adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference, any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the Standards Association of Australia, and other Australian and international bodies of well established high repute.	104. (6)	Power to make regulations Regulations made under this Act may adopt either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference, any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, and other Australian and international bodies of well established high repute.	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule 1	Schedule 1	Deletes unnecessary words.
[Section 29]	[Section 29]	The wording incorrectly specifies that Foundation Day is a day proclaimed by
PUBLIC HOLIDAYS	PUBLIC HOLIDAYS	the Governor under the Public and Bank
Public holidays The following are public holidays — New Year's Day. Australia Day. Labour Day. Good Friday. Easter Monday.	Public holidays The following are public holidays — New Year's Day. Australia Day. Labour Day. Good Friday. Easter Monday.	Holidays Act 1972. Foundation Day is statutorily defined in the Public and Bank Holidays Act 1972 as "the Monday on or first Monday following 1st June". It cannot be changed by proclamation.
Anzac Day. Foundation Day (the day appointed by proclamation published in the Gazette under the Public and Bank Holidays Act 1972).	Anzac Day. Foundation Day (the day appointed by proclamation published in the Gazette under the Public and Bank Holidays Act 1972).	
Celebration Day for the anniversary of the birthday of the reigning Sovereign (the day appointed by proclamation published in the <i>Gazette</i> under the <i>Public and Bank Holidays Act 1972</i>). Christmas Day. Boxing Day.	Celebration Day for the anniversary of the birthday of the reigning Sovereign (the day appointed by proclamation published in the <i>Gazette</i> under the <i>Public and Bank Holidays Act 1972</i>). Christmas Day. Boxing Day.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 (b) in paragraph (c) by inserting after "extract or remove" the following – " by prescribed means"; (c) in paragraph (d) by deleting "prospecting" and substituting the following – " the activities authorized under this subsection 	As above.	As above.
and (d) in paragraph (e)(i) and (ii) by deleting "purpose of prospecting" and substituting in each place the following –		
purposes of the activities authorized under this subsection		
(2) Section 20 (3)(a) of the principal Act is amended by deleting "holes, pits, trenches and other" in both places where it occurs.		CLAUSE NO. 85 (cont)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Section 18(1) currently incorporates the words "any committee appointed under this Act or a Statute, or to any officer or officers of the university."	Section 18(1) is amended by deleting those words and inserting instead – "any – (a) committee, council or other body; or (b) officer of officers, of the university."	An amendment to Section 18(1) of the Murdoch University Act was incorporated in the Statues (Repeals and Minor Amendments) Act (No.2) 1998. The amendment was intended to remove the restrictions on the Senate's powers to delegate to university committees. The university has subsequently received legal advice that the wording of the amendment has raised uncertainty about whether the Senate can delegate to the University's Academic Council. This amendment clarifies the question of the Senate's powers to delegate.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Section 25(1)(b) currently incorporates the provision: "it is ratified by a motion of an absolute majority of the members of the Senate at a meeting of the Senate held not less than three weeks nor more than ten weeks after the meeting at which the proposed Statute was approved."	Section 25(1)(b0 is amended by deleting "10 weeks" and inserting instead – "16 weeks".	Murdoch University has noted the difficulties imposed by this administrative requirement which result in any Statute changes after the October meeting of Senate being held over until the February meeting, imposing an additional delay of four months. The current provision is unique to Murdoch University.
26(2) incorporates the name "Registrar" of the university.	26(2) is amended by deleting "Registrar" and inserting "Secretary".	This is consequential to a restructure of senior management and the abolition of the position of Registrar.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
AN ACT to promote and improve standards for occupational safety and health, to establish the WorkSafe Western Australia Commission, to facilitate the coordination of the administration of the laws relating to occupational safety and health and for incidental and other purposes.	AN ACT to promote and improve standards for occupational safety and health, to establish the WorkSafe Western Australia Commission, to facilitate the coordination of the administration of the laws relating to occupational safety and health and for incidental and other purposes.	The changes opposite replace all references to the WorkSafe Western Australia Commission, in the Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984, with a new name, the Commission for Occupational Safety and Health. The change of name has been introduced
3(1) (in part)	3(1) (in part)	to alleviate any potential confusion between the Commission and the
"Commission" means the WorkSafe Western Australia Commission established under this Act; PART 11 – WORKSAFE WESTERN AUSTRALIA COMMISSION	"Commission" means the Commission for Occupational Safety and Health established under this Act; PART 11 – OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH COMMISSION	department, WorkSafe Western Australia. The Commission further considers the change would assist in increasing public awareness of the functions of the Commission and the status of its products.
6. (1) There shall be a WorkSafe Western Australia Commission.	6. (1) There shall be a Commission for Occupational Safety and Health.	The amendments confirm that the change to the Commission's name does not affect the appointment of any member of the Commission.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
90(3) The functions of the Mines Occupational Safety and Health Advisory Board are — (g) to liaise with the WorkSafe Western Australia Commission established by the Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984 to co-ordinate activities on related functions and maintain parallel standards.	90(3) The functions of the Mines Occupational Safety and Health Advisory Board are — (g) to liaise with the WorkSafe Western Australia Commission Commission for Occupational Safety and Health established by the Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984 to co-ordinate activities on related functions and maintain parallel standards.	This amendment is consequential to the change of name of the WorkSafe Western Australia Commission under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, to the Commission for Occupational Safety and Health.

	EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
42.	Legal proceedings	43.	Legal proceedings	This amendment corrects a numbering error.
(2)	All proceedings for offences against this Act shall be heard before a Court of Petty Sessions constituted by a stipendiary magistrate sitting alone	(2)	All proceedings for offences against this Act shall be heard before a Court of Petty Sessions constituted by a stipendiary magistrate sitting alone	
(7)	Where a body corporate is convicted of an offence against this Act, every person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a director or member of the governing authority of the body corporate or an officer concerned in the management of it and who authorized or permitted the commission of the offence is guilty of the like offence.	(7)	Where a body corporate is convicted of an offence against this Act, every person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a director or member of the governing authority of the body corporate or an officer concerned in the management of it and who authorized or permitted the commission of the offence is guilty of the like offence.	
(2)	A person referred to in subsection (7) of this section may, on the request of the complainant, be convicted on the proceedings on which the body corporate is convicted if the court is satisfied that the person had reasonable notice that the complainant intended to make that request.	(2) (8)	A person referred to in subsection (7) of this section may, on the request of the complainant, be convicted on the proceedings on which the body corporate is convicted if the court is satisfied that the person had reasonable notice that the complainant intended to make that request.	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
90 . (3)	Publication of proceedings etc. The Board may notify a finding, reason or decision of the Board or the complaints assessment committee in respect of a person to —	 90. Publication of proceedings etc. (3) The Board may notify a finding, reason or decision of the Board or the complaints assessment committee in respect of a person to — 	This amendment deletes cross references to repealed provisions.
	(a) any person referred to in subsection (2)(c), (d) or (e);	(a) any person referred to in subsection (2)(c), (d) or (e); subsection (2) (c) or (d);	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
12. Application of Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 The provisions of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 regulating the financial administration, audit and reporting of statutory authorities apply to and in respect of a Board and its operations.	12. Application of Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 The provisions of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 regulating the financial administration, audit and reporting of statutory authorities apply to and in respect of a Board and its operations if the Board is listed in Schedule 1 to that Act.	This amendment clarifies the position that the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 applies to Boards listed in Schedule 1 of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985. This means that a Board created under the Parks and Reserves Act 1895 is only subject to the provisions of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 if it is specified in Schedule 1 to the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Parks and Reserves Act 1895

CLAUSE NO. 90

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
4. Definitions	Inserts new definition as follows: "staff", in relation to the Commissioner, means officers of the Commissioner and persons whose services are used under section 9(2a);	 The amendment is sought to insert a definition of "staff" to enable seconded officers to carry out their work by: ensuring that officers seconded to the Parliamentary Commissioner's office from other public sector agencies have the same protections that appointed officers have under the Act; ensuring that seconded officers are bound by the obligations imposed on appointed officers by the Act (eg confidentiality requirements); and enabling the Parliamentary Commissioner to delegate to seconded officers the performance of any of the functions of the Parliamentary Commissioner to the extent that those powers can be delegated to appointed officers.

CLAUSE NO.

91

EXISTING PROVISION

9. Staff of the Commissioner

- (1) The Governor may, on the recommendation of the Commissioner, appoint such officers as he considers necessary for the purpose of enabling the functions of the Commissioner properly to be carried out.
- (2) Subject to this Act, the terms and conditions of service of officers of the Commissioner shall be such as the Governor determines.
- (3) An officer of the Commissioner shall, before he commences his duties as such, take an oath or affirmation, to be administered by the Commissioner, that, except in accordance with this Act, he will not divulge any information received by him under this Act

AS AMENDED

9. Staff of the Commissioner

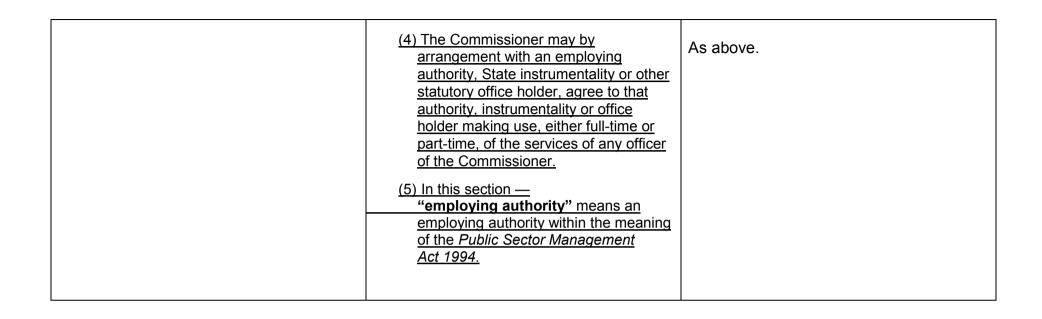
- (1) The Governor may, on the recommendation of the Commissioner, Commissioner may appoint such officers as he considers necessary for the purpose of enabling the functions of the Commissioner properly to be carried out.
- (2) Subject to this Act, the terms and conditions of service of officers of the Commissioner shall be such as the Governor Commissioner determines.
- (2a) The Commissioner may by arrangement with the employing authority of the officer or employee, make use, either full-time or part-time, of the services of any officer or employee employed in the Public Service or in a State instrumentality or otherwise in the service of the Crown in right of the State.
- (3) An officer of the Commissioner A member of the Commissioner's staff shall, before he commences his duties as such, take an oath or affirmation, to be administered by the Commissioner, that, except in accordance with this Act, he will not divulge any information received by him under this Act.

EXPLANATION

Removes the requirement for the Governor to appoint staff to the Commissioner's office and determine their conditions of service. In keeping with other public sector agencies and modern management practices, such appointments and conditions should be made by the CEO as employer. The Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner will continue to be appointed by the Governor.

The proposed s.9(2a) and (4) are sought to enable the Ombudsman to second staff from and to other public sector agencies. That power is sought for 3 main reasons:

- to give legislative basis to a practice that has been taking place since the inception of the office 30 years ago;
- to allow for greater flexibility in staffing arrangements in times of fiscal restraint: and
- to enable the movement of staff –
 particularly between other
 "accountability agencies" for their
 professional development and for the
 benefit of the office in expanding the
 expertise and experience of its staff.



CLAUSE NO. 91 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION 10. Supplementary provisions as to Commissioner and other officers (5) Where a Commissioner or **Deputy Commissioner immediately** prior to his appointment occupied an office under Part 3 of the Public Sector Management Act 1994. he shall, if his term of office expires by effluxion of time and he is not reappointed, be entitled to be appointed to an office under Part 3 of the *Public Sector Management* Act 1994, not lower in status than the office which he occupied immediately prior to his

appointment as Commissioner or

requires.

Deputy Commissioner, as the case

AS AMENDED

10. Supplementary provisions as to Commissioner and other officers

(5) Where a Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner immediately prior to his appointment-Where —

> (a) the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner: or

(b) an officer of the Commissioner who is appointed for a fixed term. immediately prior to his appointment under this Act, occupied an office under Part 3 of the Public Sector Management Act 1994 for an indefinite period as a permanent officer, he shall, if his term of office expires by effluxion of time and he is not reappointed, be entitled to be appointed to an office under Part 3 of the Public Sector Management Act 1994, not lower in status than the office which he occupied immediately prior to his appointment as Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner or officer of the

(6) Subsection (5) applies to an officer of the Commissioner irrespective of whether the officer was appointed before or after the day on which subsection (5)(b) commenced.

Commissioner, as the case requires.

EXPLANATION

Section 10(3) provides for the retention of all existing and accruing rights of staff appointed to the Parliamentary Commissioner's Office from the public service and s.10(4) provides that service in the Parliamentary Commissioner's Office is regarded as continuing service when determining the rights of staff who return to the Public Service. However, currently only the Parliamentary Commissioner and Deputy Parliamentary Commissioner are able to transfer back to employment under Part 3 of the Public Sector Management Act 1994, if they were so employed prior to appointment with the Office of the Parliamentary Commissioner. This amendment makes the provision apply to all staff who relinquish a permanent Public Service position to take up a fixed-term appointment with the Parliamentary Commissioner. It will not apply to those officers who leave a fixed-term appointment in the Public Sector or to those officers who are given a permanent appointment in the Parliamentary Commissioner's Office. Its purpose is to encourage the mobility clearly contemplated by s.10(3) and (4) and allow greater flexibility in staffing, and will give legislative basis to the practice that has been occurring, in effect, since the inception of the office 30 years ago.

The new subsection 10(6) ensures that this right of return is available for staff who were appointed on fixed term appointments prior to the coming into effect of the amendments.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
11. Delegation of functions of Commissioner	11. Delegation of functions of Commissioner	The amendment is necessary to enable staff seconded to the Commissioner's	
(1) In so far as he is authorised so to do by Rules of Parliament made under this Act, or a resolution of both Houses of Parliament the Commissioner may, either generally or as otherwise provided by the instrument of delegation, by writing signed by him delegate to the Deputy Commissioner or any officer of the Commissioner the performance of any of the functions of the Commissioner under this Act	(1) In so far as he is authorised so to do by Rules of Parliament made under this Act, or a resolution of both Houses of Parliament the Commissioner may, either generally or as otherwise provided by the instrument of delegation, by writing signed by him delegate to the Deputy Commissioner or any officer of the Commissioner member of the Commissioner's staff the performance of any of the	Office from other public sector agencies to carry out the work of the office. If the Parliamentary Commissioner cannot delegate powers to those staff, they cannot carry out investigations and other functions under the Act.	
other than the power to delegate under this section or to make any report or recommendation under this Act.	functions of the Commissioner under this Act other than the power to delegate under this section or to make any report or		

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1971 CLAUSE NO. 91 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED EXPLANATION This amendment is required to ensure the continued effectiveness of the provision once 22A. Consultation 22A. Consultation seconded staff may be used by the Parliamentary Commissioner and to correct (1) The Commissioner may consult (1) The Commissioner may consult an anomalous omission of a reference to the Anti-Corruption Commission, the Anti-Corruption Commission, disclosure of information obtained by the the Inspector of Custodial Services the Inspector of Custodial Services Deputy Parliamentary Commissioner. or the Director of Public or the Director of Public Prosecutions concerning any Prosecutions concerning any Section 22A recognises a public interest in complaint under this Act or any complaint under this Act or any the Parliamentary Commissioner, Antiinvestigation under this Act. investigation under this Act. Corruption Commission, the Inspector of Custodial Services and the Director of Public Prosecutions having the capacity to consult in (2) Information obtained by the (2) Information obtained by the Commissioner or his officers in the Commissioner or his officers, the certain cases. course of, or for the purpose of, an Deputy Commissioner or a member If this amendment is not effected, the of the Commissioner's staff in the investigation under this Act may be Parliamentary Commissioner could, for the disclosed for the purposes of any course of, or for the purpose of, an purpose of such consultation, disclose any consultation under subsection (1). investigation under this Act may be information obtained by an appointed officer disclosed for the purposes of any in the course of, or for the purpose of, an consultation under subsection (1). investigation, but could not disclose any such information obtained by the Deputy Parliamentary Commissioner or a seconded officer. The power to consult would be thereby limited or completely negated in some cases.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1971

CLAUSE NO. 91 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
EXISTING PROVISION 22B. Disclosure of certain information A person who is the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner or an officer of the Commissioner authorised for the purposes of this section by the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner may disclose information obtained by	22B. Disclosure of certain information A person who is the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner or an officer of the Commissioner authorised for the purposes of this section by the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner may 22B. Disclosure of certain information A person who is the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner or an officer of the Commissioner member of the Commissioner is staff authorised for the purposes of this section by the Commissioner	
the Commissioner or his officers in the course of, or for the purpose of, an investigation under this Act if the information	or the Deputy Commissioner may disclose information obtained by the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner or a member of the Commissioner's staff or his officers in the course of, or for the purpose of, an investigation under this Act if the information	Without this amendment a seconded officer could not be authorised by the Parliamentary Commissioner or the Deputy Parliamentary Commissioner to disclose to the Anti-Corruption Commission, the Inspector of Custodial Services or the Director of Public Prosecutions any information relevant to their functions.
		Nor could any information obtained by a seconded officer in the course of, or for the purpose of, an investigation under the Act be disclosed to any of those bodies by the Parliamentary Commissioner, the Deputy Parliamentary Commissioner or any authorised officer, even though the information related to the functions of the body concerned and it were in the public

CLAUSE NO. 91 (cont...)

interest to do so.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(1) Information obtained by the Commissioner or his officers in the course of, or for the purpose of, an investigation under this Act, shall not be disclosed, except □ (a) for	(1) Information obtained by the Commissioner or his officers, the Deputy Commissioner or a member of the Commissioner's staff in the course of, or for the purpose of, an investigation under this Act, shall not be disclosed, except □ (a) for	This amendment is required to ensure the continued effectiveness of the provision once seconded staff may be used by the Parliamentary Commissioner. It will also correct an anomaly, being that the Deputy Commissioner is not expressly mentioned in the provision. The amendment is required to extend the obligation of confidentiality imposed on the Parliamentary Commissioner and appointed officers to also bind seconded officers.
23A. Documents sent to or by the Commissioner not admissible Any document that is sent to the Commissioner or his officers or by the Commissioner or his officers in the course of, or for the purposes of, an investigation under this Act and was prepared specifically for the purposes of the investigation shall be privileged and be not admissible in evidence in any proceedings other than proceedings for perjury or any offence under the Royal Commissions Act 1968 or under this Act alleged to have been committed in any proceedings upon such an investigation.	23A. Documents sent to or by the Commissioner not admissible Any document that is sent to the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner or a member of the Commissioner's staff Commissioner or his officers or by the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner or a member of the Commissioner's staff Commissioner or his officers in the course of, or for the purposes of, an investigation under this Act and was prepared specifically for the purposes of the investigation shall be privileged and be not admissible in evidence in any proceedings other than proceedings for perjury or any offence under the Royal Commissions Act 1968 or under this Act alleged to have been committed in any proceedings upon such an investigation.	This amendment is required to ensure the continued effectiveness of the provision once seconded staff may be used by the Parliamentary Commissioner and to correct an anomaly. The anomaly is that the Deputy Parliamentary Commissioner is not expressly referred to in the section. Without this amendment there would be an argument that a document of the kind described in the section which is sent to either the Deputy Parliamentary Commissioner or a seconded officer would not be privileged and would be admissible in legal proceedings whereas, if it were sent to the Parliamentary Commissioner or an appointed officer, it would be privileged and inadmissible.

CLAUSE NO. 91 (cont...)

CLAUSE NO. 9

91 (cont...)

- (3) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing provisions of this section, no prerogative writ shall be issued compelling the Commissioner to carry out any investigation, and no proceedings shall be brought against the Commissioner whereby the issue of such a writ is sought.
- (4) Except as required for the purpose of proceedings referred to in section 23(1)(b), neither the Commissioner nor any of his officers shall be called to give evidence or produce any document in any court, or in any judicial proceedings, in respect of any matter coming to his knowledge in the exercise of his functions under this Act.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing provisions of this section, no prerogative writ shall be issued compelling the Commissioner to carry out any investigation, and no proceedings shall be brought against the Commissioner whereby the issue of such a writ is sought.
- (4) Except as required for the purpose of proceedings referred to in section 23(1)(b), neither the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner nor a member of the Commissioner's staff nor any of his officers shall be called to give evidence or produce any document in any court, or in any judicial proceedings, in respect of any matter coming to his knowledge in the exercise of his functions under this Act.

As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
13A. Interpretation In sections 13B and 13C — "alleged offender" means a person to whom an infringement has been issued pursuant to sections 13B and 13C;	13A. Interpretation In sections 13B and 13C — "alleged offender" means a person to whom an infringement notice has been issued pursuant to sections 13B and 13C;	This amendment inserts a word which was inadvertently left out of the definition when it was originally inserted.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3. Definitions (1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — "subsidiary" means — (a) a body that would be a subsidiary of a port authority within the meaning of the Corporations Law if the port authority were a body corporate to which the	3. Definitions (1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears — "subsidiary" means — (a) a body that would be a subsidiary of a port authority within the meaning of the Corporations Law if the port authority were a body corporate to which the	Removes a potentially misleading statement about the application of the Corporations Law.
Corporate to which the Corporations Law applies; and	Corporate to which the Corporations Law applies; and	

	EXISTING PROVISION		STING PROVISION AS AMENDED	
38.	How planning and building requirements apply to port authorities	38.	How planning and building requirements apply to port authorities	This amendment corrects a cross-referencing error.
(3)	Without limiting section 35(7), port works and port facilities are to be regarded as being public works for the purposes of section 32 of the <i>Town Planning and Development Act 1928</i> as applied by subsection (2)(a).	(3)	Without limiting section 35(7) section 35 (8), port works and port facilities are to be regarded as being public works for the purposes of section 32 of the Town Planning and Development Act 1928 as applied by subsection (2)(a).	

	EXISTING PROVISION		EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION	
141.	Adoption of other laws, codes etc.	141.	Adoption of other laws, codes etc.	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate		
(1)	Regulations may adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications — (b) any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the International Maritime Organization, the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution or The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities or of any other like body that is specified in those regulations.	(1)	Regulations may adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications — (b) any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the International Maritime Organization, the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution or The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities or of any other like body that is specified in those regulations.	status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the Interpretation Act 1984.		

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
Schedule 6 — Provisions for particular port authorities		Schedule 6 — Provisions for particular port authorities		•	Schedule 6 of the Act contains provisions specific to particular port authorities. Division 1 contains provisions specific to	
[s. 132] Division 1 — Dampier Port Authority				the Dampier Port Authority. Division 2 contains provisions specific to the Port Hedland Port Authority.		
1.4.	Mem	bership of port authority	1.4.	Mem	bership of port authority	
(1)		poard of the port authority is mprise —	(1) The board of the port authority is to comprise —		•	At Present, clause 1.4(1)(c) of Division 1 provides for the Dampier Port Authority Board to be composed in part of three
	(a)	one director appointed by the Minister on the nomination in writing of the Company;		(a)	one director appointed by the Minister on the nomination in writing of the Company;	directors appointed by the Minister. By contrast, clause 2.4(1)(c) of Division 2 provides for the Port Hedland Port
	(b)	one director appointed by the Minister on the nomination in writing of the Joint Venturers; and		(b)	one director appointed by the Minister on the nomination in writing of the Joint Venturers; and	Authority Board to be composed in part of up to five directors appointed by the Minister.
	(c)	3 other directors appointed by the Minister.		(c)	3 <u>not more than 5</u> other directors appointed by the Minister.	The amendment will bring the composition of the Dampier Port Authority Board in line with the composition provided for on the Port Hedland Port Authority Board.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
9.	Chief executive officer may set up inquiry	9. Chief executive officer may set up inquiry	This section was amended by the <i>Prisons Amendment Act 1999.</i> As a result of that
(2)	For the purposes of carrying out an inquiry under this section, a reporting officer may require any officer or prisoner — (a) to give him such information as he requires;	 (2) For the purposes of carrying out an inquiry under this section, a reporting officer may require any officer or prisoner — (a) to give him such information as he requires; 	Act being amended at Committee Stage the subsections it inserted were inadvertently numbered incorrectly and the subsection they intended to replace (subsection (4)) was not repealed. The cross reference in section 10(3) was also
	(b) to answer any question put to him,	•	not changed. These amendments correct these three drafting errors.
	in relation to any matter, incident or occurrence that is the subject of the inquiry.	in relation to any matter, incident or occurrence that is the subject of the inquiry.	
(4)	Where under subsection (2) a person is required to give any information or answer any question, the reporting officer shall inform that person that he is required under this Act to give the information or answer the question as the case may be.	Subsection (4) is repealed	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(5) Where a person is required under this Act to give any information or answer any question, he shall not refuse to comply with that requirement on the ground that the information or answer may tend to incriminate him or render him liable to any penalty, but the information or answer given by him shall not be admissible in evidence in any proceedings against him (including proceedings under Part X) other than proceedings under section 10(1) or 10(2).	(5) (4) Where a person is required under this Act to give any information or answer any question, he shall not refuse to comply with that requirement on the ground that the information or answer may tend to incriminate him or render him liable to any penalty, but the information or answer given by him shall not be admissible in evidence in any proceedings against him (including proceedings under Part X) other than proceedings under section 10(1) or 10(2).	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(4)Before a reporting officer requests a person to give information or asks a person a question for the purposes of an inquiry the reporting officer must advise the person —	(4)-(5)Before a reporting officer requests a person to give information or asks a person a question for the purposes of an inquiry the reporting officer must advise the person —	As above.
(a) that the person does not have to give the information or answer the question unless the reporting officer requires the person to do so;	(a) that the person does not have to give the information or answer the question unless the reporting officer requires the person to do so;	
(b) that if the person gives the information or answers the question on the request of the reporting officer but without having been required by the reporting officer to do so, the information or answer may be admissible in evidence against the person in any proceedings;	(b) that if the person gives the information or answers the question on the request of the reporting officer but without having been required by the reporting officer to do so, the information or answer may be admissible in evidence against the person in any proceedings;	
(c) of the effect of giving the information or answering the question in response to a requirement of the reporting officer to do so; and	(c) of the effect of giving the information or answering the question in response to a requirement of the reporting officer to do so, as mentioned	
(d) of the offences and the penalty as mentioned.	in subsection 4; and (d) of the offences and the penalty as mentioned in section 10(1) or (2), as the case requires.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(5) A requirement of a reporting officer to give information or answer a question for the purposes of an inquiry must be clearly distinguishable from a request to give the information or answer the question.	(5) (6)A requirement of a reporting officer to give information or answer a question for the purposes of an inquiry must be clearly distinguishable from a request to give the information or answer the question.	As above.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
10.	Failure to supply information to inquiry	10.	Failure to supply information to inquiry	Corrects a cross-referencing error.
(1)	It is a defence in any proceedings for an offence under subsection (1) or (2) to show that the reporting officer did not comply with section 9(4).	(3)	It is a defence in any proceedings for an offence under subsection (1) or (2) to show that the reporting officer did not comply with section 9(4) section 9(5).	

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
17.	Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 applies	17.	Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 applies	Provision deleted so that annual reporting provisions of the <i>Financial Administration</i>
(2)	The provisions of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 regulating the financial administration, audit and reporting of statutory authorities apply to and in respect of the Council and its operations. Despite the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 the financial year of the Council is the period of 12 months ending on 31 December.	(2)	The provisions of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 regulating the financial administration, audit and reporting of statutory authorities apply to and in respect of the Council and its operations. Despite the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 the financial year of the Council is the period of 12 months ending on 31 December.	and Audit Act 1985 apply. This keeps the Act in line with the equivalent NSW Act.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
8.	Power of Governor to alter day appointed for a public holiday or bank holiday	Section 8(4) is repealed.	This section provided that the Boxing Day holiday in 1987 would be observed on 25 January 1988 as part of the Bicentennial
(4)	The Governor may exercise the power in subsection (1) in order to substitute Monday 25 January 1988 for Monday 28 December 1987 as a public holiday and bank holiday, notwithstanding that the former day falls in a different year from the latter day; and where the Governor exercises the power referred to in this subsection, a person is not entitled, notwithstanding any award, order or industrial agreement made under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> , to a paid holiday on 28 December 1987 but is instead entitled to a paid holiday on 25 January 1988.		celebrations. This provision is redundant and is repealed.

 64. Appointment of public service officers other than executive officers (1) Subject to this section and to any binding award, order or industrial agreement under the Industrial Relations Act 1979 or any workplace agreement made under the Workplace Agreements Act 1993, the employing authority of a department or organisation may in accordance with approved procedures appoint for and on behalf of the Crown a person as a public service officer) on a full-time or part-time basis — (a) for an indefinite period as a permanent officer, or (b) for such term not exceeding 5 years as is specified in the instrument of his or her appointment. (4) Subject to subsection (1)(a) unless the relevant vacancy has first been advertised in a daily newspaper circulating throughout the State. (5) Appointment of public service officers ofther than executive officers other than executive officers other than executive officers other than executive officers other than executive officers of the fundustrial agreement under the Industrial agreement under the Industrial Relations Act 1979 or any workplace agreement made under the Workplace Agreements Act 1993, the employing authority of a department or organisation may in accordance with approved procedures appoint for and on behalf of the Crown a person as a public service officer) on a full-time or part-time basis — (a) for an indefinite period as a permanent officer, or (b) for such term not exceeding 5 years as is specified in the instrument of his or her appointment. (c) Subject to subsection (1)(a) unless the relevant vacancy has first been advertised in a daily newspaper circulating throughout the State. 	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
(1) Subject to this section and to any binding award, order or industrial agreement under the Industrial Relations Act 1979 or any workplace agreement made under the Workplace Agreements Act 1993, the employing authority of a department or organisation may in accordance with approved procedures appoint for and on behalf of the Crown a person as a public service officer (otherwise than as an executive officer) on a full-time or part-time basis — (a) for an indefinite period as a permanent officer; or (b) for such term not exceeding 5 years as is specified in the instrument of his or her appointment. (4) Subject to subsection (1)(a) unless the relevant vacancy has first been advertised in a daily newspaper circulating throughout the State.	office	ers other than executive	of	fficers other than executive	Regulation 10 of the <i>Public Sector Management (General) Regulations 1994</i>
NAME OF ACT DEING AMENDED D. I. C. C. C. Marris and A. (1004)	bindir agree Relative agree Work the ender according proces of the service execution part-to (a) (4) Subject appointments appointments (a)	ang award, order or industrial ement under the Industrial tions Act 1979 or any workplace ement made under the Explace Agreements Act 1993, employing authority of a artment or organisation may invidance with approved edures appoint for and on behalf e Crown a person as a public fice officer (otherwise than as an entitive officer) on a full-time or time basis — for an indefinite period as a permanent officer; or for such term not exceeding 5 years as is specified in the instrument of his or her appointment. ect to subsection (5), a person binted under subsection (1)(b) not apply for an appointment er subsection (1)(a) unless the vant vacancy has first been entised in a daily newspaper lating throughout the State.	(4) Si ap ca ur re ac or th	nding award, order or industrial greement under the Industrial elations Act 1979 or any workplace greement made under the Vorkplace Agreements Act 1993, we employing authority of a separtment or organisation may in ecordance with approved rocedures appoint for and on behalf of the Crown a person as a public service officer (otherwise than as an executive officer) on a full-time or eart-time basis — (a) for an indefinite period as a permanent officer; or (b) for such term not exceeding 5 years as is specified in the instrument of his or her appointment. Subject to subsection (5), a person oppointed under subsection (1)(b) annot apply for an appointment of the subsection (1)(a) unless the elevant vacancy has first been divertised in public service notices in a daily newspaper circulating throughout the State.	applying for permanent public service vacancies advertised in the Public Service Notices unless certain preconditions are met. Effective 26 January 2000, approval was given to open up the vacancies advertised in the Intersector to persons employed outside the Public Sector. Because of the specific wording of subsection 64(4) of the Act, however, the restriction placed on fixed term public service officers remains. This amendment corrects the anomaly.

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
95.	Status of Part 6, etc. and references by aggrieved employees	95.	Status of Part 6, etc. and references by aggrieved employees	Corrects a cross-reference error.
(3)	Despite section 29 of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1979</i> , an employee who is aggrieved by a decision made under regulations referred to in section 94 (other than a decision which is a lawful order by virtue of section 94(4)) may refer that decision within such period after the making of that decision as is prescribed to the Industrial Commission as if that decision were an industrial matter mentioned in section 29(b) of that Act, and, subject to subsection (4), that Act applies to and in relation to that decision accordingly.	(3)	Despite section 29 of the Industrial Relations Act 1979, an employee who is aggrieved by a decision made under regulations referred to in section 94 (other than a decision which is a lawful order by virtue of section 94(4)) may refer that decision within such period after the making of that decision as is prescribed to the Industrial Commission as if that decision were an industrial matter mentioned in section 29(b) section 29(1)(b) of that Act, and, subject to subsection (4), that Act applies to and in relation to that decision accordingly.	

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Part II — Authorizing public works		Part II — Authorizing public works	Minor formatting amendment.
[Heading amended by No. 31 of 1997 s.43.]		[Heading amended by No. 31 of 1997 s.43.]	
	Power to take	Power to take	
10.	Entry on land required for a public work	10. Entry on land required for a public work	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Public Works Act 1902

CLAUSE NO. 98

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
58. (2)	General power Any regulations made under this Act may — (e) adopt, either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference, any of the standards, rules, codes or	58. (2)	General power Any regulations made under this Act may — (e) adopt, either wholly or in part and either specifically or by reference, any of the standards, rules, codes or	EXPLANATION The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the Interpretation Act 1984.
	specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, the National Health and Medical Research Council, the International Atomic Energy Agency, or other like body specified in the regulations; and		specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution, the National Health and Medical Research Council, the International Atomic Energy Agency, or other like body specified in the regulations; and	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3.	Interpretation	3.	Interpretation	The Standards Association of Australia
(1)	In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	(1)	In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia"
	"Australian Rail Safety Standard" means such principles and standards prepared, approved and published by the Standards Association of Australia in relation to railway safety management as are prescribed for the purposes of this definition;		"Australian Rail Safety Standard" means such principles and standards prepared, approved and published by the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia in relation to railway safety management as are prescribed for the purposes of this definition;	is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
91. Confidentiality of audit done under s. 88	91. Confidentiality of audit done under s. 88	Deletes a reference to a section which has been repealed.	
The provisions of section 82 apply to an auditor nominated by the Board under section 88 or any person authorised by him under section 89 with such modifications as circumstances require.	The provisions of section 82 apply to an auditor nominated by the Board under section 88 or any person authorised by him under section 89 with such modifications as circumstances require.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
4. Interpretation(1)In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	4. Interpretation (1) In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	Deletes definition of a term that is no longer used in the Act.
 "direct textual amendment" means — (a) the repeal of matter contained in a written law; (b) the repeal of matter contained in a written law and the substitution of matter for the repealed matter; or (c) the addition of matter to, or insertion of matter into, a written law; 	"direct textual amendment" means (a) the repeal of matter contained in a written law; (b) the repeal of matter contained in a written law and the substitution of matter for the repealed matter; or (c) the addition of matter to, or insertion of matter into, a written law;	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
7. Amendments of a formal nature (5) An authorized officer may — (a)make any amendment necessary to give effect to a provision in a written law whereby other written laws are to be deemed to be amended, or to have effect or be construed as if they had been amended, in a specified manner;	7. Amendments of a formal nature (5) An authorized officer may — (a) make any amendment necessary to give effect to a provision in a written law whereby other written laws are to be deemed to be amended, or to have effect or be construed as if they had been amended, in a specified manner; (aa) amend a list of definitions in a written law by changing the sequence in which the definitions are listed; (ab) amend and address, a telephone number or other contact details in a written law to reflect changes or additions to those details;	Inserts a provision that will allow Parliamentary Counsel, when reprinting legislation, to correct the order of defined terms (which are sometimes inadvertently inserted in the wrong alphabetical positions) and to update address and contact details.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Reprints Act 1984 CLAUSE NO. 102 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
26H. Right of entry to the Crown	26H. Right of entry to the Crown	
,		This section refers to pollution.
(1) Subject to subsection (1a), the Commission, any	(1) Subject to subsection (1a), the	All references to pollution
officer of the Commission or any person	Commission, any officer of the	should have been removed
authorized by the Commission, may in the	Commission or any person authorized	when the pollution control
exercise of the right of the Crown, to the control	by the Commission, may in the	provisions of this Act were
of the waters in watercourses, wetlands or	exercise of the right of the Crown, to	replaced by the <i>Environmental</i>
underground water sources or for any other	the control of the waters in	Protection Act 1986. The
purpose required by this Act, enter upon any	watercourses, wetlands or underground	reference to "pollution"
land and inspect that land and any dam, well, or	water sources or for any other purpose	therefore needs to be removed.
other works thereon or therein and take such	required by this Act, enter upon any	
measures as may be necessary or convenient,	land and inspect that land and any	
whether in general or to meet particular cases,	dam, well, or other works thereon or	
to carry out the objects and purposes of this Act	therein and take such measures as	
and their duties thereunder including measures	may be necessary or convenient,	
for the conservation and regulation of such	whether in general or to meet particular	
water and for its preservation from pollution, and	cases, to carry out the objects and	
for the protection of the bed over or within which	purposes of this Act and their duties	
it flows or is contained, and for removing any	thereunder including measures for the	
obstruction from such bed, and for clearing and	conservation and regulation of such	
deepening and straightening and otherwise	water and for its preservation from	
altering the channel of any such watercourse,	pollution, and for the protection of the	
and may intervene summarily to prevent the	bed over or within which it flows or is	
undue, excessive, or illegal diversion, taking,	contained, and for removing any	
use, or pollution of such water or interference	obstruction from such bed, and for	
with such bed.	clearing and deepening and	
	straightening and otherwise altering the	
	channel of any such watercourse, and	
	may intervene summarily to prevent the	
	undue, excessive, or illegal diversion,	
	taking, use, or pollution <u>or use</u> of such	
NAME OF ACT DEING AMENDED. Dights in Water	water or interference with such bed.	CLAUSE NO. 402

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
26J. Commission entitled to institute	26J. Commission entitled to institute	
proceedings	proceedings	All references to pollution should have
	(2) In such proceedings it shall not be	been removed when the pollution
(2) In such proceedings it shall not be	necessary for the Commission to	control provisions of this Act were
necessary for the Commission to show	show that either the Crown or the	replaced by the <i>Environmental</i>
that either the Crown or the Commission	Commission or any person has	Protection Act 1986. The reference to
or any person has sustained damage by	sustained damage by such illegal	"pollution" is therefore removed.
such illegal diversion or taking or pollution	diversion or taking or pollution of	
of water or unlawful interference with such	water or unlawful interference with	
bed; nor that the Crown or the	such bed; nor that the Crown or the	
Commission is a riparian owner or	Commission is a riparian owner or	
otherwise entitled to the use or to the	otherwise entitled to the use or to the	
protection of the watercourse, wetland or	protection of the watercourse, wetland	
underground water source from which	or underground water source from	
water is illegally diverted or taken, or the	which water is illegally diverted or	
water of which is polluted, or the bed of	taken, or the water of which is	
which is unlawfully interfered with; but the	polluted, or the bed of which is	
Commission shall be entitled to judgment	unlawfully interfered with; but the	
in the Commission's favour if it be proved	Commission shall be entitled to	
that the water has been illegally diverted or	judgment in the Commission's favour	
taken or polluted, or that the bed has been	if it be proved that the water has been	
unlawfully interfered with; and the	illegally diverted or taken or polluted,	
Commission shall, in the discretion of the	or that the bed has been unlawfully	
court, be entitled to the costs and	interfered with; and the Commission	
expenses of the proceedings against the	shall, in the discretion of the court, be	
person by whom the court in its discretion	entitled to the costs and expenses of	
shall order such costs and expenses to be	the proceedings against the person by	
naid	whom the court in its discretion shall	

the proceedings against the person by whom the court in its discretion shall

order such costs and expenses to be

paid.

paid.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
The long title of the principal Act is	Section 3 and sections 15 to 35 are	
amended by inserting after the passage	repealed.	These sections of the Amendment Act
"Effluent," the passage "the licensing and		were to insert a new Part into the principal
control of certain dams,".		Act to provide a regime for the licensing
<u></u>		and control of large dams. They would
The principal Act is amended by inserting		have required large dams to be designed
after section 45 a new heading as follows		by civil engineers and registered.
-		Those costions were not preclaimed
PART VIIA. – THE LICENSING AND		These sections were not proclaimed because the Government of the day and
CONTROL OF REFERABLE DAMS.		subsequent Governments were unable to
CONTROL OF REFERENCE DAMO.		develop regulations and arrangements to
The principal Act is amended by inserting		implement the proposed dam safety
after section 45 a new section to stand as		measures. The safety of dams is now
section 45A, as follows –		considered to be the responsibility of the
		dam's owner.
45A . In this Part of this Act –		
"alteration" means an alteration		
determined by the Department as		
being likely to affect the safety of a		
dam or reservoir;		
"appurtenant works" include, but are		
not limited to, such structures as		
spillways whether in the dam or		
separate therefrom, a reservoir and its		
rim, outlet works, and water conduits		
such as tunnels, pipelines, or		
penstocks either through the dam or		
its abutments, appurtenant to or used		
in connection with a dam;		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
"dam" includes any artificial barrier or levee, whether temporary or permanent, which does or could impound, divert or control water, silt, debris or other liquid borne materials, together with its appurtenant works;	As above.	As above.
"height" means the difference in level from the top of the dam and — (a) the natural bed of a stream or water course at the downstream toe of the barrier; or (b) where the barrier is not across a stream or water course, the lowest elevation of the outside limit of the barrier;		
"normal top water level" means — (a) when used in relation to a dam with a fixed overflow sill, the lowest crest of that sill; and (b) when used in relation to a dam the overflow of which is controlled wholly or partly by movable gates, siphons, or other means, the maximum level to which water is ordinarily intended to be stored except in times of flood or other abnormal conditions;		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
"owner", when used in relation to a dam or referable works, includes any person who has an estate or interest in the land on which the referable works are constructed or the land on which the dam is constructed, is being, or is proposed to be, constructed, and any person who by himself, his servants, or his agents has the control or management of the dam or referable works;	As above.	As above.
"referable dam" means a dam which pursuant to subsection (1) of section forty-five B of this Act is a referable dam by reason of its size, or which is determined to be such pursuant to subsection (2) of that section;		
"referable works" means a referable dam, and all its appurtenant works;		
"repairs" means repairs determined by the Department as being likely to affect the safety of a dam or reservoir;		
"reservoir" means any artificial lake, pond, basin or tank for the storage, regulation, or control of water, silt debris or liquid borne material;		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
"reservoir capacity" means the total storage capacity of a reservoir up to normal top or retention water level but not up to flood level, and cognate expressions shall be		As above.
construed accordingly. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45B, as follows – 45B. (1) A dam is a referable dam if –		
 (a) it is or will be ten metres or more in height and has a reservoir storage capacity of more than 20 000 cubic metres; or (b) it is or will be five metres or more in height and has a reservoir storage capacity of 50000 cubic metres or more, 		
and the Department may thereupon issue a certificate that the dam is a referable dam by reason of its size.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(2) Irrespective of the height or reservoir capacity of a dam, where the Minister determines that a dam, or the reservoir created thereby, may constitute a danger to life or property in the event of its failure, the Department may issue a certificate that the dam is a referable dam, but the Department shall cancel a certificate issued by it under this subsection where the Minister is satisfied that the dam or the reservoir created thereby is no longer likely to be of danger to life or property.	As above.	As above.
(3) Where, in the opinion of the Minister, the failure of a referable dam would not endanger life or property due to remoteness of location or other treason the Minister may, in writing, exempt that dam from such of the provisions of this Part of this Act as the Minister may therein specify for such period as is therein specified and any provision so specified shall not then apply thereto.	As above.	As above.
(4) An obstruction in a canal used to raise or lower the water therein or to divert water therefrom, or a tank constructed of steel or of concrete or of steel and concrete, shall not be a referable dam.		
(5) Where the Department issues or cancels a certificate under this section it shall serve notice on an owner of the dam.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
18. (1) (2) (3) (4)	The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45C, as follows – 45C. An owner of a dam or a person who is constructing or proposing to construct a dam may apply to the Department for a determination whether or not the dam is a referable dam. An application may be made under subsection (1) of this section in respect of a dam that is proposed to be constructed or completed at a specified place in accordance with the plans and specifications accompanying the application. The Department may cancel a certificate issued by it under this section.	As above.	As above.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
19.	The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45D, as follows –	As above.	As above.
(1)	under this Part of this Act is in force is a referable dam.		
(2)	A certificate issued under this Part of this Act is conclusive evidence of the matter stated therein.		
(3)	The Department shall cause to be maintained in such form as the Minister approves records of the certificates and licences issued under this Part of this Act and the cancellations of any such certificates or licenses, and the records so maintained are in this section referred to as "the register".		
(4)	On making application to the Department and on payment of such fee (if any) as may be prescribed any person is entitled to inspect the register.		
(5)	A document purporting to be an extract from the register, certified correct by an officer of the Department on its behalf, is conclusive evidence of the matter contained therein.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
20.	The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45E, as follows –	As above.	As above.
(1)	The Department may by instrument in writing delegate to — (a) a Board; (b) the Metropolitan Water Supply, Sewerage, and Drainage Board; (c) an officer of the Department of Mines; (d) an officer of the Department of Agriculture; or (e) any other prescribed authority, any of its functions under this Part of this Act subject to such terms and conditions as may be agreed between the Department and the authority or person to whom the functions are delegated.		
(2)	The Governor may be Order published in the <i>Gazette</i> prescribe an authority for the purposes of subsection (1) of this section. Any functions delegated under subsection (1) of this section shall be performed on behalf of the Department.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(4)	In relation to any functions delegated to an authority or person under subsection (1) of this section any reference in this Part of this Act to the Department shall, subject to the terms of the delegation and so far as the context does not otherwise require, be construed as including a reference to that authority or person. The Department, and any person to whom any function is delegated under subsection (1) of this section, shall submit such reports and information to the Minister as the Minister may require.	As above.	As above.
21.	The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45F, as follows –		
	45F.		
(1)	In this section "the appointed day" means such day as is for the purposes of this section fixed by proclamation.		
(2)	On and after the appointed day no referable dam shall be commenced, no referable dam then in being or thereafter constructed shall be altered, repaired, abandoned or removed and no operations affecting referable works shall be carried out, except pursuant to and in compliance with every respect with the provisions, terms and conditions obtained or referred to in a licence issued by the Department.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
on or or op mont and i provi	eferable dam, whether constructed prior to or after the appointed day, shall be maintained perated after the expiry of a period of twelve this from the appointed day except pursuant to in compliance in every respect with the isions, terms and conditions contained or red to in a licence issued by the Department.	As above.	As above.
any p	person who contravenes, or causes or permits person to contravene, the provisions of ection (2) or subsection (3) of this section mits an offence. Penalty: Two thousand dollars.		
may	ense issued pursuant to this Part of this Act make provision in respect of, and may contain fer to terms and conditions relating to — the designs, plans, and specifications of the construction, alteration, repair, enlargement, maintenance or operation of the dam or any referable works; the supervision, direction and control of the construction, alteration, repair, enlargement, maintenance or operation of the dam or any referable works; the making of reports of inspections and the notification to the Department of those reports;		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(6)	 (e) the giving of information to the Department concerning the referable works; (f) the notification to the Department of the intention to carry out any operation; and (g) such other requirements as the Department may determine in relation thereto. For the purposes of subsection (2) of this section – (a) the alteration, repair or enlargement of any referable works; and (b) operations likely to endanger the referable works, shall be deemed to be operations affecting referable works. 	As above.	As above.
22.	The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45G, as follows – 45G.		
(1)	If the Minister is of the opinion that measures should be taken to ensure the safety of any referable works, he may be notice in writing served on an owner of the referable works require the owner to take, within such time as may be specified in the notice, such measures as may be specified in that notice for ensuring the safety of the referable works.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(3)	Without prejudice to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section the measures that may be required to be taken under that subsection may be measures requiring the discontinuance or abandonment of the use, or the reconstruction, alteration, emptying, or repair of the referable works, and any notice served under this section may specify alternative measures that may be taken for ensuring the safety of the referable works. Any person on whom a notice is served under this section who fails to take any measures required to be taken under this section within the time specified commits an offence.	As above.	As above.
(4)	Penalty: Two thousand dollars. Where the requirements of a notice under this section are not complied with within the time specified in the notice the Department may cause to be taken such measures as the Minister considers necessary to give effect to the requirements of the notice. The expenses reasonable incurred in taking measure under subsection (4) of this section may be recovered from any owner of the referable works as a debt due to the Department.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
23.	The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45H, as follows –	As above.	As above.
(2)	Where, in the opinion of the Minister, an emergency or other special circumstances may endanger any referable works and time does not permit of the service and enforcement of a notice under section forty-five G of this Act the Department may, without any such notice being served, require the owner to take, or may itself take, such measures as it considers should immediately be taken to ensure the safety thereof. The expenses reasonably incurred in taking measures under subsection (1) of this section may be recovered from any owner of the referable works as a debt due to the Department.		
24.	The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45J, as follows –		
	45J.		
(1)	An application for the grant of a licence under this Part of this Act shall be made to the Department in the prescribed manner accompanied by such fee, if any, as is prescribed.		

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(2)	An application for the variation or transfer of a licence shall be endorsed to show clearly the particulars of the licence to which it relates, but in all other respects shall be dealt with as though it were an application for the grant of a licence.	As above.	As above.
(3)			
	refused, the applicant shall be notified in writing setting out the reasons for the refusal.		
(5) (6)	A licence shall be in the form prescribed. Where a licence is lost or destroyed, a duplicate licence may be issued on payment of the prescribed for		
(7)	on payment of the prescribed fee. Unless previously cancelled, a licence has effect for so long as the holder of the licence is the occupier of the land to which it relates.		
(8)	Where in the opinion of the Minister it is necessary in the public interest in consequence of a change of circumstance (which may include a change in the information available, or arise by reason of deterioration in any ground or structures or otherwise in any manner that was not		
	foreseen at the time the licence was granted) the Minister may, by notice in writing served on the licensee –		
	 (a) vary or add to the conditions of a licence; or (b) in the case of an unconditional licence, provide that it shall be subject to reasonable conditions specified in that notice. 		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(9) The Minister may, on being satisfied – (a) that the provisions of any licence or of any term or condition contained or referred to in the license have not been complied with; or (b) that any danger to life or property exists, may cancel the licence by notice in writing to the holder of that licence setting out the reasons for so doing. 25. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45K, as follows – 45K. (1) A person who is aggrieved – (a) by a refusal to grant, vary or transfer a licence; (b) by any provision of, or term or condition contained or referred to in, a licence or any condition subsequently imposed in relation to a licence; (c) by the cancellation of a licence;	AS AMENDED As above.	EXPLANATION As above.
 (c) by the cancellation of a licence; (d) by measures required by the Minister or taken by the Department, pursuant to section forty-five G of this Act; or (e) by measures taken by the Department pursuant to section forty-five H of this Act, may, within thirty days after notice of the decision appealed against is received, give to the Minister notice of his wish to be heard. 		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 (2) Where the Minister receives a notice under subsection (1) of this section, the Minister shall cause an enquiry to be conducted by a tribunal consisting of – (a) a chairman, appointed by the Minister with the agreement of the person aggrieved or in default of agreement on the nomination of the President for the time being of the body known as the Institution of Engineers, Australia; (b) a person nominated by the permanent head of the Department; and (c) a person nominated by the person aggrieved, and the person aggrieved shall be heard at the enquiry and the Minister shall thereafter give such decision as he thinks fit and effect shall be given thereto. (3) A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Minister made pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may, within the time and in the manner prescribe by rules of court, appeal against such decision to a Judge who may make such order in the matter as he thinks fit and the decision of the Judge shall be final and conclusive. (4) Any appeal under subsection (3) of this section shall, unless the Judge otherwise orders, be heard by a Judge sitting in chambers. 	As above.	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
26. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45L, as follows –	As above.	As above.
45L.		
 The Department may, by notice in writing served on the owner of a dam or a person who is constructing or proposing to construct, a dam, require within such time as may be specified in the notice such information concerning the dam as it considers necessary to determine whether the dam is, or will be, a referable dam. In respect of any application made under this Part of this Act the Department may, by notice in writing, require the applicant to furnish such data, design analyses, drawings, specifications, reports, and other information as may be needed for a proper review of the safety, adequacy and suitability of the proposal. A person who in relation to any application for the purposes of this Part of this Act wilfully conceals or omits to furnish any information which he is required to furnish under this Act or who knowingly makes or publishes or causes to be made or published any representation or statement which he knows or reasonably ought to know — (a) is false or misleading in a material particular; or (b) is likely to deceive in a material way, commits an offence. 		
Penalty: Five hundred dollars.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
27. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45M, as follows –	As above.	As above.
45M.		
 (1) For the purpose of ensuring the continued safety of referable dames the Department may, by notice in writing, require the owner of a referable dam – (a) to furnish reports of periodical inspections of the dam and reservoir carried out by suitable qualified and experienced engineers in accordance with procedures and at intervals of time determined by the Department; (b) to install, maintain and utilise instruments and measuring devices for observing and monitoring the performance and conditions of the dam and its foundations, and to keep records of the readings of the instruments and measuring devices and make regular reports in accordance with procedures determined by the Department; and (c) to undertake a review of the design, construction or operation of a referable dam and reservoir when warranted by advances in technical knowledge or changes in local conditions. 		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(2) An officer authorised in writing for the purpose by the Department may carry our, or cause to be carried out by independent or consulting engineers or specialists, inspections from time to time of any referable works, or of any dam and its appurtenant works whether or not a referable dam, or of any works of construction related thereto or intended for the purposes of a proposed dam, and of any mining or other works adjacent thereto and a potential source of danger, and for that purpose may – (a) enter and re-enter upon the land pursuant to the provisions of section eleven of this Act; (b) be accompanied by such persons, vehicles, equipment or machinery as he may require; and (c) require the owner or any person authorised by the owner in charge of such dam or works to give to him such information as he may require for the purpose of such inspection.		As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 (3) Any referable dam which is – (a) situate on a farming property; (b) used for domestic purposes or for stock or irrigation; and (c) does not exceed fifteen metres in height, shall, if requested by the owner, be inspected by the Department at no cost to the owner. (4) Any person who, without just cause, refuses to give any information or gives information that is false or misleading to a person authorised by the Department to make an inspection commits and offence. Penalty: Five hundred dollars. 28. The principal Act is amended by inserting after 	As above.	As above.
section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45N, as follows – 45N.		
(1) The Supreme Court or The District Court of Western Australia may, on the application of the Minister, grant an injunction restraining a person from engaging in any course of conduct, or doing any act, whether or not authorised by any other Act, that constitutes or would be likely to constitute a source of danger whereby the safety of any referable works may be imperilled.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 (2) The Court may grant an interim injunction pending determination of an application made under subsection (1) of this section, and may rescind or vary any interim injunction or injunctions granted pursuant to this section. 29. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45P, as follows – 	As above.	As above.
45P.		
 The Department is charged with the function of – (a) determining whether or not any dam is, or is likely to be, works to which the provisions of this Part of this Act will apply; (b) recording all referable works; and (c) ensuring that adequate measures are adopted for the safe design, construction, maintenance, and operation of referable works, and in respect of their alteration, repair, abandonment, or removal. 		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(2) No licence shall be issued pursuant to this Part of this Act unless or until the Minister is satisfied that the preparation of designs, plans and specifications for the initial construction or subsequent alteration, repair, abandonment or removal of any referable works and the supervision of such works in progress is directed by a suitably qualified engineer adequately experienced in dam design and construction, assisted by qualified engineering geologists and other specialists where necessary. (3) Where the Minister is satisfied that a body has access to, or is comprised of, engineers and other specialists with adequate knowledge and experience that body may be authorised by the Minister to design, construct, alter, repair, maintain or operate referable works, or to remove any such works, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, and any such body may be required to furnish only such data, drawings, reports and other information as is sufficient to enable the Department to maintain adequate records and to ensure that all requirements as to safety, inspections and reports are observed.	As above.	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
30. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45Q, as follows –	As above.	As above.
 45Q. The Minister, on such terms and conditions as he thinks fit, may establish an advisory committee or committees of suitably qualified and experienced engineers and specialists for the purpose of – (a) inquiring into, reporting upon and making recommendations concerning such aspects of the investigation, design, proposed construction and operating procedure or other proposals submitted in relation to any referable dam or proposed referable dam as the Minister may require in each particular case; and (b) inquiring into, reporting upon and making recommendations concerning the implementation of the provisions of this Part of this Act. 		
31. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45R, as follows –		
45R.		
 (1) This Part of this Act binds the Crown. (2) To the extend that a power conferred or requirement imposed by this Part of this Act is inconsistent with – (a) the operation of any other Act; 		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
 (b) the implementation of any Agreement to which the State is a party and which, or the execution of which, is or has been ratified, authorised or approved by an Act; or (c) proposals made by the council of a municipality, or any instrumentality or agency of the Crown, established pursuant to any Act, and gives rise, or may give rise, to a question, difference or dispute the Minister shall thereupon consult with the Minister charged with the administration of that other Act and thereafter shall direct the Department as to the matter. 32. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45S, as follows – 45S. Subject to the provisions of subsection (3) of section forty-five M of this Act, the Minister may charge fees and recover from the owner all costs reasonably incurred in the making of inspections, the preparation and obtaining of reports and otherwise implementing the provisions of this Part of this Act insofar as they relate to the safety and surveillance of the referable works. 	As above.	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
33. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45T, as follows –	As above.	As above.
45T.		
 No claim shall lie against the Crown, the Minister, the Department, or any person lawfully acting pursuant to a power conferred or duty imposed under the provisions of this Part of this Act, for compensation or damages for any loss howsoever caused or arising as a consequence of – (a) the partial or total failure of any referable works; (b) the operation of any referable works; (c) any failure to supervise or control any referable works or the design, construction, alteration, operation, maintenance, abandonment, or removal thereof; (d) any approval, direction or notice given or omitted, or the carrying out of any works or the exercise of any function under the provisions of this Part of this Act. (2) Nothing in this Part of this Act shall be construed to relieve an owner of any referable works of the legal duties, obligations, or liabilities incident to the ownership or operation of those works. 		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(3) No person is precluded by any agreement from doing such acts as are necessary for complying with any of the provisions of this Part of this Act, or is liable under any agreement to any penalty, damages, or forfeiture for doing such acts as are necessary for complying with this Part of this Act.	As above.	As above.
34. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45U, as follows –		
 45U. Any person, who without lawful excuse – (a) wilfully damages, or wilfully interferes with the construction, maintenance, alteration, or operation of, any referable works; or (b) wilfully damages or wilfully interferes with any survey mark or peg required in connection with the construction, maintenance, alteration, or operation of any referable works, commits an offence. 		
Penalty: Five hundred dollars or six months' imprisonment, or both.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
35. The principal Act is amended by inserting after section 45 a new section, to stand as section 45V, as follows –	As above.	As above.
45V.		
 The Governor may make regulations for the purposes of this Part of this Act. Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) of this section, the Governor may make regulations for or with respect to any of the following matters – (a) the alteration, enlargement, repair, management, inspection, maintenance, and control of referable works; (b) the removal and abandonment of referable works; (c) the powers, duties, responsibilities, and practices of owners of referable works; and (d) the procedures to apply in the event of an emergency affecting the safety of referable works. 		

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5.	Definitions	5.	Definitions	Inserts a missing word.
(5)	The Minister may by notice published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> declare a law of a State or Territory to be a corresponding law for the purposes of paragraph (d) of the interpretation "owner" in subsection (1) and may by subsequent notice so published vary or cancel any such declaration.	(5)	The Minister may by notice published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> declare a law of a State or Territory to be a corresponding law for the purposes of paragraph (d) of the interpretation of "owner" in subsection (1) and may by subsequent notice so published vary or cancel any such declaration.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Road Traffic Act 1974

CLAUSE NO.

105

	EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION	
86.	No unauthorized parking in certain areas	86.	No unauthorized parking in certain areas	Corrects a grammatical error.
(1)	In this section, "prescribed area" means — [(a) deleted] and	(1)	In this section, "prescribed area" means — [(a) deleted] and	
this	area defined for the purposes of section by the Governor by notice lished in the <i>Gazette</i> .	this	area defined for the purposes of section by the Governor by notice lished in the <i>Gazette</i> .	
106.	Minimum penalties	106.	Minimum penalties	
(3)	Despite subsection (2) and Part 5 of the Sentencing Act 1995, a court sentencing a person who has been convicted of — (b) an offence against 64 or 67A,	(3)	Despite subsection (2) and Part 5 of the Sentencing Act 1995, a court sentencing a person who has been convicted of — (b) an offence against section 64 or 67A,	Inserts a missing word.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Road Traffic Act 1974

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
45. (4)	Application of Health Act 1911 Nothing in this section affects — (a) the application that the Health Act 1911 would have to any person, act, omission or circumstance if subsection (1) had not been passed; or (b) the operation of section 343(5) and 345(2)(a)(2) of that Act.		Health Act 1911 would have to any person, act, omission or circumstance if subsection (1) had not been passed; or	This amendment updates a reference to repealed provisions of the <i>Health Act</i> 1911. This amendment will ensure that the application of the <i>Health Act</i> 1911 with respect to enforcing the Governor's regulations as local law on the island remains in operation.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Rottnest Island Authority Act 1987

CLAUSE NO. 106

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
93. School Discipline Advisory Panels (1) The Minister is to appoint a School Discipline Advisory Panel ("a Panel"), consisting of not less than 3 persons, whenever it is necessary for the purposes of section 92(3)(a).	93. School Discipline Advisory Panels (1)The Minister is to appoint a School Discipline Advisory Panel ("a Panel"), consisting of not less than 3 persons, whenever it is necessary for the purposes of section 92(3)(a) or 96(4)(a).	This amendment inserts a cross reference to provision 96(4)(a), under which it is also necessary to appoint a School Discipline Advisory Panel.
113. Bank account (5) In this section — "bank" means a bank as defined in section 5 of the Banking Act 1959 of the Commonwealth.	113. Bank account (5) In this section — "bank" means a bank as defined in section 5 of the Banking Act 1959 of the Commonwealth. "bank" means — an ADI (authorised deposit-taking institution) as defined in section 5 of the Banking Act 1959 of the Commonwealth; or a bank constituted by law of a State, a Territory or the Commonwealth	This amendment brings the definition of "bank" into line with changes made to Commonwealth law relating to the financial sector and reflected in changes to WA Acts by the Acts Amendment and Repeal (Financial Sector Reform) Act 1999.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: School Education Act 1999

CLAUSE NO. 107

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
138. Minister may dismiss Council	138. Minister may dismiss Council	This amendment corrects a cross- referencing error. This error can be traced
(1) This section does not apply to a Council that by operation of section 130 is an incorporated association under the Associations Incorporation Act 1987. (2) If in the opinion of the Minister the conduct of a Council is incompetent, inadequate or improper or a Council is in breach of this Act, the Minister is to give written notice to the Council — (a) setting out particulars of the allegations against it; and (b) requiring that the situation be remedied within the time specified in the notice. (3) If the Minister is of the opinion that a Council has not complied with a notice under subsection (1) the Minister may, by order published in the Government Gazette, dismiss the Council.	(1) This section does not apply to a Council that by operation of section 130 is an incorporated association under the Associations Incorporation Act 1987. (2) If in the opinion of the Minister the conduct of a Council is incompetent, inadequate or improper or a Council is in breach of this Act, the Minister is to give written notice to the Council — (a) setting out particulars of the allegations against it; and (b) requiring that the situation be remedied within the time specified in the notice. (3) If the Minister is of the opinion that a Council has not complied with a notice under subsection (1) subsection (2) the Minister may, by order published in the Government Gazette, dismiss the Council.	back to an early draft of the School Education Bill when a new subclause (1) was inserted, but the cross-reference was not updated.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: School Education Act 1999

CLAUSE NO. 107 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
101.	School Education Act 1999 amended Section 108(5) of the School Education Act 1999 is amended by deleting the definition of "bank" and inserting the following definition instead – "bank" means – (a) an ADI (authorised	AS AMENDED Section 101 of the Acts Amendment and Repeal (Financial Sector Reform) Act 1999 is repealed.	Repeal of a redundant provision. The Acts Amendment and Repeal (Financial Sector Reform) Act 1999, which commenced on 1 July 1999, purported to amend section 108 of the School Education Act 1999. However that Act was not passed until 2 November 1999. When it was passed, the relevant section of the School Education Act 1999 had become section 113. Thus the purported amendment was ineffective.
	deposit-taking institution) as defined in section 5 of the Banking Act 1959 of the Commonwealth; or (b) a bank constituted by a law of a State, a Territory or the Commonwealth.		

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED:

Acts Amendment and Repeal (Financial Sector Reform) Act 1999

CLAUSE NO. 107 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
8. (4)	Transfer of rights Where a person becomes the lawful holder of a bill of lading when possession of the bill no longer gives a right (as against the carrier) to possession of the goods, no rights are transferred to that person under subsection (1) unless the person becomes the lawful holder of the bill — (b) as a result of the reendorsement of the bill following rejection to that person by another person	8. Transfer of rights (4) Where a person becomes the lawful holder of a bill of lading when possession of the bill no longer gives a right (as against the carrier) to possession of the	This amendment is to delete words that inadvertently limit the application of the paragraph so as to exclude bearer bills of lading. It is made as part of a uniform national scheme.
	of goods or documents delivered to the other person under any contractual or other arrangement made before the possession of the bill ceased to give such a right to possession.	of goods or documents delivered to the other person under any contractual or other arrangement made before the possession of the bill ceased to give such a right to possession.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
1. Duty of managers of financial	81. Duty of managers of financial	
nstitutions	institutions	Inserts missing words.
Where the Registrar, an inspector, a	Where the Registrar, an inspector, a	
supervisor or a member of the Police Force	supervisor or a member of the Police	
duly authorised to make an investigation or	Force duly authorised to make an	
inquiry for the purposes of this Act has	investigation or inquiry for the	
reasonable cause to believe that a settlement	purposes of this Act has reasonable	
agent has deposited any money with a bank	cause to believe that a settlement	
or other financial institution, whether in an	agent has deposited any money with a	
account in the name of the settlement agent	bank or other financial institution,	
or in some other account, he may by notice in	whether in an account in the name of	
writing addressed to the manager or other	the settlement agent or in some other	
officer for the time being in charge of the	account, he may by notice in writing	
bank other institution concerned and	addressed to the manager or other	
nominating the accounts to be examined,	officer for the time being in charge of	
require that those accounts be disclosed to	the bank other bank or other institution	
him, and the manager or other officer for the	concerned and nominating the	
time being in charge of the bank or other	accounts to be examined, require that	
institution named in the requisition shall	those accounts be disclosed to him,	
without requiring any warrant other than the	and the manager or other officer for	
production of the credentials under this Act of	the time being in charge of the bank or	
the Registrar, inspector, supervisor, or	other institution named in the	
member of the Police Force, whether or not	requisition shall without requiring any	
the person in whose name the account is	warrant other than the production of	
held consents, and notwithstanding any law,	the credentials under this Act of the	
or rule of law, or contractual obligation to the	Registrar, inspector, supervisor, or	
contrary	member of the Police Force	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
12.	Regulations	12.	Regulations	
(2) may (c)	Regulations made under this Act	(2) may (c)	Regulations made under this Act	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Shipping and Pilotage Act 1967 amended

CLAUSE NO. 110

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
41.	Education Act 1928 amended [To be proclaimed] 18	Sections 41 and 61 of the State Superannuation (Transitional and	Repeals redundant provisions.
61.	Rural Adjustment and Finance Corporation Act 1993 amended [To be proclaimed] ^{1a}	Consequential Amendments) Act 2000 are repealed.	Sections 41 and 61 (which have not been proclaimed) provide for amendments to the Education Act 1928 and the Rural Adjustment and Finance Corporation Act 1993, both of which have been repealed.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED:

State Superannuation (Transitional and Consequential Amendments) Act 2000

CLAUSE NO. 111

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Interpretation 3. (1) "resumption" means the compulsory acquisition of land under the provisions of any Act or Act of the Commonwealth authorizing compulsory acquisition of land;	Interpretation 3. (1) "resumption" means the compulsory acquisition of land under the provisions of any Act or Act of the Commonwealth authorizing compulsory acquisition of land; 3. (1) "take", "taken" and "taking" have the same meanings as they have for the purposes of Parts 9 and 10 of the Land Administration Act 1997 and include a reference to the compulsory acquisition of land under any Act of the Commonwealth authorizing the compulsory acquisition of land	Under the Land Administration Act 1997 (which is the main Act dealing with taking land for public works), land is "taken" not "resumed". The amendment is designed to achieve consistent terminology between the Strata Titles Act 1985 and the Land Administration Act 1997. The inclusion of the terminology of the Land Administration Act 1997 in the definition section permits the use of the terminology later in the Strata Titles Act 1985.
Appeal against Commission 27.(3)(c) the failure of the Commission to notify the applicant of its approval of an application within 40 days of receiving the application.	Appeal against Commission 27 .(3)(c) <u>subject to section 25A(3)</u> , the failure of the Commission to notify the applicant of its approval of an application within 40 days of receiving the application.	Section 25A(3) permits a variation of the 40 day period that would have applied under section 27(3)(c) of the <i>Strata Titles Act 1985</i> . The amendment corrects this omission and provides that the 40 day period may be extended by the Minister as provided in section 25A(3) of the <i>Strata Titles Act 1985</i> .

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Variation of strata scheme upon damage or destruction of building 28.(5)(b) in the case of an order made under this section as applied by section 29, on the day on which the resumption referred to in the order takes effect.	Variation of strata scheme upon damage or destruction of building 28.(5)(b) in the case of an order made under this section as applied by section 29, on the day on which the resumption taking referred to in the order takes effect.	The amendment is designed to have consistent terminology between the Strata Titles Act 1985 and the Land Administration Act 1997.
29. Variation of strata scheme upon resumption Subject to any necessary modifications, section 28 shall apply and the District Court shall have jurisdiction accordingly in any case of the resumption of part of the land in a parcel in a registered strata plan in the manner and to the extent that that section applies and the District Court has jurisdiction in the case of damage to or destruction of a building.	29. Variation of strata scheme upon resumption Subject to any necessary modifications, section 28 shall apply and the District Court shall have jurisdiction accordingly in any case of the resumption taking of part of the land in a parcel in a registered strata plan in the manner and to the extent that that section applies and the District Court has jurisdiction in the case of damage to or destruction of a building.	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
29B. Lodgement of documents with Registrar following partial resumption in strata scheme (1) Where part of the land in a strata plan is resumed and the resumption includes part but not the whole of any lot in the scheme, the relevant authority shall, as soon as it is practicable after the resumption takes effect, cause to be prepared and lodged with the Registrar of Titles a plan that complies with subsection (2).	29B. Lodgement of documents with Registrar following partial resumption in strata scheme (1) Where part of the land in a strata plan is resumed taken and the resumption taking includes part but not the whole of any lot in the scheme, the relevant acquiring authority shall, as soon as it is practicable after the resumption taking takes effect, cause to be prepared and lodged with the Registrar of Titles a plan that complies with subsection (2).	As above.
29B. Lodgement of documents with Registrar following partial resumption in strata scheme (2)The plan shall — (a) define the boundaries of the balance of the lot that remains in the scheme after the resumption and do so by reference to a floor plan.	29B Lodgement of documents with Registrar following partial resumption in strata scheme (2) The plan shall – (a) define the boundaries of the balance of the lot that remains in the scheme after the resumption taking and do so by reference to a floor plan.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
29A. Variation of survey-strata scheme on resumption (1) Where part of the land in a parcel in a survey-strata scheme is resumed, the District Court may, on an application by the strata company or by a proprietor or a registered mortgagee of a lot within the scheme, make an order for or with respect to the variation of the existing scheme or the substitution for the existing scheme of a new scheme.	29A. Variation of survey-strata scheme on resumption (1) Where part of the land in a parcel in a survey-strata scheme is resumed taken, the District Court may, on an application by the strata company or by a proprietor or a registered mortgagee of a lot within the scheme, make an order for or with respect to the variation of the existing scheme or the substitution for the existing scheme of a new scheme.	The amendment is designed to have consistent terminology between the Strata Titles Act 1985 and the Land Administration Act 1997.
29B. Lodgement of documents with Registrar following partial resumption in strata scheme (4) In subsection (1) – "relevant authority" in relation to a resumption of land means	29B. Lodgement of documents with Registrar following partial resumption in strata scheme (4) In subsection (1)— "relevant authority" in relation to a resumption of land means	Substitutes new definition, for consistency with the <i>Land Administration Act 1997</i> .
(a) the Minister under whose hand a notice of that resumption was published under section 17(2)(b) of the <i>Public Works Act 1902</i> ; or	(a) the Minister under whose hand a notice of that resumption was published under section 17(2)(b) of the <i>Public Works Act 1902</i> ; or	
(b) where under section 18 of that Act the land is vested in a local authority within the meaning in that Act, that local authority.	(b) where under section 18 of that Act the land is vested in a local authority within the meaning in that Act, that local authority.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
29C. Termination of scheme by resumption (1) The Governor may in a resumption notice in respect of the whole of a parcel declare that a scheme for that parcel is terminated on the publication of that notice.	 29B.(4) In subsection (1) — "acquiring authority", in relation to the taking of land, means — (a) the Minister who makes the taking order in relation to the land under section 177 of the Land Administration Act 1997; or (b) where the land is taken for the purposes of a local government, the local government. 29C. Termination of scheme by resumption (1) The Governor may in a resumption notice Minister for Lands may in a taking order in respect of the whole of a parcel declare that a scheme for that parcel is terminated on the publication of that notice registration of that order. 	As above.
(2) Where subsection (1) applies the Registrar of Titles shall register the land in the parcel in the name of the Crown or other authority in which it has vested under the resumption notice.	(2) Where subsection (1) applies the Registrar of Titles shall register the land in the parcel in the name of the Crown or other authority in which it has vested under the resumption notice taking order.	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(3)In this section – "resumption notice" means a notice published in the Gazette under section 17(1) of the Public Works Act 1902 declaring that the whole of a parcel is taken or resumed under that Act.	(3) In this section— "resumption notice" means a notice published in the Gazette under section 17(1) of the Public Works Act 1902 declaring that the whole of a parcel is taken or resumed under that Act.	As above.
	(3) In this section –	
	"Minister for Lands" means the Minister to whom the administration of the Land Administration Act 1997 is for the time being committed by the Governor;	
	"taking order" means a taking order made under section 177 of the Land Administration Act 1997.	
 39. Power of strata company to enter (1) For the purpose of carrying out — (a) any work pursuant to section 38(1), (2), (3) or (6); (b) any work required to be carried out by a strata company by a notice or order of a public authority or local government; (c) any work referred to in section 35(1)(c) or (d); 	 39. Power of strata company to enter (1) For the purpose of carrying out — (a) any work pursuant to section 38(1), (2), (3) or (6); (b) any work required to be carried out by a strata company by a notice or order of a public authority or local government; (c) any work referred to in section 35(1)(c) or (d); 	This amendment removes an incorrect reference to subsection 35(1)(d) of the Act, which has been repealed.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Acting referees 74. The Governor may appoint a person who is eligible to be appointed and hold office as a referee to act in the the office of a referee during the absence of that referee from his office through illness or other cause and the person so appointed shall while so acting be deemed to be a referee and shall have the immunities, powers, authorities, duties and functions of a referee and be entitled to remuneration and allowances as a referee.	Acting referees 74. The Governor may appoint a person who is eligible to be appointed and hold office as a referee to act in the the office of a referee during the absence of that referee from his office through illness or other cause and the person so appointed shall while so acting be deemed to be a referee and shall have the immunities, powers, authorities, duties and functions of a referee and be entitled to remuneration and allowances as a referee.	Corrects a typographical error.
 103J. Order for exemption from section 54 or 55(1) (2) An order under this section is an order exempting the strata company from the obligation to insure imposed upon it by section 54 or 55(1)(c), or both of those provisions, either generally or in a particular respect. 	 103J. Order for exemption from section 54 or 55(1) (2) An order under this section is an order exempting the strata company from the obligation to insure imposed upon it by section 54 or 55(1) (c) 55 (1), or both of those provisions, either generally or in a particular respect. 	Corrects a cross-referencing error.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule 1	Schedule 1	
1. Duties of proprietor, occupiers, etc. (2) A proprietor, occupier or other resident of a lot shall (a) use and enjoy the common property in such a manner as not unreasonably to interfere with the use and enjoyment thereof by other proprietors, occupiers or residents, or of their visitors; and	1. Duties of proprietor, occupiers, etc. (2) A proprietor, occupier or other resident of a lot shall (a) use and enjoy the common property in such a manner as not unreasonably to interfere with the use and enjoyment thereof by other proprietors, occupiers or residents, or of their visitors; and	Removes unnecessary word.
3. Power of strata company regarding submeters (1) Where the supply of gas or electricity to a lot is regulated by means of a submeter, the strata company may require the proprietor or other occupier of the lot to pay the strata company by way of security for the payment of charges arising through the submeter an amount not exceeding \$200 and, if any amount so paid is applied by the strata company under sub-bylaw (2), to pay such further amount or amounts by way of such security as may be necessary to maintain the amount of the security as, subject to this sub-bylaw, the strata company may require.	3. Power of strata company regarding submeters (1) Where the supply of gas or electricity to a lot is regulated by means of a submeter, the strata company may require the proprietor or other occupier of the lot to pay the strata company by way of security for the payment of charges arising through the submeter an amount not exceeding \$200 and, if any amount so paid is applied by the strata company under sub-bylaw (2), of this bylaw, to pay such further amount or amounts by way of such security as may be necessary to maintain the amount of the security as, subject to this sub-bylaw, the strata company may require.	Corrects a cross-referencing error.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5. Election of council(1) The meeting shall determine, in accordance with the requirements of bylaw 4(3) of Part 1, the number of persons of whom the council shall consist	5. Election of council (1) The meeting shall determine, in accordance with the requirements of bylaw 4(3) of Part 1 this Schedule, the number of persons of whom the council shall consist	Corrects a cross-referencing error.
(4) When no further nominations are forthcoming, the chairman (a) where the number of candidates equals the number of members of the council determined in accordance with the requirements of by-law 4(3) of Part I, shall declare those candidates to be elected as members of the council;	(4) When no further nominations are forthcoming, the chairman (a) where the number of candidates equals the number of members of the council determined in accordance with the requirements of by-law 4(3) of Part I this Schedule, shall declare those candidates to be elected as members of the council.	As above.
(8)Subject to rule (9), candidates, being equal in number to the number of members of the council determined in accordance with by-law 4(3) of Part I, who receive the highest numbers of votes shall be declared elected to the council.	(8) Subject to rule (9) sub-bylaw (9) of this by-law, candidates, being equal in number to the number of members of the council determined in accordance with by-law 4(3) of Part 1 this Schedule, who receive the highest numbers of votes shall be declared elected to the council.	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
(9) Where the number of votes recorded in favour of any candidate is the lowest of the numbers of votes referred to in rule (8) and -	(9) Where the number of votes recorded in favour of any candidate is the lowest of the numbers of votes referred to in rule (8) sub-bylaw (8) of this by-law and —	As above.
7. Chairman, secretary and treasurer of strata company (1) Subject to sub-bylaw (2), the chairman, secretary and treasurer of the council are also respectively the chairman, secretary and treasurer of the strata company.	7. Chairman, secretary and treasurer of strata company (1) Subject to sub-bylaw (2) of this by-law, the chairman, secretary and treasurer of the council are also respectively the chairman, secretary and treasurer of the strata company.	As above.
(3) A person appointed under sub-bylaw (2) may act until the end of the meeting for which he was appointed to act.	(3) A person appointed under sub-bylaw (2) of this by-law may act until the end of the meeting for which he was appointed to act.	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
12. Proceedings at general meetings (4a) Sub-bylaws (3) and (4) do not apply to a general meeting of a strata company referred to in section 50B.	12. Proceedings at general meetings (4a) Sub-bylaws (3) and (4) of this by-law do not apply to a general meeting of a strata company referred to in section 50B.	As above.
Schedule 2 12. Additional duties of proprietors, occupiers, etc. (c) Keep any animals on the lot that he owns, occupies or resides in or the common property after notice in that behalf given to him by the council.	Schedule 2 12. Additional duties of proprietors, occupiers, etc. (c) Subject to section 42(15) of the Act, keep any animals on the lot that he owns, occupies or resides in or the common property after notice in that behalf given to him by the council.	Confirms that the by-laws in Schedule 2 are subject to section 42(15) of the <i>Strata Titles Act 1985</i> , which permits lot proprietors to keep guide dogs on the Strata Lots as an exception to the general rule that no animals shall be kept on Strata Lots.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Strata Titles Act 1985 CLAUSE NO. 112 (cont....)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
2.	Interpretation	2.	Interpretation	Removes reference to obsolete term.
	In this Act, unless inconsistent with the context or subject matter —		In this Act, unless inconsistent with the context or subject matter —	
	"Chief Secretary 2" means the Minister of the Crown for the time being and from time to time holding the ministerial office of Chief Secretary 2 in the Government of the State.		"Chief Secretary 2" means the Minister of the Crown for the time being and from time to time holding the ministerial office of Chief Secretary 2 in the Government of the State.	
	"Collection" includes the soliciting of funds or contributions and the selling or offering for sale of any button, badge, token, or other similar thing for the purpose of raising funds or contributions.		"Collection" includes the soliciting of funds or contributions and the selling or offering for sale of any button, badge, token, or other similar thing for the purpose of raising funds or contributions.	
	"Metropolitan area" means the area within the boundaries defined in the First Schedule to the regulations made under the <i>Traffic Act 1919-1935</i> .		"Metropolitan area" means the area within the boundaries defined in the First Schedule to the regulations made under the <i>Traffic Act 1919-1935</i> .	
	"Person" includes association, society, or committee and any combination thereof.		"Person" includes association, society, or committee and any combination thereof.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3.	No collection in metropolitan area except by permission of Chief Secretary ²	3.	No collection in metropolitan area except by permission of Chief Secretary <u>Minister</u> ²	Removes reference to obsolete Act and term.
(1)	Notwithstanding the provisions of the <i>War Funds Regulation Act 1939</i> , it shall not be lawful for any person to make a collection in any public street within the metropolitan area unless authorized by permit in writing from the Chief Secretary ² and unless the conditions (in any) attached by the Chief Secretary ² to such permit and the provisions of the regulations made in that behalf are complied with.	(1)	Notwithstanding the provisions of the War Funds Regulation Act 1939, it It shall not be lawful for any person to make a collection in any public street within the metropolitan area unless authorized by permit in writing from the Chief Secretary Minister 2 and unless the conditions (in any) attached by the Chief Secretary Minister 2 to such permit and the provisions of the regulations made in that behalf are complied with.	
4. (1)	Permit as prescribed may be granted The Chief Secretary ² may grant a permit in the form prescribed to any person to make a collection for the object or purpose, on the day, between the hours, and within the area specified respectively in such permit: Provided that the aggregate number of days in respect of which such permits may be granted shall not exceed fifty in any one year.	4 . (1)	Permit as prescribed may be granted The Chief Secretary Minister 2 may grant a permit in the form prescribed to any person to make a collection for the object or purpose, on the day, between the hours, and within the area specified respectively in such permit: Provided that the aggregate number of days in respect of which such permits may be granted shall not exceed fifty in any one year.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
5.	Applications for permits to be made in the prescribed manner	5.	Applications for permits to be made in the prescribed manner	Removes reference to obsolete term.
	Applications for permits shall be made to the Chief Secretary ² in the prescribed manner, specifying the purpose of the collection, and the locality within which, the collection is to be made. Applicants shall furnish any additional information which the Chief Secretary ² may require or which may be prescribed.		Applications for permits shall be made to the Chief Secretary Minister ² in the prescribed manner, specifying the purpose of the collection, and the locality within which, the collection is to be made. Applicants shall furnish any additional information which the Chief Secretary Minister ² may require or which may be prescribed.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Street Collections (Regulation) Act 1940 CLAUSE NO. 113 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
6.	Unauthorized use of badges, etc.	6.	Unauthorized use of badges, etc.	Provides Minister with power of delegation.
		<u>6A</u>	<u>Delegation</u>	
7.	Governor may make regulations	(1)	The Minister may, either generally or as provided by the instrument of delegation, delegate to any person any of the Minster's functions under this Act except this power of delegation.	
		(3)	Performance of a function by a delegate is to be treated as performance by the Minister. A person purporting to act under this section as a delegate is taken	
		7.	to have acted in accordance with the terms of delegation unless the contrary is shown. Governor may make	
			regulations	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
8.	Appeal Costs Board, constitution	8.	Appeal Costs Board, constitution	Reflects a the change in the name of the Board from the Barristers' Board to the
(2)	The Board shall consist of 3 members appointed by the Governor of whom —	(2)		Legal Practice Board.
	(c) one shall be a person who is nominated in writing by the Barristers' Board constituted under the <i>Legal Practitioners Act 1893</i> and who is so willing.		(c) one shall be a person who is nominated in writing by-the Barristers' Board The Legal Practice Board constituted under the Legal Practitioners Act 1893 and who is so willing.	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
61.	Power of approval may be conferred on Trust	61.	Power of approval may be conferred on Trust	Corrects a spelling error.
	(2) Where the Trust is authorised under subsection (1) to approve a development, it may resolve to do so and it that case sections 54 to 58 do not apply but the Trust may, subject to subsection (2) of section 59, exercise any power described in subsection (1) or (3) of that section.		(2) Where the Trust is authorised under subsection (1) to approve a development, it may resolve to do so and it in that case sections 54 to 58 do not apply but the Trust may, subject to subsection (2) of section 59, exercise any power described in subsection (1) or (3) of that section.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Swan River Trust Act 1988

CLAUSE NO. 115

EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED EXPLANATION

3. Limits of the Act

The limits of this Act shall extend to and include the area within the boundaries of the Municipality of North Fremantle, and also so much of the area of the lands and property vested in the Fremantle Port Authority as is contained within the inner harbour in the description of the Port of Fremantle under the Port Authorities Act 1997., or which may hereafter be vested in. acquired, or held by, or may be placed or be in, the custody, possession, or control of, or over which the Fremantle Port Authority may exercise authority or dominion, and also so much of the area of any Crown lands or lands vested in the Honourable the Minister for Railways or the Minister of the Crown administering the Government Railways Act 1904, for the time being respectively as adjoins or abuts on the lands and property of the Fremantle Port Authority above described, or lies between the same lands and property and the boundaries of the Municipality of North Fremantle.

3. Limits of the Act

The limits of this Act shall extend to and include the area within the boundaries of the Municipality of North Fremantle. and also so much of the area of the lands and property vested in the Fremantle Port Authority as is contained within the inner harbour in the description of the Port of Fremantle under the Port Authorities Act 1997. Port Authorities Act 1999, or which may hereafter be vested in, acquired, or held by, or may be placed or be in, the custody, possession, or control of, or over which the Fremantle Port Authority may exercise authority or dominion, and also so much of the area of any Crown lands or lands vested in the Honourable the Minister for Railways or the Minister of the Crown administering the Government Railways Act 1904, for the time being respectively as adjoins or abuts on the lands and property of the Fremantle Port Authority above described, or lies between the same lands and property and the boundaries of the Municipality of North Fremantle.

This amendment corrects a grammatical error and an incorrect reference to the *Port Authorities Act 1999* as the *Port Authorities Act 1997*.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
3.	Limits of the Act The limits of this Act shall extend to and include — (b) so much of the area of the lands and property vested in the Fremantle Port Authority as is contained within the inner harbour	3. Limits of the Act The limits of this Act shall extend to and include — (b) so much of the area of the lands and property vested in the Fremantle Port Authority as is contained within the inner harbour	This amendment corrects a grammatical error by deleting the full stop after "Port Authorities Act 1999".
	in the description of the Port of Fremantle under the <i>Port Authorities Act 1999.</i> , or which may hereafter be vested in, acquired, or held by the port authority, or which may be placed or be in the custody, possession, or control of the port authority or over which the port authority may exercise authority or control;	in the description of the Port of Fremantle under the <i>Port</i> Authorities Act 1999-, or which may hereafter be vested in, acquired, or held by the port authority, or which may be placed or be in the custody, possession, or control of the port authority or over which the port authority may exercise authority or control;	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
28.	Allocation of the funds of the TAB	28.	Allocation of the funds of the TAB	Corrects a cross-referencing error.
(4)	The Club shall, from any moneys received by it from the TAB under subsection (2) or section 27B(1)(f) —	(4)	The Club shall, from any moneys received by it from the TAB under subsection (2) or section 27B(1)(f) section 27B(f)—	
(5)	The Association shall, from any sum received by it from the TAB pursuant to subsection (3) —	(5)	The Association shall, from any sum received by it from the TAB pursuant to subsection (3) or section 27B(f) —	As above.

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
33. Provisions relating to be through TAB The following provisions a relation to betting through TAB — (a) the TAB, or any of i officers, agents or employees or any employee of an age the TAB shall not a bet unless made — (ii) by letter send through the population of the population of this Accordance with provisions of this Accordance of the population of this Accordance with provisions of the provisions	oply in the s Int of the copt a cost or the cost or the cost or the cost or the cost of t	Provisions relating to bets through TAB The following provisions apply in relation to betting through the TAB — (a) the TAB, or any of its officers, agents or employees or any employee of an agent of the TAB shall not accept a bet unless made — (ii) by letter sent through the post or by telegram or telephone message received at a totalisator agency or by electronic communication received at a totalisator agency, in accordance with the provisions of this Act;	Clarifies the TAB's ability to conduct betting via the Internet, which it has done since 1997, on the understanding that it is an extension, or form of, telephone betting.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
6. (3)	Section 28 amended Section 28(4) and (5) are amended by deleting "or section 27B(1)(f)".	6. (3)	Section 28 amended Section 28(4) and (5) are amended by deleting "or section 27B(1)(f) section 27B(f)".	Corrects a cross-referencing error.

EXISTING PROVISION

AS AMENDED

EXPLANATION

62. Notice to be published before effect is given to order

Before making any such order the Court or Judge or Commissioner shall cause notice of the intention so to do to be advertised once at least in one newspaper published in the city of Perth or circulating in the neighbourhood of the land and shall appoint a time within which it shall be lawful for any person interested to show cause against such order being made; after the expiration of which time it shall be lawful for the said Court or Judge or Commissioner to give directions for the transfer of such land or lease or charge to any new proprietor or proprietors solely or jointly with or in the place of any existing proprietor or proprietors, or to make such order in the premises as shall be just for the protection of any persons beneficially interested in such property or in the proceeds thereof; and on such order being deposited with the Registrar he shall make such entries and perform such acts for giving effect thereto as the provisions of this Act may render necessary. The Commissioner in any case within the last preceding section in which members of any a corporation that is a friendly society within the meaning of section 16C of the Life Insurance Act 1995 of the Commonwealth are interested may before making an order thereunder dispense with the aforesaid advertisement.

62. Notice to be published before effect is given to order

Before making any such order the Court or Judge or Commissioner shall cause notice of the intention so to do to be advertised once at least in one newspaper published in the city of Perth or circulating in the neighbourhood of the land and shall appoint a time within which it shall be lawful for any person interested to show cause against such order being made; after the expiration of which time it shall be lawful for the said Court or Judge or Commissioner to give directions for the transfer of such land or lease or charge to any new proprietor or proprietors solely or jointly with or in the place of any existing proprietor or proprietors, or to make such order in the premises as shall be just for the protection of any persons beneficially interested in such property or in the proceeds thereof; and on such order being deposited with the Registrar he shall make such entries and perform such acts for giving effect thereto as the provisions of this Act may render necessary. The Commissioner in any case within the last preceding section in which members of any a corporation that is a friendly society within the meaning of section 16C of the Life Insurance Act 1995 of the Commonwealth are interested may before making an order thereunder dispense with the aforesaid advertisement.

Corrects a grammatical error.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Divis	Division 2 — Powers of the Minister and Director General		sion 2 — Powers of the Minister and Director General	Corrects a grammatical error.
15B.	Functions	15B.	Functions	
(2)	It is the function of the Director General —	(2)	It is the function of the Director General — General to —	
	(a) to maintain an overview of existing transport services in this State and recommend to the Minister measures for achieving co-ordination of transport services in this State;		(a) to maintain an overview of existing transport services in this State and recommend to the Minister measures for achieving co-ordination of transport services in this State;	
	(b) report to the Minister on transport policy or changes in transport policy and measures for achieving policy objectives;		(b) report to the Minister on transport policy or changes in transport policy and measures for achieving policy objectives;	

	EXISTING PROVISION				AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
15C.	Func	tions under other Acts	15C.	Func	tions under other Acts	Corrects a numbering error.
(1)	to in s Gene	ell as the functions referred section 15B the Director ral also has the functions rred on the Director General	(1)	to in s Gene	ell as the functions referred section 15B the Director ral also has the functions rred on the Director General	
	(a)	the Control of Vehicles (Off-road Areas) Act 1978;		(a)	the Control of Vehicles (Off-road Areas) Act 1978;	
	(b)	the Motor Vehicle Drivers Instructors Act 1963;		(b)	the Motor Vehicle Drivers Instructors Act 1963;	
	(c)	the Motor Vehicle (Third Party Insurance) Act 1943;		(c)	the <i>Motor Vehicle (Third Party Insurance) Act 1943</i> ;	
	(ca)	the <i>Perth Parking Management Act 1999</i> ; and		(ca)	the <i>Perth Parking</i> <i>Management Act 1999</i> ; and	
	(ca)	the Rail Safety Act 1998; and	(ca)	(cb)	the Rail Safety Act 1998; and	
	(d)	the Road Traffic Act 1974.		(d)	the Road Traffic Act 1974.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Transport Co-ordination Act 1966 CLAUSE NO. 121 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
36.	Matters to be taken into consideration by the Minister before grant or refusal of licence	36. Matters to be taken into consideration by the Minister before grant or refusal of licence	Corrects a grammatical error.
	Before granting or refusing a licence for a commercial goods vehicle, the Minister —	Before granting or refusing a licence for a commercial goods vehicle, the Minister —	
	(a) may take into account any one or more of the following matters —	(a) may take into account any one or more of the following matters —	
	(i) the necessity for the service proposed to be provided and the convenience that would be afforded to the public by the provision of the proposed service;	(i) the necessity for the service proposed to be provided and the convenience that would be afforded to the public by the provision of the proposed service;	
	(v) the interests of persons requiring transport to be provided, and of the community generally,	(v) the interests of persons requiring transport to be provided, and of the community generally,	
	but shall not be obliged, in relation to any particular licence application, to take into account all of these matters; and	but shall not be obliged, in relation to any particular licence application, to take into account all of these matters; and	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	The Australian Institute of Valuers has changed its name to the Australian
28A.	Grant of option to purchase trust property	28A. Grant of option to purchase trust property		
(2)	In subsection (1), "independent valuer" means —	(2)	In subsection (1), "independent valuer" means —	Property Institute.
	(c) in the case of land in another State or a Territory, a person who is licensed as a valuer under the law of that State or Territory or, if there is no such law, a person who is a Fellow or Associate of the Australian Institute of Valuers (Inc.).		(c) in the case of land in another State or a Territory, a person who is licensed as a valuer under the law of that State or Territory or, if there is no such law, a person who is a Fellow or Associate of the Australian Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute (Inc.).	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
6.	Valuer-General and other officers	6.	Valuer-General and other officers	The Australian Institute of Valuers has changed its name to the Australian
(3)	A person appointed Valuer-General shall be a person who is qualified for membership of the Australian Institute of Valuers (Incorporated) as a Fellow or Associate of that Institute.	(3)	A person appointed Valuer-General shall be a person who is qualified for membership of the Australian Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute (Incorporated) as a Fellow or Associate of that Institute.	Property Institute.
25.	Rating or taxing authority may engage valuers to make general or interim valuations	25.	Rating or taxing authority may engage valuers to make	
(2)	A person shall not be engaged as a valuer under this section unless he is licensed under the <i>Land Valuers Licensing Act 1978</i> or qualified for membership of the Australian Institute of Valuers (Incorporated) as a Fellow or Associate of that Institute.	(2)	A person shall not be engaged as a valuer under this section unless he is licensed under the Land Valuers Licensing Act 1978 or qualified for membership of the Australian Institute of Valuers Australian Property Institute (Incorporated) as a Fellow or Associate of that Institute.	

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
60.	Persons obstructing execution of this Act (2) If a person having the charge for the time being of any substance, stock or carcass refuses to allow any person acting in the execution of this Act to take the sample which that person requires is deemed to have wilfully obstructed that person.	60.	Persons obstructing execution of this Act (2) If a person having the charge for the time being of any substance, stock or carcass refuses to allow any person acting in the execution of this Act to take the sample which that person requires, the first-mentioned person is deemed to have wilfully obstructed that person.	This amendment inserts missing words in order to clarify which person is deemed to have wilfully obstructed the other person.

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
36.	Regulations and by-laws generally	36.	Regulations and by-laws generally	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate	
(1)	Regulations or by-laws made for the purposes of this Act or a relevant Act may be so made —	(1)	Regulations or by-laws made for the purposes of this Act or a relevant Act may be so made —	status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.	
	(b) as to adopt, by reference to the text as amended and for the time being in force at the time of adoption of the by-law, unless a particular text is otherwise specified —		(b) as to adopt, by reference to the text as amended and for the time being in force at the time of adoption of the by-law, unless a particular text is otherwise specified —		
	(ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, or other specified body, either wholly or in part or with modifications, as are specified.		(ii) such standards, rules, codes or specifications issued by the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution, or other specified body, either wholly or in part or with modifications, as are specified.		

	EXISTING PROVISION				AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
85.		I government works tructed with borrowed ey	85.		l government works tructed with borrowed ey	This amendment deletes an unnecessary word.
(1)	Notwi	thstanding that —	(1)	Notw	ithstanding that —	
	(a)	any water works and works relating to the procuring of a water supply;		(a)	any water works and works relating to the procuring of a water supply;	
	(b)	any sewers and works connected with sewerage; and		(b)	any sewers and works connected with sewerage; and	
	(c)	any drains and works connected with drainage,		(c)	any drains and works connected with drainage,	
	borrow under o <i>Act 19</i> 9 purcha	een constructed with money ed by a local government of the <i>Local Government</i> 95, the Corporation may se from the local ment any works so acted.		borrow under e <i>Act 19</i> 9 purcha	een constructed with money ed by a local government of the Local Government 95, the Corporation may se from the local ment any works so ucted.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Water Agencies (Powers) Act 1984

CLAUSE NO. 125 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
16. Definitions	16. Definitions	Confirms the ability of the Commission to authorise consultants to investigate water
In this Part —	In this Part —	resources on private land on its behalf, without the need for them to be accompanied by a staff member.
"authorized person" means a member of the staff authorized in writing by the Commission for the purposes of section 17;	"authorized person" means a member of the staff, or other person, authorized in writing by the Commission for the purposes of section 17;	The Commission will remain responsible for meeting the costs of any damage to private property that is caused during the investigation.

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Water and Rivers Commission Act 1995

CLAUSE NO.

126

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
33.	Execution of documents by Commission	33.	Execution of documents by Commission	This amendment clarifies the position relating to the execution of documents by
(5)	The Commission may, by writing under its seal, authorize a member or members of the board or a member or members of staff to sign documents on behalf of the Commission, either generally or subject to such conditions or restrictions as are specified in the authorization.	(5)	The Commission may, by writing under its seal, authorize a member or members of the board or a member or members of staff to sign documents on behalf of the Commission, either generally or subject to such conditions or restrictions as are specified in the authorization.	and on behalf of the Commission.
(6)	A document purporting to be executed in accordance with this section is to be presumed to be duly executed until the contrary is shown.	(6)	A document purporting to be executed in accordance with this section is to be presumed to be duly executed until the contrary is shown.	
		pers com to b pers	A document executed by a son under this section without the amon seal of the Commission is not e regarded as a deed unless the son executes it as a deed and is norized under subsection (5) to do	

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION	
3.	Interpretation	3.	Interpretation	This amendment removes a potentially	
	In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —		In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —	misleading statement about the application of the Corporations Law.	
"sub	sidiary" means —	"suk	osidiary" means —		
(a) a body that would be a subsidiary within the meaning of the Corporations Law if the corporation were a body corporate to which the Corporations Law applies; and			body that would be a subsidiary vithin the meaning of the Corporations Law if the corporation vere a body corporate to which the Corporations Law applies; and		
(b) an interest or other rights of the corporation in a unit trust, joint venture or partnership where the interest or other rights of the corporation in connection with the unit trust, joint venture or partnership entitle the corporation to —		(b) an interest or other rights of the corporation in a unit trust, joint venture or partnership where the interest or other rights of the corporation in connection with the unit trust, joint venture or partnership entitle the corporation to —			
(i)	control the composition of the governing body of the unit trust, joint venture or partnership;	(i)	control the composition of the governing body of the unit trust, joint venture or partnership;		
(ii) (iii)	cast, or control the casting of, more than one-half of the maximum number of votes that might be cast at a general meeting of the unit trust, joint venture or partnership; or control the business affairs of the unit trust, joint venture or partnership;	(ii)	cast, or control the casting of, more than one-half of the maximum number of votes that might be cast at a general meeting of the unit trust, joint venture or partnership; or control the business affairs of the unit trust, joint venture or partnership;		

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Water Corporation Act 1995

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
41.	Draft strategic development plan to be submitted to Minister	41.	Draft strategic development plan to be submitted to Minister	The Act provides that the Strategic Development Plan (SDP) and Statement of Corporate Intent (SCI) must be submitted to the Minister not later	
(1)	Each draft strategic development plan is to be submitted not later than 3 months before the start of the next financial year.	(2)	Each draft strategic development plan is to be submitted not later than 3 months 2 months before the start of the next financial year.	than 3 months prior to the start of the next financial year (ie March 31). Experience has shown that the timing of this requirement place unnecessary constraints on the planning of the Corporation. A key concern is that the Government generally announces its decision general tariff and pricing in the first week of Apple	
50.	Draft statement of corporate intent to be submitted to Minister	50.	Draft statement of corporate intent to be submitted to Minister	This is too late to allow for the Board to conside the SDP and SCI in the context of the pricing decisions before being forwarded to the Ministe by the March 31 deadline.	
(2)	Each draft statement of corporate intent is to be submitted not later than 3 months before the start of the next financial year.	(2)	Each draft statement of corporate intent is to be submitted not later than 3 months 2 months before the start of the next financial year.	This amendment changes the submission date for SDP and SCI to not later than two months prior to the start of the next financial year. This procedural change will enable the Water Corporation to take into account the impact of the Government's decisions on tariffs in these documents. It will also bring the Water Corporation in line with Wester Power and AlintaGas, which are required to submit their SDP and SCI no later than two months before the start of the next financial year.	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Water Corporation Act 1995

CLAUSE NO. 127 (cont...)

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
Schedule 3 [Section 86 (1)] FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION AND AUDIT Division 1 — Preliminary 1. Interpretation In this Schedule, unless the contrary intention appears —	Schedule 3 [Section 86 (1)] FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION AND AUDIT Division 1 — Preliminary 1. Interpretation In this Schedule, unless the contrary intention appears —	This amendment deletes an inadvertently repeated phrase.
"Board" means the Australian Accounting Standards Board established under Part 12 of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 1989 of the Commonwealth of the Commonwealth;	"Board" means the Australian Accounting Standards Board established under Part 12 of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 1989 of the Commonwealth of the Commonwealth;	

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Water Corporation Act 1995

CLAUSE NO. 127 (cont...)

	EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
59L	Adoption of other laws, codes etc.	59L	Adoption of other laws, codes etc.	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate	
(1)	Regulations referred to in section 59J may adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications —	(1)	Regulations referred to in section 59J may adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications —	status and of name. "Standards Australia is now defined in the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1984.	
	(a) any rules, regulations, codes, or other subsidiary legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Commonwealth Act; or		(a) any rules, regulations, codes, or other subsidiary legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Commonwealth Act; or		
	 (b) any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia or a similar specified body. 		(b) any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the body known as the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia or a similar specified body.		

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
24. Minister may give directions	24. Minister may give directions	This amendment corrects a grammatical
(3) The text of any direction given under subsection (1) is to be —	(3) The text of any direction given under subsection (1) is to be —	error.
(a) published in the Gazette —	(a) published in the <i>Gazette</i> —	
(i) within 28 days after the direction is given; or	(i) within 28 days after the direction is given; or	
(ii) if the direction is the subject of a notice under section 17 of the Statutory Corporations (Liability of Directors) Act 1996, within 28 days after it is confirmed under that section;	(ii) if the direction is the subject of a notice under section 17 of the Statutory Corporations (Liability of Directors) Act 1996, within 28 days after it is confirmed under that section;	
and	and	
(b) within 14 days after the direction is published laid before each House of Parliament or dealt with under section 45A; and	(d) within 14 days after the direction is published laid before each House of Parliament or dealt with under section 45A; and	
(c) included in the annual report submitted by the accountable authority of the Authority under section 66 of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985.	(e) included in the annual report submitted by the accountable authority of the Authority under section 66 of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985.	

EXISTING PROVISION AS AMENDED EXPLANA	MATION
115. Regulations may adopt codes etc. (1) Regulations made under this Act may — (a) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference, any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or other subordinate legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities, or other like body specified in the rules or regulations; 115. Regulations may adopt codes etc. (1) Regulations made under this Act may — (a) adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference, any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or other subordinate legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom or any of the standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, The Association of Australian Port and Marine Authorities, or other like body specified in the rules or regulations;	ciation of Australia nge of corporate Standards Australia"

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
12 . (5)	Deputy chairperson Where the member who is deputy chairperson is performing the functions of the chairperson at a meeting, section 13 applies as though that member were absent from the meeting.	Subsection 12(5) is repealed.	Deletes a reference to section 13, which has been repealed.
24 . (1)	Contents and effect of regional orders A regional order may — (a) require a person, before commencing to carry out any specified development within the regional order area, to obtain the written permission of the Commission; Before granting an application for permission to carry out development referred to in paragraph (a), the Commission shall —	 Contents and effect of regional orders (1) A regional order may — (a) require a person, before commencing to carry out any specified development within the regional order area, to obtain the written permission of the Commission; (2) Before granting an application for permission to carry out development referred to in paragraph (a) subsection (1)(a), the Commission shall — 	Corrects a cross-referencing error.

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION	
9.	Functions of Corporation	9.	Functions of Corporation	Deletes an inadvertently repeated word.	
(2)	The Corporation shall in the performance of its functions under this section act in accordance with proper principles of financial management and and endeavour to ensure that its revenue is sufficient to cover all costs.	(2)	The Corporation shall in the performance of its functions under this section act in accordance with proper principles of financial management and and endeavour to ensure that its revenue is sufficient to cover all costs.		

NAME OF ACT BEING AMENDED: Western Australian Treasury Corporation Act 1986

CLAUSE NO.

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
14.	Disposal of moneys borrowed by Corporation	14. Disposal of moneys borrowed by Corporation	Corrects a formatting error.
(2)	(a) lend in such manner and on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit — (i) to an authority or authorities; or (ii) so as to enable the exercise of a power to borrow moneys from the Corporation conferred by a written law, any of the moneys credited to the Account; and	(2) The Corporation may (a) lend in such manner and on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit (i) to an authority or authorities; or (ii) so as to enable the exercise of a power to borrow moneys from the Corporation conferred by a written law, any of the moneys credited to the Account; and (2) The Corporation may lend in such manner and on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit — (a) to an authority or authorities; or (b) so as to enable the exercise of a power to borrow moneys from the Corporation conferred by a written law, any of the moneys credited to the Account.	

	EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
28.	Regulations	28. Regulations	
(1)	The Governor may make regulations prescribing all forms, fees, and matters which by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or are convenient for carrying into or facilitating the operation of the provisions of this Act, and, in particular without prejudice to the generality of this power, may make regulations —	(1) The Governor may make regulations prescribing all forms, fees, and matters which by this Act are required or permitted to be prescribed or are convenient for carrying into or facilitating the operation of the provisions of this Act, and, in particular without prejudice to the generality of this power, may make regulations –	Corrects a formatting error.
(i)	prescibing the animals or the species of animals which may be prohibited from being brought into the State under the provisions of section seventeen of this Act;	(i) prescibing the animals or the species of animals which may be prohibited from being brought into the State under the provisions of section seventeen of this Act; and	
(j)	prescibing the maximum number of any species of fauna that a person may take during any period or periods of time in an open season and the maximum number that a person may have under his control or in his possession or keep in any cool store or any freezing chamber or other premises at any one time; and	(j) prescibing the maximum number of any species of fauna that a person may take during any period or periods of time in an open season and the maximum number that a person may have under his control or in his possession or keep in any cool store or any freezing chamber or other premises at any one time.	

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION	
76. Registration of memorandum of agreement		76. Registration of memorandum of agreement			This amendment corrects a grammatical error.	
(6)		morandum received for ration shall be examined as	(6)		morandum received for ration shall be examined as	
	(a)	the genuineness of the agreement; and		(a)	the genuineness of the agreement; and	
	(b)	the adequacy of the amount of any compensation pursuant to an election under section 24 or 24A payable under the agreement,		(b)	the adequacy of the amount of any compensation pursuant to an election under section 24 or 24A payable under the agreement,	
		deleted] t appears to the Director as ult of such examination			deleted] t appears to the Director as ult of such examination	

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED		EXPLANATION
176.	Regulations, rules and practice notes	176.	Regulations, rules and practice notes	The Standards Association of Australia has undergone a change of corporate
(5)	Any regulations made pursuant to subsection (1) may adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference, any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or other subordinate legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom, or any of the tables, standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia, the British Standards Institution, the International Standards Organization, the National Acoustics Laboratory, or other like body specified in the regulations.	(5)	Any regulations made pursuant to subsection (1) may adopt, either wholly or in part or with modifications and either specifically or by reference, any rules, regulations, codes, instructions or other subordinate legislation made, determined or issued under any other Act or under any Act of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or the United Kingdom, or any of the tables, standards, rules, codes or specifications of the bodies known as the Standards Association of Australia Standards Australia, the British Standards Institution, the International Standards Organization, the National Acoustics Laboratory, or other like body specified in the regulations.	status and of name. "Standards Australia" is now defined in the Interpretation Act 1984.

EXISTING PROVISION		AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
193. Publication of prescribed amount and average weekly earnings		193. 192A. Publication of prescribed amount and average weekly earnings	This amendment corrects a numbering error.
(1) On or before the 1 July on which a financial year begins the Minister is to publish a notice in the <i>Gazette</i> setting out, in relation to the financial year — Part XIII — Repeal, savings, and		(1) On or before the 1 July on which a financial year begins the Minister is to publish a notice in the Gazette setting out, in relation to the financial year — Part XIII — Repeal, savings, and transitional	
<i>transi</i> :	Definitions	193. Definitions	
	In this Part — "former Board" means the Workers' Compensation Board constituted under the repealed Act;	In this Part — "former Board" means the Workers' Compensation Board constituted under the repealed Act;	

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
If the employer or contractor shall, by himself or the agency of any other person or persons, contravene or, without good reason, fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Act, such employer, contractor, or agent shall be deemed guilty of an offence under this Act, and be liable to a penalty not exceeding Twenty-five pounds, or in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one calendar month.	If the employer or contractor shall, by himself or the agency of any other person or persons, contravene or, without good reason, fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Act, such employer, contractor, or agent shall be deemed guilty of an offence under this Act, and be liable to a penalty not exceeding Twenty-five pounds, or in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one calendar month.	This amendment is required to bring the Act into line with the Fines, Penalties and Infringement Notices Enforcement Act 1994 which abolished the practice of imposing imprisonment for non-payment of fines.

EXISTING PROVISION	AS AMENDED	EXPLANATION
The Grand Jury Abolition Act Amendment Act 1883 The Guildford-Greenough Flats Railway Act 1886 The Kalgoorlie and Boulder Racing Clubs Act 1904 The Local Government Water Supply Preservation Act 1892 The Magisterial Districts Act 1886 The Midland Railway Company of Western Australia Limited Acquisition Agreement Act 1963 The Newspaper Libel and Registration Act 1884 The Newspaper Libel and Registration Act 1884 Amendment Act 1888 The Partnership Act 1895 The Perth Diocesan Trustees (Special Fund) Act 1944 The Public Institutions and Friendly Societies Lands Improvement Act 1892 The Public Institutions and Friendly Societies Lands Improvement Act 1892 Amendment Act 1893 The Public Officers Act 1879 The Roman Catholic Church Lands Act 1895 The Sale of Goods Act 1895 The Standard Time Act 1895 The Trustee Ordinance 1854 Amendment Act 1895	The Short Titles to all of these Acts are amended by deleting "The" and inserting "the".	It is modern drafting practice not to include the word "The" at the beginning of the short title of Acts. The short titles of a number of old Acts beginning with "The" are still in force in the State. This causes problems with indexing these Acts and makes it difficult for people to find them. These amendments amend the short titles of those Acts to delete the "The". Where the name of the Act appears in other Acts, consequential amendments are made to those other Acts.

NAME OF ACTS BEING AMENDED: Division 2 – Amendments relating to the short title of various Acts CLAUSE NOs. 136-152